

# Unencoded Written Elements of Ethiopic Manuscripts

## Overview

This document reviews written elements found in Ethiopic calligraphic manuscripts of every era and identifies those elements not already encoded by the Unicode standard. The contextual use of each element is then described with references and samples provided. The goal of this document is to record sufficient information about each element such that the appropriate software support can be determined to assure the faithful and unerring presentation and transmission of the element. Follow up efforts would then address the assessed support required for the elements in applicable software standards.

This document is being circulated amongst expert reviewers with specializations in Ethiopic manuscripts. The symbol inventory is by no means exhaustive and reviewers are invited to propose any additional elements of writing not found in the collection presented here. A final report will be produced following the collection of reviewer input.

## Summary

In reviewing and categorizing written elements from a sampling of Ethiopic manuscripts, a small number of symbol categories emerged. Symbols found were most often *numeral forms*, *rubricated punctuation*, *tonal sequences* of qirts, *utility* and *reference markers*. Separate from symbol categories, Software Support Categories were assigned to each written symbol to suggest the symbol could best be addressed by modern publishing software. A review of Software Support Categories follows:

### Software Support Categories

**Alternative Glyph** – The symbol is a written variation of an encoded element. While embodying no difference in semantics, the alternative form is essential for document reproduction. The glyph may be supported in a special typeface or in a stylistic set.

**Graphical** – The element does not represent a symbol from a written language and should be reproduced in documents by some other means.

**Ligature** – The element represents a joined form of two or more symbols.

**Kerning Pair** – The element represents an aesthetic spacing of two or more symbols.

**New Code Point** – The element has unique semantics and deemed essential to publishing. This would be the expected case for symbols used in publishing currently that do not satisfy the criteria for other categories.

**Not Required** – The symbol is deemed unnecessary for document reproduction and may be ignored. This categorization is most frequent for symbol shapes and edit marks particular to a given scribe.

**Private Use** – The element has unique semantics but is not required for general manuscript reproduction. For example, private use symbols that would be used for the reproduction of a single document.

## **Symbol Names**

To facilitate discussion of the symbols, provisional names in both Ge'ez and English languages have been assigned to each symbol. Symbol names are intended to be clear and unambiguous for the element they are describing. In almost every case, a pre-existing name for a symbol was unknown a new name had to be devised. A naming precedence was applied where available, however constructing simple and easily understood names for some symbols proved difficult. Most notably for the many numeral styles.

Reviewers are requested to propose names that could be more readily understood. In addition to the English monikers, which in turn are translations of the Ge'ez names, Unicode style names in English are assigned to each symbol following established naming conventions for Ethiopic under the Unicode standard.







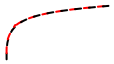








# Tabulated Inventory of Unencoded Manscript Elements






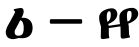
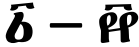
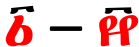


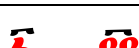
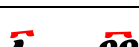
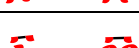
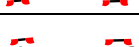


Vertical Sequences (60)			
𐤀𐤀	Deret-Deret	U+F4B8	Selot Kidasie p. 87, 231 Zimarie Wemewasit p. (Z) 2, 7, 8, 9, 21, 24, 30, 34
𐤀𐤁	Deret-Difat	U+F4B9	Digua p. 76, 94, 290 Tsome Digua p. 116, 136, 184 Me'eraf p. 66, 71, 73, 99, 107, 112, 122 Zimarie Wemewasit p. (Z) 34, 68
𐤁𐤀	Difat-Deret	U+F4BA	Digua p. 18, 75, 93, 94, 395, 284, 285, 290, 374, 376, 395 Tsome Digua p. 28, 31, 93, 121, 132, 133, 175, 182, 183, 185 Me'eraf p. 20, 25, 33, 62, 69, 80, 93, 123, 124 Ziq p. 25, 123 Merha Liqawnt p. 22, 128 Zimarie Wemewasit p. (Z) 2, 8, 15
𐤁𐤁	Difat-Difat	U+F4BB	Selot Kidasie p. 17, 129, 231 Zimarie Wemewasit p. 1- Digua p. 18, 75, 76, 79, 97, 101, 376 Tsome Digua p. 92, 121 Me'eraf p. 50, 51, 71, 74, 80, 86, 92, 109, 107, 109, 114, 123, 166 Ziq p. 8, 13, 17, 21, 27, 29, 32, 33, 66, 80, 84, 94, 121
𐤀𐤀𐤀	Deret-Deret-Deret	U+F4BC	<i>A potential symbol not yet observed</i>
𐤀𐤁𐤀	Deret-Difat-Deret	U+F4BD	Zimamie p. 52, 63, 80, 128, 141, 142, 143, 145, 147, 148, 150, 154, 155, 157
𐤀𐤁𐤁	Deret-Difat-Difat	U+F4BE	Zimarie Wemewasit p. (Z) 15 Zimamie p. 72, 80, 87, 148, 150, 151, 221, 223
𐤁𐤀𐤀	Difat-Deret-Deret	U+F4BF	Zimarie Wemewasit p. (M) 14, Zimamie p. 2
𐤁𐤀𐤁	Difat-Deret-Difat	U+F4C0	Me'eraf p. 86, 92, 109, 114 Zimarie Wemewasit p. (Z) 1, 15, 18, Zimamie p. 140
𐤁𐤁𐤀	Difat-Difat-Deret	U+F4C1	Zimarie Wemewasit p. (Z) 1, 16, 68, 121
𐤁𐤁𐤁	Difat-Difat-Difat	U+F4C2	Tsome Digua p. 121 Zimarie Wemewasit p. (Z) 1, 2, 4, 15, 16, 18, 52, 68
𐤀𐤁𐤀𐤀	Deret-Difat-Deret-Difat	U+F4C5	Zimarie Wemewasit p. 21 Zimamie p. 122
𐤀𐤁𐤀𐤁	Deret-Difat-Difat-Deret	U+F4EE	Zimamie p. 92
𐤀𐤁𐤀𐤁𐤀	Deret-Difat-Difat-Difat	U+F4C3	Zimamie p. 73
𐤁𐤁𐤀𐤀𐤀	Difat-Difat-Difat-Difat	U+F4C4	Zimarie Wemewasit p. 108 (might be 2 rows of 𐤀)

𐤀𐤁𐤁𐤀	Difat-Deret-Deret-Difat	U+F4C6	Me'eraf p. 74 Zimarie Wemewasit p.102 (3 <sup>rd</sup> column)
𐤀𐤁𐤁𐤀𐤀	Difat-Deret-Difat-Deret	U+F4C7	Digua p. 395, Zimamie p. 72
𐤀𐤁𐤁𐤀𐤀𐤀	Deret-Difat-Deret-Difat-Deret	U+F4EF	Zimamie p. 115
𐤀𐤁𐤁𐤀𐤀𐤀𐤀	Difat-Deret-Difat-Deret-Deret	U+F4C8	Zimarie Wemewasit p.95, 102 (3 <sup>rd</sup> column)
𐤀𐤁	Difat-Left-Chiret	U+F4C9	Merha Liqawnt p.1-, Zimarie p. 1, Zimamie p. 34, 74
𐤀	Difat-Chiret	U+F4CA	Zimamie p. 10, 69, 72, 136, 148, 187
𐤁	Chiret-Deret	U+F4D1	Zimamie p. 72
𐤁𐤀	Chiret-Difat	U+F4D2	Zimarie Wemewasit p. 35, 36, 38, 39, 42 Me'eraf p. 15, 87, 93, Merha Liqawnt p. 4, Digua p. 395
𐤁𐤀𐤀	Chiret-Hidet / Chiret-with-Bar	U+F4D3	Zimarie Wemewasit p. 1, 3, 4, 5, 13, 14, 15, 17, 20, 21, 42 (bottom-right), 50, 94, 95, 100, 121
𐤁𐤁	Deret-Deret-Chiret	U+F4CB	Zimamie p.
𐤁𐤁𐤀	Deret-Deret-Chiret-Chiret	U+F610	
𐤁𐤁𐤀𐤀	Yizet-Difat-Diret-Chiret	U+F607	9
𐤁𐤀𐤀	Deret-Difat-Chiret	U+F4CC	Zimamie p. 7, 9, 10
𐤁𐤀	Difat-Deret-Chiret	U+F4CD	Zimamie p. 10, 11, 35, 56, 59, 70
𐤁𐤀𐤀	Difat-Difat-Chiret	U+F4CE	Zimamie p. 11, 56, 70, 75 Zimarie Wemewasit p. 95, 99, Merha Liqawnt p. 35
𐤁𐤀𐤀𐤀	Deret-Difat-Chiret-Deret	U+F4CF	Zimamie p. 63, 70
𐤁𐤀𐤀𐤀𐤀	Deret-Difat-Deret-Chiret	U+F4D0	Zimamie p. 78, 147
𐤁𐤀𐤀𐤀𐤀𐤀	Difat-Difat-Deret-Chiret-Chiret	U+F611	Zimamie p. 7
𐤀𐤀𐤀	Rejim-Rikrik	U+F618	Moges 66(I)
𐤀𐤀𐤀𐤀	Hasir-Rikrik-Chiret	U+F4D9	Zimamie p. 35, Zimarie Wemewasit p. 5, 8, 9, 10, 12, 16, 52


𐤁𐤅	Yizet-Deret	U+F4DB	Zimamie p. 72
𐤁𐤅𐤁	Hasir-Rikrik-Deret	U+F4DC	Zimarie Wemewasit p. 1, 34, 52
𐤁𐤅𐤁𐤁	Rikrik-Deret	U+F619	Moges 66(l)
𐤁𐤅𐤁𐤁𐤁	Hasir-Rikrik-Difat	U+F4DD	Zimarie Wemewasit p. (Z) 36, 95, 99, (M) 14, Zimamie p. 75
𐤁𐤅𐤁𐤁𐤁𐤁	Rikrik-Difat	U+F61A	Zimarie Wemewasit p. (Z) 221
𐤁𐤅𐤁𐤁𐤁𐤁𐤁	Deret-Hasir-Rikrik	U+F4DE	Zimamie p. 73, Zimarie Wemewasit p. 2
𐤁𐤅𐤁𐤁𐤁𐤁𐤁𐤁	Deret-Hasir-Rikrik	U+F4DF	Zimarie Wemewasit p. 4, 5, Zimamie p. 36, 50
𐤁𐤅𐤁𐤁𐤁𐤁𐤁𐤁𐤁	Yizet-Chiret	U+F4EC	Zimamie p. 10
𐤁𐤅𐤁𐤁𐤁𐤁𐤁𐤁𐤁𐤁	Deret-Difat-Hasir-Rikrik	U+F4ED	Zimamie p. 36
𐤁𐤅𐤁𐤁𐤁𐤁𐤁𐤁𐤁𐤁𐤁	Difat-Difat-Hasir-Rikrik	U+F615	
<i>TBD</i>	Deret-Hidet-Chiret		Zimarie Wemewasit p. 62 (review with Moges)
𐤁𐤅𐤁𐤁𐤁𐤁𐤁𐤁𐤁𐤁𐤁𐤁	Chiret-Hidet	U+F612	Moges p. 134
𐤁𐤅𐤁𐤁𐤁𐤁𐤁𐤁𐤁𐤁𐤁𐤁𐤁	Qenat-Hidet	U+F4EA	
𐤁𐤅𐤁𐤁𐤁𐤁𐤁𐤁𐤁𐤁𐤁𐤁𐤁𐤁	Hasir Rikrik Hidet	U+F617	
𐤁𐤅𐤁𐤁𐤁𐤁𐤁𐤁𐤁𐤁𐤁𐤁𐤁𐤁𐤁	Rikrik Hidet Check Hasir Rikrik Hidet p. 1	U+F4E0	Moges 1-
𐤁𐤅𐤁𐤁𐤁𐤁𐤁𐤁𐤁𐤁𐤁𐤁𐤁𐤁𐤁𐤁	Yizet-Hidet	U+F60D, U+F60F	Moges p. 5(l)
𐤁𐤅𐤁𐤁𐤁𐤁𐤁𐤁𐤁𐤁𐤁𐤁𐤁𐤁𐤁𐤁𐤁	Hidet-Yizet	U+F60C, U+F60E	Moges p. 4(r)
𐤁𐤅𐤁𐤁𐤁𐤁𐤁𐤁𐤁𐤁𐤁𐤁𐤁𐤁𐤁𐤁𐤁𐤁	Yizet-Yizet-Hidet	U+F609, U+F60A	Zimarie Wemewasit p. (Z) 52 (in red), 109 (top right), Moges p. 3(l), 66(l)
𐤁𐤅𐤁𐤁𐤁𐤁𐤁𐤁𐤁𐤁𐤁𐤁𐤁𐤁𐤁𐤁𐤁𐤁𐤁	Hidet-Yizet-Yizet	U+F608, U+F60A	Zimarie Wemewasit p. (Z) 95
𐤁𐤅𐤁𐤁𐤁𐤁𐤁𐤁𐤁𐤁𐤁𐤁𐤁𐤁𐤁𐤁𐤁𐤁𐤁𐤁	Difat-Hidet	U+F4E4, U+F4E5	Tsome Digua p. 121 (3 examples) Ziq p. 101 (2 <sup>nd</sup> column, middle page, disjoint) Moges 19(r), 66(l)
𐤁𐤅𐤁𐤁𐤁𐤁𐤁𐤁𐤁𐤁𐤁𐤁𐤁𐤁𐤁𐤁𐤁𐤁𐤁𐤁𐤁	Difat-Hidet-Deret	U+F616	
<b>Lateral Sequences (10)</b>			

»	Chiret-Chiret	U+F4D4	Merha Liqawnt p. 19, YeZaima Arist Milikt p. 25, Zimarie Wemewasit p. 4-
»»	Chiret-Chiret-Chiret	U+F4D5	YeZaima Arist Milikt p. 25, Zimamie (common) p. 13-
»»»	Four-Chiret	U+F4D6	Zimamie (common) p. 6, 10-
»»»»	Five-Chiret	U+F4D7	Zimamie p. 240-242
ጎ	Difat-Left-Chiret		Ziq p. 42
ጎጎ	Hasir-Rikrik-Difat (horizontal?)		Zimarie Wemewasit p.2,4
ጎ፡	Chiret-Hasir-Rikrik		Zimarie Wemewasit p. 14, 51
ጎ፡፡	Hasir-Rikrik-Chiret	U+F4D8	Ziq p. 42,44, 45, 226 (2nd part መዝሙር ዘወረደ) 31, 32, Zimarie Wemewasit p. 11, 36
ጎ፡፡፡	Rikrik-Chiret-Hasir-Rikrik		Ziq. 100, 101
—	Combining Hidet	U+F4E3	Me'eraf p. 149 (used in a spanning deret- hidet) Ziq p. 116 (used in a spanning deret- hidet)
<b>Qirts Variant Glyphs (5)</b>			
፡	Forward Slanted Short Rikrik	U+F613	Moges 1
፡	Back Slanted Short Rikrik	U+F614	Moges 11(l), 49
፡፡	Forward Slanted Rikrik	U+F4E1	Moges' Book p. 49(l), 153 or 154 Zimarie p. 68
፡፡	Back Slanted Rikrik	U+F4E2	Me'eraf 60-63 Tsome Digua 121, Zimarie Wemewasit 68, Moges 1, 6(r), 49
፡	Kenat Alternative	U+F4EB	Moges 6 -
<b>Zaima Other (4)</b>			
፡፡	Meta-Chiret	U+F4DA	Zimamie p. 1-
፡፡	Wede Qegn (?)	U+F4B7	Zimamie p. 1-
፡	Meta, or Yizet-Meta	U+F4B6	Moges
፡	Unvoiced Mark	U+F50F	Moges
<b>Utility Marks (10)</b>			
፡፡	TBD	U+F4A9	Zimarie Wemewasit p. 68, 72, 151

	Insertion Mark (Mesay?)	U+F4B2	Zimarie Wemewasit p. 17, 27, 32, 55, 58, 101, 110, 138 (M) 15, Digua p. 307 Tsome Digua p. 19, 114, Me'eraf 175 Ziq . 28, 78, 83, 38 (መዝሙር ዘደግረ ዘይት) Zimamie p. 30, 50, 79, 81, 110,150 Merha Liqawnt p. 12, 70, 103, 112, 125, 133, 149, 170
	Inverted Insertion Mark	U+F4B3	Merha Liqawnt p. 33, 34, 56, 57, 62, 63, 69, 100, 108, 111, 118, 132, 138, 139 Zimamie p. 140 (red), 243 Ziq p. 212
	Left Insertion Mark	U+F4B4	<i>A potential symbol not yet observed</i>
	Right Insertion Mark	U+F4B5	Merha Liqawnt p. 87, 139
	Mekfel	U+F4AA	Digua p. 387 Moges Aquaquam p. 77
	Selestu Neteb	U+F4E9	Derus Tsion p. 19-
	Harreg	Graphical	Regularly occurring
	Mecheresha	U+F4F5	
	Long Mecheresha ?	U+F4F6	
<b>Ligatures (2)</b>			
	E-L Ligature	U+F500	
	G-Zi Ligature	U+F501	Ziq p. 11, 19, 22, 25, 26, 40, 42, 49, 54, 55, 81, 99, 226, 227 Zimamie p. 10, 34, 49, 135 Zimarie Wemewasit (Z) p. 4, 6, 7, 11 (M) p. 14
<b>Rubricated Punctuation (9)</b>			
	Rubricated Ethiopic Wordspace	U+F4F0, U+F4F1	
	Rubricated Ethiopic Fullstop	U+F4F2	
	Rubricated Ethiopic Semicolon	U+F4F3, U+F4F4	
	Rubricated Ethiopic Comma		<i>A potential symbol not yet observed</i>
	Rubricated Ethiopic Colon		<i>A potential symbol not yet observed</i>
	Rubricated Ethiopic Paragraph Mark		<i>A potential symbol not yet observed</i>
	Ethiopic Wordspace with Pen Drag	U+F4E6	

	Ethiopic Fullstop with Pen Drag	U+F4E7	
	Rubricated Ethiopic Fullstop with Pen Drag	U+F4FC	
—	Pen Drag Continuation	U+F4E8	
<b>Numeral Forms (86)</b>			
	፩ዱ፡ (አሐዱ)፤ ምዕራፍ፤ ዜማ/ዓራራይ፤	U+F415	
	፪፡ (ሠለስተ)፤ ጾመ፡ ድጓ፤ ዜማ/ግዕዝ፤	U+F417	
	፫፡ (ሠላሳ)፤ ዜማ/ዓራራይ፤	U+F420	
	Numerals Without Numeral Bars	U+F400 – U+F414	
	Numerals Without Lower Numeral Bar	U+F415 – U+F429	
	Numerals With Rubricated Bodies and Without Lower Numeral Bar	U+F42A – U+F43E	
	Numerals With Rubricated Numeral Bars and Without Lower Numeral Bar	U+F43F – U+F453	
	Numerals With Rubricated Bodies and Numeral Bar Serif and Without Lower Numeral Bar	U+F454 – U+F468	
	Numerals With Rubricated Bodies	U+F469 – U+F47D	
	Numerals With Rubricated Bars	U+F47E – U+F491	
	Numerals With Rubricated Bodies and Numeral Bar Serifs	U+F493 – U+F4A6	
	Numerals With Rubricated Bodies and Numeral Bar Serifs	U+F510 – U+F514	
	Ethiopic Number Conjunctive Ten	U+F4A8	Zimarie Wemewasit p. 1, 23, 55, 60, 63 (rubricated), 71, 82 (2 occuramces, 1 rubricated), 84 (2 occurances), 85 (3 occurances), 86 (3 occurances, compare with ጐ with bars on page 46), 101, 120, Or 480, 14th century -15th century, አራት The Octateuch, (Genesis, Exodus, Leviticus, Numbers, Deuteronomy, Joshua, Judges, Ruth)
	Ethiopic Number Conjunctive Ten Without Numeral Bars	U+F414	



	Ethiopic Number Conjunctive Ten With Rubricated Numeral Bar Serifs	U+F4A7	
	Ask Moges about the red bars		Merha Liqawnt p.30,66

# Zaima Qirts

The Zaima hymnal system of the Ethiopian Orthodox Church relies upon a complex system of notation that comprises a set of vocal directives in the form abbreviated terms known as “miliket” and a set of non-neumatic ekphonic marks known as “qirts” (ቅርጽ). The qirts set has eight members and are briefly reviewed in the following to familiar the reader with their shapes and melodic contours to then be able to better understand following sections on the derived forms of the qirts:

- ⌒ – Deret (ደረት). Indicates the letter where the rhythm stops and the pitch rises.
- ፡ – Difat (ደፋት). Indicates the voice pitch should fall at the start of the letter.
- ⌒ – Kurts (ቅርጽ). Indicates how the rhythm holds the last word and pauses. *Equivalent to coda.*
- ⌒ – Yizet (ይዘት). Indicates a pause or emphasis on the letter of a word while chanting. *Equivalent to staccato.*
- ፡ – Cheret (ቅረት). Indicates where the rhythm picks up over a word or can pull it backward and forward. *Equivalent to a downward glissando.*
- – Hidet (ሐይት). Indicates that the chant spans more than 2, 3 or 4 words and shows how the rhythm progresses. *Equivalent to accelerando, crescendo and portamento at the same time.*
- ⌒ – Rikrik (ርክርክ) Indicates where the rhythm stays on one word and the vocal chord shows the repeat of the rhythm. *Equivalent to tremolo.*
- ፡ – Qinat (ቅናት) Helps the rhythm to hold the last breath and rises. *Equivalent to an upward glissando.*

The qirts are used to define both miliket and “qirtsat sequences” which are combinations of qirts vocalized together. The qirts themselves cannot be further decomposed and as such are considered “atomic” elements that can be used alone or to construct another notation. The qirts, and their derived notations, are never used outside of a Zaima context. All qirts have been assigned code points in The Unicode Standard since version 4.1.




## Qirtsat Sequences

The qirts elements may appear in combinations to form a single written unit that is treated as an individual entity in text layout. These combined qirts are vocalized in sequence from top to bottom and never simultaneous as with a musical chord. Combined qirts will appear in both vertical stacks and lateral groupings and are not unlike combined nuemes found in Byzantine musical notation. The shape, and particularly the width, of the qirts being combined will influence the decision to render the new unit vertically or laterally. For example, the width of ፡ (Difat) lends itself to vertical arrangements such as ፡፡, while the more narrow ፡ (Chiret) will be combined horizontally as ፡፡. In both grouping styles a combined qirts will denote either the prolongation of an intonation for an additional beat (when like qirts are combined) or inflection into a following tone (when dislike qirts are combined).

Formal names are not recognized for the combined qirts. As a matter of convenience, a naming convention is applied here that follows the vocalization sequence of the component qirts.

## Vertical Sequences

Vertically arranged sequences occur with regularity in Zaima corpus and are most common to combinations of Deret and Difat (the two widest qirts). The vertical arrangement is generally a space saving technique whereby the set of qirts elements in the chord will fit neatly above a single character in the base text. Whereas, the same collection of qirts if arranged horizontally, would be voiced equivalently but would likely span the width of a single base character. The scribe would likely then insert empty space between two base characters so that no confusion can occur when the hymn is sung (i.e. to ensure that the qirts sequence is not voiced over the following base character). This manner of spacing base characters is regularly applied in circumstances where it cannot be avoided in the regular (uncombined) miliket and qirts but is considered visually unappealing. Thus, the vertical stacking affords some highly valued aesthetic appeal. The following table depicts an example of these scenarios.

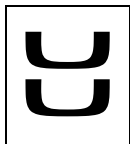
<b>Vertical Chord</b>		The default style.
<b>Lateral Alternative (Spanning Overhang Problem)</b>		Equivalent but may lead to application of tones to following base symbol <b>ል</b> .
<b>Lateral Alternative (Spaced Base Text)</b>		Space added after <b>ቤ</b> avoids application of the tones to the following symbol, <b>ል</b> , but is visually unappealing.

With vertical combinations, the scribe is careful to maintain clear spacing between the individual qirts. A single exception is found in a special case where a vertical chord of the two symbols ሀ (Deret) and ሁ (Hidet) are written together to form ሁ (Deret-Hidet, which indicate a continuing and rising pitch). Another special case is for the 3-dot form of Rikrik (፤) where the extra dot denotes that the tone is held for an extra beat. The rendering of the mark can be viewed as the stacking of two regular Rikriks (፡) where the top dot of the lower Rikrik overlaps with the lower dot of the top Rikrik. In practice, however, scribes perceive the three-dot form as a simple elongation of the regular form and not as a stacking of separate Rikrik qirts.

## Lateral Sequence

Lateral sequences are groupings of qirts that are sung together as a contiguous vocal unit. The written qirts within the sequence will generally have less space between them and may even have overlapping glyphs. Thus, the sequences may appear as kerning pairs or ligatures.

Both the vertical and lateral qirtsat sequence formations are perceived by practioners as an individual order sets with their own identity. While a non-combined rendering of the sequence components is considered logically equivalent to the combined form, practioners will invariably pen the combined form without giving it a second thought even when abundant lateral space is available to pen the sequence in decomposed form.



**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC TONAL MARK DERET DERET

**Description:** DERET-DERET is a tonal sequence composed from the two Qirts elements “DERET” (ﻟ), ETHIOPIC TONAL MARK DERET (U+1391).

**Recommended Encoding:** Code point.

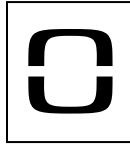
Contextual **ይመስል፡ ሕይወቱ፡ ይእዜስ፡ ሀሎ፡ ይትፈሣሕ፡ በሰማያት፡**  
 Sample: *Zimarie Wemewasit p. 30*

**Usage:** Modern.  
Deret-Deret is vocalized as the Deret intonement held for a two-beat count.

**Glyph Notes:** The upper Deret is raised above the top of the lower Deret a distance of 30% of the Deret's height. At smaller point sizes the two Derets should not appear to come in contact with one another.

**References:** Selot Kidasie p. 87, 231  
Zimarie Wemewasit p. 2, 7, 8, 9, 21, 24, 30, 34

**Validation:** Liqa Mezemran Moges Seyoum



Ge'ez : ደረት : ድፋት :  
English: Deret -Difat

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC TONAL MARK DERET DIFAT

**Description:** Deret-Difat is a tonal sequence composed from the two Qirts elements “Deret” (ረ) and “Difat” (ፋ). Respectively, ETHIOPIC TONAL MARK DERET (U+1391) and ETHIOPIC TONAL MARK DIFAT (U+1394).

**Recommended Encoding:** Code point.

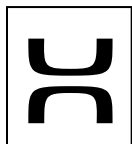
**Contextual Sample:** አዳም ፡ ሕንጻሃ ፡ ሐመልማለ ፡ ወርቅ ፡ ገበየቲሃ ፡  
*Tsome Digua 136*

**Usage:** Modern.  
Deret-Difat is vocalized as Deret followed by Difat.

**Glyph Notes:** The upper Difat is raised above the top of the lower Deret a distance of 30% of the Deret's height. At smaller point sizes the two symbols should not appear to come in contact with one another.

**References:** Digua p. 76, 94, 290  
Tsome Digua p. 116, 136, 184  
Me'eraf p. 66, 71, 73, 99, 107, 112, 122  
Zimarie Wemewasit p. 34, 68

**Validation:** Liqa Mezemran Moges Seyoum



# Ge'ez : ድፋት፡ደረት፡ English: Difat-Deret

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC TONAL MARK DIFAT DERET

**Description:** Difat-Deret is a tonal sequence composed from the two Qirts elements “Difat” (ሥ) and “Deret” (ረ). Respectively, ETHIOPIC TONAL MARK DIFAT (U+1394) and ETHIOPIC TONAL MARK DIRET (U+1391).

**Recommended Encoding:** Code point.

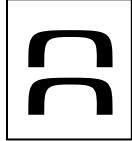
**Contextual Sample:** እለ፡ ለምጽ፡ አንጽሐ፡ መታነ፡ በቃሉ፡ አንሥክ፡  
*Digua 395*

**Usage:** Modern.  
Difat-Deret is vocalized as Difat followed by Deret.

**Glyph Notes:** The upper Deret is raised above the top of the lower Difat a distance of 30% of the Difat’s height. At smaller point sizes the two symbols should not appear to come in contact with one another.

**References:** Digua p. 18, 75, 93, 94, 395, 284, 285, 290, 374, 376, 395  
Tsome Digua p. 28, 31, 93, 121, 132, 133, 175, 182, 183, 185  
Me’eraf p. 20, 25, 33, 62, 69, 80, 93, 123, 124  
Ziq p. 25, 123  
Merha Liqawnt p.22, 128  
Zimarie Wemewasit p.2, 8, 15

**Validation:** Liqa Mezemran Moges Seyoum



Ge'ez : ድፋት፡ ድፋት፡  
English: Difat-Difat

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC TONAL MARK DIFAT DIFAT

**Description:** Difat-Difat is a tonal sequence composed from the two Qirts elements “Difat” (ሀ), ETHIOPIC TONAL MARK DIFAT (U+1394).

**Recommended Encoding:** Code point.

**Contextual Sample:** <sup>ሀ</sup>እገይስ፡ <sup>ሀ</sup>ገቤከ፡ <sup>ሀ</sup>አምላኪየ፡ <sup>ሀ</sup>አንተ፡ <sup>ሀ</sup>ኩነኒ፡ <sup>ሀ</sup>ረዳእየ፡  
*Me'eraf p 166.*

**Usage:** Modern.  
Difat-Difat is vocalized as the Difat intonement held for a two-beat count.

**Glyph Notes:** The upper Difat is raised above the top of the lower Difat a distance of 30% of the Difat's height. At smaller point sizes the two Difats should not appear to come in contact with one another.

**References:** Selot Kidasie p. 17, 129, 231  
Zimarie Wemewasit p. 1-  
Digua p. 18, 75, 76, 79, 97, 101, 376  
Tsome Digua p. 92, 121  
Me'eraf p. 50, 51, 71, 74, 80, 86, 92, 109, 107, 109, 114, 123, 166  
Ziq p. 8, 13, 17, 21, 27, 29, 32, 33, 66, 80, 84, 94, 121

**Validation:** Liqa Mezemran Moges Seyoum



Ge'ez : ደረተ፡ ደረተ፡ ደረተ፡

English: Deret-Deret-Deret

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC TONAL MARK DERET DERET DERET

**Description:** Deret-Deret-Deret is a tonal sequence composed from the three Qirts elements “Derett” (ሀ), ETHIOPIC TONAL MARK DERET (U+1391).

**Recommended  
Encoding:** Code point.

**Contextual  
Sample:** *A potential symbol, not yet observed.*

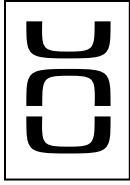
**Usage:** Deret-Deret-Deret is vocalized as the Deret intonement held for a three-beat count.

**Glyph Notes:** The upper Deret marks are raised above the lower Derets a distance of 30% of the Deret’s height. At smaller point sizes two symbols should not appear to come in contact with one another.

**References:**

**Validation:**





Ge'ez : ደረት፡ ድፋት፡ ደረት፡  
English: Deret-Difat-Deret

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC TONAL MARK DERET DIFAT DERET

**Description:** Deret-Difat-Deret is a tonal sequence composed from the three Qirts elements “Deret” (ሀ), followed by “Difat” (ሐ), followed by “Deret” (ሀ). Respectively, ETHIOPIC TONAL MARK DERET (U+1391), followed by ETHIOPIC TONAL MARK DIFAT (U+1394), followed by ETHIOPIC TONAL MARK DERET (U+1391).

**Recommended Encoding:** Code point.

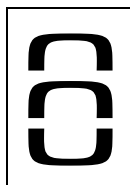
**Contextual Sample:** መስ ሠረ ለማ ይ አስተጋብ አሙኔ ወራዶ ጋጠ  
**ሀለወኒ፡ አዓል፡ ይቤለከ፡ ሊቅ፡ ከመዝ፡ በልዎ፡**  
*Zimamie p. 150*

**Usage:** Modern.  
Deret-Difat-Deret is vocalized as Deret-Difat with an added Deret in the third beat.

**Glyph Notes:** The upper Difat and Deret are raised above the top of the lower qirts a distance of 30% of the symbol’s height. At smaller point sizes two symbols should not appear to come in contact with one another.

**References:** Zimarie Wemewasit p. (Z) 15,  
Zimamie p. 52, 63, 128, 141, 142, 143, 145, 147, 148, 150, 154, 155

**Validation:** Liqa Mezemran Moges Seyoum, sample is in Ge’ez mode.



Ge'ez : ደረት : ድፋት : ድፋት :  
English: Deret-Difat-Difat

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC TONAL MARK DERET DIFAT DIFAT

**Description:** Deret-Difat-Difat is a tonal sequence composed from the three Qirts elements “Deret” (ደ), followed by “Difat” (ድ), followed by “Difat” (ድ). Respectively, ETHIOPIC TONAL MARK DERET (U+1391), followed by ETHIOPIC TONAL MARK DIFAT (U+1394), followed by ETHIOPIC TONAL MARK DIFAT (U+1394).

**Recommended Encoding:** Code point.

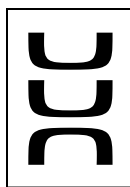
**Contextual Sample:** ቅብዓ፡ ክህነት፡ ሢምክ፡ ሢምክ፡  
*Zimarie p. 15*

**Usage:** Modern.  
Deret-Difat-Difat is vocalized as Deret-Difat with an added Difat in the third beat.

**Glyph Notes:** The raised Difats appear above the top of the lower qirts a distance of 30% of the symbol’s height. At smaller point sizes two symbols should not appear to come in contact with one another.

**References:** Zimarie Wemewasit p. (Z) 15,  
Zimamie p. 150, 151, 223

**Validation:** Liqa Mezemran Moges Seyoum, sample is in Ezzil.



Ge'ez : ድፋት፡ ደረት፡ ደረት፡  
English: Difat-Deret-Deret

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC TONAL MARK DIFAT DERET DERET

**Description:** Difat-Deret-Deret is a tonal sequence composed from the three Qirts elements “Difat” (ሰ), followed by “Deret” (ሁ), followed by “Deret” (ሁ). Respectively, ETHIOPIC TONAL MARK DIFAT (U+1394), followed by ETHIOPIC TONAL MARK DERET (U+1391), followed by ETHIOPIC TONAL MARK DERET (U+1391).

**Recommended Encoding:** Code point.

Contextual አጥምቅ፡ በማይ፡ አንሰ፡ ተፈኖኩ፡  
Sample: *Zimamie p. 2*

**Usage:** Modern.  
Difat-Deret-Deret is vocalized as Difat-Deret with an added Deret in the third beat.

**Glyph Notes:** The raised Derets appear above the top of the lower qirts a distance of 30% of the symbol's height. At smaller point sizes two symbols should not appear to come in contact with one another.

**References:** Zimarie Wemewasit p. (M) 14,  
Zimamie p. 2

**Validation:** Liqa Mezemran Moges Seyoum, Ge'ez mode.



Ge'ez : ደፋት: ደረት: ደፋት:  
English: Difat-Deret-Difat

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC TONAL MARK DIFAT DERET DIFAT

**Description:** Difat-Deret-Difat is a tonal sequence composed from the three Qirts elements “Difat” (ፊ), followed by “Deret” (ደ), followed by “Difat” (ፊ). Respectively, ETHIOPIC TONAL MARK DIFAT (U+1394), followed by ETHIOPIC TONAL MARK DERET (U+1391), followed by ETHIOPIC TONAL MARK DIFAT (U+1394).

