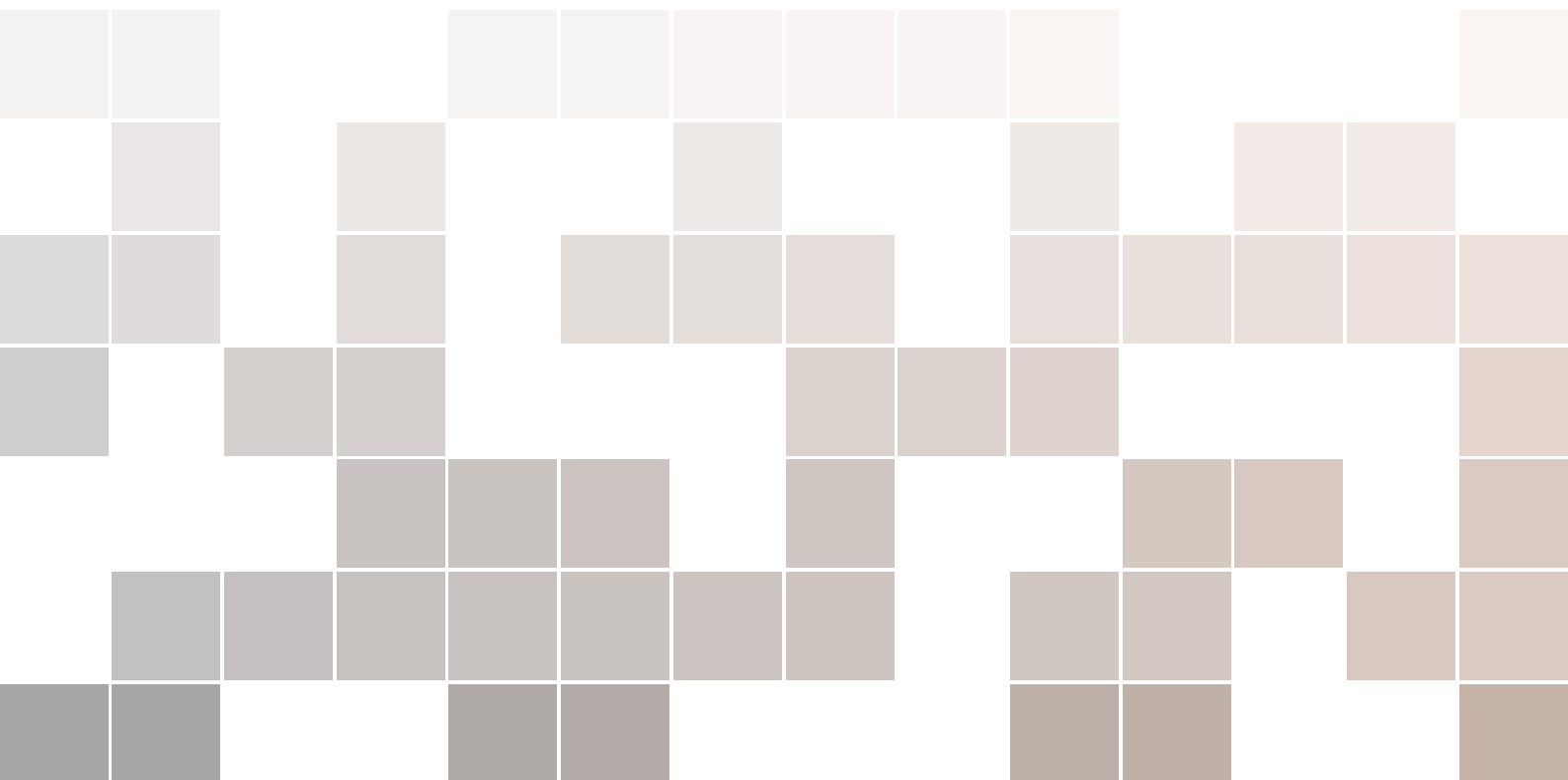




The Beauty of Embracing English

My English Note

Xia Wenxuan



Written by Xia Wenxuan, 2021

PUBLISHED BY MYSELF

<https://github.com/gegeji>

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1. Hearing, Seeing, Saying, Doing

1.1 vis

Vocabulary 1.1 — **visual, visualize.** See visual (Vocabulary 4.176).

