```
# import libraries
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
import plotly.express as px
plt.rc('font', size=10)
%matplotlib inline
# import dataset from CSV
vac = '../country_vaccinations.csv'
manu = '../country_vaccinations_by_manufacturer.csv'
df_vac = pd.read_csv(vac, parse_dates= ['date'])
df_manu = pd.read_csv(manu, parse_dates = [])
df_manu.info()
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
     RangeIndex: 35623 entries, 0 to 35622
     Data columns (total 4 columns):
                             Non-Null Count Dtype
     # Column
     ---
     0 location
                             35623 non-null object
                             35623 non-null object
     1
         date
         vaccine
                             35623 non-null object
     3 total vaccinations 35623 non-null int64
     dtypes: int64(1), object(3)
     memory usage: 1.1+ MB
```

df_vac.tail(5)

	country	iso_code	date	${\tt total_vaccinations}$	people_vaccinated	people_fully_va
86507	Zimbabwe	ZWE	2022- 03-25	8691642.0	4814582.0	
86508	Zimbabwe	ZWE	2022- 03-26	8791728.0	4886242.0	
86509	Zimbabwe	ZWE	2022- 03-27	8845039.0	4918147.0	
86510	Zimbabwe	ZWE	2022- 03-28	8934360.0	4975433.0	
86511	Zimbabwe	ZWE	2022 - 03-29	9039729.0	5053114.0	

df_manu.head()

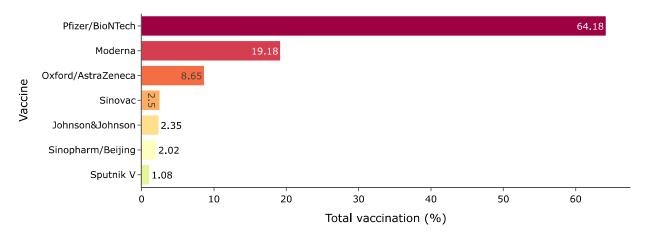
```
location
                  date
                                  vaccine total_vaccinations
0 Argentina 2020-12-29
                                  Moderna
                                                                  ılı.
1 Argentina
            2020-12-29 Oxford/AstraZeneca
                                                             3
2 Argentina 2020-12-29
                          Sinopharm/Beijing
                                                             1
3 Argentina 2020-12-29
                                 Sputnik V
                                                         20481
4 Argentina 2020-12-30
                                  Moderna
                                                             2
```

```
# the most popular vaccine
most_vac = df_manu.groupby(['vaccine'])[['location','date', 'total_vaccinations']].sum().sort_values(by = 'total_vaccinations', ascending = F:
most_vac['Total_vac_per_million'] = round(most_vac['total_vaccinations']/1000000,2)
most_vac['Percent_of_total_vac'] = round(100* most_vac['total_vaccinations']/most_vac['total_vaccinations'].sum(),2)
most_vac.reset_index(inplace = True)
most_vac
```

<ipython-input-5-ba5b9c3bd4be>:2: FutureWarning: The default value of numeric_only in DataFrameGroupBy.sum is deprecated. In a future ve most_vac = df_manu.groupby(['vaccine'])[['location','date', 'total_vaccinations']].sum().sort_values(by = 'total_vaccinations', ascend

	vaccine	total_vaccinations	Total_vac_per_million	Percent_of_total_vac				
0	Pfizer/BioNTech	344835955037	344835.96	64.18	ıt.			
1	Moderna	103072147621	103072.15	19.18				
2	Oxford/AstraZeneca	46451509497	46451.51	8.65				
3	Sinovac	13407163275	13407.16	2.50				
4	Johnson&Johnson	12611375881	12611.38	2.35				
5	Sinopharm/Beijing	10877006517	10877.01	2.02				
6	Sputnik V	5787343199	5787.34	1.08				
7	CanSino	271397675	271.40	0.05				
8	Novavax	8268113	8.27	0.00				
9	Covaxin	3572	0.00	0.00				
<pre># Let's plot this for easy visualization fig = px.bar(most_vac[:7], x="Percent_of_total_vac", y="vaccine", template = 'simple_white',</pre>								
) fig.sho	u()	-						