**Recommended Encoding:** Code point.

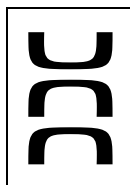
**Contextual Sample:** <sup>ፊ</sup>ወ<sup>ደ</sup>ከ<sup>ፊ</sup>ብር<sup>ደ</sup>፡ <sup>ፊ</sup>ይ<sup>ደ</sup>እ<sup>ፊ</sup>ዜ<sup>ደ</sup>ኒ<sup>ፊ</sup>፡ <sup>ፊ</sup>ወ<sup>ደ</sup>ዘ<sup>ፊ</sup>ል<sup>ደ</sup>ፈ<sup>ፊ</sup>ኒ<sup>ደ</sup>፡ <sup>ፊ</sup>ወ<sup>ደ</sup>ለ<sup>ፊ</sup>ዓ<sup>ደ</sup>ለ<sup>ፊ</sup>መ<sup>ደ</sup>፡ <sup>ፊ</sup>ዓ<sup>ደ</sup>ለ<sup>ፊ</sup>ም<sup>ደ</sup>፡  
*Me'eraf p. 92*

**Usage:** Modern.  
Difat-Deret-Difat is vocalized as Difat-Deret with an added Difat in the third beat.

**Glyph Notes:** The raised Deret and Diffat appear above the top of the lower qirts a distance of 30% of the symbol's height. At smaller point sizes two symbols should not appear to come in contact with one another.

**References:** Me'eraf p. 86, 92, 109, 114  
Zimarie Wemewasit p. 1, 15, 18

**Validation:** Liqa Mezemran Moges Seyoum



Ge'ez : ድፋት፡ ድፋት፡ ደረት፡  
English: Difat-Difat-Deret

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC TONAL MARK DIFAT DIFAT DERET

**Description:** Difat-Difat-Deret is a tonal sequence composed from the three Qirts elements “Difat” (ሰ), followed by “Difat” (ሰ), followed by “Deret” (ረ). Respectively, ETHIOPIC TONAL MARK DIFAT (U+1394), followed by ETHIOPIC TONAL MARK DIFAT (U+1394), followed by ETHIOPIC TONAL MARK DERET (U+1391).

**Recommended Encoding:** Code point.

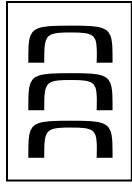
**Contextual Sample:** <sup>ፈኑ</sup> ደንገፀት፡ <sup>፡ ደከ</sup> መለኮት፡ <sup>ረ</sup> ገብዕ፡ <sup>ዊ</sup> ውስተ፡ <sup>ረ</sup> ከርሣ፡ <sup>ዊ</sup> ሀሎ፡  
*Tsome Digua p. 121*

**Usage:** Modern.  
Difat-Difat-Deret is vocalized as Difat-Difat with an added Deret in the third beat.

**Glyph Notes:** The raised Difat and Deret appear above the top of the lower qirts a distance of 30% of the symbol’s height. At smaller point sizes two symbols should not appear to come in contact with one another.

**References:** Zimarie Wemewasit (Z) p. 1, 16, 68, 121

**Validation:** Liqa Mezemran Moges Seyoum, example is in Araray mode.



Ge'ez : ድፋት፡ ድፋት፡ ድፋት፡  
English: Diffat-Diffat-Diffat

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC TONAL MARK DIFAT DIFAT DIFAT

**Description:** Diffat-Diffat-Diffat is a tonal sequence composed from three Qirts elements “Diffat” (ሥ), ETHIOPIC TONAL MARK DIFAT (U+1394).

**Recommended Encoding:** Code point.

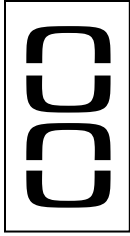
**Contextual Sample:** ድፋት፡ ሥ፡ ድፋት፡ ሥ፡ ድፋት፡ ሥ፡  
*Zimarie p.1, 68*

**Usage:** Modern.  
Diffat-Diffat-Diffat is vocalized as the Diffat intonement held for a three-beat count.

**Glyph Notes:** The raised Diffats appear above the top of the lower qirts a distance of 30% of the symbol's height. At smaller point sizes two symbols should not appear to come in contact with one another.

**References:** Tsome Digua p. 121,  
Zimarie Wemewasit (Z) p. 1, 2, 4, 15, 16, 18, 52, 68

**Validation:** Liqa Mezemran Moges Seyoum



Ge'ez : ደረት : ድፋት : ደረት : ድፋት :  
English: Deret-Difat-Deret-Difat

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC TONAL MARK DERET DIFAT DERET DIFAT

**Description:** Deret-Difat-Deret-Difat is a tonal sequence composed from the four Qirts elements “Deret” (ረ), followed by “Difat” (ፋ), followed by “Deret” (ረ), followed by “Difat” (ፋ). Respectively, ETHIOPIC TONAL MARK DERET (U+1391), followed by ETHIOPIC TONAL MARK DIFAT (U+1394), followed by ETHIOPIC TONAL MARK DERET (U+1391), followed by ETHIOPIC TONAL MARK DIFAT (U+1394).

**Recommended Encoding:** Code point.

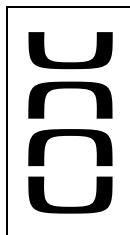
**Contextual Sample:** ሃይማኖት : ወይነግር : ጥበበ : ከመ : ይለብዉ :  
*Zimarie p. 21*

**Usage:** Modern.  
Deret-Difat-Deret-Difat is vocalized as Deret-Difat-Deret with an added Difat in the fourth beat.

**Glyph Notes:** The raised Difats and Derets appear above the top of the lower qirts a distance of 30% of the symbol’s height. At smaller point sizes two symbols should not appear to come in contact with one another.

**References:** Zimarie Wemewasit p. (Z) 21

**Validation:** Liqa Mezemran Moges Seyoum, example is in Araray mode.




Ge'ez : ደረት፡ ድፋት፡ ድፋት፡ ደረት፡  
English: Deret-Difat-Difat-Deret

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC TONAL MARK DERET DIFAT DERET DIFAT

**Description:** Deret-Difat-Difat-Deret is a tonal sequence composed from the four Qirts elements “Deret” (ደ), followed by “Difat” (ድ), followed by “Difat” (ድ), followed by “Deret” (ደ). Respectively, ETHIOPIC TONAL MARK DERET (U+1391), followed by ETHIOPIC TONAL MARK DIFAT (U+1394), followed by ETHIOPIC TONAL MARK DIFAT (U+1394), followed by ETHIOPIC TONAL MARK DERET (U+1391).

**Recommended Encoding:** Code point.

**Contextual Sample:**   
*Zimamie p. 92*

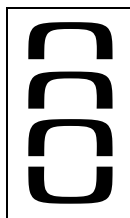
**Usage:** Modern.  
Deret-Difat-Difat-Derett is vocalized as Deret-Difat-Difat with an added Deret in the fourth beat.

**Glyph Notes:** The raised Difats and Deret appear above the top of the lower qirts a distance of 30% of the symbol’s height. At smaller point sizes two symbols should not appear to come in contact with one another.

**References:** Zimamie p. 92

**Validation:** Liqa Mezemran Moges Seyoum notes the example is in Araray mode.






Ge'ez : ደረት : ድፋት : ድፋት : ድፋት :  
English: Deret-Difat-Difat-Difat

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC TONAL MARK DERET DIFAT DIFAT DIFAT

**Description:** Deret-Difat-Difat-Difat is a tonal sequence composed from the four Qirts elements “Deret” (ደ), followed by “Difat” (ድ), followed by “Difat” (ድ), followed by “Difat” (ድ). Respectively, ETHIOPIC TONAL MARK DERET (U+1391), followed by ETHIOPIC TONAL MARK DIFAT (U+1394), followed by ETHIOPIC TONAL MARK DIFAT (U+1394), followed by ETHIOPIC TONAL MARK DIFAT (U+1394).

**Recommended Encoding:** Code point.

**Contextual Sample:**  **ለመላእክት፡ ደብተራ፡ ፍጽምት፡**  
*Zimamie p. 73*

**Usage:** Modern.  
Deret-Difat-Difat-Difat is vocalized as Deret-Difat-Difat with an added Difat in the fourth beat.

**Glyph Notes:** The raised Difats appear above the top of the lower qirts a distance of 30% of the symbol’s height. At smaller point sizes two symbols should not appear to come in contact with one another.

**References:** Zimamie p. 73

**Validation:** Liqa Mezemran Moges Seyoum, the sample is in Tekle-Zimamie in Araray mode



Ge'ez : ድፋት፡ ደረት፡ ደረት፡ ድፋት፡  
English: Difat-Deret-Deret-Difat

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC TONAL MARK DIFAT DERET DERET DIFAT

**Description:** Difat-Deret-Deret-Difat is a tonal sequence composed from the four Qirts elements “Difat” (ሥ), followed by “Deret” (ሪ), followed by “Deret” (ሪ), followed by “Difat” (ሥ). Respectively, ETHIOPIC TONAL MARK DIFAT (U+1394), followed by ETHIOPIC TONAL MARK DERET (U+1391), followed by ETHIOPIC TONAL MARK DERET (U+1391), followed by ETHIOPIC TONAL MARK DIFAT (U+1394).

**Recommended Encoding:** Code point.

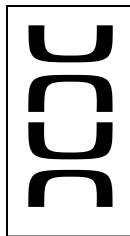
**Contextual Sample:** <sup>ሥ ሥ ሥ ሥ</sup> ዕረፍተ፡ ተ፡ ወይቤልዎ፡ እለ፡  
*Zimarie p. 102*

**Usage:** Modern.  
Difat-Deret-Deret-Difat is vocalized as Difat-Deret-Deret with an added Difat in the fourth beat.

**Glyph Notes:** The raised Derets and Difat appear above the top of the lower qirts a distance of 30% of the symbol’s height. At smaller point sizes two symbols should not appear to come in contact with one another.

**References:** Me’eraf p. 74  
Zimarie Wemewasit (Z) p. 102

**Validation:** Liqa Mezemran Moges Seyoum, Araray mode begins on ወይቤልዎ.

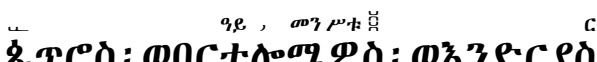


Ge'ez : ድፋት፡ ደረት፡ ድፋት፡ ደረት፡  
English: Difat-Deret-Difat-Deret

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC TONAL MARK DIFAT DERET DIFAT DERET

**Description:** Difat-Deret-Difat-Deret is a tonal sequence composed from the four Qirts elements “Difat” (፡), followed by “Deret” (፡), followed by “Difat” (፡), followed by “Deret” (፡). Respectively, ETHIOPIC TONAL MARK DIFAT (U+1394), followed by ETHIOPIC TONAL MARK DERET (U+1391), followed by ETHIOPIC TONAL MARK DIFAT (U+1394), followed by ETHIOPIC TONAL MARK DERET (U+1391).

**Recommended Encoding:** Code point.

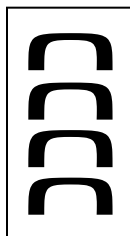
**Contextual Sample:**   
*Digua p. 395*

**Usage:** Modern.  
Difat-Deret-Difat-Deret is vocalized as Difat-Deret-Difat with an added Deret in the fourth beat.

**Glyph Notes:** The raised Derets and Difat appear above the top of the lower qirts a distance of 30% of the symbol’s height. At smaller point sizes two symbols should not appear to come in contact with one another.

**References:** Digua p. 395,  
Zimamie p. 72

**Validation:** Liqa Mezemran Moges Seyoum, The Digua example in Araray, the Zimamie example is in Izel.



Ge'ez : ድፋት፡ ድፋት፡ ድፋት፡ ድፋት፡  
English: Difat-Difat-Difat-Difat

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC TONAL MARK DIFAT DIFAT DIFAT DIFAT

**Description:** Difat-Difat-Difat-Difat is a tonal sequence composed from the four Qirts elements “Difat” (ᐃ), ETHIOPIC TONAL MARK DIFAT (U+1394).

**Recommended Encoding:** Code point.

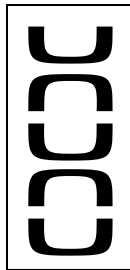
**Contextual Sample:** ወይቤሎሙ፡ አየሱስ፡ ለአርዳኢሁ፡  
*Zimarie p. 108*

**Usage:** Modern.  
Difat-Difat-Difat-Difat is vocalized as the Difat intonement held for a four-beat count.

**Glyph Notes:** The raised Difats appear above the top of the lower qirts a distance of 30% of the symbol’s height. At smaller point sizes two symbols should not appear to come in contact with one another.

**References:** Zimarie Wemewasit (Z) p. 108

**Validation:** Liqa Mezemran Moges Seyoum notes the example is in Ge’ez mode.

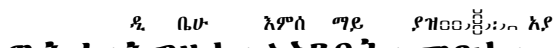


Ge'ez : ደረት : ድፋት : ደረት : ድፋት : ደረት :  
English: Deret-Difat- Deret-Difat-Deret

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC TONAL MARK DIFAT DERET DERET DIFAT DERET

**Description:** Deret-Difat-Deret-Difat-Deret is a tonal sequence composed from the five Qirts elements “Deret” (ረ), followed by “Difat” (ፊ), followed by “Deret” (ረ), followed by “Difat” (ፊ), followed by “Deret” (ረ). Respectively, ETHIOPIC TONAL MARK DERET (U+1391), followed by ETHIOPIC TONAL MARK DIFAT (U+1394), followed by ETHIOPIC TONAL MARK DERET (U+1391), followed by ETHIOPIC TONAL MARK DIFAT (U+1394), followed by ETHIOPIC TONAL MARK DERET (U+1391).

**Recommended Encoding:** Code point.


**Contextual Sample:**  ወደብ፡ እግዚአብሔር፡ ለሰንበት፡ መጽሐ፡  
*Zimarie p. 115*

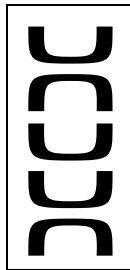
**Usage:** Modern.  
Deret-Difat-Deret-Difat-Deret is vocalized as Deret-Difat-Deret-Difat with an added Deret in the fifth beat.

**Glyph Notes:** The raised Derets and Difats appear above the top of the lower qirts a distance of 30% of the symbol’s height. At smaller point sizes two symbols should not appear to come in contact with one another.

**References:** Zimamie p. 115 (appearing twice)

**Validation:** Liqa Mezemran Moges Seyoum notes the example is in Izzel mode. The qirts notation above መጽሐ should be fully above መ which space does not allow for.

Thus more like  መጽሐ፡ or መ ጽሐ፡ might better capture the application of the notation but is less aesthetically appealing.



Ge'ez : ድፋት : ደረት : ደረት : ድፋት : ደረት :  
English: Difat-Deret-Deret-Difat-Deret

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC TONAL MARK DIFAT DERET DERET DIFAT DERET

**Description:** Difat-Deret-Deret-Difat-Deret is a tonal sequence composed from the five Qirts elements “Difat” (ሰ), followed by “Deret” (ረ), followed by “Deret” (ረ), followed by “Difat” (ሰ), followed by “Deret” (ረ). Respectively, ETHIOPIC TONAL MARK DIFAT (U+1394), followed by ETHIOPIC TONAL MARK DERET (U+1391), followed by ETHIOPIC TONAL MARK DERET (U+1391), followed by ETHIOPIC TONAL MARK DIFAT (U+1394), followed by ETHIOPIC TONAL MARK DERET (U+1391).

**Recommended Encoding:** Code point.

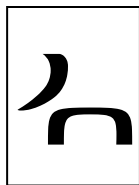
**Contextual Sample:** ትገብሩ፡ ወይዘሜን፡ አንጺሐ፡ ሰብእ፡  
*Zimarie p. 95*

**Usage:** Modern.  
Difat-Deret-Deret-Difat-Deret is vocalized as Difat-Deret-Deret-Difat with an added Deret in the fifth beat.

**Glyph Notes:** The raised Derets and Difats appear above the top of the lower qirts a distance of 30% of the symbol’s height. At smaller point sizes two symbols should not appear to come in contact with one another.

**References:** Zimarie Wemewasit (Z) p. 95, 102

**Validation:** Liqa Mezemran Moges Seyoum, note that ሸ is in Araray in the example. Araray mode begins on ወይዘሜን



Ge'ez : ቅርት፡ ድፋት፡  
English: Chiret-Difat

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC TONAL MARK CHIRET DIFAT

**Description:** Chiret-Difat is a tonal sequence composed from the two Qirts elements “Chiret” (ሀ) and “Difat” (ሐ). Respectively, ETHIOPIC TONAL MARK CHIERET (U+1396) followed by ETHIOPIC TONAL MARK DIFAT (U+1394).

**Recommended Encoding:** Code point or Ligature.

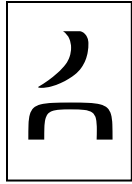
**Contextual Sample:** <sup>ፀሐ ሥ ድቅ ኢ፡ ላሕ ኪ የሕፃ አምላክ ጽ ኤ</sup>  
አልባሲሆሙ፡ አልባሲሆሙ፡ በደመ፡ በግዑ፡  
*Merha Liqawnt p. 19*

**Usage:** Modern.  
Chiret-Difat is vocalized as the Chiret intonement followed by Difat.

**Glyph Notes:** The upper Deret is raised above the top of the lower Difat a distance of 30% of the Difat's height. At smaller point sizes the two symbols should not appear to come in contact with one another.

**References:** Merha Liqawnt p.1-,  
Zimamie p. 34, 74,  
Zimarie Wemewasit (Z) p. 1

**Validation:**



Ge'ez : ድፋት፡ጭረት፡  
English: Difat-Chiret

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC TONAL MARK DIFAT CHIRET

**Description:** Difat-Chiret is a tonal sequence composed from the two Qirts elements “Difat” (፡) and “Chiret” (፡). Respectively, ETHIOPIC TONAL MARK DIFAT (U+1394) followed by ETHIOPIC TONAL MARK CHIERET (U+1396).

**Recommended Encoding:** Code point.

**Contextual Sample:** ንዛ ለም በኅዋረ ነገረ ፡ ጭረ ፡ ብሰላሳ፡ »  
ነፍሰየ፡ ለእግዚአብሔር፡ ትቤ፡ ድንግል፡  
*Zimamie p. 72*

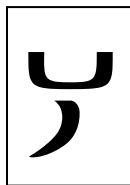
**Usage:** Modern.  
Difat-Chiret is vocalized as the Difat intonement followed by Chiret.

**Glyph Notes:** The upper Deret is raised above the top of the lower Difat a distance of 30% of the Difat's height. At smaller point sizes the two symbols should not appear to come in contact with one another.

**References:** Zimamie p. 10, 69, 72, 136, 148, 187

**Validation:** Liqa Mezemran Moges Seyoum.





Ge'ez : ቅረት፡ ደረት፡  
English: Chiret-Deret

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC TONAL MARK CHIRET DERET

**Description:** Difat-Deret-Deret is a tonal sequence composed from the two Qirts elements “Chiret” (፯) and “Difat” (፮). ETHIOPIC TONAL MARK CHIERET (U+1396) and ETHIOPIC TONAL MARK DIFAT (U+1394) respectively.

**Recommended Encoding:** Code point.

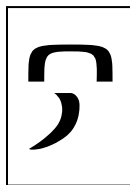
**Contextual Sample:** ገላጽ በገሠረ ህዳር ዝቅ ቀግሐ ፡ ምኑ  
ሳይዳ፡ ከመ፡ ፍሕሶ፡ ቀይሕ፡ ከናፍሪሃ፡  
*Zimamie p. 72*

**Usage:** Modern.  
Chiret-Deret is vocalized as the Chiret intonement followed by Deret.

**Glyph Notes:** The upper Deret is raised above the top of the lower Difata a distance of 30% of the Difata's height. At smaller point sizes the two symbols should not appear to come in contact with one another.

**References:** Zimamie p. 72

**Validation:** Liqa Mezemran Moges Seyoum, Sample in Ezzil



Ge'ez : ቅርት፡ ድፋት፡  
English: Chiret-Difat

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC TONAL MARK CHIRET DIFAT

**Description:** Difat-Deret-Deret is a tonal sequence composed from the two Qirts elements “Chiret” (፯) and “Difat” (፮). ETHIOPIC TONAL MARK CHIERET (U+1396) and ETHIOPIC TONAL MARK DIFAT (U+1394) respectively.

**Recommended Encoding:** Code point.

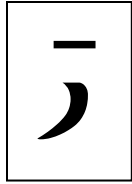
**Contextual Sample:** ጁ፻፲፭፡ ወዘልፈኒ፡ ወለዓለመ፡ ዓለም፡  
*Me'eraf p. 15*

**Usage:** Modern.  
Deret-Deret-Difat is similar to Difat-Difat in that ...

**Glyph Notes:** The upper Deret is raised above the top of the lower Difat a distance of 30% of the Difat's height. At smaller point sizes the two symbols should not appear to come in contact with one another.

**References:** Zimarie Wemewasit p. 35, 36, 38, 39, 42,  
Me'eraf p. 15, 87, 93,  
Merha Liqawnt p. 4,  
Digua p. 395

**Validation:** Liqa Mezemran Moges Seyoum, Sample is in Ge'ez mode.



Ge'ez : ቅርት፡ ድፋት፡  
English: Chiret-Difat

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC TONAL MARK CHIRET **HIDET**

**Description:** Chiret-Hidet is a tonal sequence composed from the two Qirts elements “Chiret” (፡) and “Hidet” (—), ETHIOPIC TONAL MARK CHIRET (U+1394) and ETHIOPIC TONAL MARK HIDET (፡) respectively.

**Recommended  
Encoding:** Code point.

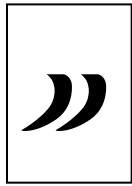
**Contextual  
Sample:** ቢደመ፡ ቀደሶ፡ ለዕፀ፡ መስቀሉ።  
*Zimarie p. 13*

**Usage:** Modern.  
Deret-Deret-Difat is similar to Difat-Difat in that ...

**Glyph Notes:** The upper Deret is raised above the top of the lower Difat a distance of 30% of the Difat's height. At smaller point sizes the two symbols should not appear to come in contact with one another.

**References:** Zimarie Wemewasit (Z) p. 1, 3, 4, 5, 13, 14, 15, 17, 20, 21, 42, 50, 94, 95, 100, 121

**Validation:** Liqa Mezemran Moges Seyoum, the symbol is difat-chiret.



Ge'ez : ቂረት፡ቂረት፡  
English: Chiret-Chiret

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC TONAL MARK CHIRET CHIRET

**Description:** Chiret-Chiret is a tonal sequence composed from the two Qirts elements “Chiret” (ጋ), ETHIOPIC TONAL MARK CHIRET (U+1396).

**Recommended Encoding:** Code point or Ligature.

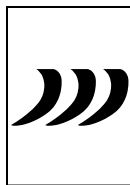
**Contextual Sample:** ቂረት፡ቂረት፡ ቂረት፡ቂረት፡ ቂረት፡ቂረት፡ ቂረት፡ቂረት፡  
*Zimarie p. 4*

**Usage:** Modern.  
Chiret-Chiret is vocalized as the Deret intonement held for a two-beat count.

**Glyph Notes:** The lower left extreme of the right Chiret should fall under roughly the center of the top horizontal stroke of the left Chiret.

**References:** Merha Liqawnt p.19,  
YeZaima Arist Milikt p.25,  
Zimarie Wemewasit p.4-

**Validation:**



Ge'ez : ቂረት፡ቂረት፡ቂረት፡  
English: Chiret-Chiret-Chiret

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC TONAL MARK DIFAT DERET DERET

**Description:** Chiret-Chiret-Chiret is a tonal sequence composed from the three Qirts elements “Chiret” (፡), ETHIOPIC TONAL MARK CHIRET (U+1396).

**Recommended Encoding:** Code point or Ligature.

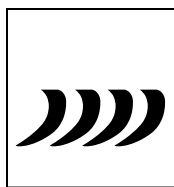
**Contextual Sample:** ገላ ምዕራባዊ ግድግዳ ላይ ምዕራባዊ ግድግዳ  
እምነት፡ ጥበብ፡ ሥጋ፡ ውላ፡  
*Zimamie p. 13*

**Usage:** Modern.  
Chiret-Chiret-Chiret is vocalized as the Deret intonement held for a three-beat count.

**Glyph Notes:** The lower left extreme of the right Chirets should fall under roughly the center of the top horizontal stroke of the left Chirets.

**References:** YeZaima Arist Milikt p. 25,  
Zimamie (common) p. 13

**Validation:**



Ge'ez : አራተ፡ ጭረት፡

English: Four-Chiret

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC TONAL MARK CHIRET DIFAT

**Description:** Four-Chiret is a tonal sequence composed from the four Qirts elements “Chiret” (ጊ), ETHIOPIC TONAL MARK CHIRET (U+1396).

**Recommended** Code point or Ligature  
**Encoding:**

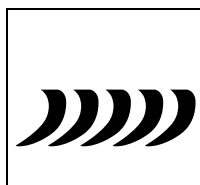
**Contextual** ጊ ገዛ ቀግሎ ምሥራቅ ዘመን ዘመን ዘመን ዘመን ጊ ገዛ  
**Sample:** አንተ፡ አጥሪያ፡ በደሙ፡ ጽዋዓ፡  
*Zimamie p. 10*

**Usage:** Modern.  
Four-Chiret is vocalized as the Deret intonement held for a four-beat count.

**Glyph Notes:** The lower left extreme of the right Chirets should fall under roughly the center of the top horizontal stroke of the left Chirets.

**References:** Zimamie p. 6, 10, (common)

**Validation:**



Ge'ez : አምስተ፡ ጭረት፡  
English: Five-Chiret

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC TONAL MARK CHIRET DIFAT

**Description:** Five-Chiret is a tonal sequence composed from the five Qirts elements “Chiret” (ጎ), ETHIOPIC TONAL MARK CHIRET (U+1396).

**Recommended Encoding:** Code point or Ligature.

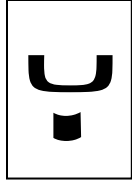
**Contextual Sample:** አምሳ ከመ ብ ዜ ኃ ን ጭርስ አም ነ አጽባዕት  
**ዘወረድ፡ ላዕለ፡ ደብር፤ ወእንዘ፡ ሀሎ፡**  
*Zimamie p. 241*

**Usage:** Modern.  
Four-Chiret is vocalized as the Deret intonement held for a five-beat count.

**Glyph Notes:** The lower left extreme of the right Chirets should fall under roughly the center of the top horizontal stroke of the left Chirets.

**References:** Zimamie p. 240-242

**Validation:**



Ge'ez : ይዘት፡ ደረት፡  
English: Yizet-Deret

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC TONAL MARK YIZET DERET

**Description:** Yizet-Deret is a tonal sequence composed from the two Qirts elements “Yizet” (.) followed by “Deret” (◡). Respectively, ETHIOPIC TONAL MARK YIZET (U+1390) followed by ETHIOPIC TONAL MARK DERET (U+1391).

**Recommended** Code point.

**Encoding:**

**Contextual** <sup>ይዘት</sup> <sup>ደረት</sup>  
**Sample:** ዋዜማ፡ በ፩፡ ዓይ፡ ይእቲ፡ ዛቲ፡ እንተ፡  
*Zimamie p.72*

**Usage:** Modern.

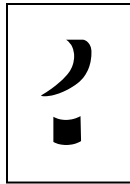
Yizet-Deret is vocalized as the Yizet intonement followed by Deret.

**Glyph Notes:** The upper Deret is raised above the top of the lower Yizet a distance of 30% of the **Difat's** height. At smaller point sizes the two symbols should not appear to come in contact with one another.

**References:** Zimamie p. 72

**Validation:** Liqa Mezemran Moges Seyoum.





Ge'ez : ያዘት፡ ቅረት፡  
English: Yizet-Chiret

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC TONAL MARK YIZET CHIRET

**Description:** Yizet-Chiret is a tonal sequence composed from the two Qirts elements “Yizet” (.) followed by “Chiret” (፡). Respectively, ETHIOPIC TONAL MARK YIZET (U+1390) followed by ETHIOPIC TONAL MARK CHIRET (U+1396).

**Recommended Encoding:** Code point.

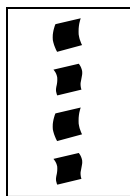
**Contextual Sample:** *TBD*  
*Zimamie p.10*

**Usage:** Modern.  
Yizet-Chiret is vocalized as the Yizet intonement followed by Chiret.

**Glyph Notes:** The upper Deret is raised above the top of the lower Difat a distance of 30% of the Difat's height. At smaller point sizes the two symbols should not appear to come in contact with one another.

**References:** Zimamie p. 10 -*can't locate, check other book, Merha Liqawnt*

**Validation:**



Ge'ez : ተራራ፡ ርክርክ፡  
English: Long Rikrik

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC TONAL MARK LONG RIKRIK

**Description:** Rikrik-Deret is a tonal sequence composed from the two Qirts elements “Rikrik” (፤) followed by “Deret” (ፌ). Respectively, ETHIOPIC TONAL MARK RIKRIK (U+1392) followed by ETHIOPIC TONAL MARK DERET (U+1391).

**Recommended Encoding:** Code point.

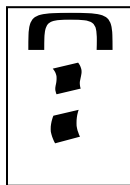
**Contextual Sample:** ገላ ፡ ፡ ገላድንግል፡ ቀደስ ፡ ይኑ ገላ — ር፤ ወበ ሐ ሄ ተ  
ማዕከለ፡ ጸናግል፡ ዘባጥያተ፡ ከበሮ፡ ሥዩ፡ ነዋ፡ ሚካኤል፡ መልአክለሙ፤  
*Moges 66(I)*

**Usage:** Modern.  
Long-Rikrik is vocalized as the Rikrik intonement followed by Deret.

**Glyph Notes:** The upper Deret is raised above the top of the lower Difat a distance of 30% of the Difat’s height. At smaller point sizes the two symbols should not appear to come in contact with one another.

**References:** Moges 66(I)

**Validation:** Liqa Mezemran Moges Seyoum. Also used with Tsenasil for an extra beat.



Ge'ez : ሳጺር፡ርክርክ፡ድፋት፡  
English: Hasir-Rikrik-Difat

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC TONAL MARK DIFAT HASIR RIKRIK

**Description:** Hasir-Rikrik-Difat is a tonal sequence composed from the two Qirts elements “Hasir Rikrik” (፡), followed by “Difat” (፡). Respectively, ETHIOPIC TONAL MARK SHORT RIKRIK (U+1393) followed by ETHIOPIC TONAL MARK DIFAT (U+1394).

**Recommended Encoding:** Code point.

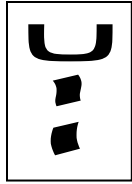
**Contextual Sample:** ገጽ፡ ካህ ፡ ጸፈኒ ፡ ማህ ፡ ህ ፡ ፊ ፡  
ጸገዐ፡ ወባረክ፡ በል፡ ሳ፡ ንግበር፡ ተዝካሮ፡  
*Mewasit p.14*

**Usage:** Modern.  
Hasir-Rikrik-Difat is vocalized as the Hasir Rikrik intonement followed by Difat.

**Glyph Notes:** The upper Deret is raised above the top of the lower Difat a distance of 30% of the Difat's height. At smaller point sizes the two symbols should not appear to come in contact with one another.

**References:** Zimarie Wemewasit p. (Z) 36, 95, 99, (M) 14,  
Zimamie p. 75

**Validation:** Liqa Mezemran Moges Seyoum, the example row taken is እናት፡ዜማ (ቆም፡ዜማ) in ፊዝል form that accompanies ምልላን on the row above.



Ge'ez : ሃደር፡ርክርክ፡ደረት፡  
English: Hasir-Rikrik-Deret

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC TONAL MARK DERET HASIR RIKRIK

**Description:** Hasir-Rikrik-Deret is a tonal sequence composed from the two Qirts elements “Hasir Rikrik” (፡) followed by “Deret” (፡). Respectively, ETHIOPIC TONAL MARK SHORT RIKRIK (U+1393) followed by ETHIOPIC TONAL MARK DERET (U+1391).

**Recommended Encoding:** Code point.

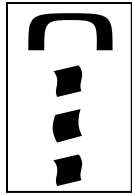
**Contextual Sample:** ሃደር ሃደር ሃደር ፡ ሃደር ፡ ሃደር ፡  
መጽሐ፡ ወወረደ፡ ለአድኅኖ፡ መጽ፡  
*Zimarie p.52*

**Usage:** Modern.  
Hasir-Rikrik-Deret is vocalized as the Hasir Rikrik intonement followed by Deret.

**Glyph Notes:** The upper Deret is raised above the top of the lower Difat a distance of 30% of the Hasir Rikrik's height. At smaller point sizes the two symbols should not appear to come in contact with one another.

**References:** Zimarie Wemewasit p. 1, 34, 52

**Validation:** Liqa Mezemran Moges Seyoum, the sample is in Ezzil. The qirts notation above መጽሐ should be fully above መ which space does not allow for. Thus more like መጽሐ፡ or መ ጽሐ፡ might better capture the application of the notation but is less aesthetically appealing.



Ge'ez : ርክሪክ፡ድፋት፡  
English: Rikrik-Deret

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC TONAL MARK RIKRIK DIFAT

**Description:** Rikrik-Deret is a tonal sequence composed from the two Qirts elements “Rikrik” (፤) followed by “Deret” (ፌ). Respectively, ETHIOPIC TONAL MARK RIKRIK (U+1392) followed by ETHIOPIC TONAL MARK DERET (U+1391).

**Recommended Encoding:** Code point.

**Contextual Sample:**

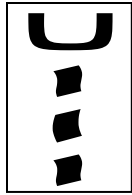
መዓርዒ ር . ተ — ጠ፤ጠዑ ሙ፡ ር፤ጠ ጠ፡ ተ ጠ ሰ ሙ ሙ  
አምላክነ፡ ወመድጋኒነ፡ አምላክነዕ፡ አምላክ፡ አድጎኖ፡ ሰብሐተ፡  
Zimarie p. 221

**Usage:** Modern.  
Rikrik-Deret is vocalized as the Rikrik intonement followed by Deret.

**Glyph Notes:** The upper Deret is raised above the top of the lower Difat a distance of 30% of the Difat’s height. At smaller point sizes the two symbols should not appear to come in contact with one another.

**References:** Zimarie Wemewasit p. 1, 34, 52

**Validation:** Liqa Mezemran Moges Seyoum.



Ge'ez : ርክሪክ፡ ደረት፡  
English: Rikrik-Deret

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC TONAL MARK RIKRIK DERET

**Description:** Rikrik-Deret is a tonal sequence composed from the two Qirts elements “Rikrik” (፤) followed by “Deret” (፪). Respectively, ETHIOPIC TONAL MARK RIKRIK (U+1392) followed by ETHIOPIC TONAL MARK DERET (U+1391).

**Recommended Encoding:** Code point.

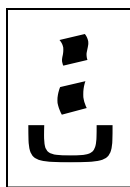
**Contextual Sample:** <sup>መዓርዓር ር . ተ — ጠፕጠዑ ፻ ሙ ፡ ር፤ጠ ጠ፡ ተ ጠ ሰ ሙ ሙ</sup>  
አምላክነ፡ ወመድጋኒነ፡ አምላክነዕ፡ አምላክ፡ አድኅኖ፡ ሰብሐተ፡  
*Moges 66(l)*

**Usage:** Modern.  
Rikrik-Deret is vocalized as the Rikrik intonement followed by Deret.

**Glyph Notes:** The upper Deret is raised above the top of the lower Difat a distance of 30% of the Difat’s height. At smaller point sizes the two symbols should not appear to come in contact with one another.

**References:** Zimarie Wemewasit p. 1, 34, 52

**Validation:** Liqa Mezemran Moges Seyoum.



Ge'ez : ደረት፡ ገደር፡ ርክርክ፡፡  
English: Deret-Hasir-Rikrik

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC TONAL MARK DERET HASIR RIKRIK

**Description:** Deret-Hasir-Rikrik is a tonal sequence composed from the two Qirts elements “Deret” followed by “Hais Rikrik” (፡). Respectively, (፡) ETHIOPIC TONAL MARK DERET (U+1391) followed by ETHIOPIC TONAL MARK SHORT RIKRIK (U+1393).