Vocabulary 1.2 — **visible, visibility, invisible.** See visible (Vocabulary 4.177).

1.2 audi- (声音)

Vocabulary 1.3 — **audio.** See audio (Vocabulary 4.41).

Vocabulary 1.4 — **audience.** See audience (Vocabulary 4.42).

Vocabulary 1.5 — **audition.** See audition (Vocabulary 4.43).

1.3 ag- (做, 加强)

Vocabulary 1.6 — **agenda.** See agenda (Vocabulary 4.34).

Vocabulary 1.7 — **agency.** See agency (Vocabulary 4.35).

Vocabulary 1.8 — **agent.** See agent (Vocabulary 4.47).

Vocabulary 1.9 — **aggress, aggressive, aggressor.** See aggress, aggressive, aggressor (Vocabulary 4.37).

1.4 dict (doing)

Vocabulary 1.10 — **predict, prediction, predictable, unpredictable.** See predict (Vocabulary 4.125).

Vocabulary 1.11 — **contradict, contradiction, contradictory.** See contradict (Vocabulary 4.61).

1.5 log (saying)

Vocabulary 1.12 — **dialogue.** See dialogue (Vocabulary 4.73).

Vocabulary 1.13 — **monologue**. See monologue (Vocabulary 4.116).


Vocabulary 1.14 — **prologue**. See prologue (Vocabulary 4.128).

Vocabulary 1.15 — **epilogue**. See epilogue (Vocabulary 4.91).

1.6 loqu (saying)

Vocabulary 1.16 — **eloquent, eloquence**. See eloquent (Vocabulary 4.92).

Vocabulary 1.17 — **loquacious**. See loquacious (Vocabulary 4.114).



2. Holding, Seizing, Following

2.1 prehand/pris

Vocabulary 2.1 — comprehend, comprehension, comprehensible. See comprehend (Vocabulary 4.65).

Vocabulary 2.2 — comprehensive. See comprehensive (Vocabulary 4.66).

Vocabulary 2.3 — apprehend, apprehension, apprehensive. See apprehend (Vocabulary 4.51).

Vocabulary 2.4 — surprise. See surprise (Vocabulary 4.152).

Vocabulary 2.5 — comprise. See comprise (Vocabulary 4.67).

Vocabulary 2.6 — enterprise, enterpriser. See enterprise (Vocabulary 4.96).

Vocabulary 2.7 — prison. See prison (Vocabulary 4.143).

Vocabulary 2.8 — imprison. See imprison (Vocabulary 4.109).

2.2 sequ/secut (following)

Vocabulary 2.9 — sequence, sequential. See sequence (Vocabulary 4.155).

Vocabulary 2.10 — subsequent, subsequence. See subsequent (Vocabulary 4.156).

Vocabulary 2.11 — sequel. See sequel (Vocabulary 4.157).

Vocabulary 2.12 — consequent, consequence. See consequent (Vocabulary 4.68).

Vocabulary 2.13 — execute, execution, executive. See execute (Vocabulary 4.97).

Vocabulary 2.14 — consecutive. See consecutive (Vocabulary 4.69).

Vocabulary 2.15 — prosecute, prosecution, prosecutor. See prosecute (Vocabulary 4.145).

Vocabulary 2.16 — presecute. See presecute (Vocabulary 4.146).

2.3 tain (握、持)

Vocabulary 2.17 — maintain. See maintain (Vocabulary 4.118).

Vocabulary 2.18 — obtain. See obtain (Vocabulary 4.121).

Vocabulary 2.19 — attain, attainment. See attain (Vocabulary 4.52).

Vocabulary 2.20 — abstain. See abstain (Vocabulary 4.53).

Vocabulary 2.21 — sustain, sustainable, sustainability. See sustain (Vocabulary ??).

Vocabulary 2.22 — detain, detainer, detainee, detainment. See detain (Vocabulary ??).

Vocabulary 2.23 — retain. See retain (Vocabulary 4.148).



3. Feet, Running, Walking

3.1 cede, ceed, cess (走)

Vocabulary 3.1 — excessive. See excessive (Vocabulary 4.82).

Vocabulary 3.2 — exceed, excess, excessive, excessively. See exceed (Vocabulary 4.83).