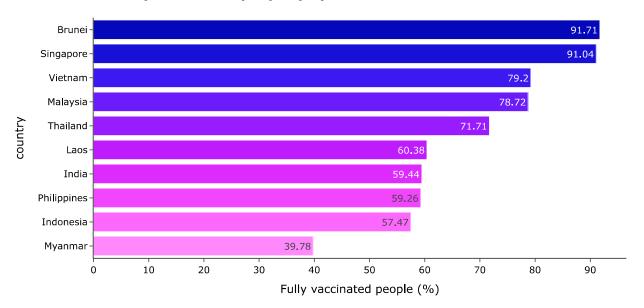
The world most popular vaccine



```
# The list of SEA countries which have the highest percentage of fully vaccinated people
sea = ['Brunei', 'India', 'Indonesia', 'Laos', 'Malaysia', 'Myanmar', 'Philippines', 'Singapore', 'Thailand', 'Vietnam']
df_vac_sea = df_vac[df_vac['country'].isin(sea)]
df_vac_sea_group = df_vac_sea.groupby(['country'])[['date', 'people_fully_vaccinated_per_hundred']].max().sort_values(by = 'people_fully_vaccinated_per_hundred']].max().sort_values(by = 'people_fully_vaccinated_per_hundred')].max().sort_values(by = 'people_fully_vaccinated_per_hundred').
```

```
date people_fully_vaccinated_per_hundred
        country
                                                                   ıl.
       Brunei
                 2022-03-18
                                                           91.71
df_vac_sea_group['iso_alpha'] = ["BRN","SGP","VNM", "MYS","THA","LAO","IND", "PHL", "IDN","MMR"]
       vietnam
                2022-03-22
                                                           79.20
fig = px.bar(df_vac_sea_group, x= "people_fully_vaccinated_per_hundred", y= df_vac_sea_group.index, template = 'simple_white',
             width=1000, height=500 , orientation = 'h', color = df_vac_sea_group.index,
             color discrete sequence=px.colors.sequential.Plotly3, text auto=True,
             labels=dict(people_fully_vaccinated_per_hundred ="Fully vaccinated people (%)")).update_xaxes(categoryorder = "total descending"
fig.update_layout(
    title="<b>SEA total fully vaccinated people (%)</b>",
    font=dict(
       size=14,
        color="black"),
    showlegend = False
fig.show()
```

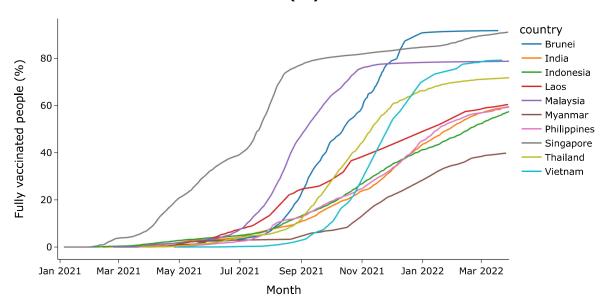
SEA total fully vaccinated people (%)



Total fully vaccinated people(%)



Vaccination rate in SEA countries (%)



```
# check NULL values in daily_vaccination data

df_vac_daily = df_vac_sea[['country','date', 'daily_vaccinations_per_million']]

top = ['Brunei', 'Singapore', 'Vietnam']

df_vac_daily = df_vac_daily[df_vac_daily['country'].isin(top)]

df_vac_daily.daily_vaccinations_per_million.isna().sum()

df_vac_daily[df_vac_daily['daily_vaccinations_per_million'].isna()]

country date daily_vaccinations_per_million

11395 Brunei 2021-04-02 NaN

69775 Singapore 2020-12-30 NaN
```

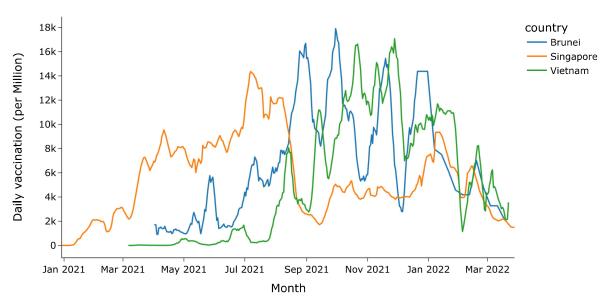
84250

Vietnam 2021-03-07

```
# Fill NULL values with back values close to that NULL
df_vac_daily['daily_vaccinations_per_million'].fillna(method = 'bfill', inplace =True)
df_vac_daily.daily_vaccinations_per_million.isna().sum()
0
```

NaN

Interactive daily vaccination rate



```
!pip install --upgrade pip
     Requirement already satisfied: pip in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (23.1.2)
     Collecting pip
       Downloading pip-23.3-py3-none-any.whl (2.1 MB)
                                                  2.1/2.1 MB 12.8 MB/s eta 0:00:00
     Installing collected packages: pip
       Attempting uninstall: pip
         Found existing installation: pip 23.1.2
         Uninstalling pip-23.1.2:
           Successfully uninstalled pip-23.1.2
     Successfully installed pip-23.3
!pip install pystan~=2.14
     Requirement already satisfied: pystan~=2.14 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (2.19.1.1)
     Requirement already satisfied: Cython!=0.25.1,>=0.22 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from pystan~=2.14) (3.0.3)
     Requirement already satisfied: numpy>=1.7 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from pystan~=2.14) (1.23.5)
     WARNING: Running pip as the 'root' user can result in broken permissions and conflicting behaviour with the system package manager. It i
# Fill NULL using interpolate
df_in = df_vac_sea[df_vac_sea['country'] == 'Indonesia'][['date','people_fully_vaccinated_per_hundred']]
df_in['people_fully_vaccinated_per_hundred']= df_in['people_fully_vaccinated_per_hundred'].interpolate()
df_in = df_in.rename(columns={'people_fully_vaccinated_per_hundred': 'y', 'date':'ds'})
```

New Section