**Recommended Encoding:** Code point.

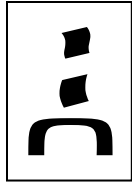
**Contextual Sample:** ቀ ግ አ ም ይ፤ዘ ና ጸ ሀ ሀ ር  
ለመላእክት፡ ደብተራ፡ ፍጽምት፡  
*Zimamie p. 73*

**Usage:** Modern.  
Deret-Hasir-Rikrik is vocalized as the Deret intonement followed by Hasir Rikrik.

**Glyph Notes:** The upper Deret is raised above the top of the lower Difat a distance of 30% of the Difat’s height. At smaller point sizes the two symbols should not appear to come in contact with one another.

**References:** Zimamie p. 73,  
Zimarie Wemewasit p. 2, 36

**Validation:** Liqa Mezmran Moges Seyoum, Araray mode.



Ge'ez : ድፋት፡ ገጺር፡ ርክርክ፡  
English: Difat-Hasir-Rikrik

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC TONAL MARK DERET HASIR RIKRIK

**Description:** Difat-Hasir-Rikrik is a tonal sequence composed from the two Qirts elements “Difat” (፡) followed by “Hais Rikrik” (፡). Respectively, ETHIOPIC TONAL MARK DIFAT (U+1394) followed by ETHIOPIC TONAL MARK SHORT RIKRIK (U+1393).

**Recommended Encoding:** Code point.

**Contextual Sample:** አ፡ ም፡ ተር ፡፤ ር ም፡  
ይፈጽም፡ ኩሎ፡ ሕገ፡ ወአስተርአየ፡  
Zimamie p. 50

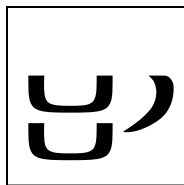
**Usage:** Modern.  
Difat-Hasir-Rikrik is vocalized as the Difat intonement followed by Hasir Rikrik.

**Glyph Notes:** The upper Deret is raised above the top of the lower Difat a distance of 30% of the Difat's height. At smaller point sizes the two symbols should not appear to come in contact with one another.

**References:** Zimarie Wemewasit p. 4, 5,  
Zimamie p. 36, 50

**Validation:** Liqa Mezmran Moges Seyoum, note that *rikrik* is *voiced first*. The mode is in Araray.





Ge'ez : ደረት፡ ደረት፡ ወጭረት፡  
English: Difat-Difat With Chiret

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC TONAL MARK DERET DERET WITH CHIRET

**Description:** Difat-Deret-Deret is a tonal sequence composed from the three Qirts elements “Difat” (ሥ), ETHIOPIC TONAL MARK DIFAT (U+1394).

**Recommended  
Encoding:** Code point.

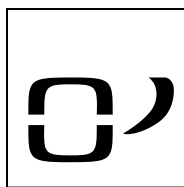
**Contextual  
Sample:** *TBD*

**Usage:** Deret-Deret-Difat is similar to Difat-Difat in that ...

**Glyph Notes:** The upper Deret is raised above the top of the lower Difat a distance of 30% of the Difat’s height. At smaller point sizes the two symbols should not appear to come in contact with one another.

**References:** Zimarie Wemewasit p. 95, 99,  
Zimamie p. 75

**Validation:**



Ge'ez : ደረት፡ ድፋት፡ ወጭረት፡  
English: Deret-Difat With Chiret

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC TONAL MARK DERET DIFAT WITH CHIRET

**Description:** Difat-Deret-Deret is a tonal sequence composed from the three Qirts elements “Difat” (ሥ), ETHIOPIC TONAL MARK DIFAT (U+1394).

**Recommended  
Encoding:** Code point.

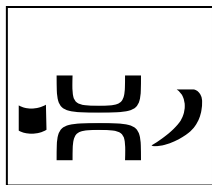
**Contextual  
Sample:** ቀ ግ አ ም ሥ ወጭም  
ዝንቱ፡ መስቀል፡ ቤዛነ፡ መድኃኒት፡

**Usage:** Deret-Deret-Difat is similar to Difat-Difat in that ...

**Glyph Notes:** The upper Deret is raised above the top of the lower Diffat a distance of 30% of the Diffat's height. At smaller point sizes the two symbols should not appear to come in contact with one another.

**References:** Zimamie p. 7, 9, 10  
Zimarie Wemewasit p. 68

**Validation:**



Ge'ez : ድፋት፡ደረት፡ወጭረት፡  
English: Difat-Deret With Chiret

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC TONAL MARK DERET DERET WITH CHIRET

**Description:** Difat-Deret-Deret is a tonal sequence composed from the three Qirts elements “Difat” (ሰ), ETHIOPIC TONAL MARK DIFAT (U+1394).

**Recommended Encoding:** Code point.

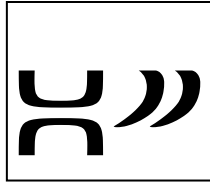
**Contextual Sample:** ገላ ም ተ ግ አ ም ፣ ቶሪ  
ለወልድ፡እ፡ስብሐት፡ዘኢየሱልቅ፡  
*Zimamie p. 35*

**Usage:** Deret-Deret-Difat is similar to Difat-Difat in that ...

**Glyph Notes:** The upper Deret is raised above the top of the lower Difat a distance of 30% of the Difat’s height. At smaller point sizes the two symbols should not appear to come in contact with one another.

**References:** Zimamie p. 10, 11, 35, 56, 57, 59, 70, 75, 77

**Validation:** ደ።



Ge'ez : ድፋት፡ደረት፡ወጭረት፡  
English: Difat-Deret With Chiret

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC TONAL MARK DERET DERET WITH CHIRET

**Description:** Difat-Deret-Deret is a tonal sequence composed from the three Qirts elements “Difat” (ሥ), ETHIOPIC TONAL MARK DIFAT (U+1394).

**Recommended Encoding:** Code point.

**Contextual Sample:**

ገሐ ም ተ ገ ሐ ም ፣ ብሔር  
ለወልድ፡እ፡ስብሐት፡ዘኢየሁዳ፡

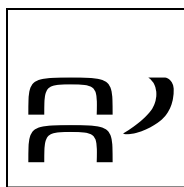
*Zimamie p. 35*

**Usage:** Deret-Deret-Difat is similar to Difat-Difat in that ...

**Glyph Notes:** The upper Deret is raised above the top of the lower Difat a distance of 30% of the Difat's height. At smaller point sizes the two symbols should not appear to come in contact with one another.

**References:** Zimamie p. 10, 11, 35, 56, 57, 59, 70, 75, 77

**Validation:**



Ge'ez : ድፋት፡ ድፋት፡ ወጭረት፡  
English: Difat-Difat With Chiret

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC TONAL MARK DIFAT DIFAT WITH CHIRET

**Description:** Difat-Deret-Deret is a tonal sequence composed from the three Qirts elements “Difat” (ሰ), ETHIOPIC TONAL MARK DIFAT (U+1394).

**Recommended Encoding:** Code point.

**Contextual Sample:** ሰማይ፡ ወምድር፡ እ፡ ዘሎቱ፡ ይሰጣል፡  
*Zimamie p. 57*

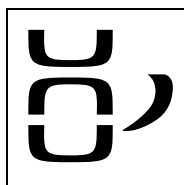
**Usage:** Deret-Deret-Difat is similar to Difat-Difat in that ...

**Glyph Notes:** The upper Deret is raised above the top of the lower Diffat a distance of 30% of the Diffat's height. At smaller point sizes the two symbols should not appear to come in contact with one another.

Review also the equivalence of the variant form: ሰጋ

**References:** Zimamie p. 11, 56, 70, 75, 78, 79  
Zimarie Wemewasit p. 95, 99,  
Merha Liqawnt p. 35,  
Moges p. 77(l), 77(r)

**Validation:**



Ge'ez : ደረት : ድፋት : ደረት : ወጭረት :  
English: Deret-Difat-Deret With  
Chiret

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC TONAL MARK DERET DIFAT DERET WITH CHIRET

**Description:** Difat-Deret-Deret is a tonal sequence composed from the three Qirts elements “Difat” (ሥ), ETHIOPIC TONAL MARK DIFAT (U+1394).

**Recommended  
Encoding:** Code point.

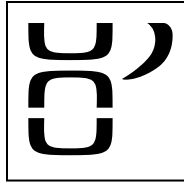
**Contextual  
Sample:** *TBD*

**Usage:** Deret-Deret-Difat is similar to Difat-Difat in that ...

**Glyph Notes:** The upper Deret is raised above the top of the lower Difat a distance of 30% of the Difat’s height. At smaller point sizes the two symbols should not appear to come in contact with one another.

**References:** Zimarie Wemewasit p. 95, 99,  
Zimamie p. 75

**Validation:**



Ge'ez : ደረት : ድፋት : ደረት : ወጭረት :

English: Deret-Difat-Deret With  
Raised Chiret

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC TONAL MARK DERET DIFAT DERET WITH RAISED CHIRET

**Description:** Difat-Deret-Deret is a tonal sequence composed from the three Qirts elements “Difat” (ሥ), ETHIOPIC TONAL MARK DIFAT (U+1394).

**Recommended  
Encoding:** Code point.

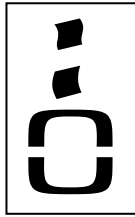
**Contextual  
Sample:** እመስቀሉ፡ አብርሃ፡ ልኩሉ፡ ዎ፡ ወረዶ፡  
*Zimamie p. 78*

**Usage:** Deret-Deret-Difat is similar to Difat-Difat in that ...

**Glyph Notes:** The upper Deret is raised above the top of the lower Difat a distance of 30% of the Difat's height. At smaller point sizes the two symbols should not appear to come in contact with one another.

**References:** Zimamie p. 78, 147

**Validation:**



Ge'ez : ደረት፡ ድፋት፡ ጎጺር፡ ርክርክ፡  
 English: Deret-Difat-Hasir-Rikrik

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC TONAL MARK DERET DIFAT HASIR RIKRIK

**Description:** Deret-Difat-Hasir-Rikrik is a tonal sequence composed from the three Qirts elements “Deret” (ፀ), followed by “Difat” (ፐ), followed by “Hais Rikrik” (፡). Respectively, ETHIOPIC TONAL MARK DERET (U+1391), followed by ETHIOPIC TONAL MARK DIFAT (U+1394), followed by ETHIOPIC TONAL MARK SHORT RIKRIK (U+1393).

**Recommended Encoding:** Code point.

**Contextual Sample:** <sup>ፊፊላ ረ .. ወግ ብ አ ስአ ድላኖ</sup>  
 ወልደ፡ ተወልደ፡ እምነሃ፡ ደት፡  
*Zimamie p. 36*

**Usage:** Modern.  
 Deret-Difat-Hasir-Rikrik is vocalized as the Deret-Difat intonement followed by Hasir Rikrik.

**Glyph Notes:** The upper Deret is raised above the top of the lower Difat a distance of 30% of the Difat’s height. At smaller point sizes the two symbols should not appear to come in contact with one another.

**References:** Zimamie p. 36

**Validation:**





Ge'ez : ድፋት፡ ድፋት፡ ገጸር፡ ርክርክ፡  
English: Difat-Difat-Hasir-Rikrik

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC TONAL MARK DIFAT DIFAT HASIR RIKRIK

**Description:** Deret-Difat-Hasir-Rikrik is a tonal sequence composed from the three Qirts elements “Deret” (ᐃ), followed by “Difat” (ᐃ), followed by “Hais Rikrik” (ᐃ). Respectively, ETHIOPIC TONAL MARK DERET (U+1391), followed by ETHIOPIC TONAL MARK DIFAT (U+1394), followed by ETHIOPIC TONAL MARK SHORT RIKRIK (U+1393).

**Recommended Encoding:** Code point.

**Contextual Sample:**

**Usage:** Modern.  
Deret-Difat-Hasir-Rikrik is vocalized as the Deret-Difat intonement followed by Hasir Rikrik.

**Glyph Notes:** The upper Deret is raised above the top of the lower Difata a distance of 30% of the Difata's height. At smaller point sizes the two symbols should not appear to come in contact with one another.

**References:**

**Validation:**



Ge'ez : ጸታ፡  
English: Meta

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC AKUAKUAM MARK META

**Description:** Meta is an Aquaquam directives...

**Recommended Encoding:** Code point.

**Contextual Sample:** <sup>ፌ</sup>ጽናፌ፡ <sup>ግ አ ፡ ጸ</sup>ግለጽ፡ <sup>ፋ ግ አ ጸ</sup>አለ፡ <sup>ግ አ ጸ</sup>ተዘርው፡ ለስበት፡  
*Zimamie p. 10*

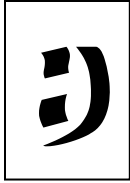
**Usage:** Modern.

ጸ is also used in both ቀግአጸ and ግቀግአጸ. The gyph ፡ is also Meta the naming needs to be resolved and one set as the alternative glyph of the other.

**Glyph Notes:** .

**References:** Zimamie p. 1-

**Validation:**



Ge'ez : ሃደር፡ ርክርክ፡ ወጭረት፡  
English: Hasir Rikrik With Chiret

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC TONAL MARK HASIR RIKRIK DIFAT

**Description:** Hasir Rikrik With Chiret is a tonal sequence composed from the two Qirts elements “Hasir Rikrik” (ሃ) followed by “Chiret” (ረ). Respectively, by ETHIOPIC TONAL MARK SHORT RIKRIK (U+1393) followed by ETHIOPIC TONAL MARK CHIRET (U+1396).

**Recommended Encoding:** Ligature or Code point.

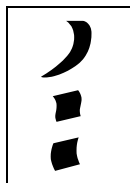
**Contextual Sample:** ሀረ ርክርክ ወጭረት ሃደር፡ ርክርክ፡ ወጭረት፡  
Ziq (Mezmur ZeZewerede) p. 32

**Usage:** Modern.  
Hasir Rikrik With Chiret is intoned simply as Hasir Rikrik followed by Chiret.

**Glyph Notes:** Appears to be the result of crowding.

**References:** Ziq p. 42,44, 45, 226,  
(2nd part መዝሙር ዘወረደ) 31, 32,  
Zimarie Wemewasit p. 11, 36,  
Moges p. 3

**Validation:**



Ge'ez : ስጊር፡ርክርክ፡ቅረት፡  
English: Hasir-Rikrik-Chiret

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC TONAL MARK HASIR RIKRIK CHIRET

**Description:** Hasir Rikrik Chiret is a tonal sequence composed from the two Qirts elements “Hasir Rikrik” (ስጊር) followed by “Chiret” (ቅረት). Respectively, by ETHIOPIC TONAL MARK SHORT RIKRIK (U+1393) followed by ETHIOPIC TONAL MARK CHIRET (U+1396).

**Recommended Encoding:** Code point.

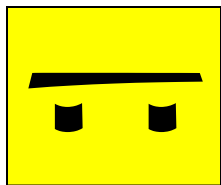
**Contextual Sample:** ስጊር፡ርክርክ፡ቅረት፡  
*Zimarie p. 10*

**Usage:** Hasir-Rikrik-Chiret is intoned simply as Hasir Rikrik followed by Chiret.

**Glyph Notes:** The upper Deret is raised above the top of the lower Difat a distance of 30% of the Difat’s height. At smaller point sizes the two symbols should not appear to come in contact with one another.

**References:** Zimamie p. 35  
Zimarie Wemewasit p. 5, 8, 9, 10, 12, 16

**Validation:**



Ge'ez : ይዘት፡ ይዘት፡ ሒደት፡  
English: Yizet-Yizet-Hidet

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC TONAL MARK YIZET YIZET HIDET

**Description:** Yizet-Yizet-Hidet is a tonal sequence composed from two Qirts elements “Yizett” (.), ETHIOPIC TONAL MARK YIZET (U+1390) in lateral sequence below a raised “Hidet” (—) ETHIOPIC TONAL MARK HIDET (U+1398).

**Recommended Encoding:** Code point.

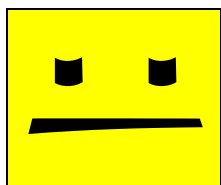
**Contextual Sample:** ሕወልድ፡ ቅዱስ፡ ሕወልድ፡ እቱ፡ መንፈስ፡  
*Zimarie p. 52*

**Usage:** Yizet-Yizet-Hidet is vocalized as the Yizet intonement held for a two-beat count followed by Hidet for a single beat count.

**Glyph Notes:** ፡፡

**References:** Zimarie Wemewasit p. (Z) 52 (in red), 109 (top right, this might be Deret-Difat with a broken Deret)  
*Check with Moges*

**Validation:**



Ge'ez : ይዘት : ይዘት : ኢደት :  
English: Yizet-Yizet-Hidet

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC TONAL MARK YIZET YIZET HIDET

**Description:** Yizet-Yizet-Hidet is a tonal sequence composed from two Qirts elements “Yizett” (.), ETHIOPIC TONAL MARK YIZET (U+1390) in lateral sequence below a raised “Hidet” (—) ETHIOPIC TONAL MARK HIDET (U+1398).

**Recommended Encoding:** Code point.

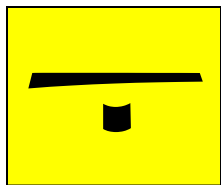
**Contextual Sample:** ረወልድ፡ ቅዱስ፡ ረወልድ፡ እቱ፡ መንፈስ፡  
*Zimarie p. 52*

**Usage:** Yizet-Yizet-Hidet is vocalized as the Yizet intonement held for a two-beat count followed by Hidet for a single beat count.

**Glyph Notes:** ረ

**References:** Zimarie Wemewasit p. (Z) 52 (in red), 109 (top right, this might be Deret-Difat with a broken Deret)  
*Check with Moges*

**Validation:**



Ge'ez : ይዘት : ይዘት : ኢደት :  
English: Yizet-Yizet-Hidet

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC TONAL MARK YIZET YIZET HIDET

**Description:** Yizet-Yizet-Hidet is a tonal sequence composed from two Qirts elements “Yizett” (.), ETHIOPIC TONAL MARK YIZET (U+1390) in lateral sequence below a raised “Hidet” (—) ETHIOPIC TONAL MARK HIDET (U+1398).

**Recommended Encoding:** Code point.

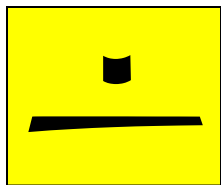
**Contextual Sample:** ረዕሰ ጳጳስ ስላሰደገ፡ ረዕሰ ጳጳስ ስላሰደገ፡ መንፈስ፡  
*Zimarie p. 52*

**Usage:** Yizet-Yizet-Hidet is vocalized as the Yizet intonement held for a two-beat count followed by Hidet for a single beat count.

**Glyph Notes:** —

**References:** Zimarie Wemewasit p. (Z) 52 (in red), 109 (top right, this might be Deret-Difat with a broken Deret)  
*Check with Moges*

**Validation:**



Ge'ez : ይዘት : ይዘት : ሐደት :  
English: Yizet-Yizet-Hidet

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC TONAL MARK YIZET YIZET HIDET

**Description:** Yizet-Yizet-Hidet is a tonal sequence composed from two Qirts elements “Yizett” (.), ETHIOPIC TONAL MARK YIZET (U+1390) in lateral sequence below a raised “Hidet” (—) ETHIOPIC TONAL MARK HIDET (U+1398).

**Recommended Encoding:** Code point.

**Contextual Sample:** ረዕሴ ለገሰ፡ ቅዱስ፡ ረዕሴ ለገሰ፡ መንፈስ፡  
*Zimarie p. 52*

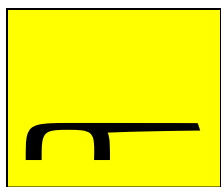
**Usage:** Yizet-Yizet-Hidet is vocalized as the Yizet intonement held for a two-beat count followed by Hidet for a single beat count.

**Glyph Notes:** —

**References:** Zimarie Wemewasit p. (Z) 52 (in red), 109 (top right, this might be Deret-Difat with a broken Deret)  
*Check with Moges*

**Validation:**





Ge'ez : ድፋት፡ ሐደት፡

English: Hidet-Difat

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC TONAL MARK DIFAT HIDET

**Description:** Difat-Hidet is a tonal sequence composed from the two Qirts elements “Difat” (፡), ETHIOPIC TONAL MARK DIFAT (U+1394) and a raised “Hidet” (—) ETHIOPIC TONAL MARK HIDET (U+1398).

**Recommended Encoding:** Code point.

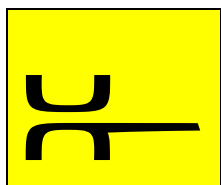
**Contextual Sample:** በ፫ሃሌ፡ ሃሌ፡ ሉያ፡ ሃሌ፡ ሉያ፡ ደንገ፡ ከምቃሉ፡  
Tsome Digua: p. 121

**Usage:** Difat-Hidet is vocalized as the Difat intonement followed by Hidet.

**Glyph Notes:** Review the joined and disjoint (፡) sample from Ziq with Moges.

**References:** Tsome Digua: p. 121 (3 examples)  
Ziq p. 101 (2<sup>nd</sup> column, middle page, disjoint)  
Check with Moges  
Moges 19(r), 66(l)

**Validation:**



Ge'ez : ድፋት፡ ሐደት፡ ደረት፡  
English: Hidet-Difat

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC TONAL MARK DIFAT HIDET DERET

**Description:** Difat-Hidet-Deret is a tonal sequence composed from the two Qirts elements “Difat” (፡), ETHIOPIC TONAL MARK DIFAT (U+1394) and a raised “Hidet” (—) ETHIOPIC TONAL MARK HIDET (U+1398).

**Recommended Encoding:** Code point.

**Contextual Sample:**

፡ ስስ ፡ ር ፡ ነ ፡ ትፋ ፡ ንህ ፡ ጊ  
ደፋ፡ ሃሌ፡ ሉያ፡ ሃሌ፡ ሉያ፡ ደንገ፡ ከምቃሉ፡  
*Tsome Digua: p. 121*

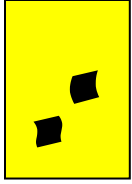
**Usage:** Difat-Hidet is vocalized as the Difat intonement followed by Hidet.

**Glyph Notes:**

**References:** *Tsome Digua*: p. 121 (3 examples)  
Ziq p. 101 (2<sup>nd</sup> column, middle page, disjoint)  
*Check with Moges*

**Validation:**





Ge'ez : **ረከረከ**

English: Forward Slanting Rikrik

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC TONAL MARK BACK SLANTING RIKRIK

**Description:**

**Recommended  
Encoding:** Code point.

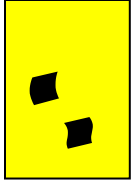
**Contextual  
Sample:**

**Usage:**

**Glyph Notes:**

**References:** Me'eraf 60-63,  
Tsome Digua 121,  
Zimarie Wemewasit 68,  
Moges 49,

**Validation:**



Ge'ez : **ChCh:**

English: Back Slanting Rikrik

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC TONAL MARK FORWARD SLANTING RIKRIK

**Description:**

**Recommended**

**Encoding:** Code point.

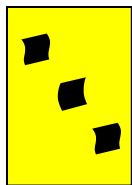
**Contextual  
Sample:**

**Usage:**

**Glyph Notes:**

**References:** Moges' Book p. 49(I), 153 or 154  
Zimarie Wemewasit p. 68

**Validation:**



Ge'ez : **ርከርከ፡**

English: Back Slanting Rikrik

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC TONAL MARK BACK SLANTING RIKRIK

**Description:**

**Recommended Encoding:** Code point.

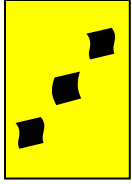
**Contextual Sample:** ለምሳሌ፡ ወስደኩት፡ ተናግሮ፡ ሃሌ፡ ሉያ፡ ድንገ፡  
*Tsome Digua 121*

**Usage:**

**Glyph Notes:**

**References:** Me'eraf 60-63,  
Tsome Digua 121,  
Zimarie Wemewasit 68,  
Moges 49,

**Validation:**



Ge'ez : **ChCh:**

English: Forward Slanting Rikrik

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC TONAL MARK FORWARD SLANTING RIKRIK

**Description:**

**Recommended**

**Encoding:** Code point.

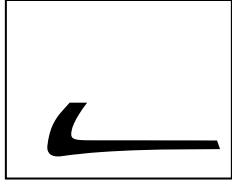
**Contextual** ስነ፡ ፩፡ ሥጋ፡ ወስነ፡ ፩ ፡ ፩ ፡ ሥጋ፡  
**Sample:** *Zimarie p. 68*

**Usage:**

**Glyph Notes:**

**References:** Moges' Book p. 49(I), 153 or 154  
 Zimarie Wemewasit p. 68

**Validation:**



Ge'ez : ቅናት፡ ሐደት፡  
English: Kenat-HIDET

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC TONAL MARK KENAT HIDET

**Description:**

**Recommended  
Encoding:** Code point.

**Contextual  
Sample:**

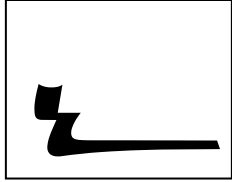
**Usage:**

**Glyph Notes:**

**References:** Me'eraf p. 163, 164,  
Moges 3-

**Validation:** Liqa Mezemran Moges Seyoum  
The Me'eraf samples are ኒ from ሰ.ኒ.





Ge'ez : ገጺር፡ ርክርክ፡ ሐ.ደት፡

English: Short Rikrik Hidet

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC TONAL MARK SHORT RIKRIK HIDET

**Description:**

**Recommended  
Encoding:** Code point.

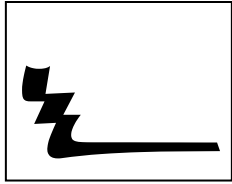
**Contextual  
Sample:**

**Usage:**

**Glyph Notes:** The Rikrik component is the 2-dot Rikrik.

**References:** Moges 3-

**Validation:** Liqa Mezemran Moges Seyoum



Ge'ez : ርክርክ፡ ሒደት፡

English: Rikrik With Pen Drag

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC TONAL MARK RIKRIK WITH PEN DRAG

**Description:**

**Recommended Encoding:** Code point.

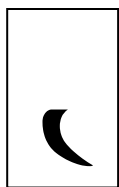
**Contextual Sample:** <sup>ዘበቄ ለ</sup> <sup>ኢያዲ</sup> <sup>መና ተ</sup> <sup>ቂ</sup> <sup>ቂ</sup>  
መስቀልክ፡ ዕ ፀ ፡ ተነብዮ፡ መስቀልክ፡

**Usage:** The form is used interchangeably with canonical form of rikrik.

**Glyph Notes:** The Rikrik component is the 3-dot Rikrik.

**References:** Me'eraf p. 163, 164,  
Moges 3-

**Validation:** Liqa Mezemran Moges Seyoum  
The Me'eraf samples are ኒ from ቢኒ.



Ge'ez : ርክሪክ፡ ሒደት፡

English: Rikrik With Pen Drag

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC TONAL MARK RIKRIK WITH PEN DRAG

**Description:**

**Recommended Encoding:** Code point.

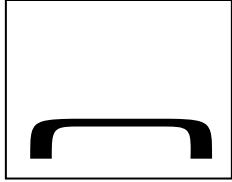
**Contextual Sample:** — ተ ሻ ቁ — ቁጋቡብጋቁ — ለ ኂ አያ ለቀ — . . . ር  
ተሰብሐ፡ ለነገሥተ፡ ኮኖሙ፡ መርሐ፡ ፈድሩደ፡ ተሰብሐ።

**Usage:** The lane is shebsheba by mekuamia. ቁ is “ቁጠር” is for mekuamia motion, with voice. አያ is for mekuamia and voice together. ለቀ is for “ለቀቃ”.

**Glyph Notes:**

**References:** Me’eraf p. 163, 164,  
Moges 3-

**Validation:** Liqa Mezemran Moges Seyoum



Ge'ez : አቁራኝ፡

English: ???

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC TONAL MARK RIKRIK WITH PEN DRAG

**Description:**

**Recommended Encoding:** Code point.

**Contextual Sample:** ተረክበ፡ከመ፡ይሳለምዎ፡እምስማያት፡ወረደ። ስብ፡የም፡መስቀል፡

**Usage:** The symbol indicates that the sound of the letter below should not be voiced. In the sample above “t” sound of “ት” is suppressed and “ም፡መ” are enounced with a single voiced “m”. The Amharic name for the symbol is equivalent to “tie”. The sample uses the Zimamie lane.

**Glyph Notes:** Should adjust to the width of the letter it operates on.

**References:** Moges 3-

**Validation:** Liqa Mezemran Moges Seyoum

# Numeral Presentation Forms

Ethiopic numerals are written in a variety of presentation forms that vary in the absence of one or both of the numeral bars and in combination with rubrication of the numeral components. Given these two facets that govern presentation, there are many potential permutations possible and not all are realized in corpus. The forms that have been observed are reviewed in this section. Input is sought for any missing presentation forms as well as regarding context of use. Presently all presentation forms are considered to be contextually identical.

In the review of the presentation forms a special rendering of the numeral 10 has been included. Referred to as “Conjunctive Ten” the form of Ten as ፩ is used by some scribes for expressing values from 11 – 19 and may also be used in non-numeric contexts that are not yet understood. Input is also sought on the useage of this symbol.

*Note that rubrication is not deterministic but may be systemic for a given author. In general rubrication of numerals should be considered arbitrary and is occuring entirely at the descretion of the author.*

Numerals Without Numeral Bars / ቁጥር፡ ያለ፡ ምልክት፡ ፊደል፡ ብቻ፡ ሆኖ፡ ይታያል፡

፩ – ፪

Numerals Without Lower Numeral Bars

፩̄ – ፪̄

Numerals With Rubricated Bodies and Without Lower Numeral Bar

፩̄ – ፪̄

Numerals With Rubricated Numeral Bars and Without Lower Numeral Bar

፩̄ – ፪̄

Numerals With Rubricated Bodies and Bar Tips and Without Lower Numeral Bar

፩̄ – ፪̄

Numerals With Rubricated Bodies / በቀይ፡ የተጻፈው፡ ቁጥር፡ ከክርስቶስ፡ ደም፡ ጋር፡ ይመሳሰላል፡

፩̄ – ፪̄

Numerals With Rubricated Bars / በጥቁር፡ ለተጻፈው፡ ቁጥር፡ ከላይ፡ እና፡ ከታች፡ የሚታየው፡ ቀይ፡ ምልክት፡ ለቁጥሩ፡ ድምቀት፡ እንዲሰጠው፡ ነው፡

፩ – ፪

Numerals With Rubricated Numeral Bar Serifs

፩ – ፪

Numerals With Rubricated Bodies and Numeral Bar Serifs

፩ – ፪





Ge'ez : አሐዱ :

English: Ahadu

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC DIGIT ONE

**Description:** Ahadu is a context of use for ETHIOPIC DIGIT ONE (U+1369) where it is a shorthand for “አሐዱ” (shorthand again for “አሐዱ”).

**Recommended Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

**Contextual Sample:** በዓይኑ ፡ እንከ ፡ ንረከብ ፡ ዘከመ ፡ አምላክነ ፡  
Me'eraf p. 289

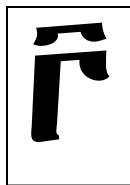
**Usage:** Ahadu is a Zaima Miliket most used in the Me'eraf and Tsome Digua in Araray mode, it is defined by its own Sereyu. Omitting the lower numeral bar is considered optional, yet it is the predominant form in calligraphically rendered Zaima. Thus is the traditional form of the glyph in Zaima notation context. The ፩ glyph is recommended to meet the expectations of users who are most accustomed to calligraphic Zaima.

**Glyph Notes:** The Ahadu glyph is identical to the regular ETHIOPIC DIGIT ONE but with lower bar removed. After removing the lower numeral bar, the vertical position of the bottom central glyph should be aligned with the bottom parts of Zaima notation such a Deret (፡). Typically, this will be the on the font baseline.

**References:** Me'eraf p. 289  
Tsome Digua p. 185

**Validation:**





Ge'ez : ሠለስተ፡  
English: Seleste

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC DIGIT THREE

**Description:** Seleste is a context of use for ETHIOPIC DIGIT THREE (U+136B) where it is a shorthand for “ሠለስተ”.

**Recommended Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

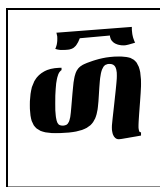
**Contextual Sample:** አምላክነሰ፡ አምላክ፡ አድኅኖ፡  
*Tsome Digua p. 28*

**Usage:** Seleste is a Zaima Miliket most used in the Tsome Digua in Ge'ez mode, it is defined by its own Sereyu. Omitting the lower numeral bar is considered optional, yet it is the predominant form in calligraphically rendered Zaima. Thus is the traditional form of the glyph in Zaima notation context. The ፳ glyph is recommended to meet the expectations of users who are most accustomed to calligraphic Zaima.

**Glyph Notes:** The Seleste glyph is identical to the regular ETHIOPIC DIGIT THREE but with lower bar removed. After removing the lower numeral bar, the vertical position of the bottom central glyph should be aligned with the bottom parts of Zaima notation such a Deret (ረ). Typically, this will be the on the font baseline.

**References:** Tsome Digua p. 27, 28

**Validation:**



Ge'ez : ሠላሳ:  
English: Selasa

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC NUMBER THIRTY WITHOUT LOWER NUMERAL BAR

**Description:** Selasa is a context of use for ETHIOPIC NUMBER THIRTY (U+1374) where it is a shorthand for “ሠላሳ”.

**Recommended Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

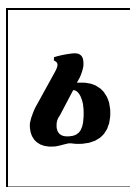
**Contextual Sample:** አለ፡ ለምሳ፡ ሪንጽሐ፡ መታነ፡ በቃሉ፡ አንሥሪ፡  
*Digua 395*

**Usage:** Selasa is a Zaima Miliket used in throughout the Yaredic corpus in Araray mode, it is defined by its own Sereyu. Omitting the lower numeral bar is considered optional, yet it is the predominant form in calligraphically rendered Zaima. Thus is the traditional form of the glyph in Zaima notation context. The ሠ glyph is recommended to meet the expectations of users who are most accustomed to calligraphic Zaima.

**Glyph Notes:** The Selasa glyph is identical to the regular ETHIOPIC DIGIT THREE but with lower bar removed. After removing the lower numeral bar, the vertical position of the bottom central glyph should be aligned with the bottom parts of Zaima notation such a Deret (ረ). Typically, this will be the on the font baseline.

**References:** Digua p.  
Me'eraf p. 11  
Tsome Digua p.  
Zimarie Wemewasit p.

**Validation:**



Ge'ez : አሐዱ፡ ያለ፡ ምልክት፡

English: Ethiopic Digit One  
Without Numeral Bars

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC DIGIT ONE WITHOUT NUMERAL BARS

**Description:** The ETHIOPIC DIGIT ONE, አሐዱ, sans the upper and lower horizontal numeral markers.

**Recommended Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

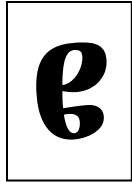
**Contextual Sample:** TBD

**Usage:** The context of use is identical with the canonical form of the numeral. This form of the numeral is found in prose for expressing years (and days?) but not in counting, enumeration, or other contexts describing quantities.

**Glyph Notes:** The horizontal and vertical positioning of the glyph against reference lines should remain the same as the corresponding element found in the canonical numeral. E.G. the upper and lower “bars” are simply removed.

**References:**

**Validation:**



Ge'ez : ክልኤቱ፡ ያለ፡ ምልክት፡

English: Ethiopic Digit Two

Without Numeral Bars

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC DIGIT ONE WITHOUT NUMERAL BARS

**Description:** The ETHIOPIC DIGIT TWO, ፪, sans the upper and lower horizontal numeral markers.

**Recommended Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

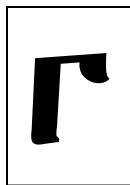
**Contextual Sample:** TBD

**Usage:** The context of use is identical with the canonical form of the numeral. This form of the numeral is found in prose for expressing years (and days?) but not in counting, enumeration, or other contexts describing quantities.

**Glyph Notes:** The horizontal and vertical positioning of the glyph against reference lines should remain the same as the corresponding element found in the canonical numeral. E.G. the upper and lower “bars” are simply removed.