Vocabulary 3.3 — proceed. See proceed (Vocabulary 4.123).

Vocabulary 3.4 — precede, preceding, precedence. See precede (Vocabulary 4.124).

Vocabulary 3.5 — succession. See succession (Vocabulary 4.150).

Vocabulary 3.6 — successor. See successor (Vocabulary 4.151).

Vocabulary 3.7 — aggress, aggressive, aggressor. See aggress (Vocabulary 4.46).

3.2 grad (walking)

Vocabulary 3.8 — graduate. See graduate (Vocabulary 4.100).

Vocabulary 3.9 — gradual. See gradual (Vocabulary 4.101).

Vocabulary 3.10 — gradually. See gradually (Vocabulary 4.102).

Vocabulary 3.11 — upgrade. See upgrade (Vocabulary 4.175).

3.3 gress (walk)

Vocabulary 3.12 — progress. See progress (Vocabulary 4.127).

Vocabulary 3.13 — aggress, aggressive, aggressor. See aggress (Vocabulary 4.46).

3.4 ambul, ambl (walking)

Vocabulary 3.14 — ambulance. See ambulance (Vocabulary 4.38).

Vocabulary 3.15 — ambulate. See ambulate (Vocabulary 4.39).

Vocabulary 3.16 — ambulant. See ambulant (Vocabulary 4.40).

Vocabulary 3.17 — preamble. See preamble (Vocabulary 4.122).

3.5 cur, curs, cours(to run)

Vocabulary 3.18 — occur, occurence. See occur (Vocabulary 4.120).

Vocabulary 3.19 — excursion, excurse. See excursion (Vocabulary 4.84).



Vocabulary 3.20 — concur. See concur (Vocabulary 4.58).

Vocabulary 3.21 — concurrent, concurrency. See concurrent (Vocabulary ??).

Vocabulary 3.22 — course. See course (Vocabulary 4.60).

3.6 pass (to walk through)

Vocabulary 3.23 — pass. See pass (Vocabulary 4.137).

Vocabulary 3.24 — compass. See compass (Vocabulary 4.64).

Vocabulary 3.25 — passage. See passage (Vocabulary 4.136).

Vocabulary 3.26 — passenger. See passenger (Vocabulary 4.135).

Vocabulary 3.27 — trespass. See trespass (Vocabulary 4.172).

3.7 ped (feet)

Vocabulary 3.28 — pedal. See pedal (Vocabulary 4.138).

Vocabulary 3.29 — impede, impediment. See impede, impediment (Vocabulary ??).

Vocabulary 3.30 — expedite. See expedite (Vocabulary 4.94).

Vocabulary 3.31 — expedition. See expedition (Vocabulary 4.95).

3.8 vad

Vocabulary 3.32 — invade. See invade (Vocabulary 4.113).

Vocabulary 3.33 — evade, evasion, evasive, evasively, evasiveness. See evade (Vocabulary 4.99).

Vocabulary 3.34 — pervade. See pervade (Vocabulary 4.147).

Vocabulary 3.35 — lavender. See lavender (Vocabulary 4.115).



4. Dragging, Cutting, Parting

4.1 part

Vocabulary 4.1 — department. See department (Vocabulary 4.77).

Vocabulary 4.2 — depart, departure. See depart (Vocabulary 4.78).

Vocabulary 4.3 — apartment. See apartment (Vocabulary 4.48).

Vocabulary 4.4 — apart. See apart (Vocabulary 4.49).



apartment 在主要含义上不是 apart 的名词形式。

Vocabulary 4.5 — counterpart. See counterpart (Vocabulary 4.63).

Vocabulary 4.6 — partial, impartial, partially, partialness. See partial (Vocabulary 4.130).

Vocabulary 4.7 — partner. See partner (Vocabulary 4.131).

Vocabulary 4.8 — particular, particularly. See particular (Vocabulary 4.132).

Vocabulary 4.9 — participate, participation, participator. See participate (Vocabulary 4.129).

Vocabulary 4.10 — partake, partaker. See partake (Vocabulary 4.133).

Vocabulary 4.11 — partition. See partition (Vocabulary 4.134).

Vocabulary 4.12 — impart, impartment, imparter. See impart (Vocabulary 4.104).

