

## September 27, 2019

1. You have 6 marbles: 3 green, 2 red, 1 orange, that you want to give away to your 6 friends in sequence as you encounter them through out the day. For each color, the marbles not distinguishable. How many different ways can you give out the 6 marbles? Use product rule.

**Solution:** Break up the sequence into subsets by marble color. The first subset is the number of ways you can give out the single orange marble to any of your 6 friends: 6. Assume orange the marble has been given to a friend, and now you have 5 friends left for green/red marbles. The second subset is the number of ways you can give out 3 green marbles to your 5 remaining friends: 10 (by enumeration). Last set has size 1 since you have 2 friends left and 2 marbles of the same color. Since these sets are independent, then by product rule the total number of sequences is  $6 \cdot 10 \cdot 1 = 60$ .

2. You need to make a user name consisting of 4 or 5 characters. You can use lower case English letters and digits. Because of heavy use, usernames can't start with letters "u,v,a" and can't end with digits "4,5". There are also 30,000,000 usernames created already in the system that meet the above constraints. How many different possible user names are left available?

**Solution:** Partition the problem into 2 sets: 1) 4 char usernames, 2) 5 char usernames. Set 1 is of size  $((26 - 3) + 10) * ((26) + 10) * ((26) + 10) * ((26) + 8) = 1,454,112$ . Set 2 is of size  $((26 - 3) + 10) * ((26) + 10) * ((26) + 10) * ((26) + 10) * ((26) + 8) = 52,348,032$ . By partition method, total possible usernames meeting the constraints are  $1,454,112 + 52,348,032 = 53,802,144$ . By difference method, there are  $53,802,144 - 30,000,000 = 23,802,144$  available usernames.