**References:**

**Validation:**



Ge'ez : ሠለስቱ፡ ያለ፡ ምልክት፡

English: Ethiopic Digit Three

Without Numeral Bars

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC DIGIT ONE WITHOUT NUMERAL BARS

**Description:** The ETHIOPIC DIGIT THREE, ፫, sans the upper and lower horizontal numeral markers.

**Recommended Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

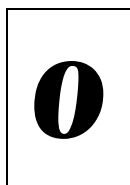
**Contextual Sample:** TBD

**Usage:** The context of use is identical with the canonical form of the numeral. This form of the numeral is found in prose for expressing years (and days?) but not in counting, enumeration, or other contexts describing quantities.

**Glyph Notes:** The horizontal and vertical positioning of the glyph against reference lines should remain the same as the corresponding element found in the canonical numeral. E.G. the upper and lower “bars” are simply removed.

**References:**

**Validation:**



Ge'ez : አርባዕቱ፡ ያለ፡ ምልክት፡

English: Ethiopic Digit Four

Without Numeral Bars

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC DIGIT FOUR WITHOUT NUMERAL BARS

**Description:** The ETHIOPIC DIGIT FOUR, ፬, sans the upper and lower horizontal numeral markers.

**Recommended Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

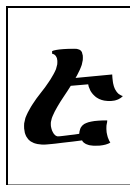
**Contextual Sample:** TBD

**Usage:** The context of use is identical with the canonical form of the numeral. This form of the numeral is found in prose for expressing years (and days?) but not in counting, enumeration, or other contexts describing quantities.

**Glyph Notes:** The horizontal and vertical positioning of the glyph against reference lines should remain the same as the corresponding element found in the canonical numeral. E.G. the upper and lower “bars” are simply removed.

**References:**

**Validation:**



Ge'ez : ኀምስቱ፡ ያለ፡ ምልክት፡

English: Ethiopic Digit Five

Without Numeral Bars

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC DIGIT FIVE WITHOUT NUMERAL BARS

**Description:** The ETHIOPIC DIGIT FIVE, 𐌵, sans the upper and lower horizontal numeral markers.

**Recommended Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

**Contextual Sample:** TBD

**Usage:** The context of use is identical with the canonical form of the numeral. This form of the numeral is found in prose for expressing years (and days?) but not in counting, enumeration, or other contexts describing quantities.

**Glyph Notes:** The horizontal and vertical positioning of the glyph against reference lines should remain the same as the corresponding element found in the canonical numeral. E.G. the upper and lower “bars” are simply removed.

**References:**

**Validation:**



Ge'ez : ስድስቱ፡ ያለ፡ ምልክት፡

English: Ethiopic Digit Six

Without Numeral Bars

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC DIGIT SIX WITHOUT NUMERAL BARS

**Description:** The ETHIOPIC DIGIT SIX, ፮, sans the upper and lower horizontal numeral markers.

**Recommended Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

**Contextual Sample:** TBD

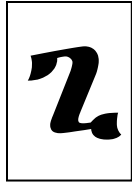
**Usage:** The context of use is identical with the canonical form of the numeral. This form of the numeral is found in prose for expressing years (and days?) but not in counting, enumeration, or other contexts describing quantities.

**Glyph Notes:** The horizontal and vertical positioning of the glyph against reference lines should remain the same as the corresponding element found in the canonical numeral. E.G. the upper and lower “bars” are simply removed.

**References:**

**Validation:**






Ge'ez : ስብሐቱ፡ ያለ፡ ምልክት፡

English: Ethiopic Digit Seven

Without Numeral Bars

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC DIGIT SEVEN WITHOUT NUMERAL BARS

**Description:** The ETHIOPIC DIGIT SEVEN, , sans the upper and lower horizontal numeral markers.

**Recommended Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

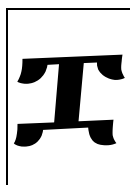
**Contextual Sample:** TBD

**Usage:** The context of use is identical with the canonical form of the numeral. This form of the numeral is found in prose for expressing years (and days?) but not in counting, enumeration, or other contexts describing quantities.

**Glyph Notes:** The horizontal and vertical positioning of the glyph against reference lines should remain the same as the corresponding element found in the canonical numeral. E.G. the upper and lower “bars” are simply removed.

**References:**

**Validation:**



Ge'ez : ስመንቱ፡ ያለ፡ ምልክት፡

English: Ethiopic Digit Eight  
Without Numeral Bars

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC DIGIT EIGHT WITHOUT NUMERAL BARS

**Description:** The ETHIOPIC DIGIT EIGHT, ፩, sans the upper and lower horizontal numeral markers.

**Recommended Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

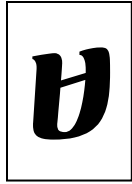
**Contextual Sample:** TBD

**Usage:** The context of use is identical with the canonical form of the numeral. This form of the numeral is found in prose for expressing years (and days?) but not in counting, enumeration, or other contexts describing quantities.

**Glyph Notes:** The horizontal and vertical positioning of the glyph against reference lines should remain the same as the corresponding element found in the canonical numeral. E.G. the upper and lower “bars” are simply removed.

**References:**

**Validation:**



Ge'ez : ተስዐቱ፡ ያለ፡ ምልክት፡

English: Ethiopic Digit Nine

Without Numeral Bars

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC DIGIT NINE WITHOUT NUMERAL BARS

**Description:** The ETHIOPIC DIGIT NINE, ፱, sans the upper and lower horizontal numeral markers.

**Recommended Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

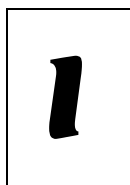
**Contextual Sample:** TBD

**Usage:** The context of use is identical with the canonical form of the numeral. This form of the numeral is found in prose for expressing years (and days?) but not in counting, enumeration, or other contexts describing quantities.

**Glyph Notes:** The horizontal and vertical positioning of the glyph against reference lines should remain the same as the corresponding element found in the canonical numeral. E.G. the upper and lower “bars” are simply removed.

**References:**

**Validation:**



Ge'ez : **ዐሠርቱ፡ ያለ፡ ምልክት፡**

English: Ethiopic Number Ten  
Without Numeral Bars

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC NUMBER TEN WITHOUT NUMERAL BARS

**Description:** The ETHIOPIC NUMBER TEN, ፲, sans the upper and lower horizontal numeral markers.

**Recommended Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

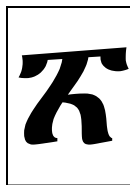
**Contextual Sample:** TBD

**Usage:** The context of use is identical with the canonical form of the numeral. This form of the numeral is found in prose for expressing years (and days?) but not in counting, enumeration, or other contexts describing quantities.

**Glyph Notes:** The horizontal and vertical positioning of the glyph against reference lines should remain the same as the corresponding element found in the canonical numeral. E.G. the upper and lower “bars” are simply removed.

**References:**

**Validation:**



Ge'ez : ዕሥራ: ያለ: ምልክት:

English: Ethiopic Number Twenty  
Without Numeral Bars

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC NUMBER TWENTY WITHOUT NUMERAL BARS

**Description:** The ETHIOPIC NUMBER TWENTY, ፳, sans the upper and lower horizontal numeral markers.

**Recommended Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

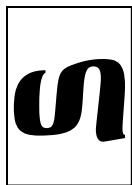
**Contextual Sample:** TBD

**Usage:** The context of use is identical with the canonical form of the numeral. This form of the numeral is found in prose for expressing years (and days?) but not in counting, enumeration, or other contexts describing quantities.

**Glyph Notes:** The horizontal and vertical positioning of the glyph against reference lines should remain the same as the corresponding element found in the canonical numeral. E.G. the upper and lower “bars” are simply removed.

**References:**

**Validation:**



Ge'ez : ሠላሳ፡ ያለ፡ ምልክት፡

English: Ethiopic Number Thirty  
Without Numeral Bars

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC NUMBER THIRTY WITHOUT NUMERAL BARS

**Description:** The ETHIOPIC NUMBER THIRTY, ፳, sans the upper and lower horizontal numeral markers.

**Recommended Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

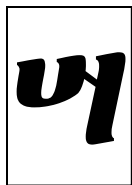
**Contextual Sample:** TBD

**Usage:** The context of use is identical with the canonical form of the numeral. This form of the numeral is found in prose for expressing years (and days?) but not in counting, enumeration, or other contexts describing quantities.

**Glyph Notes:** The horizontal and vertical positioning of the glyph against reference lines should remain the same as the corresponding element found in the canonical numeral. E.G. the upper and lower “bars” are simply removed.

**References:**


**Validation:**



Ge'ez : አርብዓት ልዩ ምልክት :

English: Ethiopic Number Forty  
Without Numeral Bars

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC NUMBER FORTY WITHOUT NUMERAL BARS

**Description:** The ETHIOPIC NUMBER FORTY, , sans the upper and lower horizontal numeral markers.

**Recommended Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

**Contextual Sample:** TBD

**Usage:** The context of use is identical with the canonical form of the numeral. This form of the numeral is found in prose for expressing years (and days?) but not in counting, enumeration, or other contexts describing quantities.

**Glyph Notes:** The horizontal and vertical positioning of the glyph against reference lines should remain the same as the corresponding element found in the canonical numeral. E.G. the upper and lower “bars” are simply removed.

**References:**

**Validation:**



Ge'ez : ጥምሳ፡ ያለ፡ ምልክት፡

English: Ethiopic Number Fifty  
Without Numeral Bars

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC NUMBER FIFTY WITHOUT NUMERAL BARS

**Description:** The ETHIOPIC NUMBER FIFTY, ፶, sans the upper and lower horizontal numeral markers.

**Recommended Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

**Contextual Sample:** TBD

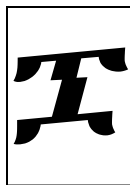
**Usage:** The context of use is identical with the canonical form of the numeral. This form of the numeral is found in prose for expressing years (and days?) but not in counting, enumeration, or other contexts describing quantities.

**Glyph Notes:** The horizontal and vertical positioning of the glyph against reference lines should remain the same as the corresponding element found in the canonical numeral. E.G. the upper and lower “bars” are simply removed.

**References:**

**Validation:**





Ge'ez : ስሳ፡ ያለ፡ ምልክት፡

English: Ethiopic Number Sixty  
Without Numeral Bars

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC NUMBER SIXTY WITHOUT NUMERAL BARS

**Description:** The ETHIOPIC NUMBER SIXTY, ፳, sans the upper and lower horizontal numeral markers.

**Recommended Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

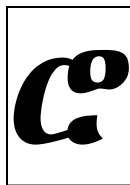
**Contextual Sample:** TBD

**Usage:** The context of use is identical with the canonical form of the numeral. This form of the numeral is found in prose for expressing years (and days?) but not in counting, enumeration, or other contexts describing quantities.

**Glyph Notes:** The horizontal and vertical positioning of the glyph against reference lines should remain the same as the corresponding element found in the canonical numeral. E.G. the upper and lower “bars” are simply removed.

**References:**

**Validation:**



Ge'ez : ስብዓ: ያለ: ምልክት:

English: Ethiopic Number Seventy  
Without Numeral Bars

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC NUMBER SEVENTY WITHOUT NUMERAL BARS

**Description:** The ETHIOPIC NUMBER SEVENTY, ፭, sans the upper and lower horizontal numeral markers.

**Recommended Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

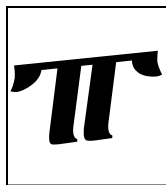
**Contextual Sample:** TBD

**Usage:** The context of use is identical with the canonical form of the numeral. This form of the numeral is found in prose for expressing years (and days?) but not in counting, enumeration, or other contexts describing quantities.

**Glyph Notes:** The horizontal and vertical positioning of the glyph against reference lines should remain the same as the corresponding element found in the canonical numeral. E.G. the upper and lower “bars” are simply removed.

**References:**


**Validation:**



Ge'ez : ስማንያ፡ያለ፡ምልክት፡

English: Ethiopic Number Eighty  
Without Numeral Bars

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC NUMBER EIGHTY WITHOUT NUMERAL BARS

**Description:** The ETHIOPIC NUMBER EIGHTY, , sans the upper and lower horizontal numeral markers.

**Recommended Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

**Contextual Sample:** TBD

**Usage:** The context of use is identical with the canonical form of the numeral. This form of the numeral is found in prose for expressing years (and days?) but not in counting, enumeration, or other contexts describing quantities.

**Glyph Notes:** The horizontal and vertical positioning of the glyph against reference lines should remain the same as the corresponding element found in the canonical numeral. E.G. the upper and lower “bars” are simply removed.

**References:**

**Validation:**



Ge'ez : ተስዓ: ያለ: ምልክት:

English: Ethiopic Number Ninety  
Without Numeral Bars

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC NUMBER NINETY WITHOUT NUMERAL BARS

**Description:** The ETHIOPIC NUMBER NINETY, ፩, sans the upper and lower horizontal numeral markers.

**Recommended Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

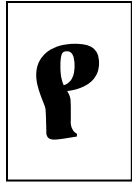
**Contextual Sample:** TBD

**Usage:** The context of use is identical with the canonical form of the numeral. This form of the numeral is found in prose for expressing years (and days?) but not in counting, enumeration, or other contexts describing quantities.

**Glyph Notes:** The horizontal and vertical positioning of the glyph against reference lines should remain the same as the corresponding element found in the canonical numeral. E.G. the upper and lower “bars” are simply removed.

**References:**

**Validation:**



Ge'ez : ምእት፡ ያለ፡ ምልክት፡

English: Ethiopic Number Hundred  
Without Numeral Bars

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC NUMBER ONE HUNDRED WITHOUT NUMERAL BARS

**Description:** The ETHIOPIC NUMBER ONE HUNDRED, ፲, sans the upper and lower horizontal numeral markers.

**Recommended Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

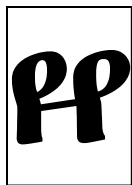
**Contextual Sample:** TBD

**Usage:** The context of use is identical with the canonical form of the numeral. This form of the numeral is found in prose for expressing years (and days?) but not in counting, enumeration, or other contexts describing quantities.

**Glyph Notes:** The horizontal and vertical positioning of the glyph against reference lines should remain the same as the corresponding element found in the canonical numeral. E.G. the upper and lower “bars” are simply removed.

**References:**

**Validation:**



Ge'ez : አልፍ፡ያለ፡ምልክት፡

English: Ethiopic Number Ten Thousand  
Without Numeral Bars

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC NUMBER TEN THOUSAND WITHOUT NUMERAL BARS

**Description:** The ETHIOPIC NUMBER TEN THOUSAND, ፳, sans the upper and lower horizontal numeral markers.

**Recommended Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

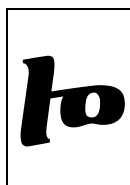
**Contextual Sample:** TBD

**Usage:** The context of use is identical with the canonical form of the numeral. This form of the numeral is found in prose for expressing years (and days?) but not in counting, enumeration, or other contexts describing quantities.

**Glyph Notes:** The horizontal and vertical positioning of the glyph against reference lines should remain the same as the corresponding element found in the canonical numeral. E.G. the upper and lower “bars” are simply removed.

**References:**

**Validation:**



Ge'ez : **ዐሠርቱ፡ ወ????፡ ያለ፡ ምልክት፡**

English: Ethiopic Number Conjunctive  
Ten Without Numeral Bars

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC NUMBER CONJUNCTIVE TEN WITHOUT NUMERAL BARS

**Description:** The ETHIOPIC NUMBER CONJUNCTIVE TEN, ፲, sans the upper and lower horizontal numeral markers.

**Recommended Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

**Contextual Sample:** TBD

**Usage:** The context of use is identical with the canonical form of the numeral. This form of the numeral is found in prose for expressing years (and days?) but not in counting, enumeration, or other contexts describing quantities.

**Glyph Notes:** The horizontal and vertical positioning of the glyph against reference lines should remain the same as the corresponding element found in the canonical numeral. E.G. the upper and lower “bars” are simply removed.

**References:**

**Validation:**



Ge'ez : አሐዱ፡

English: Ethiopic Digit One

Without Lower Numeral Bar

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC DIGIT ONE WITHOUT LOWER NUMERAL BAR

**Description:** The ETHIOPIC DIGIT ONE, አሐዱ, sans the lower horizontal numeral marker.

**Recommended Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

**Contextual Sample:** TBD

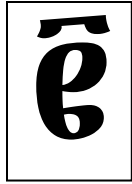
**Usage:** The context of use is identical with the canonical form of the numeral. This form of the numeral is found in prose for expressing years (and days?) but not in counting, enumeration, or other contexts describing quantities.

**Glyph Notes:** The horizontal and vertical positioning of the glyph elements against reference lines should remain the same as the corresponding elements found in the canonical numeral. E.G. the lower “bar” is simply removed.

**References:**

**Validation:**





Ge'ez : ክልኤቱ፡

English: Ethiopic Digit Two

Without Lower Numeral Bar

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC DIGIT TWO WITHOUT LOWER NUMERAL BAR

**Description:** The ETHIOPIC DIGIT TWO, ፪, sans the lower horizontal numeral marker.

**Recommended Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

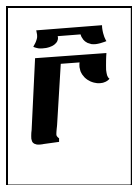
**Contextual Sample:** TBD

**Usage:** The context of use is identical with the canonical form of the numeral. This form of the numeral is found in prose for expressing years (and days?) but not in counting, enumeration, or other contexts describing quantities.

**Glyph Notes:** The horizontal and vertical positioning of the glyph elements against reference lines should remain the same as the corresponding elements found in the canonical numeral. E.G. the lower “bar” is simply removed.

**References:**

**Validation:**



Ge'ez : ሠለስቱ፡

English: Ethiopic Digit Three

Without Lower Numeral Bar

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC DIGIT THREE WITHOUT LOWER NUMERAL BAR

**Description:** The ETHIOPIC DIGIT THREE, ፫, sans the lower horizontal numeral marker.

**Recommended Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

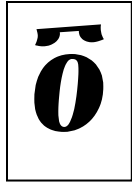
**Contextual Sample:** TBD

**Usage:** The context of use is identical with the canonical form of the numeral. This form of the numeral is found in prose for expressing years (and days?) but not in counting, enumeration, or other contexts describing quantities.

**Glyph Notes:** The horizontal and vertical positioning of the glyph elements against reference lines should remain the same as the corresponding elements found in the canonical numeral. E.G. the lower “bar” is simply removed.

**References:**

**Validation:**



Ge'ez : አርባዕቱ፡

English: Ethiopic Digit Four

Without Lower Numeral Bar

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC DIGIT FOUR WITHOUT LOWER NUMERAL BAR

**Description:** The ETHIOPIC DIGIT FOUR, ፩, sans the lower horizontal numeral marker.

**Recommended Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

**Contextual Sample:** TBD

**Usage:** The context of use is identical with the canonical form of the numeral. This form of the numeral is found in prose for expressing years (and days?) but not in counting, enumeration, or other contexts describing quantities.

**Glyph Notes:** The horizontal and vertical positioning of the glyph elements against reference lines should remain the same as the corresponding elements found in the canonical numeral. E.G. the lower “bar” is simply removed.

**References:**

**Validation:**



Ge'ez : ሃምስቱ፡

English: Ethiopic Digit Five

Without Lower Numeral Bar

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC DIGIT FIVE WITHOUT LOWER NUMERAL BAR

**Description:** The ETHIOPIC DIGIT FIVE, ፩, sans the lower horizontal numeral marker.

**Recommended Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

**Contextual Sample:** TBD

**Usage:** The context of use is identical with the canonical form of the numeral. This form of the numeral is found in prose for expressing years (and days?) but not in counting, enumeration, or other contexts describing quantities.

**Glyph Notes:** The horizontal and vertical positioning of the glyph elements against reference lines should remain the same as the corresponding elements found in the canonical numeral. E.G. the lower “bar” is simply removed.

**References:**

**Validation:**



Ge'ez : ስፍስቱ፡

English: Ethiopic Digit Six

Without Lower Numeral Bar

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC DIGIT SIX WITHOUT LOWER NUMERAL BAR

**Description:** The ETHIOPIC DIGIT SIX, ስፍስቱ, sans the lower horizontal numeral marker.

**Recommended Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

**Contextual Sample:** TBD

**Usage:** The context of use is identical with the canonical form of the numeral. This form of the numeral is found in prose for expressing years (and days?) but not in counting, enumeration, or other contexts describing quantities.

**Glyph Notes:** The horizontal and vertical positioning of the glyph elements against reference lines should remain the same as the corresponding elements found in the canonical numeral. E.G. the lower “bar” is simply removed.

**References:**

**Validation:**



Ge'ez : ስብሐቱ፡

English: Ethiopic Digit Seven

Without Lower Numeral Bar

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC DIGIT SEVEN WITHOUT LOWER NUMERAL BAR

**Description:** The ETHIOPIC DIGIT SEVEN, ስ, sans the lower horizontal numeral marker.

**Recommended Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

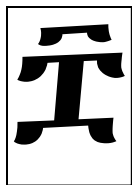
**Contextual Sample:** TBD

**Usage:** The context of use is identical with the canonical form of the numeral. This form of the numeral is found in prose for expressing years (and days?) but not in counting, enumeration, or other contexts describing quantities.

**Glyph Notes:** The horizontal and vertical positioning of the glyph elements against reference lines should remain the same as the corresponding elements found in the canonical numeral. E.G. the lower “bar” is simply removed.

**References:**

**Validation:**



Ge'ez : ስመንቱ:

English: Ethiopic Digit Eight

Without Lower Numeral Bar

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC DIGIT EIGHT WITHOUT LOWER NUMERAL BAR

**Description:** The ETHIOPIC DIGIT EIGHT, ስ, sans the lower horizontal numeral marker.

**Recommended Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

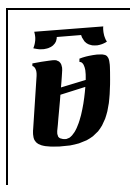
**Contextual Sample:** TBD

**Usage:** The context of use is identical with the canonical form of the numeral. This form of the numeral is found in prose for expressing years (and days?) but not in counting, enumeration, or other contexts describing quantities.

**Glyph Notes:** The horizontal and vertical positioning of the glyph elements against reference lines should remain the same as the corresponding elements found in the canonical numeral. E.G. the lower “bar” is simply removed.

**References:**

**Validation:**



Ge'ez : ተስዐቱ፡

English: Ethiopic Digit Nine

Without Lower Numeral Bars

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC DIGIT NINE WITHOUT LOWER NUMERAL BAR

**Description:** The ETHIOPIC DIGIT NINE, ፩, sans the lower horizontal numeral marker.

**Recommended Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

**Contextual Sample:** TBD

**Usage:** The context of use is identical with the canonical form of the numeral. This form of the numeral is found in prose for expressing years (and days?) but not in counting, enumeration, or other contexts describing quantities.

**Glyph Notes:** The horizontal and vertical positioning of the glyph elements against reference lines should remain the same as the corresponding elements found in the canonical numeral. E.G. the lower “bar” is simply removed.

**References:**

**Validation:**







Ge'ez : ፬፮፥

English: Ethiopic Number Twenty  
Without Lower Numeral Bars

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC DIGIT TWENTY WITHOUT LOWER NUMERAL BAR

**Description:** The ETHIOPIC NUMBER TWENTY, ፬፮፥, sans the lower horizontal numeral marker.

**Recommended Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

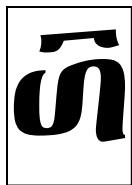
**Contextual Sample:** TBD

**Usage:** The context of use is identical with the canonical form of the numeral. This form of the numeral is found in prose for expressing years (and days?) but not in counting, enumeration, or other contexts describing quantities.

**Glyph Notes:** The horizontal and vertical positioning of the glyph elements against reference lines should remain the same as the corresponding elements found in the canonical numeral. E.G. the lower “bar” is simply removed.

**References:**

**Validation:**



Ge'ez : ሠላሳ:

English: Ethiopic Number Thirty  
Without Lower Numeral Bar

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC DIGIT THIRTY WITHOUT LOWER NUMERAL BAR

**Description:** The ETHIOPIC NUMBER THIRTY, , sans the lower horizontal numeral marker.

**Recommended Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

**Contextual Sample:** TBD

**Usage:** The context of use is identical with the canonical form of the numeral. This form of the numeral is found in prose for expressing years (and days?) but not in counting, enumeration, or other contexts describing quantities.

**Glyph Notes:** The horizontal and vertical positioning of the glyph elements against reference lines should remain the same as the corresponding elements found in the canonical numeral. E.G. the lower “bar” is simply removed.

**References:**


**Validation:**



Ge'ez : አርብዓ:

English: Ethiopic Number Forty  
Without Lower Numeral Bars

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC DIGIT FORTY WITHOUT LOWER NUMERAL BAR

**Description:** The ETHIOPIC NUMBER FORTY, , sans the lower horizontal numeral marker.

**Recommended Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

**Contextual Sample:** TBD

**Usage:** The context of use is identical with the canonical form of the numeral. This form of the numeral is found in prose for expressing years (and days?) but not in counting, enumeration, or other contexts describing quantities.

**Glyph Notes:** The horizontal and vertical positioning of the glyph elements against reference lines should remain the same as the corresponding elements found in the canonical numeral. E.G. the lower “bar” is simply removed.

**References:**

**Validation:**



Ge'ez : ሳምሐን:

English: Ethiopic Number Fifty  
Without Lower Numeral Bar

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC DIGIT FIFTY WITHOUT LOWER NUMERAL BAR

**Description:** The ETHIOPIC NUMBER FIFTY, ፶, sans the lower horizontal numeral marker.

**Recommended Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

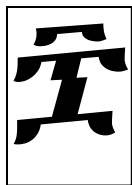
**Contextual Sample:** TBD

**Usage:** The context of use is identical with the canonical form of the numeral. This form of the numeral is found in prose for expressing years (and days?) but not in counting, enumeration, or other contexts describing quantities.

**Glyph Notes:** The horizontal and vertical positioning of the glyph elements against reference lines should remain the same as the corresponding elements found in the canonical numeral. E.G. the lower “bar” is simply removed.

**References:**

**Validation:**



Ge'ez : ስሳ፡

English: Ethiopic Number Sixty

Without Lower Numeral Bar

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC DIGIT SIXTY WITHOUT LOWER NUMERAL BAR

**Description:** The ETHIOPIC NUMBER SIXTY, ስሳ, sans the lower horizontal numeral marker.

**Recommended Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

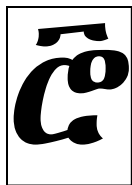
**Contextual Sample:** TBD

**Usage:** The context of use is identical with the canonical form of the numeral. This form of the numeral is found in prose for expressing years (and days?) but not in counting, enumeration, or other contexts describing quantities.

**Glyph Notes:** The horizontal and vertical positioning of the glyph elements against reference lines should remain the same as the corresponding elements found in the canonical numeral. E.G. the lower “bar” is simply removed.

**References:**

**Validation:**



Ge'ez : ስብዓ:

English: Ethiopic Number Seventy  
Without Lower Numeral Bar

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC DIGIT SEVENTY WITHOUT LOWER NUMERAL BAR

**Description:** The ETHIOPIC NUMBER SEVENTY, ስብዓ, sans the lower horizontal numeral marker.

**Recommended Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

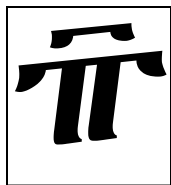
**Contextual Sample:** TBD

**Usage:** The context of use is identical with the canonical form of the numeral. This form of the numeral is found in prose for expressing years (and days?) but not in counting, enumeration, or other contexts describing quantities.

**Glyph Notes:** The horizontal and vertical positioning of the glyph elements against reference lines should remain the same as the corresponding elements found in the canonical numeral. E.G. the lower “bar” is simply removed.

**References:**

**Validation:**



Ge'ez : ስማንያ:

English: Ethiopic Number Eighty  
Without Lower Numeral Bar

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC DIGIT EIGHTY WITHOUT LOWER NUMERAL BAR

**Description:** The ETHIOPIC NUMBER EIGHTY, ስማንያ, sans the lower horizontal numeral marker.

**Recommended Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

**Contextual Sample:** TBD

**Usage:** The context of use is identical with the canonical form of the numeral. This form of the numeral is found in prose for expressing years (and days?) but not in counting, enumeration, or other contexts describing quantities.

**Glyph Notes:** The horizontal and vertical positioning of the glyph elements against reference lines should remain the same as the corresponding elements found in the canonical numeral. E.G. the lower “bar” is simply removed.

**References:**

**Validation:**





Ge'ez : ተስኅ፡

English: Ethiopic Number Ninety  
Without Lower Numeral Bar

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC DIGIT NINETY WITHOUT LOWER NUMERAL BAR

**Description:** The ETHIOPIC NUMBER NINETY, ፩, sans the lower horizontal numeral marker.

**Recommended Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

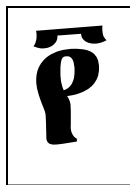
**Contextual Sample:** TBD

**Usage:** The context of use is identical with the canonical form of the numeral. This form of the numeral is found in prose for expressing years (and days?) but not in counting, enumeration, or other contexts describing quantities.

**Glyph Notes:** The horizontal and vertical positioning of the glyph elements against reference lines should remain the same as the corresponding elements found in the canonical numeral. E.G. the lower “bar” is simply removed.

**References:**

**Validation:**



Ge'ez : ሺ፩፡

English: Ethiopic Number Hundred  
Without Lower Numeral Bar

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC DIGIT ONE HUNDREDWITHOUT LOWER NUMERAL BAR

**Description:** The ETHIOPIC NUMBER ONE HUNDRED, 100, sans the lower horizontal numeral marker.

**Recommended Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

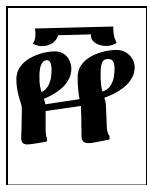
**Contextual Sample:** TBD

**Usage:** The context of use is identical with the canonical form of the numeral. This form of the numeral is found in prose for expressing years (and days?) but not in counting, enumeration, or other contexts describing quantities.

**Glyph Notes:** The horizontal and vertical positioning of the glyph elements against reference lines should remain the same as the corresponding elements found in the canonical numeral. E.G. the lower "bar" is simply removed.

**References:**

**Validation:**



Ge'ez : አልፍ፡

English: Ethiopic Number Ten Thousand  
Without Lower Numeral Bar

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC DIGIT TEN THOUSAND WITHOUT LOWER NUMERAL BAR

**Description:** The ETHIOPIC NUMBER TEN THOUSAND, ፳፻, sans the lower horizontal numeral marker.

**Recommended Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

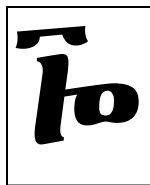
**Contextual Sample:** TBD

**Usage:** The context of use is identical with the canonical form of the numeral. This form of the numeral is found in prose for expressing years (and days?) but not in counting, enumeration, or other contexts describing quantities.

**Glyph Notes:** The horizontal and vertical positioning of the glyph elements against reference lines should remain the same as the corresponding elements found in the canonical numeral. E.G. the lower “bar” is simply removed.

**References:**

**Validation:**



Ge'ez : **ዐሠርቱ፡ ወ????፡**

English: Ethiopic Number Conjunctive  
Ten Without Lower Numeral  
Bar

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC NUMBER CONJUNCTIVE TEN WITHOUT LOWER NUMERAL BAR

**Description:** The ETHIOPIC NUMBER CONJUNCTIVE TEN, , sans the lower horizontal numeral marker.

**Recommended Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

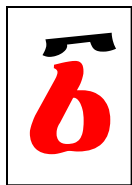
**Contextual Sample:** TBD

**Usage:** The context of use is identical with the canonical form of the numeral. This form of the numeral is found in prose for expressing years (and days?) but not in counting, enumeration, or other contexts describing quantities.

**Glyph Notes:** The horizontal and vertical positioning of the glyph elements against reference lines should remain the same as the corresponding elements found in the canonical numeral. E.G. the lower “bar” is simply removed.

**References:**

**Validation:**



Ge'ez : አሐዱ፡

English: Ethiopic Digit One

With Rubricated Body and  
Without Lower Numeral Bar

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC DIGIT ONE WITH RUBRICATED BODY AND WITHOUT LOWER NUMERAL BAR

**Description:** The ETHIOPIC DIGIT ONE, አሐዱ, with rubricated central glyph and sans the lower horizontal numeral marker.

**Recommended Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

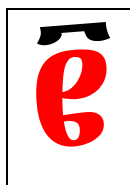
**Contextual Sample:** TBD

**Usage:** The context of use is identical with the canonical form of the numeral. This form of the numeral is found in prose for expressing years (and days?) but not in counting, enumeration, or other contexts describing quantities. The use of a rubricated form of the numeral is entirely left to the discession of the author.

**Glyph Notes:** The horizontal and vertical positioning of the glyph elements against reference lines should remain the same as the corresponding elements found in the canonical numeral. E.G. the lower “bar” is simply removed. The recommended rubrication absolute color is red (RGB: FF0000).

**References:**

**Validation:**



Ge'ez : ከልኤቱ፡

English: Ethiopic Digit Two

With Rubricated Body and  
Without Lower Numeral Bar

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC DIGIT TWO WITH RUBRICATED BODY AND WITHOUT LOWER NUMERAL BAR

**Description:** The ETHIOPIC DIGIT TWO, ፪, with rubricated central glyph and sans the lower horizontal numeral marker.

**Recommended Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

**Contextual Sample:** TBD

**Usage:** The context of use is identical with the canonical form of the numeral. This form of the numeral is found in prose for expressing years (and days?) but not in counting, enumeration, or other contexts describing quantities. The use of a rubricated form of the numeral is entirely left to the discretion of the author.

**Glyph Notes:** The horizontal and vertical positioning of the glyph elements against reference lines should remain the same as the corresponding elements found in the canonical numeral. E.G. the lower “bar” is simply removed. The recommended rubrication absolute color is red (RGB: FF0000).

**References:**

**Validation:**



Ge'ez : ሠለስቱ:

English: Ethiopic Digit Three

With Rubricated Body and  
Without Lower Numeral Bar

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC DIGIT THREE WITH RUBRICATED BODY AND WITHOUT LOWER NUMERAL BAR

**Description:** The ETHIOPIC DIGIT THREE, ሠ, with rubricated central glyph and sans the lower horizontal numeral marker.

**Recommended Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

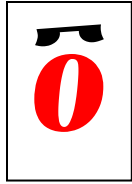
**Contextual Sample:** TBD

**Usage:** The context of use is identical with the canonical form of the numeral. This form of the numeral is found in prose for expressing years (and days?) but not in counting, enumeration, or other contexts describing quantities. The use of a rubricated form of the numeral is entirely left to the discession of the author.

**Glyph Notes:** The horizontal and vertical positioning of the glyph elements against reference lines should remain the same as the corresponding elements found in the canonical numeral. E.G. the lower “bar” is simply removed. The recommended rubrication absolute color is red (RGB: FF0000).

**References:**

**Validation:**



Ge'ez : አርባዕቱ፡

English: Ethiopic Digit Four

With Rubricated Body and  
Without Lower Numeral Bar

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC DIGIT FOUR WITH RUBRICATED BODY AND WITHOUT LOWER NUMERAL BAR

**Description:** The ETHIOPIC DIGIT FOUR, ፩, with rubricated central glyph and sans the lower horizontal numeral marker.

**Recommended Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

**Contextual Sample:** TBD

**Usage:** The context of use is identical with the canonical form of the numeral. This form of the numeral is found in prose for expressing years (and days?) but not in counting, enumeration, or other contexts describing quantities. The use of a rubricated form of the numeral is entirely left to the discretion of the author.

**Glyph Notes:** The horizontal and vertical positioning of the glyph elements against reference lines should remain the same as the corresponding elements found in the canonical numeral. E.G. the lower “bar” is simply removed. The recommended rubrication absolute color is red (RGB: FF0000).