4.2 port

Vocabulary 4.13 — proportion. See proportion (Vocabulary 4.140).

Vocabulary 4.14 — apportion. See apportion (Vocabulary 4.50).

Vocabulary 4.15 — portion. See portion (Vocabulary 4.141).

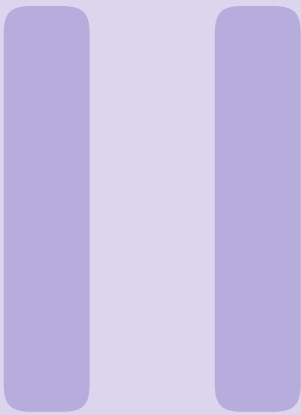
4.3 sect (to cut/to divide)

Vocabulary 4.16 — section. See section (Vocabulary 4.153).

- Vocabulary 4.17** — insect. See insect (Vocabulary 4.110).
Vocabulary 4.18 — insecticide. See insecticide (Vocabulary 4.111).
Vocabulary 4.19 — bisect. See bisect (Vocabulary 4.57).
Vocabulary 4.20 — dissect, dissection. dissectible. See dissect (Vocabulary 4.79).
Vocabulary 4.21 — intersect, intersection. See intersect (Vocabulary 4.112).
Vocabulary 4.22 — segment, segmentation, segmental. See segment (Vocabulary 4.154).

4.4 tract (to draw/to drag)

- Vocabulary 4.23** — tractor. See tractor (Vocabulary 4.173).
Vocabulary 4.24 — traction. See traction (Vocabulary 4.174).
Vocabulary 4.25 — attract, attraction, attractive. See attract (Vocabulary 4.55).
Vocabulary 4.26 — distract, dictacting, distracted, distraction. See distract (Vocabulary 4.72).
Vocabulary 4.27 — contract, contraction. See contract (Vocabulary 4.70).
Vocabulary 4.28 — extract, extraction, extractor. See extract (Vocabulary 4.98).
Vocabulary 4.29 — abstract, abstraction, abstractly. See abstract (Vocabulary 4.54).
Vocabulary 4.30 — detract, detraction. See detract (Vocabulary ??).
Vocabulary 4.31 — protract. See protract (Vocabulary 4.144).
Vocabulary 4.32 — retract, retractable. See retract (Vocabulary 4.149).
Vocabulary 4.33 — subtract, subtraction, subtractive. See subtract (Vocabulary 4.158).



All words

4.5	A, a
4.6	B, b
4.7	C, c
4.8	D, d
4.9	E, e
4.10	G, g
4.11	I, i
4.12	L, l
4.13	M, m
4.14	O, o
4.15	P, p
4.16	R, r
4.17	S, s
4.18	T, t
4.19	U, u
4.20	V, v

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4.5 A, a

Vocabulary 4.34 — agenda.

Vocabulary 4.35 — agency.

Vocabulary 4.36 — agent.

Vocabulary 4.37 — aggress, aggressive, aggressor.

Vocabulary 4.38 — ambulance.

Vocabulary 4.39 — ambulate. ambulate /'æm byəleɪt/
to walk about or move from place to place.

Vocabulary 4.40 — ambulant. ambulant /'æmbjələnt/
(of a patient) able to walk; not having to stay in bed

Vocabulary 4.41 — audio.

Vocabulary 4.42 — audience.

Vocabulary 4.43 — audition. My niece was admitted to the Juilliard School of Music in America. But before that she was asked to attend an audition.

Vocabulary 4.44 — auditorium.

Vocabulary 4.45 — audible, inaudible. The audio-visual equipment there is magnificent that even in the farthest seat the music is still audible.

Vocabulary 4.46 — aggress, aggressive, aggressor.

Vocabulary 4.47 — agent.