**References:**

**Validation:**





Ge'ez : ሳምስቱ፡

English: Ethiopic Digit Five

With Rubricated Body and  
Without Lower Numeral Bar

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC DIGIT FIVE WITH RUBRICATED BODY AND WITHOUT LOWER NUMERAL BAR

**Description:** The ETHIOPIC DIGIT FIVE, ፩, with rubricated central glyph and sans the lower horizontal numeral marker.

**Recommended Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

**Contextual Sample:** TBD

**Usage:** The context of use is identical with the canonical form of the numeral. This form of the numeral is found in prose for expressing years (and days?) but not in counting, enumeration, or other contexts describing quantities. The use of a rubricated form of the numeral is entirely left to the discession of the author.

**Glyph Notes:** The horizontal and vertical positioning of the glyph elements against reference lines should remain the same as the corresponding elements found in the canonical numeral. E.G. the lower “bar” is simply removed. The recommended rubrication absolute color is red (RGB: FF0000).

**References:**

**Validation:**



Ge'ez : ስፍስቱ :

English: Ethiopic Digit Six

With Rubricated Body and  
Without Lower Numeral Bar

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC DIGIT SIX WITH RUBRICATED BODY AND WITHOUT LOWER NUMERAL BAR

**Description:** The ETHIOPIC DIGIT SIX, ስፍስቱ, with rubricated central glyph and sans the lower horizontal numeral marker.

**Recommended Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

**Contextual Sample:** TBD

**Usage:** The context of use is identical with the canonical form of the numeral. This form of the numeral is found in prose for expressing years (and days?) but not in counting, enumeration, or other contexts describing quantities. The use of a rubricated form of the numeral is entirely left to the discession of the author.

**Glyph Notes:** The horizontal and vertical positioning of the glyph elements against reference lines should remain the same as the corresponding elements found in the canonical numeral. E.G. the lower “bar” is simply removed. The recommended rubrication absolute color is red (RGB: FF0000).

**References:**

**Validation:**



Ge'ez : ስብሐቱ፡

English: Ethiopic Digit Seven

With Rubricated Body and  
Without Lower Numeral Bar

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC DIGIT SEVEN WITH RUBRICATED BODY AND WITHOUT LOWER NUMERAL BAR

**Description:** The ETHIOPIC DIGIT SEVEN, ስ, with rubricated central glyph and sans the lower horizontal numeral marker.

**Recommended Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

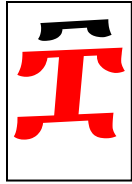
**Contextual Sample:** TBD

**Usage:** The context of use is identical with the canonical form of the numeral. This form of the numeral is found in prose for expressing years (and days?) but not in counting, enumeration, or other contexts describing quantities. The use of a rubricated form of the numeral is entirely left to the discession of the author.

**Glyph Notes:** The horizontal and vertical positioning of the glyph elements against reference lines should remain the same as the corresponding elements found in the canonical numeral. E.G. the lower “bar” is simply removed. The recommended rubrication absolute color is red (RGB: FF0000).

**References:**

**Validation:**



Ge'ez : ስመንቱ:

English: Ethiopic Digit Eight

With Rubricated Body and  
Without Lower Numeral Bar

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC DIGIT EIGHT WITH RUBRICATED BODY AND WITHOUT LOWER NUMERAL BAR

**Description:** The ETHIOPIC DIGIT EIGHT, ስ, with rubricated central glyph and sans the lower horizontal numeral marker.

**Recommended Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

**Contextual Sample:** TBD

**Usage:** The context of use is identical with the canonical form of the numeral. This form of the numeral is found in prose for expressing years (and days?) but not in counting, enumeration, or other contexts describing quantities. The use of a rubricated form of the numeral is entirely left to the discretion of the author.

**Glyph Notes:** The horizontal and vertical positioning of the glyph elements against reference lines should remain the same as the corresponding elements found in the canonical numeral. E.G. the lower “bar” is simply removed. The recommended rubrication absolute color is red (RGB: FF0000).

**References:**

**Validation:**



Ge'ez : ተስዐቱ፡

English: Ethiopic Digit Nine

With Rubricated Body and  
Without Lower Numeral Bar

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC DIGIT NINE WITH RUBRICATED BODY AND WITHOUT LOWER NUMERAL BAR

**Description:** The ETHIOPIC DIGIT NINE, ፩, with rubricated central glyph and sans the lower horizontal numeral marker.

**Recommended Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

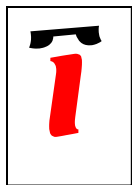
**Contextual Sample:** TBD

**Usage:** The context of use is identical with the canonical form of the numeral. This form of the numeral is found in prose for expressing years (and days?) but not in counting, enumeration, or other contexts describing quantities. The use of a rubricated form of the numeral is entirely left to the discession of the author.

**Glyph Notes:** The horizontal and vertical positioning of the glyph elements against reference lines should remain the same as the corresponding elements found in the canonical numeral. E.G. the lower “bar” is simply removed. The recommended rubrication absolute color is red (RGB: FF0000).

**References:**

**Validation:**



Ge'ez : **ዐሠርቱ**:

English: Ethiopic Number Ten  
With Rubricated Body and  
Without Lower Numeral Bar

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC DIGIT TEN WITH RUBRICATED BODY AND WITHOUT LOWER NUMERAL BAR

**Description:** The ETHIOPIC NUMBER TEN, ፩, with rubricated central glyph and sans the lower horizontal numeral marker.

**Recommended Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

**Contextual Sample:** TBD

**Usage:** The context of use is identical with the canonical form of the numeral. This form of the numeral is found in prose for expressing years (and days?) but not in counting, enumeration, or other contexts describing quantities. The use of a rubricated form of the numeral is entirely left to the discession of the author.

**Glyph Notes:** The horizontal and vertical positioning of the glyph elements against reference lines should remain the same as the corresponding elements found in the canonical numeral. E.G. the lower “bar” is simply removed. The recommended rubrication absolute color is red (RGB: FF0000).

**References:**

**Validation:**





Ge'ez : ሠላሳ:

English: Ethiopic Number Thirty  
With Rubricated Body and  
Without Lower Numeral Bar

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC DIGIT THIRTY WITH RUBRICATED BODY AND WITHOUT LOWER NUMERAL BAR

**Description:** The ETHIOPIC NUMBER THIRTY, ፳, with rubricated central glyph and sans the lower horizontal numeral marker.

**Recommended Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

**Contextual Sample:** TBD

**Usage:** The context of use is identical with the canonical form of the numeral. This form of the numeral is found in prose for expressing years (and days?) but not in counting, enumeration, or other contexts describing quantities. The use of a rubricated form of the numeral is entirely left to the discession of the author.

**Glyph Notes:** The horizontal and vertical positioning of the glyph elements against reference lines should remain the same as the corresponding elements found in the canonical numeral. E.G. the lower “bar” is simply removed. The recommended rubrication absolute color is red (RGB: FF0000).

**References:**

**Validation:**






Ge'ez : አርብዓ:

English: Ethiopic Number Forty  
With Rubricated Body and  
Without Lower Numeral Bar

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC DIGIT FORTY WITH RUBRICATED BODY AND WITHOUT LOWER NUMERAL BAR

**Description:** The ETHIOPIC NUMBER FORTY, , with rubricated central glyph and sans the lower horizontal numeral marker.

**Recommended Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

**Contextual Sample:** TBD

**Usage:** The context of use is identical with the canonical form of the numeral. This form of the numeral is found in prose for expressing years (and days?) but not in counting, enumeration, or other contexts describing quantities. The use of a rubricated form of the numeral is entirely left to the discession of the author.

**Glyph Notes:** The horizontal and vertical positioning of the glyph elements against reference lines should remain the same as the corresponding elements found in the canonical numeral. E.G. the lower “bar” is simply removed. The recommended rubrication absolute color is red (RGB: FF0000).

**References:**

**Validation:**



Ge'ez : ሺምሳ፡

English: Ethiopic Number Fifty  
With Rubricated Body and  
Without Lower Numeral Bar

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC DIGIT FIFTY WITH RUBRICATED BODY AND WITHOUT LOWER NUMERAL BAR

**Description:** The ETHIOPIC NUMBER FIFTY, ሺ, with rubricated central glyph and sans the lower horizontal numeral marker.

**Recommended Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

**Contextual Sample:** TBD

**Usage:** The context of use is identical with the canonical form of the numeral. This form of the numeral is found in prose for expressing years (and days?) but not in counting, enumeration, or other contexts describing quantities. The use of a rubricated form of the numeral is entirely left to the discession of the author.

**Glyph Notes:** The horizontal and vertical positioning of the glyph elements against reference lines should remain the same as the corresponding elements found in the canonical numeral. E.G. the lower “bar” is simply removed. The recommended rubrication absolute color is red (RGB: FF0000).

**References:**

**Validation:**



Ge'ez : ስሳ:

English: Ethiopic Number Sixty  
With Rubricated Body and  
Without Lower Numeral Bar

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC DIGIT SIXTY WITH RUBRICATED BODY AND WITHOUT LOWER NUMERAL BAR

**Description:** The ETHIOPIC NUMBER SIXTY, ስሳ, with rubricated central glyph and sans the lower horizontal numeral marker.

**Recommended Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

**Contextual Sample:** TBD

**Usage:** The context of use is identical with the canonical form of the numeral. This form of the numeral is found in prose for expressing years (and days?) but not in counting, enumeration, or other contexts describing quantities. The use of a rubricated form of the numeral is entirely left to the discession of the author.

**Glyph Notes:** The horizontal and vertical positioning of the glyph elements against reference lines should remain the same as the corresponding elements found in the canonical numeral. E.G. the lower “bar” is simply removed. The recommended rubrication absolute color is red (RGB: FF0000).

**References:**

**Validation:**



Ge'ez : ስብዓ:

English: Ethiopic Number Seventy  
With Rubricated Body and  
Without Lower Numeral Bar

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC DIGIT SEVENTY WITH RUBRICATED BODY AND WITHOUT LOWER NUMERAL BAR

**Description:** The ETHIOPIC NUMBER SEVENTY, ስብዓ, with rubricated central glyph and sans the lower horizontal numeral marker.

**Recommended Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

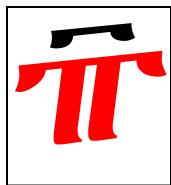
**Contextual Sample:** TBD

**Usage:** The context of use is identical with the canonical form of the numeral. This form of the numeral is found in prose for expressing years (and days?) but not in counting, enumeration, or other contexts describing quantities. The use of a rubricated form of the numeral is entirely left to the discession of the author.

**Glyph Notes:** The horizontal and vertical positioning of the glyph elements against reference lines should remain the same as the corresponding elements found in the canonical numeral. E.G. the lower “bar” is simply removed. The recommended rubrication absolute color is red (RGB: FF0000).

**References:**

**Validation:**



Ge'ez : ስማንያ:

English: Ethiopic Number Eighty  
With Rubricated Body and  
Without Lower Numeral Bar

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC DIGIT EIGHTY WITH RUBRICATED BODY AND WITHOUT LOWER NUMERAL BAR

**Description:** The ETHIOPIC NUMBER EIGHTY, ስማንያ, with rubricated central glyph and sans the lower horizontal numeral marker.

**Recommended Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

**Contextual Sample:** TBD

**Usage:** The context of use is identical with the canonical form of the numeral. This form of the numeral is found in prose for expressing years (and days?) but not in counting, enumeration, or other contexts describing quantities. The use of a rubricated form of the numeral is entirely left to the discession of the author.

**Glyph Notes:** The horizontal and vertical positioning of the glyph elements against reference lines should remain the same as the corresponding elements found in the canonical numeral. E.G. the lower “bar” is simply removed. The recommended rubrication absolute color is red (RGB: FF0000).

**References:**

**Validation:**



Ge'ez : ተስዓ:

English: Ethiopic Number Ninety  
With Rubricated Body and  
Without Lower Numeral Bar

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC DIGIT NINETY WITH RUBRICATED BODY AND WITHOUT LOWER NUMERAL BAR

**Description:** The ETHIOPIC NUMBER NINETY, ተስዓ, with rubricated central glyph and sans the lower horizontal numeral marker.

**Recommended Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

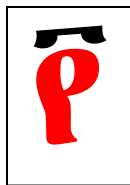
**Contextual Sample:** TBD

**Usage:** The context of use is identical with the canonical form of the numeral. This form of the numeral is found in prose for expressing years (and days?) but not in counting, enumeration, or other contexts describing quantities. The use of a rubricated form of the numeral is entirely left to the discession of the author.

**Glyph Notes:** The horizontal and vertical positioning of the glyph elements against reference lines should remain the same as the corresponding elements found in the canonical numeral. E.G. the lower “bar” is simply removed. The recommended rubrication absolute color is red (RGB: FF0000).

**References:**

**Validation:**



Ge'ez : ፬፪ :

English: Ethiopic Number Hundred  
With Rubricated Body and  
Without Lower Numeral Bar

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC DIGIT ONE HUNDRED WITH RUBRICATED BODY AND WITHOUT LOWER NUMERAL BAR

**Description:** The ETHIOPIC NUMBER ONE HUNDRED, ፬፪, with rubricated central glyph and sans the lower horizontal numeral marker.

**Recommended Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

**Contextual Sample:** TBD

**Usage:** The context of use is identical with the canonical form of the numeral. This form of the numeral is found in prose for expressing years (and days?) but not in counting, enumeration, or other contexts describing quantities. The use of a rubricated form of the numeral is entirely left to the discession of the author.

The horizontal and vertical positioning of the glyph elements against reference lines should remain the same as the corresponding elements found in the canonical numeral. E.G. the lower “bar” is simply removed. The recommended rubrication absolute color is red (RGB: FF0000).

**References:**

**Validation:**



Ge'ez : አልፍ፡

English: Ethiopic Number Ten Thousand  
With Rubricated Body and  
Without Lower Numeral Bar

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC DIGIT TEN THOUSAND WITH RUBRICATED BODY AND WITHOUT LOWER NUMERAL BAR

**Description:** The ETHIOPIC NUMBER TEN THOUSAND, ለ, with rubricated central glyph and sans the lower horizontal numeral marker.

**Recommended Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

**Contextual Sample:** TBD

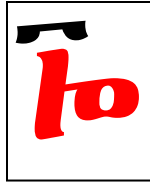
**Usage:** The context of use is identical with the canonical form of the numeral. This form of the numeral is found in prose for expressing years (and days?) but not in counting, enumeration, or other contexts describing quantities. The use of a rubricated form of the numeral is entirely left to the discretion of the author.

**Glyph Notes:** The horizontal and vertical positioning of the glyph elements against reference lines should remain the same as the corresponding elements found in the canonical numeral. E.G. the lower “bar” is simply removed. The recommended rubrication absolute color is red (RGB: FF0000).

**References:**

**Validation:**





Ge'ez : **ዐሠርቱ፡ ወ????፡**

English: Ethiopic Number Conjunctive  
Ten With Rubricated Body  
and Without Lower Numeral  
Bar

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC NUMBER CONJUNCTIVE TEN WITH RUBRICATED BODY AND WITHOUT LOWER NUMERAL BAR

**Description:** The ETHIOPIC NUMBER CONJUNCTIVE TEN, ፲፱, with rubricated central glyph and sans the lower horizontal numeral marker.

**Recommended Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

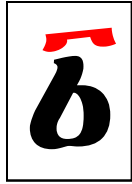
**Contextual Sample:** TBD

**Usage:** The context of use is identical with the canonical form of the numeral. This form of the numeral is found in prose for expressing years (and days?) but not in counting, enumeration, or other contexts describing quantities. The use of a rubricated form of the numeral is entirely left to the discretion of the author.

**Glyph Notes:** The horizontal and vertical positioning of the glyph elements against reference lines should remain the same as the corresponding elements found in the canonical numeral. E.G. the lower “bar” is simply removed. The recommended rubrication absolute color is red (RGB: FF0000).

**References:**

**Validation:**



Ge'ez : አሐዱ፡

English: Ethiopic Digit One  
With Rubricated Upper  
Numeral Bar and  
Without Lower Numeral Bar

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC DIGIT ONE WITH RUBRICATED UPPER NUMERAL BAR AND WITHOUT LOWER NUMERAL BAR

**Description:** The ETHIOPIC DIGIT ONE, አ, with rubricated upper horizontal numeral marker and sans the lower horizontal numeral marker.

**Recommended Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

**Contextual Sample:** TBD

**Usage:** The context of use is identical with the canonical form of the numeral. This form of the numeral is found in prose for expressing years (and days?) but not in counting, enumeration, or other contexts describing quantities. The use of a rubricated form of the numeral is entirely left to the discretion of the author.

**Glyph Notes:** The horizontal and vertical positioning of the glyph elements against reference lines should remain the same as the corresponding elements found in the canonical numeral. E.G. the lower “bar” is simply removed. The recommended rubrication absolute color is red (RGB: FF0000).

**References:**

**Validation:**



Ge'ez : ክልኤት:

English: Ethiopic Digit Two

With Rubricated Upper  
Numeral Bar and  
Without Lower Numeral Bar

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC DIGIT TWO WITH RUBRICATED UPPER NUMERAL BAR AND WITHOUT LOWER NUMERAL BAR

**Description:** The ETHIOPIC DIGIT TWO, ፪, with rubricated upper horizontal numeral marker and sans the lower horizontal numeral marker.

**Recommended Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

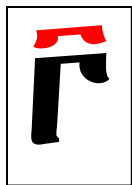
**Contextual Sample:** TBD

**Usage:** The context of use is identical with the canonical form of the numeral. This form of the numeral is found in prose for expressing years (and days?) but not in counting, enumeration, or other contexts describing quantities. The use of a rubricated form of the numeral is entirely left to the discretion of the author.

**Glyph Notes:** The horizontal and vertical positioning of the glyph elements against reference lines should remain the same as the corresponding elements found in the canonical numeral. E.G. the lower “bar” is simply removed. The recommended rubrication absolute color is red (RGB: FF0000).

**References:**

**Validation:**



Ge'ez : ሠለስቱ፡

English: Ethiopic Digit Three  
With Rubricated Upper  
Numeral Bar and  
Without Lower Numeral Bar

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC DIGIT THREE WITH RUBRICATED UPPER NUMERAL BAR AND WITHOUT LOWER NUMERAL BAR

**Description:** The ETHIOPIC DIGIT THREE, ፩, with rubricated upper horizontal numeral marker and sans the lower horizontal numeral marker.

**Recommended Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

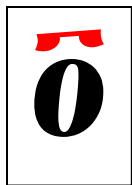
**Contextual Sample:** TBD

**Usage:** The context of use is identical with the canonical form of the numeral. This form of the numeral is found in prose for expressing years (and days?) but not in counting, enumeration, or other contexts describing quantities. The use of a rubricated form of the numeral is entirely left to the discretion of the author.

**Glyph Notes:** The horizontal and vertical positioning of the glyph elements against reference lines should remain the same as the corresponding elements found in the canonical numeral. E.G. the lower “bar” is simply removed. The recommended rubrication absolute color is red (RGB: FF0000).

**References:**

**Validation:**



Ge'ez : አርባዕቱ፡

English: Ethiopic Digit Four

With Rubricated Upper  
Numeral Bar and  
Without Lower Numeral Bar

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC DIGIT FOUR WITH RUBRICATED UPPER NUMERAL BAR AND WITHOUT LOWER NUMERAL BAR

**Description:** The ETHIOPIC DIGIT FOUR, ፩, with rubricated upper horizontal numeral marker and sans the lower horizontal numeral marker.

**Recommended Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

**Contextual Sample:** TBD

**Usage:** The context of use is identical with the canonical form of the numeral. This form of the numeral is found in prose for expressing years (and days?) but not in counting, enumeration, or other contexts describing quantities. The use of a rubricated form of the numeral is entirely left to the discretion of the author.

**Glyph Notes:** The horizontal and vertical positioning of the glyph elements against reference lines should remain the same as the corresponding elements found in the canonical numeral. E.G. the lower “bar” is simply removed. The recommended rubrication absolute color is red (RGB: FF0000).

**References:**

**Validation:**



Ge'ez : ጎፆስቱ፡

English: Ethiopic Digit Five

With Rubricated Upper  
Numeral Bar and  
Without Lower Numeral Bar

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC DIGIT FIVE WITH RUBRICATED UPPER NUMERAL BAR AND WITHOUT LOWER NUMERAL BAR

**Description:** The ETHIOPIC DIGIT FIVE, ፩, with rubricated upper horizontal numeral marker and sans the lower horizontal numeral marker.

**Recommended Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

**Contextual Sample:** TBD

**Usage:** The context of use is identical with the canonical form of the numeral. This form of the numeral is found in prose for expressing years (and days?) but not in counting, enumeration, or other contexts describing quantities. The use of a rubricated form of the numeral is entirely left to the discretion of the author.

**Glyph Notes:** The horizontal and vertical positioning of the glyph elements against reference lines should remain the same as the corresponding elements found in the canonical numeral. E.G. the lower “bar” is simply removed. The recommended rubrication absolute color is red (RGB: FF0000).

**References:**

**Validation:**



Ge'ez : ስፍስቱ :

English: Ethiopic Digit Six

With Rubricated Upper  
Numeral Bar and  
Without Lower Numeral Bar

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC DIGIT SIX WITH RUBRICATED UPPER NUMERAL BAR AND WITHOUT LOWER NUMERAL BAR

**Description:** The ETHIOPIC DIGIT SIX, ስ, with rubricated upper horizontal numeral marker and sans the lower horizontal numeral marker.

**Recommended Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

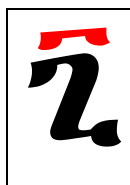
**Contextual Sample:** TBD

**Usage:** The context of use is identical with the canonical form of the numeral. This form of the numeral is found in prose for expressing years (and days?) but not in counting, enumeration, or other contexts describing quantities. The use of a rubricated form of the numeral is entirely left to the discretion of the author.

**Glyph Notes:** The horizontal and vertical positioning of the glyph elements against reference lines should remain the same as the corresponding elements found in the canonical numeral. E.G. the lower “bar” is simply removed. The recommended rubrication absolute color is red (RGB: FF0000).

**References:**

**Validation:**



Ge'ez : ስብሐቱ፡

English: Ethiopic Digit Seven

With Rubricated Upper  
Numeral Bar and

Without Lower Numeral Bar

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC DIGIT SEVEN WITH RUBRICATED UPPER NUMERAL BAR AND WITHOUT LOWER NUMERAL BAR

**Description:** The ETHIOPIC DIGIT SEVEN, ፭, with rubricated upper horizontal numeral marker and sans the lower horizontal numeral marker.

**Recommended Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

**Contextual Sample:** TBD

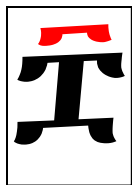
**Usage:** The context of use is identical with the canonical form of the numeral. This form of the numeral is found in prose for expressing years (and days?) but not in counting, enumeration, or other contexts describing quantities. The use of a rubricated form of the numeral is entirely left to the discretion of the author.

**Glyph Notes:** The horizontal and vertical positioning of the glyph elements against reference lines should remain the same as the corresponding elements found in the canonical numeral. E.G. the lower “bar” is simply removed. The recommended rubrication absolute color is red (RGB: FF0000).

**References:**

**Validation:**





Ge'ez : ስመንቱ፡

English: Ethiopic Digit Eight  
With Rubricated Upper  
Numeral Bar and  
Without Lower Numeral Bar

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC DIGIT EIGHT WITH RUBRICATED UPPER NUMERAL BAR AND WITHOUT LOWER NUMERAL BAR

**Description:** The ETHIOPIC DIGIT EIGHT, ፩, with rubricated upper horizontal numeral marker and sans the lower horizontal numeral marker.

**Recommended Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

**Contextual Sample:** TBD

**Usage:** The context of use is identical with the canonical form of the numeral. This form of the numeral is found in prose for expressing years (and days?) but not in counting, enumeration, or other contexts describing quantities. The use of a rubricated form of the numeral is entirely left to the discretion of the author.

**Glyph Notes:** The horizontal and vertical positioning of the glyph elements against reference lines should remain the same as the corresponding elements found in the canonical numeral. E.G. the lower “bar” is simply removed. The recommended rubrication absolute color is red (RGB: FF0000).

**References:**

**Validation:**



Ge'ez : ተስዐቱ፡

English: Ethiopic Digit Nine

With Rubricated Upper  
Numeral Bar and  
Without Lower Numeral Bar

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC DIGIT NINE WITH RUBRICATED UPPER NUMERAL BAR AND WITHOUT LOWER NUMERAL BAR

**Description:** The ETHIOPIC DIGIT NINE, ፩, with rubricated upper horizontal numeral marker and sans the lower horizontal numeral marker.

**Recommended Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

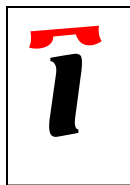
**Contextual Sample:** TBD

**Usage:** The context of use is identical with the canonical form of the numeral. This form of the numeral is found in prose for expressing years (and days?) but not in counting, enumeration, or other contexts describing quantities. The use of a rubricated form of the numeral is entirely left to the discretion of the author.

**Glyph Notes:** The horizontal and vertical positioning of the glyph elements against reference lines should remain the same as the corresponding elements found in the canonical numeral. E.G. the lower “bar” is simply removed. The recommended rubrication absolute color is red (RGB: FF0000).

**References:**

**Validation:**



Ge'ez : **፩**

English: Ethiopic Number Ten  
With Rubricated Upper  
Numeral Bar and  
Without Lower Numeral Bar

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC DIGIT TEN WITH RUBRICATED UPPER NUMERAL BAR AND WITHOUT LOWER NUMERAL BAR

**Description:** The ETHIOPIC NUMBER TEN, ፩, with rubricated upper horizontal numeral marker and sans the lower horizontal numeral marker.

**Recommended Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

**Contextual Sample:** TBD

**Usage:** The context of use is identical with the canonical form of the numeral. This form of the numeral is found in prose for expressing years (and days?) but not in counting, enumeration, or other contexts describing quantities. The use of a rubricated form of the numeral is entirely left to the discretion of the author.

**Glyph Notes:** The horizontal and vertical positioning of the glyph elements against reference lines should remain the same as the corresponding elements found in the canonical numeral. E.G. the lower “bar” is simply removed. The recommended rubrication absolute color is red (RGB: FF0000).

**References:**

**Validation:**



Ge'ez : ፬፮፥

English: Ethiopic Number Twenty  
With Rubricated Upper  
Numeral Bar and  
Without Lower Numeral Bar

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC DIGIT TWENTY WITH RUBRICATED UPPER NUMERAL BAR AND WITHOUT LOWER NUMERAL BAR

**Description:** The ETHIOPIC NUMBER TWENTY, ፬፮፥, with rubricated upper horizontal numeral marker and sans the lower horizontal numeral marker.

**Recommended Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

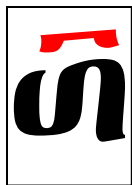
**Contextual Sample:** TBD

**Usage:** The context of use is identical with the canonical form of the numeral. This form of the numeral is found in prose for expressing years (and days?) but not in counting, enumeration, or other contexts describing quantities. The use of a rubricated form of the numeral is entirely left to the discretion of the author.

**Glyph Notes:** The horizontal and vertical positioning of the glyph elements against reference lines should remain the same as the corresponding elements found in the canonical numeral. E.G. the lower “bar” is simply removed. The recommended rubrication absolute color is red (RGB: FF0000).

**References:**

**Validation:**



Ge'ez : ሠላሳ:

English: Ethiopic Number Thirty  
With Rubricated Upper  
Numeral Bar and  
Without Lower Numeral Bar

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC DIGIT THIRTY WITH RUBRICATED UPPER NUMERAL BAR AND WITHOUT LOWER NUMERAL BAR

**Description:** The ETHIOPIC NUMBER THIRTY, ሠላሳ, with rubricated upper horizontal numeral marker and sans the lower horizontal numeral marker.

**Recommended Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

**Contextual Sample:** TBD

**Usage:** The context of use is identical with the canonical form of the numeral. This form of the numeral is found in prose for expressing years (and days?) but not in counting, enumeration, or other contexts describing quantities. The use of a rubricated form of the numeral is entirely left to the discretion of the author.

**Glyph Notes:** The horizontal and vertical positioning of the glyph elements against reference lines should remain the same as the corresponding elements found in the canonical numeral. E.G. the lower “bar” is simply removed. The recommended rubrication absolute color is red (RGB: FF0000).

**References:**


**Validation:**



Ge'ez : አርብዓ:

English: Ethiopic Number Forty  
With Rubricated Upper  
Numeral Bar and  
Without Lower Numeral Bar

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC DIGIT FORTY WITH RUBRICATED UPPER NUMERAL BAR AND WITHOUT LOWER NUMERAL BAR

**Description:** The ETHIOPIC NUMBER FORTY, , with rubricated upper horizontal numeral marker and sans the lower horizontal numeral marker.

**Recommended Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

**Contextual Sample:** TBD

**Usage:** The context of use is identical with the canonical form of the numeral. This form of the numeral is found in prose for expressing years (and days?) but not in counting, enumeration, or other contexts describing quantities. The use of a rubricated form of the numeral is entirely left to the discretion of the author.

**Glyph Notes:** The horizontal and vertical positioning of the glyph elements against reference lines should remain the same as the corresponding elements found in the canonical numeral. E.G. the lower “bar” is simply removed. The recommended rubrication absolute color is red (RGB: FF0000).

**References:**

**Validation:**



Ge'ez : ሺምሳ:

English: Ethiopic Number Fifty  
With Rubricated Upper  
Numeral Bar and  
Without Lower Numeral Bar

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC DIGIT FIFTY WITH RUBRICATED UPPER NUMERAL BAR AND WITHOUT LOWER NUMERAL BAR

**Description:** The ETHIOPIC NUMBER FIFTY, ፶, with rubricated upper horizontal numeral marker and sans the lower horizontal numeral marker.

**Recommended Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

**Contextual Sample:** TBD

**Usage:** The context of use is identical with the canonical form of the numeral. This form of the numeral is found in prose for expressing years (and days?) but not in counting, enumeration, or other contexts describing quantities. The use of a rubricated form of the numeral is entirely left to the discretion of the author.

**Glyph Notes:** The horizontal and vertical positioning of the glyph elements against reference lines should remain the same as the corresponding elements found in the canonical numeral. E.G. the lower “bar” is simply removed. The recommended rubrication absolute color is red (RGB: FF0000).

**References:**

**Validation:**



Ge'ez : ስሳ፡

English: Ethiopic Number Sixty  
With Rubricated Upper  
Numeral Bar and  
Without Lower Numeral Bar

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC DIGIT SIXTY WITH RUBRICATED UPPER NUMERAL BAR AND WITHOUT LOWER NUMERAL BAR

**Description:** The ETHIOPIC NUMBER SIXTY, ስሳ, with rubricated upper horizontal numeral marker and sans the lower horizontal numeral marker.

**Recommended Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

**Contextual Sample:** TBD

**Usage:** The context of use is identical with the canonical form of the numeral. This form of the numeral is found in prose for expressing years (and days?) but not in counting, enumeration, or other contexts describing quantities. The use of a rubricated form of the numeral is entirely left to the discretion of the author.

**Glyph Notes:** The horizontal and vertical positioning of the glyph elements against reference lines should remain the same as the corresponding elements found in the canonical numeral. E.G. the lower “bar” is simply removed. The recommended rubrication absolute color is red (RGB: FF0000).

**References:**

**Validation:**





Ge'ez : ስብዓ:

English: Ethiopic Number Seventy  
With Rubricated Upper  
Numeral Bar and  
Without Lower Numeral Bar

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC DIGIT SEVENTY WITH RUBRICATED UPPER NUMERAL BAR AND WITHOUT LOWER NUMERAL BAR

**Description:** The ETHIOPIC NUMBER SEVENTY, ስብዓ, with rubricated upper horizontal numeral marker and sans the lower horizontal numeral marker.

**Recommended Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

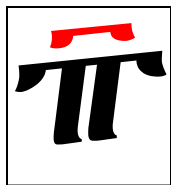
**Contextual Sample:** TBD

**Usage:** The context of use is identical with the canonical form of the numeral. This form of the numeral is found in prose for expressing years (and days?) but not in counting, enumeration, or other contexts describing quantities. The use of a rubricated form of the numeral is entirely left to the discretion of the author.

**Glyph Notes:** The horizontal and vertical positioning of the glyph elements against reference lines should remain the same as the corresponding elements found in the canonical numeral. E.G. the lower “bar” is simply removed. The recommended rubrication absolute color is red (RGB: FF0000).

**References:**

**Validation:**



Ge'ez : ስማንያ:

English: Ethiopic Number Eighty  
With Rubricated Upper  
Numeral Bar and  
Without Lower Numeral Bar

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC DIGIT EIGHTY WITH RUBRICATED UPPER NUMERAL BAR AND WITHOUT LOWER NUMERAL BAR

**Description:** The ETHIOPIC NUMBER EIGHTY, ስማንያ, with rubricated upper horizontal numeral marker and sans the lower horizontal numeral marker.

**Recommended Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

**Contextual Sample:** TBD

**Usage:** The context of use is identical with the canonical form of the numeral. This form of the numeral is found in prose for expressing years (and days?) but not in counting, enumeration, or other contexts describing quantities. The use of a rubricated form of the numeral is entirely left to the discession of the author.

**Glyph Notes:** The horizontal and vertical positioning of the glyph elements against reference lines should remain the same as the corresponding elements found in the canonical numeral. E.G. the lower “bar” is simply removed. The recommended rubrication absolute color is red (RGB: FF0000).

**References:**

**Validation:**



Ge'ez : ተስዓ:

English: Ethiopic Number Ninety  
With Rubricated Upper  
Numeral Bar and  
Without Lower Numeral Bar

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC DIGIT NINETY WITH RUBRICATED UPPER NUMERAL BAR AND WITHOUT LOWER NUMERAL BAR

**Description:** The ETHIOPIC NUMBER NINETY, ፩, with rubricated upper horizontal numeral marker and sans the lower horizontal numeral marker.

**Recommended Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

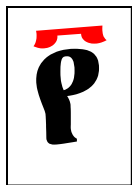
**Contextual Sample:** TBD

**Usage:** The context of use is identical with the canonical form of the numeral. This form of the numeral is found in prose for expressing years (and days?) but not in counting, enumeration, or other contexts describing quantities. The use of a rubricated form of the numeral is entirely left to the discretion of the author.

**Glyph Notes:** The horizontal and vertical positioning of the glyph elements against reference lines should remain the same as the corresponding elements found in the canonical numeral. E.G. the lower “bar” is simply removed. The recommended rubrication absolute color is red (RGB: FF0000).

**References:**

**Validation:**



Ge'ez : ሥእት :

English: Ethiopic Number Hundred  
With Rubricated Upper  
Numeral Bar and  
Without Lower Numeral Bar

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC DIGIT ONE HUNDRED WITH RUBRICATED UPPER NUMERAL BAR AND WITHOUT LOWER NUMERAL BAR

**Description:** The ETHIOPIC NUMBER ONE HUNDRED, ፩, with rubricated upper horizontal numeral marker and sans the lower horizontal numeral marker.

**Recommended Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

**Contextual Sample:** TBD

**Usage:** The context of use is identical with the canonical form of the numeral. This form of the numeral is found in prose for expressing years (and days?) but not in counting, enumeration, or other contexts describing quantities. The use of a rubricated form of the numeral is entirely left to the discretion of the author.

**Glyph Notes:** The horizontal and vertical positioning of the glyph elements against reference lines should remain the same as the corresponding elements found in the canonical numeral. E.G. the lower “bar” is simply removed. The recommended rubrication absolute color is red (RGB: FF0000).

**References:**

**Validation:**



Ge'ez : አልፍ፡

English: Ethiopic Number Ten Thousand  
With Rubricated Upper  
Numeral Bar and  
Without Lower Numeral Bar

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC DIGIT TEN THOUSAND WITH RUBRICATED UPPER NUMERAL BAR AND WITHOUT LOWER NUMERAL BAR

**Description:** The ETHIOPIC NUMBER TEN THOUSAND, ፱, with rubricated upper horizontal numeral marker and sans the lower horizontal numeral marker.

**Recommended Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

**Contextual Sample:** TBD

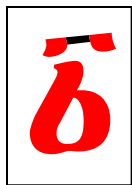
**Usage:** The context of use is identical with the canonical form of the numeral. This form of the numeral is found in prose for expressing years (and days?) but not in counting, enumeration, or other contexts describing quantities. The use of a rubricated form of the numeral is entirely left to the discretion of the author.