Vocabulary 4.48 — apartment. a set of rooms on one floor of a large building, where someone lives

a room or set of rooms used by an important person such as a president *I had never been in the prince's private apartments before.*

Vocabulary 4.49 — apart. *two miles/six feet etc apart two days/three weeks/five years etc apart*

if something comes apart, or you take it apart, it is separated into different pieces *The whole thing **comes apart** so that you can clean it. They **took the engine apart** to see what was wrong.*

if you keep things apart, you keep them separate from each other *I try to **keep** my work and private life as far **apart** as possible.*

if people are apart, they are not together in the same place, or not having a relationship with each other *The children have never been apart before.*

fall apart if something falls apart, it breaks into different pieces; if something is falling apart, it is in very bad condition *He drives around in an old car that's falling apart.*

be torn apart if a marriage, family etc is torn apart, it can no longer continue because of serious difficulties *The play portrays a good marriage torn apart by external forces.*

be worlds/poles apart if people, beliefs, or ideas are worlds or poles apart, they are completely different from each other *I realized we were still worlds apart.* 我意识到我们之间仍有天壤之别。

grow/drift apart if people drift or grow apart, their relationship slowly becomes less close *Lewis and his father drifted apart after he moved to New York.*

joking apart used to say that you want to say something seriously

somebody/something apart except for someone or something *The car industry apart, most industries are now seeing an improvement in their economic performance.*

set somebody/something apart to make someone or something different from other people or things *Her unusual lifestyle set her apart as a child.*

Vocabulary 4.50 — apportion.

Vocabulary 4.51 — apprehend, apprehension, apprehensive. arrest (someone) for a crime.

*"a warrant was issued but he has not been apprehended";

(old-fashioned) understand or perceive. "great art invites us to apprehend beauty"; to be apprehensive, suspicious, or fearful; fear.

apprehensive: 担心 We'd been a little apprehensive about their visit.

Vocabulary 4.52 — attain, attainment. sense of attainment

Vocabulary 4.53 — abstain. 抑制 e.g. *The man tries so hard to abstain from drinking.*

戒绝, 弃权 e.g. *When you are in China, will you have to abstain from voting in your country? Pilots must abstain from alcohol for 24 hours before flying.*

Vocabulary 4.54 — abstract, abstraction, abstractly. based on general ideas or principles rather than specific examples or real events (syn theoretical)

existing only as an idea or quality rather than as something real that you can see or touch (opp concrete)

a painting, design etc which contains shapes or images that do not look like real things or people 抽象画; 抽象设计; 抽象派作品

a short written statement containing only the most important ideas in a speech, article etc

in the abstract considered in a general way rather than being based on specific details and examples

to write a document containing the most important ideas or points from a speech, article etc

(formal) to remove something from somewhere

Vocabulary 4.55 — attract, attraction, attractive.

4.6 B, b

Vocabulary 4.56 — binary.

Vocabulary 4.57 — bisect. to divide something into two equal parts

4.7 C, c

Vocabulary 4.58 — concur. to agree with someone or have the same opinion as them *The committee largely concurred with these views.*

Vocabulary 4.59 — concurrent, concurrency. existing or happening at the same time *The exhibition reflected concurrent developments abroad. concurrent with My opinions are concurrent with yours.*

Vocabulary 4.60 — course. if a liquid or electricity courses somewhere, it flows there quickly *Tears coursed down his cheeks.*

if a feeling courses through you, you feel it suddenly and strongly *His smile sent waves of excitement coursing through her.*

a period of time or process during which something happens *During the course of our conversation, it emerged that Bob had been in prison.*

take/run its course: the usual or natural way that something changes, develops, or is done *It seems the boom in World Music has run its course.*

Vocabulary 4.61 — contradict, contradiction, contradictory.

Vocabulary 4.62 — contractor. See 4.70.

a person or company that agrees to do work or provide goods for another company

Vocabulary 4.63 — counterpart. someone or something that has the same job or purpose as someone or something else in a different place *Belgian officials are discussing this with their French counterparts.*

Vocabulary 4.64 — compass.

Vocabulary 4.65 — comprehend, comprehension, comprehensible. comprehensible input

Vocabulary 4.66 — comprehensive. comprehensive introduction

Vocabulary 4.67 — comprise. *The house **comprises** two bedrooms, a kitchen, and a living room.*

*The committee **is comprised of** well-known mountaineers.*

*Women **comprise** a high proportion of part-time workers.*

*Food exports are very important, **comprising** 74% of the total.*

Vocabulary 4.68 — consequent, consequence. something that happens as a result of a particular action or set of conditions;

(rare) people of consequence;

of little/no/any etc consequence formal not very important or valuable

Vocabulary 4.69 — consecutive. *It had rained for four consecutive days.*

Can they win the title for the third consecutive season?