**Glyph Notes:** The horizontal and vertical positioning of the glyph elements against reference lines should remain the same as the corresponding elements found in the canonical numeral. E.G. the lower “bar” is simply removed. The recommended rubrication absolute color is red (RGB: FF0000).

**References:**

**Validation:**





Ge'ez : አሐዱ፡

English: Ethiopic Digit One  
With Rubricated Upper  
Numeral Bar Serifs and  
Without Lower Numeral Bar

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC DIGIT ONE WITH RUBRICATED BODY AND UPPER NUMERAL BAR SERIFS AND WITHOUT LOWER NUMERAL BAR

**Description:** The ETHIOPIC DIGIT ONE, አሐዱ, with rubricated central glyph, rubricated upper horizontal numeral marker serifs, and sans the lower horizontal numeral marker.

**Recommended Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

**Contextual Sample:** TBD

**Usage:** The context of use is identical with the canonical form of the numeral. This form of the numeral is found in prose for expressing years (and days?) but not in counting, enumeration, or other contexts describing quantities. The use of a rubricated form of the numeral is entirely left to the discretion of the author.

**Glyph Notes:** The horizontal and vertical positioning of the glyph elements against reference lines should remain the same as the corresponding elements found in the canonical numeral. E.G. the lower “bar” is simply removed. The recommended rubrication absolute color is red (RGB: FF0000).

**References:**

**Validation:**



Ge'ez : ከልኤቱ፡

English: Ethiopic Digit Two

With Rubricated Upper  
Numeral Bar Serifs and  
Without Lower Numeral Bar

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC DIGIT TWO WITH RUBRICATED BODY AND UPPER NUMERAL BAR SERIFS AND WITHOUT LOWER NUMERAL BAR

**Description:** The ETHIOPIC DIGIT TWO, ፪, with rubricated central glyph, rubricated upper horizontal numeral marker serifs, and sans the lower horizontal numeral marker.

**Recommended Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

**Contextual Sample:** TBD

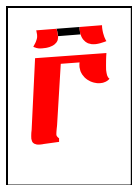
**Usage:** The context of use is identical with the canonical form of the numeral. This form of the numeral is found in prose for expressing years (and days?) but not in counting, enumeration, or other contexts describing quantities. The use of a rubricated form of the numeral is entirely left to the discretion of the author.

**Glyph Notes:** The horizontal and vertical positioning of the glyph elements against reference lines should remain the same as the corresponding elements found in the canonical numeral. E.G. the lower “bar” is simply removed. The recommended rubrication absolute color is red (RGB: FF0000).

**References:**

**Validation:**





Ge'ez : ሠለስቱ፡

English: Ethiopic Digit Three  
With Rubricated Upper  
Numeral Bar Serifs and  
Without Lower Numeral Bar

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC DIGIT THREE WITH RUBRICATED BODY AND UPPER NUMERAL BAR SERIFS AND WITHOUT LOWER NUMERAL BAR

**Description:** The ETHIOPIC DIGIT THREE, ፫, with rubricated central glyph, rubricated upper horizontal numeral marker serifs, and sans the lower horizontal numeral marker.

**Recommended Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

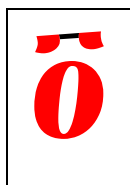
**Contextual Sample:** TBD

**Usage:** The context of use is identical with the canonical form of the numeral. This form of the numeral is found in prose for expressing years (and days?) but not in counting, enumeration, or other contexts describing quantities. The use of a rubricated form of the numeral is entirely left to the discretion of the author.

**Glyph Notes:** The horizontal and vertical positioning of the glyph elements against reference lines should remain the same as the corresponding elements found in the canonical numeral. E.G. the lower “bar” is simply removed. The recommended rubrication absolute color is red (RGB: FF0000).

**References:**

**Validation:**



Ge'ez : አርባዕተ፡

English: Ethiopic Digit Four

With Rubricated Upper  
Numeral Bar Serifs and  
Without Lower Numeral Bar

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC DIGIT FOUR WITH RUBRICATED BODY AND UPPER NUMERAL BAR SERIFS AND WITHOUT LOWER NUMERAL BAR

**Description:** The ETHIOPIC DIGIT FOUR, ፩, with rubricated central glyph, rubricated upper horizontal numeral marker serifs, and sans the lower horizontal numeral marker.

**Recommended Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

**Contextual Sample:** TBD

**Usage:** The context of use is identical with the canonical form of the numeral. This form of the numeral is found in prose for expressing years (and days?) but not in counting, enumeration, or other contexts describing quantities. The use of a rubricated form of the numeral is entirely left to the discretion of the author.

**Glyph Notes:** The horizontal and vertical positioning of the glyph elements against reference lines should remain the same as the corresponding elements found in the canonical numeral. E.G. the lower “bar” is simply removed. The recommended rubrication absolute color is red (RGB: FF0000).

**References:**

**Validation:**



Ge'ez : ጥምስቱ፡

English: Ethiopic Digit Five

With Rubricated Upper  
Numeral Bar Serifs and  
Without Lower Numeral Bar

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC DIGIT FIVE WITH RUBRICATED BODY AND UPPER NUMERAL BAR SERIFS AND WITHOUT LOWER NUMERAL BAR

**Description:** The ETHIOPIC DIGIT FIVE, ፩, with rubricated central glyph, rubricated upper horizontal numeral marker serifs, and sans the lower horizontal numeral marker.

**Recommended Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

**Contextual Sample:** TBD

**Usage:** The context of use is identical with the canonical form of the numeral. This form of the numeral is found in prose for expressing years (and days?) but not in counting, enumeration, or other contexts describing quantities. The use of a rubricated form of the numeral is entirely left to the discretion of the author.

**Glyph Notes:** The horizontal and vertical positioning of the glyph elements against reference lines should remain the same as the corresponding elements found in the canonical numeral. E.G. the lower “bar” is simply removed. The recommended rubrication absolute color is red (RGB: FF0000).

**References:**

**Validation:**



Ge'ez : ስፍስቱ፡

English: Ethiopic Digit Six

With Rubricated Upper  
Numeral Bar Serifs and  
Without Lower Numeral Bar

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC DIGIT SIX WITH RUBRICATED BODY AND UPPER NUMERAL BAR SERIFS AND WITHOUT LOWER NUMERAL BAR

**Description:** The ETHIOPIC DIGIT SIX, ስ, with rubricated central glyph, rubricated upper horizontal numeral marker serifs, and sans the lower horizontal numeral marker.

**Recommended Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

**Contextual Sample:** TBD

**Usage:** The context of use is identical with the canonical form of the numeral. This form of the numeral is found in prose for expressing years (and days?) but not in counting, enumeration, or other contexts describing quantities. The use of a rubricated form of the numeral is entirely left to the discretion of the author.

**Glyph Notes:** The horizontal and vertical positioning of the glyph elements against reference lines should remain the same as the corresponding elements found in the canonical numeral. E.G. the lower “bar” is simply removed. The recommended rubrication absolute color is red (RGB: FF0000).

**References:**

**Validation:**



Ge'ez : ስብሐቱ፡

English: Ethiopic Digit Seven

With Rubricated Upper  
Numeral Bar Serifs and  
Without Lower Numeral Bar

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC DIGIT SEVEN WITH RUBRICATED BODY AND UPPER NUMERAL BAR SERIFS AND WITHOUT LOWER NUMERAL BAR

**Description:** The ETHIOPIC DIGIT SEVEN, ስ, with rubricated central glyph, rubricated upper horizontal numeral marker serifs, and sans the lower horizontal numeral marker.

**Recommended Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

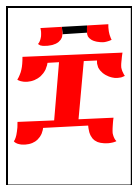
**Contextual Sample:** TBD

**Usage:** The context of use is identical with the canonical form of the numeral. This form of the numeral is found in prose for expressing years (and days?) but not in counting, enumeration, or other contexts describing quantities. The use of a rubricated form of the numeral is entirely left to the discretion of the author.

**Glyph Notes:** The horizontal and vertical positioning of the glyph elements against reference lines should remain the same as the corresponding elements found in the canonical numeral. E.G. the lower “bar” is simply removed. The recommended rubrication absolute color is red (RGB: FF0000).

**References:**

**Validation:**



Ge'ez : ስመንቱ፡

English: Ethiopic Digit Eight  
With Rubricated Upper  
Numeral Bar Serifs and  
Without Lower Numeral Bar

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC DIGIT EIGHT WITH RUBRICATED BODY AND UPPER NUMERAL BAR SERIFS AND WITHOUT LOWER NUMERAL BAR

**Description:** The ETHIOPIC DIGIT EIGHT, ፩, with rubricated central glyph, rubricated upper horizontal numeral marker serifs, and sans the lower horizontal numeral marker.

**Recommended Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

**Contextual Sample:** TBD

**Usage:** The context of use is identical with the canonical form of the numeral. This form of the numeral is found in prose for expressing years (and days?) but not in counting, enumeration, or other contexts describing quantities. The use of a rubricated form of the numeral is entirely left to the discretion of the author.

**Glyph Notes:** The horizontal and vertical positioning of the glyph elements against reference lines should remain the same as the corresponding elements found in the canonical numeral. E.G. the lower “bar” is simply removed. The recommended rubrication absolute color is red (RGB: FF0000).

**References:**

**Validation:**



Ge'ez : ተስዐቱ፡

English: Ethiopic Digit Nine

With Rubricated Upper  
Numeral Bar Serifs and  
Without Lower Numeral Bar

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC DIGIT NINE WITH RUBRICATED BODY AND UPPER NUMERAL BAR SERIFS AND WITHOUT LOWER NUMERAL BAR

**Description:** The ETHIOPIC DIGIT NINE, ፩, with rubricated central glyph, rubricated upper horizontal numeral marker serifs, and sans the lower horizontal numeral marker.

**Recommended Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

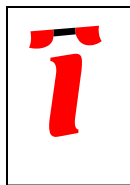
**Contextual Sample:** TBD

**Usage:** The context of use is identical with the canonical form of the numeral. This form of the numeral is found in prose for expressing years (and days?) but not in counting, enumeration, or other contexts describing quantities. The use of a rubricated form of the numeral is entirely left to the discretion of the author.

**Glyph Notes:** The horizontal and vertical positioning of the glyph elements against reference lines should remain the same as the corresponding elements found in the canonical numeral. E.G. the lower “bar” is simply removed. The recommended rubrication absolute color is red (RGB: FF0000).

**References:**

**Validation:**



Ge'ez : **ዐሠርቱ** :

English: Ethiopic Number Ten  
With Rubricated Upper  
Numeral Bar Serifs and  
Without Lower Numeral Bar

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC DIGIT TEN WITH RUBRICATED BODY AND UPPER NUMERAL BAR SERIFS AND WITHOUT LOWER NUMERAL BAR

**Description:** The ETHIOPIC NUMBER TEN, ፩, with rubricated central glyph, rubricated upper horizontal numeral marker serifs, and sans the lower horizontal numeral marker.

**Recommended Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

**Contextual Sample:** TBD

**Usage:** The context of use is identical with the canonical form of the numeral. This form of the numeral is found in prose for expressing years (and days?) but not in counting, enumeration, or other contexts describing quantities. The use of a rubricated form of the numeral is entirely left to the discretion of the author.

**Glyph Notes:** The horizontal and vertical positioning of the glyph elements against reference lines should remain the same as the corresponding elements found in the canonical numeral. E.G. the lower “bar” is simply removed. The recommended rubrication absolute color is red (RGB: FF0000).

**References:**

**Validation:**





Ge'ez : ሀ።

## English: Ethiopic Number Twenty With Rubricated Upper Numeral Bar Serifs and Without Lower Numeral Bar

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC DIGIT TWENTY WITH RUBRICATED BODY AND UPPER NUMERAL BAR SERIFS AND WITHOUT LOWER NUMERAL BAR

**Description:** The ETHIOPIC NUMBER TWENTY, ሀ።, with rubricated central glyph, rubricated upper horizontal numeral marker serifs, and sans the lower horizontal numeral marker.

**Recommended Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

**Contextual Sample:** TBD

**Usage:** The context of use is identical with the canonical form of the numeral. This form of the numeral is found in prose for expressing years (and days?) but not in counting, enumeration, or other contexts describing quantities. The use of a rubricated form of the numeral is entirely left to the discretion of the author.

**Glyph Notes:** The horizontal and vertical positioning of the glyph elements against reference lines should remain the same as the corresponding elements found in the canonical numeral. E.G. the lower “bar” is simply removed. The recommended rubrication absolute color is red (RGB: FF0000).

**References:**

**Validation:**



Ge'ez : ሠላሳ:

English: Ethiopic Number Thirty  
With Rubricated Upper  
Numeral Bar Serifs and  
Without Lower Numeral Bar

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC DIGIT THIRTY WITH RUBRICATED BODY AND UPPER NUMERAL BAR SERIFS AND WITHOUT LOWER NUMERAL BAR

**Description:** The ETHIOPIC NUMBER THIRTY, ሠላሳ, with rubricated central glyph, rubricated upper horizontal numeral marker serifs, and sans the lower horizontal numeral marker.

**Recommended Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

**Contextual Sample:** TBD

**Usage:** The context of use is identical with the canonical form of the numeral. This form of the numeral is found in prose for expressing years (and days?) but not in counting, enumeration, or other contexts describing quantities. The use of a rubricated form of the numeral is entirely left to the discretion of the author.

**Glyph Notes:** The horizontal and vertical positioning of the glyph elements against reference lines should remain the same as the corresponding elements found in the canonical numeral. E.G. the lower “bar” is simply removed. The recommended rubrication absolute color is red (RGB: FF0000).

**References:**

**Validation:**



Ge'ez : አርብዓ:

English: Ethiopic Number Forty  
With Rubricated Upper  
Numeral Bar Serifs and  
Without Lower Numeral Bar

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC DIGIT FORTY WITH RUBRICATED BODY AND UPPER NUMERAL BAR SERIFS AND WITHOUT LOWER NUMERAL BAR

**Description:** The ETHIOPIC NUMBER FORTY, ፳, with rubricated central glyph, rubricated upper horizontal numeral marker serifs, and sans the lower horizontal numeral marker.

**Recommended Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

**Contextual Sample:** TBD

**Usage:** The context of use is identical with the canonical form of the numeral. This form of the numeral is found in prose for expressing years (and days?) but not in counting, enumeration, or other contexts describing quantities. The use of a rubricated form of the numeral is entirely left to the discretion of the author.

**Glyph Notes:** The horizontal and vertical positioning of the glyph elements against reference lines should remain the same as the corresponding elements found in the canonical numeral. E.G. the lower “bar” is simply removed. The recommended rubrication absolute color is red (RGB: FF0000).

**References:**

**Validation:**



Ge'ez : ሺምሳ:

English: Ethiopic Number Fifty  
With Rubricated Upper  
Numeral Bar Serifs and  
Without Lower Numeral Bar

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC DIGIT FIFTY WITH RUBRICATED BODY AND UPPER NUMERAL BAR SERIFS AND WITHOUT LOWER NUMERAL BAR

**Description:** The ETHIOPIC NUMBER FIFTY, ፶, with rubricated central glyph, rubricated upper horizontal numeral marker serifs, and sans the lower horizontal numeral marker.

**Recommended Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

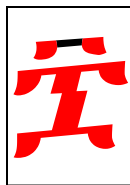
**Contextual Sample:** TBD

**Usage:** The context of use is identical with the canonical form of the numeral. This form of the numeral is found in prose for expressing years (and days?) but not in counting, enumeration, or other contexts describing quantities. The use of a rubricated form of the numeral is entirely left to the discretion of the author.

**Glyph Notes:** The horizontal and vertical positioning of the glyph elements against reference lines should remain the same as the corresponding elements found in the canonical numeral. E.G. the lower “bar” is simply removed. The recommended rubrication absolute color is red (RGB: FF0000).

**References:**

**Validation:**



Ge'ez : ስሳ፡

English: Ethiopic Number Sixty  
With Rubricated Upper  
Numeral Bar Serifs and  
Without Lower Numeral Bar

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC DIGIT SIXTY WITH RUBRICATED BODY AND UPPER NUMERAL BAR SERIFS AND WITHOUT LOWER NUMERAL BAR

**Description:** The ETHIOPIC NUMBER SIXTY, ስሳ, with rubricated central glyph, rubricated upper horizontal numeral marker serifs, and sans the lower horizontal numeral marker.

**Recommended Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

**Contextual Sample:** TBD

**Usage:** The context of use is identical with the canonical form of the numeral. This form of the numeral is found in prose for expressing years (and days?) but not in counting, enumeration, or other contexts describing quantities. The use of a rubricated form of the numeral is entirely left to the discretion of the author.

**Glyph Notes:** The horizontal and vertical positioning of the glyph elements against reference lines should remain the same as the corresponding elements found in the canonical numeral. E.G. the lower “bar” is simply removed. The recommended rubrication absolute color is red (RGB: FF0000).

**References:**

**Validation:**



Ge'ez : ስብዓ :

English: Ethiopic Number Seventy  
With Rubricated Upper  
Numeral Bar Serifs and  
Without Lower Numeral Bar

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC DIGIT SEVENTY WITH RUBRICATED BODY AND UPPER NUMERAL BAR SERIFS AND WITHOUT LOWER NUMERAL BAR

**Description:** The ETHIOPIC NUMBER SEVENTY, ስብዓ, with rubricated central glyph, rubricated upper horizontal numeral marker serifs, and sans the lower horizontal numeral marker.

**Recommended Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

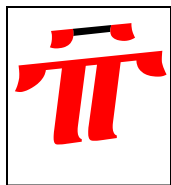
**Contextual Sample:** TBD

**Usage:** The context of use is identical with the canonical form of the numeral. This form of the numeral is found in prose for expressing years (and days?) but not in counting, enumeration, or other contexts describing quantities. The use of a rubricated form of the numeral is entirely left to the discession of the author.

**Glyph Notes:** The horizontal and vertical positioning of the glyph elements against reference lines should remain the same as the corresponding elements found in the canonical numeral. E.G. the lower “bar” is simply removed. The recommended rubrication absolute color is red (RGB: FF0000).

**References:**

**Validation:**



Ge'ez : ስማንያ:

English: Ethiopic Number Eighty  
With Rubricated Upper  
Numeral Bar Serifs and  
Without Lower Numeral Bar

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC DIGIT EIGHTY WITH RUBRICATED BODY AND UPPER NUMERAL BAR SERIFS AND WITHOUT LOWER NUMERAL BAR

**Description:** The ETHIOPIC NUMBER EIGHTY, ስማንያ, with rubricated central glyph, rubricated upper horizontal numeral marker serifs, and sans the lower horizontal numeral marker.

**Recommended Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

**Contextual Sample:** TBD

**Usage:** The context of use is identical with the canonical form of the numeral. This form of the numeral is found in prose for expressing years (and days?) but not in counting, enumeration, or other contexts describing quantities. The use of a rubricated form of the numeral is entirely left to the discretion of the author.

**Glyph Notes:** The horizontal and vertical positioning of the glyph elements against reference lines should remain the same as the corresponding elements found in the canonical numeral. E.G. the lower “bar” is simply removed. The recommended rubrication absolute color is red (RGB: FF0000).

**References:**

**Validation:**



Ge'ez : ተስዓ:

English: Ethiopic Number Ninety  
With Rubricated Upper  
Numeral Bar Serifs and  
Without Lower Numeral Bar

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC DIGIT NINETY WITH RUBRICATED BODY AND UPPER NUMERAL BAR SERIFS AND WITHOUT LOWER NUMERAL BAR

**Description:** The ETHIOPIC NUMBER NINETY, ተስዓ, with rubricated central glyph, rubricated upper horizontal numeral marker serifs, and sans the lower horizontal numeral marker.

**Recommended Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

**Contextual Sample:** TBD

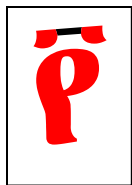
**Usage:** The context of use is identical with the canonical form of the numeral. This form of the numeral is found in prose for expressing years (and days?) but not in counting, enumeration, or other contexts describing quantities. The use of a rubricated form of the numeral is entirely left to the discretion of the author.

**Glyph Notes:** The horizontal and vertical positioning of the glyph elements against reference lines should remain the same as the corresponding elements found in the canonical numeral. E.G. the lower “bar” is simply removed. The recommended rubrication absolute color is red (RGB: FF0000).

**References:**

**Validation:**





Ge'ez : ርኣሺ :

English: Ethiopic Number Hundred  
With Rubricated Upper  
Numeral Bar Serifs and  
Without Lower Numeral Bar

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC DIGIT ONE HUNDRED WITH RUBRICATED BODY AND UPPER NUMERAL BAR SERIFS AND WITHOUT LOWER NUMERAL BAR

**Description:** The ETHIOPIC NUMBER ONE HUNDRED, ፩, with rubricated central glyph, rubricated upper horizontal numeral marker serifs, and sans the lower horizontal numeral marker.

**Recommended Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

**Contextual Sample:** TBD

**Usage:** The context of use is identical with the canonical form of the numeral. This form of the numeral is found in prose for expressing years (and days?) but not in counting, enumeration, or other contexts describing quantities. The use of a rubricated form of the numeral is entirely left to the discretion of the author.

**Glyph Notes:** The horizontal and vertical positioning of the glyph elements against reference lines should remain the same as the corresponding elements found in the canonical numeral. E.G. the lower “bar” is simply removed. The recommended rubrication absolute color is red (RGB: FF0000).

**References:**

**Validation:**



Ge'ez : አልፍ :

English: Ethiopic Number Ten Thousand  
With Rubricated Upper  
Numeral Bar Serifs and  
Without Lower Numeral Bar

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC DIGIT TEN THOUSAND WITH RUBRICATED BODY AND UPPER NUMERAL BAR SERIFS AND WITHOUT LOWER NUMERAL BAR

**Description:** The ETHIOPIC NUMBER TEN THOUSAND, ፱, with rubricated central glyph, rubricated upper horizontal numeral marker serifs, and sans the lower horizontal numeral marker.

**Recommended Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

**Contextual Sample:** TBD

**Usage:** The context of use is identical with the canonical form of the numeral. This form of the numeral is found in prose for expressing years (and days?) but not in counting, enumeration, or other contexts describing quantities. The use of a rubricated form of the numeral is entirely left to the discretion of the author.

**Glyph Notes:** The horizontal and vertical positioning of the glyph elements against reference lines should remain the same as the corresponding elements found in the canonical numeral. E.G. the lower “bar” is simply removed. The recommended rubrication absolute color is red (RGB: FF0000).

**References:**

**Validation:**



Ge'ez : **ዐሠርቱ፡ ወ????፡**

English: Ethiopic Number Conjunctive  
Ten With Rubricated Upper  
Numeral Bar Serifs and  
Without Lower Numeral Bar

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC NUMBER CONJUNCTIVE TEN WITH RUBRICATED BODY AND UPPER NUMERAL BAR SERIFS AND WITHOUT LOWER NUMERAL BAR

**Description:** The ETHIOPIC NUMBER CONJUNCTIVE TEN, ፲፱, with rubricated central glyph, rubricated upper horizontal numeral marker serifs, and sans the lower horizontal numeral marker.

**Recommended Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

**Contextual Sample:** TBD

**Usage:** The context of use is identical with the canonical form of the numeral. This form of the numeral is found in prose for expressing years (and days?) but not in counting, enumeration, or other contexts describing quantities. The use of a rubricated form of the numeral is entirely left to the discretion of the author.

**Glyph Notes:** The horizontal and vertical positioning of the glyph elements against reference lines should remain the same as the corresponding elements found in the canonical numeral. E.G. the lower “bar” is simply removed. The recommended rubrication absolute color is red (RGB: FF0000).

**References:**

**Validation:**



Ge'ez : አሐዱ፡

English: Ethiopic Digit One  
With Rubricated Body

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC DIGIT ONE WITH RUBRICATED BODY

**Description:** The ETHIOPIC DIGIT ONE, አሐዱ, with rubricated central glyph.

**Recommended Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

**Contextual Sample:** TBD

**Usage:** The context of use is identical with the canonical form of the numeral. This form of the numeral is found in prose for expressing years (and days?) but not in counting, enumeration, or other contexts describing quantities. The use of a rubricated form of the numeral is entirely left to the discretion of the author.

**Glyph Notes:** The recommended rubrication absolute color is red (RGB: FF0000).

**References:**

**Validation:**



Ge'ez : ክልከቲ፡

English: Ethiopic Digit Two  
With Rubricated Body

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC DIGIT TWO WITH RUBRICATED BODY

**Description:** The ETHIOPIC DIGIT TWO, ፪, with rubricated central glyph.

**Recommended Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

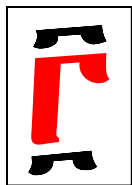
**Contextual Sample:** TBD

**Usage:** The context of use is identical with the canonical form of the numeral. This form of the numeral is found in prose for expressing years (and days?) but not in counting, enumeration, or other contexts describing quantities. The use of a rubricated form of the numeral is entirely left to the discretion of the author.

**Glyph Notes:** The recommended rubrication absolute color is red (RGB: FF0000).

**References:**

**Validation:**



Ge'ez : ሠለስቱ፡

English: Ethiopic Digit Three  
With Rubricated Body

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC DIGIT THREE WITH RUBRICATED BODY

**Description:** The ETHIOPIC DIGIT THREE, ፫, with rubricated central glyph.

**Recommended Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

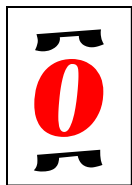
**Contextual Sample:** TBD

**Usage:** The context of use is identical with the canonical form of the numeral. This form of the numeral is found in prose for expressing years (and days?) but not in counting, enumeration, or other contexts describing quantities. The use of a rubricated form of the numeral is entirely left to the discretion of the author.

**Glyph Notes:** The recommended rubrication absolute color is red (RGB: FF0000).

**References:**

**Validation:**



Ge'ez : አርባዕተ:

English: Ethiopic Digit Four  
With Rubricated Body

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC DIGIT FOUR WITH RUBRICATED BODY

**Description:** The ETHIOPIC DIGIT FOUR, ፩, with rubricated central glyph.

**Recommended Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

**Contextual Sample:** TBD

**Usage:** The context of use is identical with the canonical form of the numeral. This form of the numeral is found in prose for expressing years (and days?) but not in counting, enumeration, or other contexts describing quantities. The use of a rubricated form of the numeral is entirely left to the discretion of the author.

**Glyph Notes:** The recommended rubrication absolute color is red (RGB: FF0000).

**References:**

**Validation:**



Ge'ez : ኅምስቱ:

English: Ethiopic Digit Five  
With Rubricated Body

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC DIGIT FIVE WITH RUBRICATED BODY

**Description:** The ETHIOPIC DIGIT FIVE, 𐌺, with rubricated central glyph.

**Recommended** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

**Encoding:**

**Contextual** TBD  
**Sample:**

**Usage:** The context of use is identical with the canonical form of the numeral. This form of the numeral is found in prose for expressing years (and days?) but not in counting, enumeration, or other contexts describing quantities. The use of a rubricated form of the numeral is entirely left to the discretion of the author.

**Glyph Notes:** The recommended rubrication absolute color is red (RGB: FF0000).

**References:**

**Validation:**





Ge'ez : ስፍስፍ፡

English: Ethiopic Digit Six  
With Rubricated Body

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC DIGIT SIX WITH RUBRICATED BODY

**Description:** The ETHIOPIC DIGIT SIX, ፮, with rubricated central glyph.

**Recommended Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

**Contextual Sample:** TBD

**Usage:** The context of use is identical with the canonical form of the numeral. This form of the numeral is found in prose for expressing years (and days?) but not in counting, enumeration, or other contexts describing quantities. The use of a rubricated form of the numeral is entirely left to the discretion of the author.

**Glyph Notes:** The recommended rubrication absolute color is red (RGB: FF0000).

**References:**

**Validation:**



Ge'ez : ስብሐት:

English: Ethiopic Digit Seven  
With Rubricated Body

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC DIGIT SEVEN WITH RUBRICATED BODY

**Description:** The ETHIOPIC DIGIT SEVEN, ፭, with rubricated central glyph.

**Recommended Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

**Contextual Sample:** TBD

**Usage:** The context of use is identical with the canonical form of the numeral. This form of the numeral is found in prose for expressing years (and days?) but not in counting, enumeration, or other contexts describing quantities. The use of a rubricated form of the numeral is entirely left to the discretion of the author.

**Glyph Notes:** The recommended rubrication absolute color is red (RGB: FF0000).

**References:**

**Validation:**



Ge'ez : ስመንቱ፡

English: Ethiopic Digit Eight  
With Rubricated Body

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC DIGIT EIGHT WITH RUBRICATED BODY

**Description:** The ETHIOPIC DIGIT EIGHT, ፩, with rubricated central glyph.

**Recommended Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

**Contextual Sample:** TBD

**Usage:** The context of use is identical with the canonical form of the numeral. This form of the numeral is found in prose for expressing years (and days?) but not in counting, enumeration, or other contexts describing quantities. The use of a rubricated form of the numeral is entirely left to the discretion of the author.

**Glyph Notes:** The recommended rubrication absolute color is red (RGB: FF0000).

**References:**

**Validation:**



Ge'ez : ተስዐቱ፡

English: Ethiopic Digit Nine  
With Rubricated Body

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC DIGIT NINE WITH RUBRICATED BODY

**Description:** The ETHIOPIC DIGIT NINE, ፩, with rubricated central glyph.

**Recommended Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

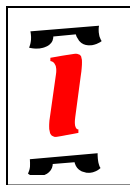
**Contextual Sample:** TBD

**Usage:** The context of use is identical with the canonical form of the numeral. This form of the numeral is found in prose for expressing years (and days?) but not in counting, enumeration, or other contexts describing quantities. The use of a rubricated form of the numeral is entirely left to the discretion of the author.

**Glyph Notes:** The recommended rubrication absolute color is red (RGB: FF0000).

**References:**

**Validation:**



Ge'ez : **ወሃርቱ** :

English: Ethiopic Number Ten  
With Rubricated Body

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC DIGIT TEN WITH RUBRICATED BODY

**Description:** The ETHIOPIC NUMBER TEN, ፩, with rubricated central glyph.

**Recommended Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

**Contextual Sample:** TBD

**Usage:** The context of use is identical with the canonical form of the numeral. This form of the numeral is found in prose for expressing years (and days?) but not in counting, enumeration, or other contexts describing quantities. The use of a rubricated form of the numeral is entirely left to the discretion of the author.

**Glyph Notes:** The recommended rubrication absolute color is red (RGB: FF0000).

**References:**

**Validation:**





Ge'ez : መላሳ፡

English: Ethiopic Number Thirty  
With Rubricated Body

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC DIGIT THIRTY WITH RUBRICATED BODY

**Description:** The ETHIOPIC NUMBER THIRTY, መላሳ, with rubricated central glyph.

**Recommended Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

**Contextual Sample:** TBD

**Usage:** The context of use is identical with the canonical form of the numeral. This form of the numeral is found in prose for expressing years (and days?) but not in counting, enumeration, or other contexts describing quantities. The use of a rubricated form of the numeral is entirely left to the discretion of the author.

**Glyph Notes:** The recommended rubrication absolute color is red (RGB: FF0000).

**References:**

**Validation:**



Ge'ez : አርብዓ:

English: Ethiopic Number Forty  
With Rubricated Body

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC DIGIT FORTY WITH RUBRICATED BODY

**Description:** The ETHIOPIC NUMBER FORTY, , with rubricated central glyph.

**Recommended Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

**Contextual Sample:** TBD

**Usage:** The context of use is identical with the canonical form of the numeral. This form of the numeral is found in prose for expressing years (and days?) but not in counting, enumeration, or other contexts describing quantities. The use of a rubricated form of the numeral is entirely left to the discretion of the author.

**Glyph Notes:** The recommended rubrication absolute color is red (RGB: FF0000).

**References:**

**Validation:**





Ge'ez : ሳምሐን :

English: Ethiopic Number Fifty  
With Rubricated Body

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC DIGIT FIFTY WITH RUBRICATED BODY

**Description:** The ETHIOPIC NUMBER FIFTY, ሳ, with rubricated central glyph.

**Recommended Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

**Contextual Sample:** TBD

**Usage:** The context of use is identical with the canonical form of the numeral. This form of the numeral is found in prose for expressing years (and days?) but not in counting, enumeration, or other contexts describing quantities. The use of a rubricated form of the numeral is entirely left to the discretion of the author.

**Glyph Notes:** The recommended rubrication absolute color is red (RGB: FF0000).

**References:**

**Validation:**



Ge'ez : ስሳ፡

English: Ethiopic Number Sixty  
With Rubricated Body and  
Without Lower Numeral Bar

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC DIGIT SIXTY WITH RUBRICATED BODY

**Description:** The ETHIOPIC NUMBER SIXTY, ስሳ, with rubricated central glyph.

**Recommended  
Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

**Contextual  
Sample:** TBD

**Usage:** The context of use is identical with the canonical form of the numeral. This form of the numeral is found in prose for expressing years (and days?) but not in counting, enumeration, or other contexts describing quantities. The use of a rubricated form of the numeral is entirely left to the discretion of the author.

**Glyph Notes:** The recommended rubrication absolute color is red (RGB: FF0000).

**References:**

**Validation:**



Ge'ez : ስብዓ:

English: Ethiopic Number Seventy  
With Rubricated Body

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC DIGIT SEVENTY WITH RUBRICATED BODY

**Description:** The ETHIOPIC NUMBER SEVENTY, ፳, with rubricated central glyph.

**Recommended Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

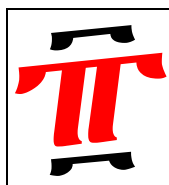
**Contextual Sample:** TBD

**Usage:** The context of use is identical with the canonical form of the numeral. This form of the numeral is found in prose for expressing years (and days?) but not in counting, enumeration, or other contexts describing quantities. The use of a rubricated form of the numeral is entirely left to the discretion of the author.

**Glyph Notes:** The recommended rubrication absolute color is red (RGB: FF0000).

**References:**

**Validation:**



Ge'ez : ስማንያ:

English: Ethiopic Number Eighty  
With Rubricated Body and  
Without Lower Numeral Bar

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC DIGIT EIGHTY WITH RUBRICATED BODY

**Description:** The ETHIOPIC NUMBER EIGHTY, ስማንያ, with rubricated central glyph.

**Recommended Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

**Contextual Sample:** TBD

**Usage:** The context of use is identical with the canonical form of the numeral. This form of the numeral is found in prose for expressing years (and days?) but not in counting, enumeration, or other contexts describing quantities. The use of a rubricated form of the numeral is entirely left to the discretion of the author.

**Glyph Notes:** The recommended rubrication absolute color is red (RGB: FF0000).

**References:**

**Validation:**



Ge'ez : ተስዓ:

English: Ethiopic Number Ninety  
With Rubricated Body

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC DIGIT NINETY WITH RUBRICATED BODY

**Description:** The ETHIOPIC NUMBER NINETY, ተስዓ, with rubricated central glyph.

**Recommended Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

**Contextual Sample:** TBD

**Usage:** The context of use is identical with the canonical form of the numeral. This form of the numeral is found in prose for expressing years (and days?) but not in counting, enumeration, or other contexts describing quantities. The use of a rubricated form of the numeral is entirely left to the discretion of the author.

**Glyph Notes:** The recommended rubrication absolute color is red (RGB: FF0000).

**References:**

**Validation:**



Ge'ez : ምእት፡

English: Ethiopic Number Hundred  
With Rubricated Body

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC DIGIT ONE HUNDRED WITH RUBRICATED BODY

**Description:** The ETHIOPIC NUMBER ONE HUNDRED, ፩, with rubricated central glyph.

**Recommended Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

**Contextual Sample:** TBD

**Usage:** The context of use is identical with the canonical form of the numeral. This form of the numeral is found in prose for expressing years (and days?) but not in counting, enumeration, or other contexts describing quantities. The use of a rubricated form of the numeral is entirely left to the discretion of the author.

**Glyph Notes:** The recommended rubrication absolute color is red (RGB: FF0000).

### References:

### Validation:



Ge'ez : አልፍ፡

English: Ethiopic Number Ten Thousand  
With Rubricated Body

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC DIGIT TEN THOUSAND WITH RUBRICATED BODY

**Description:** The ETHIOPIC NUMBER TEN THOUSAND, ፳፻, with rubricated central glyph.

**Recommended Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

**Contextual Sample:** TBD

**Usage:** The context of use is identical with the canonical form of the numeral. This form of the numeral is found in prose for expressing years (and days?) but not in counting, enumeration, or other contexts describing quantities. The use of a rubricated form of the numeral is entirely left to the discretion of the author.

**Glyph Notes:** The recommended rubrication absolute color is red (RGB: FF0000).

**References:**

**Validation:**



Ge'ez : **ዐሠርቱ፡ ወ????፡**

English: Ethiopic Number Conjunctive  
Ten With Rubricated Body

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC NUMBER CONJUNCTIVE TEN WITH RUBRICATED BODY

**Description:** The ETHIOPIC NUMBER CONJUNCTIVE TEN, ፲, with rubricated central glyph.

**Recommended Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

**Contextual Sample:** TBD

**Usage:** The context of use is identical with the canonical form of the numeral. This form of the numeral is found in prose for expressing years (and days?) but not in counting, enumeration, or other contexts describing quantities. The use of a rubricated form of the numeral is entirely left to the discretion of the author.

**Glyph Notes:** The recommended rubrication absolute color is red (RGB: FF0000).

**References:**

**Validation:**





Ge'ez : አሐዱ፡

English: Ethiopic Digit One  
With Rubricated  
Numeral Bars

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC DIGIT ONE WITH RUBRICATED NUMERAL BARS

**Description:** The ETHIOPIC DIGIT ONE, ፩, with rubricated upper and lower horizontal numeral markers.

**Recommended  
Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

**Contextual  
Sample:** TBD

**Usage:** The context of use is identical with the canonical form of the numeral. This form of the numeral is found in prose for expressing years (and days?) but not in counting, enumeration, or other contexts describing quantities. The use of a rubricated form of the numeral is entirely left to the discretion of the author.

**Glyph Notes:** The recommended rubrication absolute color is red (RGB: FF0000).

**References:**

**Validation:**



Ge'ez : ከልኤቱ፡

English: Ethiopic Digit Two  
With Rubricated  
Numeral Bars

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC DIGIT TWO WITH RUBRICATED NUMERAL BARS

**Description:** The ETHIOPIC DIGIT TWO, ፪, with rubricated upper and lower horizontal numeral markers.

**Recommended  
Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

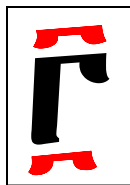
**Contextual  
Sample:** TBD

**Usage:** The context of use is identical with the canonical form of the numeral. This form of the numeral is found in prose for expressing years (and days?) but not in counting, enumeration, or other contexts describing quantities. The use of a rubricated form of the numeral is entirely left to the discretion of the author.

**Glyph Notes:** The recommended rubrication absolute color is red (RGB: FF0000).

**References:**

**Validation:**



Ge'ez : ሠለስቱ፡

English: Ethiopic Digit Three  
With Rubricated  
Numeral Bars

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC DIGIT THREE WITH RUBRICATED NUMERAL BARS

**Description:** The ETHIOPIC DIGIT THREE, ፩, with rubricated upper and lower horizontal numeral markers.

**Recommended  
Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

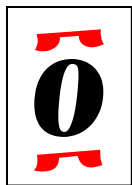
**Contextual  
Sample:** TBD

**Usage:** The context of use is identical with the canonical form of the numeral. This form of the numeral is found in prose for expressing years (and days?) but not in counting, enumeration, or other contexts describing quantities. The use of a rubricated form of the numeral is entirely left to the discretion of the author.

**Glyph Notes:** The recommended rubrication absolute color is red (RGB: FF0000).

**References:**

**Validation:**



Ge'ez : አርባዕተ፡

English: Ethiopic Digit Four  
With Rubricated  
Numeral Bars

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC DIGIT FOUR WITH RUBRICATED NUMERAL BARS

**Description:** The ETHIOPIC DIGIT FOUR, ፩, with rubricated upper and lower horizontal numeral markers.

**Recommended  
Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

**Contextual  
Sample:** TBD

**Usage:** The context of use is identical with the canonical form of the numeral. This form of the numeral is found in prose for expressing years (and days?) but not in counting, enumeration, or other contexts describing quantities. The use of a rubricated form of the numeral is entirely left to the discretion of the author.

**Glyph Notes:** The recommended rubrication absolute color is red (RGB: FF0000).

**References:**

**Validation:**



Ge'ez : ኅምስቱ፡

English: Ethiopic Digit Five  
With Rubricated  
Numeral Bars

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC DIGIT FIVE WITH RUBRICATED NUMERAL BARS

**Description:** The ETHIOPIC DIGIT FIVE, ፩, with rubricated upper and lower horizontal numeral markers.

**Recommended  
Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

**Contextual  
Sample:** TBD

**Usage:** The context of use is identical with the canonical form of the numeral. This form of the numeral is found in prose for expressing years (and days?) but not in counting, enumeration, or other contexts describing quantities. The use of a rubricated form of the numeral is entirely left to the discretion of the author.

**Glyph Notes:** The recommended rubrication absolute color is red (RGB: FF0000).

**References:**

**Validation:**



Ge'ez : ስፍስቱ :

English: Ethiopic Digit Six  
With Rubricated  
Numeral Bars

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC DIGIT SIX WITH RUBRICATED NUMERAL BARS

**Description:** The ETHIOPIC DIGIT SIX, ስፍስቱ, with rubricated upper and lower horizontal numeral markers.

**Recommended  
Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

**Contextual  
Sample:** TBD

**Usage:** The context of use is identical with the canonical form of the numeral. This form of the numeral is found in prose for expressing years (and days?) but not in counting, enumeration, or other contexts describing quantities. The use of a rubricated form of the numeral is entirely left to the discretion of the author.

**Glyph Notes:** The recommended rubrication absolute color is red (RGB: FF0000).

**References:**

**Validation:**



Ge'ez : ስብሐት፡

English: Ethiopic Digit Seven  
With Rubricated  
Numeral Bars

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC DIGIT SEVEN WITH RUBRICATED NUMERAL BARS

**Description:** The ETHIOPIC DIGIT SEVEN, ስ, with rubricated upper and lower horizontal numeral markers.

**Recommended Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

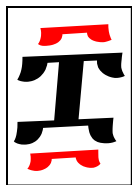
**Contextual Sample:** TBD

**Usage:** The context of use is identical with the canonical form of the numeral. This form of the numeral is found in prose for expressing years (and days?) but not in counting, enumeration, or other contexts describing quantities. The use of a rubricated form of the numeral is entirely left to the discretion of the author.

**Glyph Notes:** The recommended rubrication absolute color is red (RGB: FF0000).

**References:**

**Validation:**



Ge'ez : ስመንቱ:

English: Ethiopic Digit Eight  
With Rubricated  
Numeral Bars

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC DIGIT EIGHT WITH RUBRICATED NUMERAL BARS

**Description:** The ETHIOPIC DIGIT EIGHT, ስ, with rubricated upper and lower horizontal numeral markers.

**Recommended  
Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

**Contextual  
Sample:** TBD

**Usage:** The context of use is identical with the canonical form of the numeral. This form of the numeral is found in prose for expressing years (and days?) but not in counting, enumeration, or other contexts describing quantities. The use of a rubricated form of the numeral is entirely left to the discretion of the author.

**Glyph Notes:** The recommended rubrication absolute color is red (RGB: FF0000).

**References:**

**Validation:**





Ge'ez : ተስዐቱ፡

English: Ethiopic Digit Nine  
With Rubricated  
Numeral Bars

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC DIGIT NINE WITH RUBRICATED NUMERAL BARS

**Description:** The ETHIOPIC DIGIT NINE, ፩, with rubricated upper and lower horizontal numeral markers.

**Recommended Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

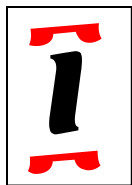
**Contextual Sample:** TBD

**Usage:** The context of use is identical with the canonical form of the numeral. This form of the numeral is found in prose for expressing years (and days?) but not in counting, enumeration, or other contexts describing quantities. The use of a rubricated form of the numeral is entirely left to the discretion of the author.

**Glyph Notes:** The recommended rubrication absolute color is red (RGB: FF0000).

**References:**

**Validation:**



Ge'ez : **ዐሠርቱ** :

English: Ethiopic Number Ten  
With Rubricated  
Numeral Bars

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC DIGIT TEN WITH RUBRICATED NUMERAL BARS

**Description:** The ETHIOPIC NUMBER TEN, ፩, with rubricated upper and lower horizontal numeral markers.

**Recommended  
Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

**Contextual  
Sample:** TBD

**Usage:** The context of use is identical with the canonical form of the numeral. This form of the numeral is found in prose for expressing years (and days?) but not in counting, enumeration, or other contexts describing quantities. The use of a rubricated form of the numeral is entirely left to the discretion of the author.

**Glyph Notes:** The recommended rubrication absolute color is red (RGB: FF0000).

**References:**

**Validation:**





Ge'ez : **ሠላሳ**:

English: Ethiopic Number Thirty  
With Rubricated  
Numeral Bars

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC DIGIT THIRTY WITH RUBRICATED NUMERAL BARS

**Description:** The ETHIOPIC NUMBER THIRTY, **ሠላሳ**, with rubricated upper and lower horizontal numeral markers.

**Recommended Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

**Contextual Sample:** TBD

**Usage:** The context of use is identical with the canonical form of the numeral. This form of the numeral is found in prose for expressing years (and days?) but not in counting, enumeration, or other contexts describing quantities. The use of a rubricated form of the numeral is entirely left to the discretion of the author.

**Glyph Notes:** The recommended rubrication absolute color is red (RGB: FF0000).

**References:**

**Validation:**



Ge'ez : አርብዓት

## English: Ethiopic Number Forty With Rubricated Numeral Bars

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC DIGIT FORTY WITH RUBRICATED NUMERAL BARS

**Description:** The ETHIOPIC NUMBER FORTY, ፳, with rubricated upper and lower horizontal numeral markers.

**Recommended Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

**Contextual Sample:** TBD

**Usage:** The context of use is identical with the canonical form of the numeral. This form of the numeral is found in prose for expressing years (and days?) but not in counting, enumeration, or other contexts describing quantities. The use of a rubricated form of the numeral is entirely left to the discession of the author.

**Glyph Notes:** The recommended rubrication absolute color is red (RGB: FF0000).

**References:**

**Validation:**



Ge'ez : ሺምሳ:

English: Ethiopic Number Fifty  
With Rubricated  
Numeral Bars

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC DIGIT FIFTY WITH RUBRICATED NUMERAL BARS

**Description:** The ETHIOPIC NUMBER FIFTY, ፶, with rubricated upper and lower horizontal numeral markers.

**Recommended Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

**Contextual Sample:** TBD

**Usage:** The context of use is identical with the canonical form of the numeral. This form of the numeral is found in prose for expressing years (and days?) but not in counting, enumeration, or other contexts describing quantities. The use of a rubricated form of the numeral is entirely left to the discretion of the author.

**Glyph Notes:** The recommended rubrication absolute color is red (RGB: FF0000).

**References:**

**Validation:**



Ge'ez : ስሳ:

English: Ethiopic Number Sixty  
With Rubricated  
Numeral Bars

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC DIGIT SIXTY WITH RUBRICATED NUMERAL BARS

**Description:** The ETHIOPIC NUMBER SIXTY, ስሳ, with rubricated upper and lower horizontal numeral markers.

**Recommended  
Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

**Contextual  
Sample:** TBD

**Usage:** The context of use is identical with the canonical form of the numeral. This form of the numeral is found in prose for expressing years (and days?) but not in counting, enumeration, or other contexts describing quantities. The use of a rubricated form of the numeral is entirely left to the discretion of the author.

**Glyph Notes:** The recommended rubrication absolute color is red (RGB: FF0000).

**References:**

**Validation:**



Ge'ez : ስብዓ :

## English: Ethiopic Number Seventy With Rubricated Numeral Bars

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC DIGIT SEVENTY WITH RUBRICATED NUMERAL BARS

**Description:** The ETHIOPIC NUMBER SEVENTY, ፳, with rubricated upper and lower horizontal numeral markers.

**Recommended  
Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

**Contextual  
Sample:** TBD

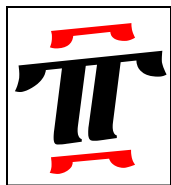
**Usage:** The context of use is identical with the canonical form of the numeral. This form of the numeral is found in prose for expressing years (and days?) but not in counting, enumeration, or other contexts describing quantities. The use of a rubricated form of the numeral is entirely left to the discretion of the author.

**Glyph Notes:** The recommended rubrication absolute color is red (RGB: FF0000).

**References:**

**Validation:**





Ge'ez : ስማንያ:

English: Ethiopic Number Eighty  
With Rubricated  
Numeral Bars

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC DIGIT EIGHTY WITH RUBRICATED NUMERAL BARS

**Description:** The ETHIOPIC NUMBER EIGHTY, ስማንያ, with rubricated upper and lower horizontal numeral markers.

**Recommended Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

**Contextual Sample:** TBD

**Usage:** The context of use is identical with the canonical form of the numeral. This form of the numeral is found in prose for expressing years (and days?) but not in counting, enumeration, or other contexts describing quantities. The use of a rubricated form of the numeral is entirely left to the discretion of the author.

**Glyph Notes:** The recommended rubrication absolute color is red (RGB: FF0000).

**References:**

**Validation:**



Ge'ez : ተስዓ:

English: Ethiopic Number Ninety  
With Rubricated  
Numeral Bars

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC DIGIT NINETY WITH RUBRICATED NUMERAL BARS

**Description:** The ETHIOPIC NUMBER NINETY, ፩፯, with rubricated upper and lower horizontal numeral markers.

**Recommended Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

**Contextual Sample:** TBD

**Usage:** The context of use is identical with the canonical form of the numeral. This form of the numeral is found in prose for expressing years (and days?) but not in counting, enumeration, or other contexts describing quantities. The use of a rubricated form of the numeral is entirely left to the discretion of the author.

**Glyph Notes:** The recommended rubrication absolute color is red (RGB: FF0000).

**References:**

**Validation:**



Ge'ez : ምእት፡

English: Ethiopic Number Hundred  
With Rubricated  
Numeral Bars

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC DIGIT ONE HUNDRED WITH RUBRICATED NUMERAL BARS

**Description:** The ETHIOPIC NUMBER ONE HUNDRED, ፩, with rubricated upper and lower horizontal numeral markers.

**Recommended Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

**Contextual Sample:** TBD

**Usage:** The context of use is identical with the canonical form of the numeral. This form of the numeral is found in prose for expressing years (and days?) but not in counting, enumeration, or other contexts describing quantities. The use of a rubricated form of the numeral is entirely left to the discretion of the author.

**Glyph Notes:** The recommended rubrication absolute color is red (RGB: FF0000).

### References:

### Validation:



Ge'ez : አልፍ፡

English: Ethiopic Number Ten Thousand  
With Rubricated  
Numeral Bars

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC DIGIT TEN THOUSAND WITH RUBRICATED NUMERAL BARS

**Description:** The ETHIOPIC NUMBER TEN THOUSAND, ፱፱, with rubricated upper and lower horizontal numeral markers.

**Recommended Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

**Contextual Sample:** TBD

**Usage:** The context of use is identical with the canonical form of the numeral. This form of the numeral is found in prose for expressing years (and days?) but not in counting, enumeration, or other contexts describing quantities. The use of a rubricated form of the numeral is entirely left to the discretion of the author.

**Glyph Notes:** The recommended rubrication absolute color is red (RGB: FF0000).

**References:**

**Validation:**





Ge'ez : አሐዱ፡

English: Ethiopic Digit One  
With Rubricated Body and  
Numeral Bar Serifs

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC DIGIT ONE WITH RUBRICATED BODY AND NUMERAL BAR SERIFS

**Description:** The ETHIOPIC DIGIT ONE, ፩, with rubricated central glyph and rubricated upper and lower horizontal numeral marker serifs.

**Recommended Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

**Contextual Sample:** TBD

**Usage:** The context of use is identical with the canonical form of the numeral. This form of the numeral is found in prose for expressing years (and days?) but not in counting, enumeration, or other contexts describing quantities. The use of a rubricated form of the numeral is entirely left to the discretion of the author.

**Glyph Notes:** The recommended rubrication absolute color is red (RGB: FF0000).

**References:**

**Validation:**



Ge'ez : ከልኤቲ፡

English: Ethiopic Digit Two

With Rubricated Body and  
Numeral Bar Serifs

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC DIGIT TWO WITH RUBRICATED BODY AND NUMERAL BAR SERIFS

**Description:** The ETHIOPIC DIGIT TWO, ፪, with rubricated central glyph and rubricated upper and lower horizontal numeral marker serifs.

**Recommended  
Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

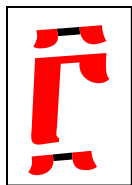
**Contextual  
Sample:** TBD

**Usage:** The context of use is identical with the canonical form of the numeral. This form of the numeral is found in prose for expressing years (and days?) but not in counting, enumeration, or other contexts describing quantities. The use of a rubricated form of the numeral is entirely left to the discretion of the author.

**Glyph Notes:** The recommended rubrication absolute color is red (RGB: FF0000).

**References:**

**Validation:**



Ge'ez : ሠለስቱ፡

English: Ethiopic Digit Three  
With Rubricated Body and  
Numeral Bar Serifs

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC DIGIT THREE WITH RUBRICATED BODY AND NUMERAL BAR SERIFS

**Description:** The ETHIOPIC DIGIT THREE, ፫, with rubricated central glyph and rubricated upper and lower horizontal numeral marker serifs.

**Recommended Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

**Contextual Sample:** TBD

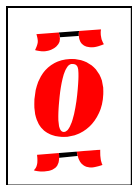
**Usage:** The context of use is identical with the canonical form of the numeral. This form of the numeral is found in prose for expressing years (and days?) but not in counting, enumeration, or other contexts describing quantities. The use of a rubricated form of the numeral is entirely left to the discretion of the author.

**Glyph Notes:** The recommended rubrication absolute color is red (RGB: FF0000).

**References:**

**Validation:**





Ge'ez : አርባዕተ፡

English: Ethiopic Digit Four

With Rubricated Body and  
Numeral Bar Serifs

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC DIGIT FOUR WITH RUBRICATED BODY AND NUMERAL BAR SERIFS

**Description:** The ETHIOPIC DIGIT FOUR, ፩, with rubricated central glyph and rubricated upper and lower horizontal numeral marker serifs.

**Recommended  
Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

**Contextual  
Sample:** TBD

**Usage:** The context of use is identical with the canonical form of the numeral. This form of the numeral is found in prose for expressing years (and days?) but not in counting, enumeration, or other contexts describing quantities. The use of a rubricated form of the numeral is entirely left to the discretion of the author.

**Glyph Notes:** The recommended rubrication absolute color is red (RGB: FF0000).

**References:**

**Validation:**



Ge'ez : ጎፆስቱ፡

English: Ethiopic Digit Five

With Rubricated Body and  
Numeral Bar Serifs

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC DIGIT FIVE WITH RUBRICATED BODY AND NUMERAL BAR SERIFS

**Description:** The ETHIOPIC DIGIT FIVE, ፩, with rubricated central glyph and rubricated upper and lower horizontal numeral marker serifs.

**Recommended Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

**Contextual Sample:** TBD

**Usage:** The context of use is identical with the canonical form of the numeral. This form of the numeral is found in prose for expressing years (and days?) but not in counting, enumeration, or other contexts describing quantities. The use of a rubricated form of the numeral is entirely left to the discretion of the author.

**Glyph Notes:** The recommended rubrication absolute color is red (RGB: FF0000).

**References:**

**Validation:**



Ge'ez : ስፍስቱ :

English: Ethiopic Digit Six

With Rubricated Body and  
Numeral Bar Serifs

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC DIGIT SIX WITH RUBRICATED BODY AND NUMERAL BAR SERIFS

**Description:** The ETHIOPIC DIGIT SIX, ስ, with rubricated central glyph and rubricated upper and lower horizontal numeral marker serifs.

**Recommended  
Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

**Contextual  
Sample:** TBD

**Usage:** The context of use is identical with the canonical form of the numeral. This form of the numeral is found in prose for expressing years (and days?) but not in counting, enumeration, or other contexts describing quantities. The use of a rubricated form of the numeral is entirely left to the discretion of the author.

**Glyph Notes:** The recommended rubrication absolute color is red (RGB: FF0000).

**References:**

**Validation:**



Ge'ez : ስብሐ፡

English: Ethiopic Digit Seven

With Rubricated Body and  
Numeral Bar Serifs

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC DIGIT SEVEN WITH RUBRICATED BODY AND NUMERAL BAR SERIFS

**Description:** The ETHIOPIC DIGIT SEVEN, ፩, with rubricated central glyph and rubricated upper and lower horizontal numeral marker serifs.

**Recommended  
Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

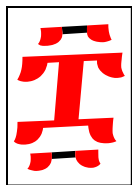
**Contextual  
Sample:** TBD

**Usage:** The context of use is identical with the canonical form of the numeral. This form of the numeral is found in prose for expressing years (and days?) but not in counting, enumeration, or other contexts describing quantities. The use of a rubricated form of the numeral is entirely left to the discretion of the author.

**Glyph Notes:** The recommended rubrication absolute color is red (RGB: FF0000).

**References:**

**Validation:**



Ge'ez : ስመንቱ:

English: Ethiopic Digit Eight  
With Rubricated Body and  
Numeral Bar Serifs

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC DIGIT EIGHT WITH RUBRICATED BODY AND NUMERAL BAR SERIFS

**Description:** The ETHIOPIC DIGIT EIGHT, ፩, with rubricated central glyph and rubricated upper and lower horizontal numeral marker serifs.

**Recommended  
Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

**Contextual  
Sample:** TBD

**Usage:** The context of use is identical with the canonical form of the numeral. This form of the numeral is found in prose for expressing years (and days?) but not in counting, enumeration, or other contexts describing quantities. The use of a rubricated form of the numeral is entirely left to the discretion of the author.

**Glyph Notes:** The recommended rubrication absolute color is red (RGB: FF0000).

**References:**

**Validation:**



Ge'ez : ተስዐቱ፡

English: Ethiopic Digit Nine

With Rubricated Body and  
Numeral Bar Serifs

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC DIGIT NINE WITH RUBRICATED BODY AND NUMERAL BAR SERIFS

**Description:** The ETHIOPIC DIGIT NINE, ፩, with rubricated central glyph and rubricated upper and lower horizontal numeral marker serifs.

**Recommended  
Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

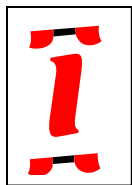
**Contextual  
Sample:** TBD

**Usage:** The context of use is identical with the canonical form of the numeral. This form of the numeral is found in prose for expressing years (and days?) but not in counting, enumeration, or other contexts describing quantities. The use of a rubricated form of the numeral is entirely left to the discretion of the author.

**Glyph Notes:** The recommended rubrication absolute color is red (RGB: FF0000).

**References:**

**Validation:**



Ge'ez : **፩**

English: Ethiopic Number Ten  
With Rubricated Body and  
Numeral Bar Serifs

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC DIGIT TEN WITH RUBRICATED BODY AND NUMERAL BAR SERIFS

**Description:** The ETHIOPIC NUMBER TEN, **፩**, with rubricated central glyph and rubricated upper and lower horizontal numeral marker serifs.

**Recommended Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

**Contextual Sample:** TBD

**Usage:** The context of use is identical with the canonical form of the numeral. This form of the numeral is found in prose for expressing years (and days?) but not in counting, enumeration, or other contexts describing quantities. The use of a rubricated form of the numeral is entirely left to the discession of the author.

**Glyph Notes:** The recommended rubrication absolute color is red (RGB: FF0000).

**References:**

**Validation:**







Ge'ez : ሠላሳ:

English: Ethiopic Number Thirty  
With Rubricated Body and  
Numeral Bar Serifs

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC DIGIT THIRTY WITH RUBRICATED BODY AND NUMERAL BAR SERIFS

**Description:** The ETHIOPIC NUMBER THIRTY, ሠላሳ, with rubricated central glyph and rubricated upper and lower horizontal numeral marker serifs.

**Recommended Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

**Contextual Sample:** TBD

**Usage:** The context of use is identical with the canonical form of the numeral. This form of the numeral is found in prose for expressing years (and days?) but not in counting, enumeration, or other contexts describing quantities. The use of a rubricated form of the numeral is entirely left to the discretion of the author.

**Glyph Notes:** The recommended rubrication absolute color is red (RGB: FF0000).

**References:**


**Validation:**



Ge'ez : አርብዓ:

English: Ethiopic Number Forty  
With Rubricated Body and  
Numeral Bar Serifs

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC DIGIT FORTY WITH RUBRICATED BODY AND NUMERAL BAR SERIFS

**Description:** The ETHIOPIC NUMBER FORTY, , with rubricated central glyph and rubricated upper and lower horizontal numeral marker serifs.

**Recommended Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

**Contextual Sample:** TBD

**Usage:** The context of use is identical with the canonical form of the numeral. This form of the numeral is found in prose for expressing years (and days?) but not in counting, enumeration, or other contexts describing quantities. The use of a rubricated form of the numeral is entirely left to the discretion of the author.

**Glyph Notes:** The recommended rubrication absolute color is red (RGB: FF0000).

**References:**

**Validation:**



Ge'ez : ፩፻፵፱

## English: Ethiopic Number Fifty With Rubricated Body and Numeral Bar Serifs

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC DIGIT FIFTY WITH RUBRICATED BODY AND NUMERAL BAR SERIFS

**Description:** The ETHIOPIC NUMBER FIFTY, ፩፻, with rubricated central glyph and rubricated upper and lower horizontal numeral marker serifs.

**Recommended Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

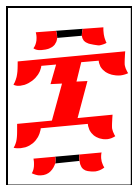
**Contextual Sample:** TBD

**Usage:** The context of use is identical with the canonical form of the numeral. This form of the numeral is found in prose for expressing years (and days?) but not in counting, enumeration, or other contexts describing quantities. The use of a rubricated form of the numeral is entirely left to the discretion of the author.

**Glyph Notes:** The recommended rubrication absolute color is red (RGB: FF0000).

**References:**

**Validation:**



Ge'ez : ስሳ:

English: Ethiopic Number Sixty  
With Rubricated Body and  
Numeral Bar Serifs

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC DIGIT SIXTY WITH RUBRICATED BODY AND NUMERAL BAR SERIFS

**Description:** The ETHIOPIC NUMBER SIXTY, ስሳ, with rubricated central glyph and rubricated upper and lower horizontal numeral marker serifs.

**Recommended Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

**Contextual Sample:** TBD

**Usage:** The context of use is identical with the canonical form of the numeral. This form of the numeral is found in prose for expressing years (and days?) but not in counting, enumeration, or other contexts describing quantities. The use of a rubricated form of the numeral is entirely left to the discretion of the author.

**Glyph Notes:** The recommended rubrication absolute color is red (RGB: FF0000).

**References:**

**Validation:**



Ge'ez : ስብዓ :

English: Ethiopic Number Seventy  
With Rubricated Body and  
Numeral Bar Serifs

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC DIGIT SEVENTY WITH RUBRICATED BODY AND NUMERAL BAR SERIFS

**Description:** The ETHIOPIC NUMBER SEVENTY, ስብዓ, with rubricated central glyph and rubricated upper and lower horizontal numeral marker serifs.

**Recommended Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

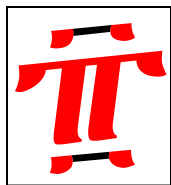
**Contextual Sample:** TBD

**Usage:** The context of use is identical with the canonical form of the numeral. This form of the numeral is found in prose for expressing years (and days?) but not in counting, enumeration, or other contexts describing quantities. The use of a rubricated form of the numeral is entirely left to the discretion of the author.

**Glyph Notes:** The recommended rubrication absolute color is red (RGB: FF0000).

**References:**

**Validation:**



Ge'ez : ስማንያ:

English: Ethiopic Number Eighty  
With Rubricated Body and  
Numeral Bar Serifs

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC DIGIT EIGHTY WITH RUBRICATED BODY AND NUMERAL BAR SERIFS

**Description:** The ETHIOPIC NUMBER EIGHTY, ስ, with rubricated central glyph and rubricated upper and lower horizontal numeral marker serifs.

**Recommended Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

**Contextual Sample:** TBD

**Usage:** The context of use is identical with the canonical form of the numeral. This form of the numeral is found in prose for expressing years (and days?) but not in counting, enumeration, or other contexts describing quantities. The use of a rubricated form of the numeral is entirely left to the discretion of the author.

**Glyph Notes:** The recommended rubrication absolute color is red (RGB: FF0000).

**References:**

**Validation:**



Ge'ez : ተስዓ:

English: Ethiopic Number Ninety  
With Rubricated Body and  
Numeral Bar Serifs

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC DIGIT NINETY WITH RUBRICATED BODY AND NUMERAL BAR SERIFS

**Description:** The ETHIOPIC NUMBER NINETY, ፩, with rubricated central glyph and rubricated upper and lower horizontal numeral marker serifs.

**Recommended Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

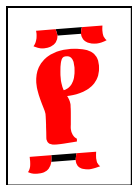
**Contextual Sample:** TBD

**Usage:** The context of use is identical with the canonical form of the numeral. This form of the numeral is found in prose for expressing years (and days?) but not in counting, enumeration, or other contexts describing quantities. The use of a rubricated form of the numeral is entirely left to the discretion of the author.

**Glyph Notes:** The recommended rubrication absolute color is red (RGB: FF0000).

**References:**

**Validation:**



Ge'ez : ምእት :

English: Ethiopic Number Hundred  
With Rubricated Body and  
Numeral Bar Serifs

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC DIGIT ONE HUNDRED WITH RUBRICATED BODY AND NUMERAL BAR SERIFS

**Description:** The ETHIOPIC NUMBER ONE HUNDRED, ፬, with rubricated central glyph and rubricated upper and lower horizontal numeral marker serifs.

**Recommended Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

**Contextual Sample:** TBD

**Usage:** The context of use is identical with the canonical form of the numeral. This form of the numeral is found in prose for expressing years (and days?) but not in counting, enumeration, or other contexts describing quantities. The use of a rubricated form of the numeral is entirely left to the discession of the author.

**Glyph Notes:** The recommended rubrication absolute color is red (RGB: FF0000).

**References:**

**Validation:**





Ge'ez : አልፍ :

English: Ethiopic Number Ten Thousand  
With Rubricated Body and  
Numeral Bar Serifs

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC DIGIT TEN THOUSAND WITH RUBRICATED BODY AND NUMERAL BAR SERIFS

**Description:** The ETHIOPIC NUMBER TEN THOUSAND, ሹ, with rubricated central glyph and rubricated upper and lower horizontal numeral marker serifs.

**Recommended Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

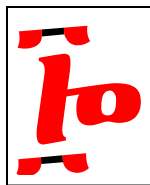
**Contextual Sample:** TBD

**Usage:** The context of use is identical with the canonical form of the numeral. This form of the numeral is found in prose for expressing years (and days?) but not in counting, enumeration, or other contexts describing quantities. The use of a rubricated form of the numeral is entirely left to the discession of the author.

**Glyph Notes:** The recommended rubrication absolute color is red (RGB: FF0000).

**References:**

**Validation:**



Ge'ez : **ዐሠርቱ፡ ወ????፡**

English: Ethiopic Number Conjunctive  
Ten With Rubricated Body  
and Numeral Bar Serifs

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC NUMBER CONJUNCTIVE TEN WITH RUBRICATED BODY AND NUMERAL BAR SERIFS

**Description:** The ETHIOPIC NUMBER CONJUNCTIVE TEN, ፲, with rubricated central glyph and rubricated upper and lower horizontal numeral marker serifs.

**Recommended Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

**Contextual Sample:** ወኮነ፡ ፲ወ፪፡ ዓመተ፡ ወሞተ፡  
እረጉ *The Octateuch f.5v*

**Usage:** The context of use is identical with the canonical form of the numeral. This form of the numeral is found in prose for expressing years (and days?) but not in counting, enumeration, or other contexts describing quantities. The use of a rubricated form of the numeral is entirely left to the discretion of the author.

**Glyph Notes:** The recommended rubrication absolute color is red (RGB: FF0000).

**References:** እረጉ *The Octateuch f.5v*

**Validation:**



Ge'ez : አሐዱ፡

English: Ethiopic Digit One  
With Rubricated  
Numeral Bar Serifs

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC DIGIT ONE WITH RUBRICATED BODY AND NUMERAL BAR SERIFS

**Description:** The ETHIOPIC DIGIT ONE, ፩, with rubricated central glyph and rubricated upper and lower horizontal numeral marker serifs.

**Recommended  
Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

**Contextual  
Sample:** TBD

**Usage:** The context of use is identical with the canonical form of the numeral. This form of the numeral is found in prose for expressing years (and days?) but not in counting, enumeration, or other contexts describing quantities. The use of a rubricated form of the numeral is entirely left to the discretion of the author.

**Glyph Notes:** The recommended rubrication absolute color is red (RGB: FF0000).

**References:**

**Validation:**



Ge'ez : ከልኤቲ፡

English: Ethiopic Digit Two  
With Rubricated  
Numeral Bar Serifs

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC DIGIT TWO WITH RUBRICATED BODY AND NUMERAL BAR SERIFS

**Description:** The ETHIOPIC DIGIT TWO, ፪, with rubricated central glyph and rubricated upper and lower horizontal numeral marker serifs.

**Recommended Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

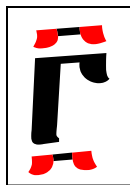
**Contextual Sample:** TBD

**Usage:** The context of use is identical with the canonical form of the numeral. This form of the numeral is found in prose for expressing years (and days?) but not in counting, enumeration, or other contexts describing quantities. The use of a rubricated form of the numeral is entirely left to the discretion of the author.

**Glyph Notes:** The recommended rubrication absolute color is red (RGB: FF0000).

**References:**

**Validation:**



Ge'ez : ሠላስቱ፡

English: Ethiopic Digit Three  
With Rubricated  
Numeral Bar Serifs

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC DIGIT THREE WITH RUBRICATED BODY AND NUMERAL BAR SERIFS

**Description:** The ETHIOPIC DIGIT THREE, ፫, with rubricated central glyph and rubricated upper and lower horizontal numeral marker serifs.

**Recommended Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

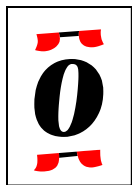
**Contextual Sample:** TBD

**Usage:** The context of use is identical with the canonical form of the numeral. This form of the numeral is found in prose for expressing years (and days?) but not in counting, enumeration, or other contexts describing quantities. The use of a rubricated form of the numeral is entirely left to the discretion of the author.

**Glyph Notes:** The recommended rubrication absolute color is red (RGB: FF0000).

**References:**

**Validation:**



Ge'ez : አርባፋ፡

English: Ethiopic Digit Four  
With Rubricated  
Numeral Bar Serifs

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC DIGIT FOUR WITH RUBRICATED BODY AND NUMERAL BAR SERIFS

**Description:** The ETHIOPIC DIGIT FOUR, ፩, with rubricated central glyph and rubricated upper and lower horizontal numeral marker serifs.

**Recommended  
Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

**Contextual  
Sample:** TBD

**Usage:** The context of use is identical with the canonical form of the numeral. This form of the numeral is found in prose for expressing years (and days?) but not in counting, enumeration, or other contexts describing quantities. The use of a rubricated form of the numeral is entirely left to the discretion of the author.

**Glyph Notes:** The recommended rubrication absolute color is red (RGB: FF0000).

**References:**

**Validation:**



Ge'ez : ስ

English: Ethiopic Digit Five  
With Rubricated  
Numeral Bar Serifs

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC DIGIT FIVE WITH RUBRICATED BODY AND NUMERAL BAR SERIFS

**Description:** The ETHIOPIC DIGIT FIVE, ስ, with rubricated central glyph and rubricated upper and lower horizontal numeral marker serifs.

**Recommended Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

**Contextual Sample:** TBD

**Usage:** The context of use is identical with the canonical form of the numeral. This form of the numeral is found in prose for expressing years (and days?) but not in counting, enumeration, or other contexts describing quantities. The use of a rubricated form of the numeral is entirely left to the discession of the author.

**Glyph Notes:** The recommended rubrication absolute color is red (RGB: FF0000).

**References:**

**Validation:**



Ge'ez : ስፍስቱ :

English: Ethiopic Digit Six  
With Rubricated  
Numeral Bar Serifs

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC DIGIT SIX WITH RUBRICATED BODY AND NUMERAL BAR SERIFS

**Description:** The ETHIOPIC DIGIT SIX, ስፍስቱ, with rubricated central glyph and rubricated upper and lower horizontal numeral marker serifs.

**Recommended  
Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

**Contextual  
Sample:** TBD

**Usage:** The context of use is identical with the canonical form of the numeral. This form of the numeral is found in prose for expressing years (and days?) but not in counting, enumeration, or other contexts describing quantities. The use of a rubricated form of the numeral is entirely left to the discretion of the author.

**Glyph Notes:** The recommended rubrication absolute color is red (RGB: FF0000).

**References:**

**Validation:**





Ge'ez : ስብሐት:

English: Ethiopic Digit Seven  
With Rubricated  
Numeral Bar Serifs

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC DIGIT SEVEN WITH RUBRICATED BODY AND NUMERAL BAR SERIFS

**Description:** The ETHIOPIC DIGIT SEVEN, 7, with rubricated central glyph and rubricated upper and lower horizontal numeral marker serifs.

**Recommended Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

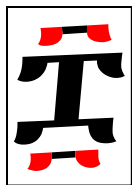
**Contextual Sample:** TBD

**Usage:** The context of use is identical with the canonical form of the numeral. This form of the numeral is found in prose for expressing years (and days?) but not in counting, enumeration, or other contexts describing quantities. The use of a rubricated form of the numeral is entirely left to the discretion of the author.

**Glyph Notes:** The recommended rubrication absolute color is red (RGB: FF0000).

**References:**

**Validation:**



Ge'ez : ስመንቱ፡

English: Ethiopic Digit Eight  
With Rubricated  
Numeral Bar Serifs

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC DIGIT EIGHT WITH RUBRICATED BODY AND NUMERAL BAR SERIFS

**Description:** The ETHIOPIC DIGIT EIGHT, ስ, with rubricated central glyph and rubricated upper and lower horizontal numeral marker serifs.

**Recommended Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

**Contextual Sample:** TBD

**Usage:** The context of use is identical with the canonical form of the numeral. This form of the numeral is found in prose for expressing years (and days?) but not in counting, enumeration, or other contexts describing quantities. The use of a rubricated form of the numeral is entirely left to the discretion of the author.

**Glyph Notes:** The recommended rubrication absolute color is red (RGB: FF0000).

**References:**

**Validation:**



Ge'ez : ተስዐቱ፡

English: Ethiopic Digit Nine  
With Rubricated  
Numeral Bar Serifs

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC DIGIT NINE WITH RUBRICATED BODY AND NUMERAL BAR SERIFS

**Description:** The ETHIOPIC DIGIT NINE, ፩, with rubricated central glyph and rubricated upper and lower horizontal numeral marker serifs.

**Recommended Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

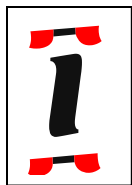
**Contextual Sample:** TBD

**Usage:** The context of use is identical with the canonical form of the numeral. This form of the numeral is found in prose for expressing years (and days?) but not in counting, enumeration, or other contexts describing quantities. The use of a rubricated form of the numeral is entirely left to the discretion of the author.

**Glyph Notes:** The recommended rubrication absolute color is red (RGB: FF0000).

**References:**

**Validation:**



Ge'ez : **፩**

English: Ethiopic Number Ten  
With Rubricated  
Numeral Bar Serifs

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC DIGIT TEN WITH RUBRICATED BODY AND NUMERAL BAR SERIFS

**Description:** The ETHIOPIC NUMBER TEN, **፩**, with rubricated central glyph and rubricated upper and lower horizontal numeral marker serifs.

**Recommended Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

**Contextual Sample:** TBD

**Usage:** The context of use is identical with the canonical form of the numeral. This form of the numeral is found in prose for expressing years (and days?) but not in counting, enumeration, or other contexts describing quantities. The use of a rubricated form of the numeral is entirely left to the discession of the author.

**Glyph Notes:** The recommended rubrication absolute color is red (RGB: FF0000).

**References:**

**Validation:**





Ge'ez : ሠላሳ:

## English: Ethiopic Number Thirty With Rubricated Numeral Bar Serifs

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC DIGIT THIRTY WITH RUBRICATED BODY AND NUMERAL BAR SERIFS

**Description:** The ETHIOPIC NUMBER THIRTY, ሠላሳ, with rubricated central glyph and rubricated upper and lower horizontal numeral marker serifs.

**Recommended Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

**Contextual Sample:** TBD

**Usage:** The context of use is identical with the canonical form of the numeral. This form of the numeral is found in prose for expressing years (and days?) but not in counting, enumeration, or other contexts describing quantities. The use of a rubricated form of the numeral is entirely left to the discretion of the author.

**Glyph Notes:** The recommended rubrication absolute color is red (RGB: FF0000).

**References:**

**Validation:**



Ge'ez : አርብዓ:

## English: Ethiopic Number Forty With Rubricated Numeral Bar Serifs

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC DIGIT FORTY WITH RUBRICATED BODY AND NUMERAL BAR SERIFS

**Description:** The ETHIOPIC NUMBER FORTY, *፳*, with rubricated central glyph and rubricated upper and lower horizontal numeral marker serifs.

**Recommended Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

**Contextual Sample:** TBD

**Usage:** The context of use is identical with the canonical form of the numeral. This form of the numeral is found in prose for expressing years (and days?) but not in counting, enumeration, or other contexts describing quantities. The use of a rubricated form of the numeral is entirely left to the discretion of the author.

**Glyph Notes:** The recommended rubrication absolute color is red (RGB: FF0000).

**References:**

**Validation:**



Ge'ez : ፹

## English: Ethiopic Number Fifty With Rubricated Numeral Bar Serifs

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC DIGIT FIFTY WITH RUBRICATED BODY AND NUMERAL BAR SERIFS

**Description:** The ETHIOPIC NUMBER FIFTY, ፹, with rubricated central glyph and rubricated upper and lower horizontal numeral marker serifs.

**Recommended Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

**Contextual Sample:** TBD

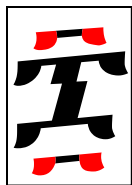
**Usage:** The context of use is identical with the canonical form of the numeral. This form of the numeral is found in prose for expressing years (and days?) but not in counting, enumeration, or other contexts describing quantities. The use of a rubricated form of the numeral is entirely left to the discretion of the author.

**Glyph Notes:** The recommended rubrication absolute color is red (RGB: FF0000).

**References:**

**Validation:**





Ge'ez : ስሳ:

English: Ethiopic Number Sixty  
With Rubricated  
Numeral Bar Serifs

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC DIGIT SIXTY WITH RUBRICATED BODY AND NUMERAL BAR SERIFS

**Description:** The ETHIOPIC NUMBER SIXTY, ስሳ, with rubricated central glyph and rubricated upper and lower horizontal numeral marker serifs.

**Recommended Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

**Contextual Sample:** TBD

**Usage:** The context of use is identical with the canonical form of the numeral. This form of the numeral is found in prose for expressing years (and days?) but not in counting, enumeration, or other contexts describing quantities. The use of a rubricated form of the numeral is entirely left to the discretion of the author.

**Glyph Notes:** The recommended rubrication absolute color is red (RGB: FF0000).

**References:**

**Validation:**



Ge'ez : ስብዓ :

## English: Ethiopic Number Seventy With Rubricated Numeral Bar Serifs

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC DIGIT SEVENTY WITH RUBRICATED BODY AND NUMERAL BAR SERIFS

**Description:** The ETHIOPIC NUMBER SEVENTY, ፳, with rubricated central glyph and rubricated upper and lower horizontal numeral marker serifs.

**Recommended Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

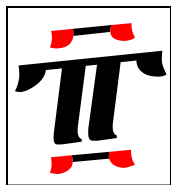
**Contextual Sample:** TBD

**Usage:** The context of use is identical with the canonical form of the numeral. This form of the numeral is found in prose for expressing years (and days?) but not in counting, enumeration, or other contexts describing quantities. The use of a rubricated form of the numeral is entirely left to the discretion of the author.

**Glyph Notes:** The recommended rubrication absolute color is red (RGB: FF0000).

**References:**

**Validation:**



Ge'ez : ስማንያ:

English: Ethiopic Number Eighty  
With Rubricated  
Numeral Bar Serifs

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC DIGIT EIGHTY WITH RUBRICATED BODY AND NUMERAL BAR SERIFS

**Description:** The ETHIOPIC NUMBER EIGHTY, ስማንያ, with rubricated central glyph and rubricated upper and lower horizontal numeral marker serifs.

**Recommended Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

**Contextual Sample:** TBD

**Usage:** The context of use is identical with the canonical form of the numeral. This form of the numeral is found in prose for expressing years (and days?) but not in counting, enumeration, or other contexts describing quantities. The use of a rubricated form of the numeral is entirely left to the discretion of the author.

**Glyph Notes:** The recommended rubrication absolute color is red (RGB: FF0000).

**References:**

**Validation:**



Ge'ez : ተስዓ:

English: Ethiopic Number Ninety  
With Rubricated  
Numeral Bar Serifs

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC DIGIT NINETY WITH RUBRICATED BODY AND NUMERAL BAR SERIFS

**Description:** The ETHIOPIC NUMBER NINETY, ተስዓ, with rubricated central glyph and rubricated upper and lower horizontal numeral marker serifs.

**Recommended  
Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

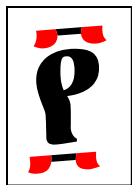
**Contextual  
Sample:** TBD

**Usage:** The context of use is identical with the canonical form of the numeral. This form of the numeral is found in prose for expressing years (and days?) but not in counting, enumeration, or other contexts describing quantities. The use of a rubricated form of the numeral is entirely left to the discretion of the author.

**Glyph Notes:** The recommended rubrication absolute color is red (RGB: FF0000).

**References:**

**Validation:**



Ge'ez : ምእት፡

English: Ethiopic Number Hundred  
With Rubricated  
Numeral Bar Serifs

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC DIGIT ONE HUNDRED WITH RUBRICATED BODY AND NUMERAL BAR SERIES

**Description:** The ETHIOPIC NUMBER ONE HUNDRED, ፩, with rubricated central glyph and rubricated upper and lower horizontal numeral marker serifs.

**Recommended Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

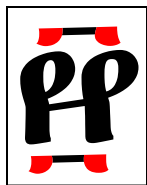
**Contextual Sample:** TBD

**Usage:** The context of use is identical with the canonical form of the numeral. This form of the numeral is found in prose for expressing years (and days?) but not in counting, enumeration, or other contexts describing quantities. The use of a rubricated form of the numeral is entirely left to the discretion of the author.

**Glyph Notes:** The recommended rubrication absolute color is red (RGB: FF0000).

### References:

### Validation:



Ge'ez : አልፍ፡

English: Ethiopic Number Ten Thousand  
With Rubricated  
Numeral Bar Serifs

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC DIGIT TEN THOUSAND WITH RUBRICATED BODY AND NUMERAL BAR SERIFS

**Description:** The ETHIOPIC NUMBER TEN THOUSAND, ፱, with rubricated central glyph and rubricated upper and lower horizontal numeral marker serifs.

**Recommended Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

**Contextual Sample:** TBD

**Usage:** The context of use is identical with the canonical form of the numeral. This form of the numeral is found in prose for expressing years (and days?) but not in counting, enumeration, or other contexts describing quantities. The use of a rubricated form of the numeral is entirely left to the discretion of the author.

**Glyph Notes:** The recommended rubrication absolute color is red (RGB: FF0000).

**References:**

**Validation:**

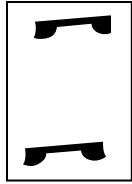


# Reference Marking

The written Zaima practice relies heavily on a system of referencing written into the sidebar and inter-columnar space. Most prevalent are the “Haleita Number” reference marks that are formed with one or several letters that abbreviate a Haleita exemplar. The abbreviation in turn will then be adorned with the upper and lower horizontal “bars” found enclosing the Ethiopic numerals. The bars applied to the Haleita abbreviations will almost always be rubricated and joined if spanning more than one letter. Some authors have also applied the numeral bars to first order (Ge’ez) syllables to constructed ordered lists.

The proposal made here is to encode the reference bars as non-spacing marks rather than the individual reifications that occur in their application to abbreviations (where determining an exhaustive list would be problematic).






Ge'ez : *TBD*

English: Ethiopic Reference Mark




**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC REFERENCE MARK



**Description:** The Ethiopic reference marks are used to indicate that the encompassed letter or letters are a referent to some other resource such as a gloss.

**Recommended Encoding:** Code point.

**Contextual Sample:**  እስ ለ፬ ተቀነዩ፡ ለእግዚአብሔር፡ በፍርድት፡  
*Tsome Digua p. 9*

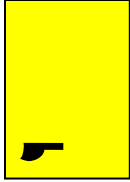
**Usage:** Most often used in the left column of a Zaima document to indicate “Haleita Numbers”.

**Glyph Notes:** In an ideal implementation the width of the bars would adjust to the width of the letter encompassed. Thus  and not . The vertical space between the bars should be designed to encompass the tallest letter in the Ge'ez letter inventory under the typeface (Amharic and other non-Ge'ez language extensions are not applicable to the reference mark, an exception appears to be  in Zimamie).

Note the variation in style used where the left serifs may be flipped above their respective bars  or both serifs are flipped above the upper bar . These options may help distinguish the reference bars from numeral bars visually and visually manifest the different context of use.

**References:** Digua 3-, Tsome Digua 7-, Me'eraf 9- , Zimarie Wemewasit p. 1- , Ziq 7- , Zimamie 1-

**Validation:**




Ge'ez : *TBD*

English: Ethiopic Begin of Lower  
Reference Mark

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC CONJUNCTIVE NUMBER TEN

**Description:**

**Recommended  
Encoding:** Code point.

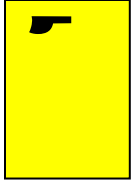
**Contextual  
Sample:**  አልሰ፡ አይሁደዊ፡ ወአልሰ፡ አረማ  
*Zimarie p. 7*

**Usage:** Usually applied to sequences of 2-3 letters only.

**Glyph Notes:** This needs review by professional type designers.

**References:** Digua 237- , Zimarie Wemawasit p. 7

**Validation:**




Ge'ez : *TBD*

English: Ethiopic Begin of Upper  
Reference Mark

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC BEGIN OF UPPER REFERENCE MARK

**Description:**

**Recommended  
Encoding:** Code point.

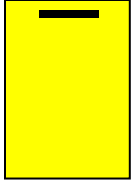
**Contextual  
Sample:**  አልሶ፡ አይሁደኖ፡ ወአልሶ፡ አረማ  
*Zimarie p. 7*

**Usage:** Usually applied to sequences of 2-3 letters only.

**Glyph Notes:** This needs review by professional type designers.

**References:** Digua 237- , Zimarie Wemawasit p. 7

**Validation:**



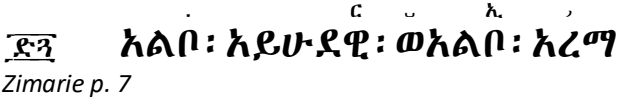
Ge'ez : *TBD*

English: Ethiopic Middle of Upper  
Reference Mark

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC MIDDLE OF UPPER REFERENCE MARK

**Description:**

**Recommended  
Encoding:** Code point.

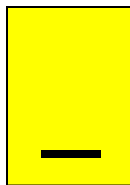
**Contextual  
Sample:**   
*Zimarie p. 7*

**Usage:** Usually applied to sequences of 2-3 letters only.

**Glyph Notes:** This needs review by professional type designers.

**References:** Digua 237- , Zimarie Wemawasit p. 7

**Validation:**




Ge'ez : *TBD*

English: Ethiopic Middle of Lower  
Reference Mark

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC MIDDLE OF LOWER REFERENCE MARK

**Description:**

**Recommended  
Encoding:** Code point.

**Contextual  
Sample:**  አልሰ፡ አይሁደዊ፡ ወአልሰ፡ አረማ  
*Zimarie p. 7*

**Usage:** Usually applied to sequences of 2-3 letters only.

**Glyph Notes:** This needs review by professional type designers.

**References:** Digua 237- , Zimarie Wemawasit p. 7

**Validation:**




Ge'ez : *TBD*

English: Ethiopic End of Lower  
Reference Mark

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC END OF LOWER REFERENCE MARK

**Description:**

**Recommended  
Encoding:** Code point.

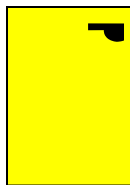
**Contextual  
Sample:**  አልሶ፡ አይሁደዊ፡ ወአልሶ፡ አረማ  
*Zimarie p. 7*

**Usage:** Usually applied to sequences of 2-3 letters only.

**Glyph Notes:** This needs review by professional type designers.

**References:** Digua 237- , Zimarie Wemawasit p. 7

**Validation:**



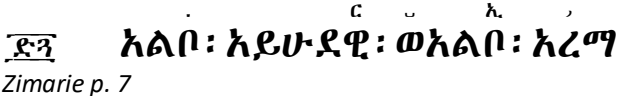
Ge'ez : *TBD*

English: Ethiopic End of Upper  
Reference Mark

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC END OF UPPER REFERENCE MARK

**Description:**

**Recommended  
Encoding:** Code point.

**Contextual  
Sample:**  *Zimarie p. 7*

**Usage:** Usually applied to sequences of 2-3 letters only.

**Glyph Notes:** This needs review by professional type designers.

**References:** Digua 237- , Zimarie Wemawasit p. 7

**Validation:**

# Utility Marks

A small inventory of utility marks is found in Ethiopic manuscripts that will require software support to accurately reproduce the original work in textual form. These marks are generally for correction (e.g. deletion and insertion), section marking, or extending the final stroke of a punctuation mark as an aesthetical flourish.

## Correction Marks

— — Deletion. Appears as an overline above a single letter. Combined overlines are used to mark a reference. To be discussed.

፡ , ፣ , ፥ , ፦ — Insertion

## Section Marks / Section Division

፡ — Hareg

፡ , ፡ — Mecheresha in two forms

፡ — Mekfel

፡ — TBD

፡ — *Has both a numeric context (conjunctive ten) and as an in-margin reference, perhaps similar to ፡.*

## Stroke Continuation

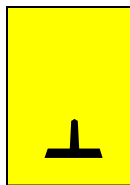
፡ — Wordspace

፡ — Fullstop

፡ , ፡ — Rubricated Wordspace

— — Combining stroke continuation mark





Ge'ez : *TBD*

English: Ethiopic Insertion Mark

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC INSERTION MARK

**Description:**

**Recommended  
Encoding:** Code point.

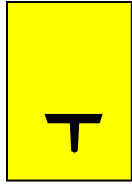
**Contextual  
Sample:** *TBD*

**Usage:**

**Glyph Notes:**

**References:** Zimarie Wemewasit p. 17, 27, 32, 55, 58, 101, 110, 138, 220, 221 (M) 15,  
Digua p. 307,  
Tsome Digua p. 19, 114,  
Me'eraf 175, 192,  
Ziq . 28, 78, 83, 38 (መዝሙር ዘደግረ ዘይት),  
Zimamie p. 30, 50, 79, 81, 110, 150,  
Merha Liqawnt p. 12, 70, 103, 112, 125, 133, 149, 170

**Validation:**



Ge'ez : *TBD*

English: Ethiopic Inverted Insertion  
Mark

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC INVERTED INSERTION MARK

**Description:**

**Recommended  
Encoding:** Code point.

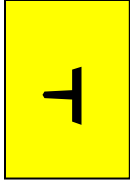
**Contextual  
Sample:** እንተ፡ ርእየኪ፡ ወሬዛ፡ አመ፡ ዕለተ፡ ፍዳ፡ ከንኒ ቃውመ፡  
*Melk'a guba'ie p. 328*

**Usage:** In መልክዐ ጉባኤ the mark is used to indicate stress on a letter.

**Glyph Notes:**

**References:** Merha Liqawnt p. 33, 34, 56, 57, 62, 63, 69, 100, 108, 111, 118, 132, 138, 139  
Ziq p. 212  
Zimamie p. 140 (red), 243

**Validation:**



Ge'ez : *TBD*

English: Ethiopic Right Insertion Mark

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC RIGHT INSERTION MARK

**Description:**

**Recommended  
Encoding:** Code point.

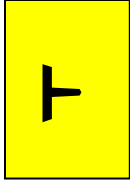
**Contextual  
Sample:** *TBD*

**Usage:**

**Glyph Notes:**

**References:** Merha Liqawnt p. 87, 139

**Validation:**



Ge'ez : *TBD*

English: Ethiopic Left Insertion Mark

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC LEFT INSERTION MARK

**Description:**

**Recommended  
Encoding:** Code point.

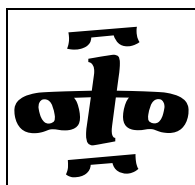
**Contextual  
Sample:** *A potential symbol, not yet observed.*

**Usage:**

**Glyph Notes:**

**References:**

**Validation:**




Ge'ez : *TBD*

English: Ethiopic ???

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC DOUBLE CONJUNCTIVE NUMBER TEN

**Description:** The symbol appears in left side margins in Zimarie Wemewasit, however, when it denotes is not understood att this time.

**Recommended Encoding:** Code point.

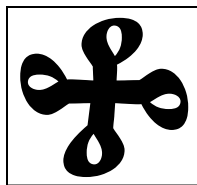
**Contextual Sample:**  ነ : አምላክነ፡ ወምድኃኒነ፡ ሰማ  
*Zimarie p. 151*

**Usage:** The left side margin “reference context” is depicted here from Zimarie Weemwasit. It is not understood at this time what the reference is to.

**Glyph Notes:**

**References:** Zimarie Wemewasit p. (Z) 68, 72, 151

**Validation:**



**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC MEKFEL MARK

**Description:**

**Recommended** Code point.

### Encoding:

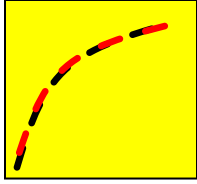
**Contextual Sample:** ማርያም፡ በ፪ነያ፡ ሠናይተ፡ ወነያ፡ አዳም፡  
*Digua p. 387*

**Usage:** As a section/subsection mark. May be used inline to divide portions of text.

**Glyph Notes:** Note the variations in:  and 

**References:** Digua p. 387  
Moges p. 77(r), 188(r), 211(l,r)

**Validation:** *Q: Is Mekfiya a better name for the mark?*



Ge'ez : ሐረግ፡

English: Ethiopic Hareg Section  
Divider

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC HAREG SECTION DIVIDER

**Description:** TBD

**Recommended Encoding:** Graphical, as a curved line style.

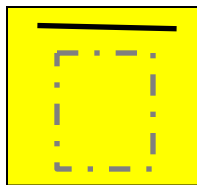
**Contextual Sample:** *TBD*

**Usage:**

**Glyph Notes:** A hareg could be implemented with existing word processor support user created multi-node curved lines where a red-black dashed line is an available option. The user should be able to round the edges of the dash marks if desired.

**References:** Regularly occurring.

**Validation:**



Ge'ez : *TBD*  
English: Ethiopic Overline

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC OVERLINE

**Description:** *TBD*

**Recommended  
Encoding:** Code point.

**Contextual  
Sample:** *TBD*

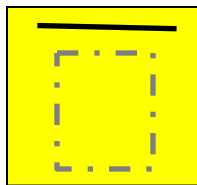
**Usage:**

**Glyph Notes:** .

**References:** Zimarie Wemewasit p.108, 109

**Validation:**





Ge'ez : *TBD*

English: Ethiopic Deletion Mark

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC DELETION MARK

**Description:**

**Recommended  
Encoding:** Code point.

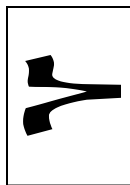
**Contextual  
Sample:** *TBD*

**Usage:**

**Glyph Notes:**

**References:** Digua p. 7,

**Validation:**



Ge'ez : ንዑስ፡ነጥብ፡ *TBD*

English: Ethiopic Wordspace  
With Pen Drag

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC WORDSPACE WITH PEN DRAG

**Description:**

**Recommended Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

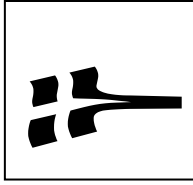
**Contextual Sample:** *TBD*

**Usage:** Most often used at the end of a sentence or section, in place of Ethoipic Full Stop, # .

**Glyph Notes:**

**References:**

**Validation:** *Q: What is the motivation behind the stroke extension?*



Ge'ez : መጠቃጠ፡ ነጥብ፡ *TBD*

English: Ethiopic Fullstop  
With Pen Drag

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC FULLSTOP WITH PEN DRAG

**Description:**

**Recommended  
Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

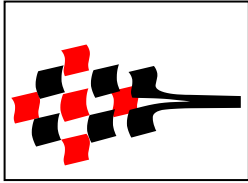
**Contextual  
Sample:** *TBD*

**Usage:**

**Glyph Notes:**

**References:**

**Validation:**



Ge'ez : መጽሐፍ : ነጥብ : *TBD*

English: Ethiopic Rubricated Fullstop  
With Pen Drag

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC RUBRICATED FULLSTOP WITH PEN DRAG

**Description:**

**Recommended  
Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

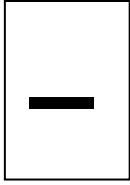
**Contextual  
Sample:** *TBD*

**Usage:**

**Glyph Notes:**

**References:**

**Validation:**



Ge'ez : *TBD*

English: Ethiopic Combining Pen Drag  
Continuation

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC COMBINING PEN DRAG CONTINUATION

**Description:**

**Recommended  
Encoding:** Code point.

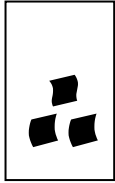
**Contextual  
Sample:** *TBD*

**Usage:**

**Glyph Notes:**

**References:**

**Validation:**



Ge'ez : ሠለስተ፡ነጥብ፡ *TBD*

English: Ethiopic Alternative Comma

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC ALTERNATIVE COMMA

**Description:** Eritrean usage, believed to be a comma.

**Recommended Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

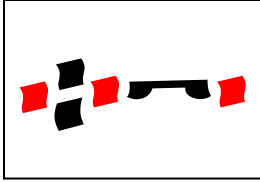
**Contextual Sample:**  
 ሐር፡ ሰምዕኑ፡ ውቁል፡ ቃል፡ ለልብል፤  
 ርኤ፡ ከይመት፡ ረቢ፡ ምግብ፡ አዳምስታ።  
 ወኖሱ፡ ምስሎም፡ ምስል፡ አዳም፡ ነብር።  
 ወህቶም-ማ፡ ገቡእ፡ እግሉ፡ ፍቱይ፡ ገቢሉ።  
 ወረቢ፡ ምስሎም፡ ሐድር፡ ወገብእ፡ ሞላዩም።  
 Derus Tsion p. 345

**Usage:**

**Glyph Notes:**

**References:** Derus Tsion p. 19-

**Validation:**



Ge'ez : መጭረሻ :

English: Ethiopic Mechiresha Mark

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC MECHIRESHA MARK

**Description:**

**Recommended**

**Encoding:** Code point.

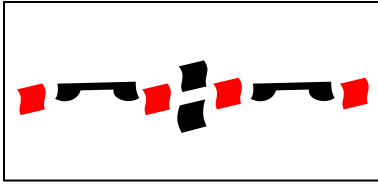
**Contextual  
Sample:** *TBD*

**Usage:**

**Glyph Notes:**

**References:**

**Validation:**



Ge'ez : መጽሐፍ ረሻ : ? ? ?

English: Ethiopic Extended  
Mechiresha Mark

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC EXTENDED MECHIRESHA MARK

**Description:**

**Recommended Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

**Contextual Sample:** *TBD*

**Usage:** *Determine if the extended form is any different from the shorter form. When the two occur in the same document do they have different meanings?*

**Glyph Notes:**

**References:**

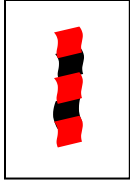
**Validation:**



# Rubricated Punctuation

The Ethiopic ecclesiastical tradition makes frequent use of rubrication of letters, numbers and punctuation. Ethiopic letters benefit from the feature that they are with few exceptions (and with no exceptions for Ge'ez and Biblical literature), fully congruent glyphs with no detached parts. As such, they are always rendered in a single color.

Numerals and punctuation do have disjoint components and scribes will rubricate the glyphs by coloring some parts in red and will leaving other parts in black to produce an aesthetically appealing, decorative, appearance (also called “bi-chromatic”). Word processing software is limited in that it does not allow an author to color only a part of a symbol. Until recently, fonts have merely provided inventories of coded glyphs that word processors will be treated as single units that can be stylized in whole or not at all. Recent innovations in font technology now enable the font designer to incorporate color into glyphs designs. Ethiopic written elements that have historically been rendered in bi-chromatic rubrication are reviewed in turn in this section.



Ge'ez : ንዑስ፡ነጥብ፡ *TBD*

English: Ethiopic Rubricated  
Wordspace

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC RUBRICATED WORDSPACE

**Description:** Ahadu is a context of use for ETHIOPIC DIGIT ONE (U+1369) where it is a shorthand for “፩” (shorthand again for “አሐዱ”).

**Recommended Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

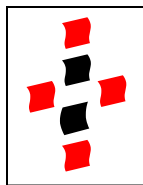
**Contextual Sample:** *TBD*

**Usage:** The rubricated wordspace is identical in use to the regular wordspace. The decision to use the rubricated form is left entirely to the descretion of the scribe.

**Glyph Notes:**

**References:**

**Validation:**



Ge'ez : ንዑስ፡ነጥብ፡ *TBD*

English: Ethiopic Rubricated  
Wordspace

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC RUBRICATED WORDSPACE

**Description:** Ahadu is a context of use for ETHIOPIC DIGIT ONE (U+1369) where it is a shorthand for “፩” (shorthand again for “አሐዱ”).

**Recommended Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

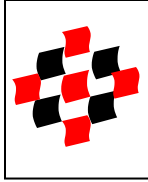
**Contextual Sample:** *TBD*

**Usage:** The rubricated wordspace is identical in use to the regular wordspace. The decision to use the rubricated form is left entirely to the discretion of the scribe.

**Glyph Notes:**

**References:**

**Validation:**



Ge'ez : መጠቃለያ፡ ነጥብ፡ *TBD*  
English: Ethiopic Rubricated  
Wordspace

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC RUBRICATED FULL STOP

**Description:** Ahadu is a context of use for ETHIOPIC FULL STOP (U+1362) where it is a shorthand for “፪” (shorthand again for “አሐዱ”).

**Recommended Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

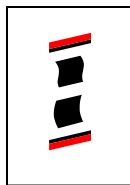
**Contextual Sample:** *TBD*

**Usage:** The rubricated fullstop is identical in use to the regular fullstop. The decision to use the rubricated form is left entirely to the descretion of the scribe.

**Glyph Notes:**

**References:**

**Validation:**



Ge'ez : መጋጠ፡ ማረዘ፡ *TBD*

English: Ethiopic Rubricated  
Semicolon

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC RUBRICATED SEMICOLON

**Description:**

**Recommended  
Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

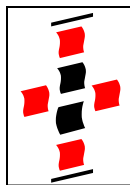
**Contextual  
Sample:** *TBD*

**Usage:** The rubricated fullstop is identical in use to the regular fullstop. The decision to use the rubricated form is left entirely to the descretion of the scribe.

**Glyph Notes:**

**References:**

**Validation:**



Ge'ez : *፡ ፡ ፡ ፡ ፡ TBD*  
English: Ethiopic Rubricated  
Semicolon

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC RUBRICATED WORDSPACE

**Description:**

**Recommended  
Encoding:** Alternate glyph in a stylistic set.

**Contextual  
Sample:** *TBD*

**Usage:** The rubricated fullstop is identical in use to the regular fullstop. The decision to use the rubricated form is left entirely to the descretion of the scribe.

**Glyph Notes:**

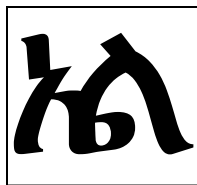
**References:**

**Validation:**

# Ligatures

Ethiopic calligraphic manuscripts will often feature ligatures where two or more letters will be joined to form a single glyph. This practice is considered a shorthand convenience that saves a little time and ink for the working scribe. Some ligatures are ultimately idiosyncratic to a particular scribe. A few however are found regularly and are clearly representative of a broader practice presenting a norm of writing.

It is suggested here that the regularly found ligatures be provided in fonts provided by vendors serving the Ethiopic manuscripts and ancient texts communities.



Ge'ez : ከል :

English: Ethiopic Ligature Syllable  
Glottal “EE” With Syllable “LE”

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC LIGATURE SYLLABLE GLOTTAL EE WITH SYLLABLE LE

**Description:**

**Recommended  
Encoding:** Ligature.

**Contextual  
Sample:** *TBD*

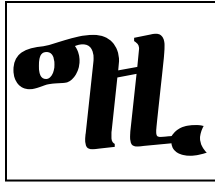
**Usage:** The ከል glyph is entirely interchangeable with and sequence of independent ‘ከ’ and ‘ል’ letters. The decision to use the ligature form is left entirely to the descretion of the scribe.

**Glyph Notes:**

**References:**

**Validation:**





Ge'ez : ግዚ :

English: Ethiopic Ligature Syllable  
“Ge” With Syllable “Zi”

**Letter Name:** ETHIOPIC LIGATURE SYLLABLE GE WITH SYLLABLE ZI

**Description:**

**Recommended  
Encoding:** Ligature.

**Contextual  
Sample:** ግዚአብሔር፡ ለጽዮን፡ ለኢየሩሳሌም፡ እንተ፡  
*Ziq p. 22*

**Usage:** The ግዚ glyph is entirely interchangeable with and sequence of independent ‘ግ’ and ‘ዚ.’ letters. The decision to use the ligature form is left entirely to the descretion of the scribe.

**Glyph Notes:**

**References:** Ziq p. 11, 19, 22, 25, 26, 40, 42, 49, 54, 55, 81, 99, 226, 227  
Zimamie p. 10, 34, 49, 135  
Zimarie Wemewasit (Z) p. 4, 6, 7, 11 (M) p. 14

**Validation:**

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F40	ᄁ	ᄂ	ᄃ	ᄄ	ᄅ	ᄆ	ᄇ	ᄈ	ᄉ	ᄊ	ᄋ	ᄌ	ᄍ	ᄎ	ᄏ	ᄐ
F41	ᄑ	ᄒ	ᄓ	ᄔ	ᄕ	ᄖ	ᄗ	ᄘ	ᄙ	ᄚ	ᄛ	ᄜ	ᄝ	ᄞ	ᄟ	ᄠ
F42	ᄡ	ᄢ	ᄣ	ᄤ	ᄥ	ᄦ	ᄧ	ᄨ	ᄩ	ᄪ	ᄫ	ᄬ	ᄭ	ᄮ	ᄯ	ᄰ
F43	ᄱ	ᄲ	ᄳ	ᄴ	ᄵ	ᄶ	ᄷ	ᄸ	ᄹ	ᄺ	ᄻ	ᄼ	ᄽ	ᄾ	ᄿ	ᄽ
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F52	፹	፺	፻	፼	፽											

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F61	፴	፵	፶	፷	፸	፹	፺	፻	፼	፽	፿					