Vocabulary 4.70 — contract, contraction. /kən'trækt/ noun, /kən'trækt/ verb

an official agreement between two or more people, stating what each will do

contract with/between *Tyler has agreed a seven-year contract with a Hollywood studio.*

contract to do sth *a three-year contract to provide pay telephones at local restaurants*

on a contract/under contract *Employees who refuse to relocate are in breach of contract (=have done something not allowed by their contracts).*

subject to contract: if an agreement is subject to contract, it has not yet been agreed formally by a contract

to become smaller or narrower *Metal contracts as it cools.*

to get an illness *Two-thirds of the adult population there have contracted AIDS.*

contraction: a very strong and painful movement of a muscle, especially the muscles around the womb (the part of a woman's or female animal's body where her baby grows before it is born 子宫 SYN uterus) during birth

4.8 D, d

Vocabulary 4.71 — disconnect.

Vocabulary 4.72 — distract, dictracting, distracted, distraction. distracting: taking your attention away from what you are trying to do *distracting thoughts*

distracted: somebody/something because you are worried or thinking about something else *Luke looked momentarily distracted.*

Vocabulary 4.73 — dialogue.

Vocabulary 4.74 — department.

Vocabulary 4.75 — doctor.

Vocabulary 4.76 — detractor. See ??.

Vocabulary 4.77 — department. one of the groups of people who work together in a particular part of a large organization such as a hospital, university, company, or government *the personnel department*

an area in a large shop where a particular type of product is sold *the toy department*

Vocabulary 4.78 — depart, departure. to leave, especially when you are starting a journey

depart this life formal to die

to start to use new ideas or do something in a different way *It's revolutionary music; it departs from the old form and structures.*

to leave an organization or job *the company's departing chairman*

departure from one place to another place

Vocabulary 4.79 — dissect, dissection, dissectible. to cut up the body of a dead animal or person in order to study it

to examine something carefully in order to understand it *books in which the lives of famous people are dissected*

to divide an area of land into several smaller pieces *fields dissected by small streams*

Vocabulary 4.80 — detain, detainer, detainee, detainment. to force someone officially to stay in a place *A suspect has been detained by the police for questioning.*

to delay someone for a short length of time *I'm sorry I'm late - I was unavoidably detained.*

Vocabulary 4.81 — detract, detraction. detract from something to make something seem less good (OPP enhance): *One mistake is not going to detract from your achievement.*

4.9 E, e

Vocabulary 4.82 — excessive.

Vocabulary 4.83 — exceed, excess, excessive, excessively.

Vocabulary 4.84 — excursion, excuse. a short journey arranged so that a group of people can visit a place, especially while they are on holiday *Included in the tour is an excursion to the Grand Canyon.*

a short journey made for a particular purpose *a shopping excursion*

excursion into something: an attempt to experience or learn about something that is new to you *the company's excursion into new markets*

excuse: to digress (*move away from the subject you are talking or writing about and talk or write about something different for a while*), to wander

to go on an excursion



The use of excuse is rare.

Vocabulary 4.85 — excessive.

Vocabulary 4.86 — exchange.

Vocabulary 4.87 — ex-boyfriend.

Vocabulary 4.88 — external.

Vocabulary 4.89 — excuse, excursion.

Vocabulary 4.90 — extract.

Vocabulary 4.91 — epilogue. a concluding section that rounds out the design of a literary work.

Vocabulary 4.92 — eloquent, eloquence. able to express your ideas and opinions well, especially in a way that influences people;

an eloquent appeal for support showing a feeling or meaning without using words

Vocabulary 4.93 — extractor. a machine for removing air that is hot or smells unpleasant from a kitchen, factory etc

Vocabulary 4.94 — expedite. expedite /'ekspədaɪt/

to make a process or action happen more quickly, speed up *strategies to expedite the decision-making process. Please expedite the shipment of mangoes, as they are perishable (food that is perishable is likely to decay quickly).*

Vocabulary 4.95 — expedition. a long and carefully organized journey, especially to a dangerous or unfamiliar place, or the people that make this journey *another Everest expedition*

a short journey, usually made for a particular purpose *a shopping expedition*

Vocabulary 4.96 — enterprise, enterpriser. SME (small-medium enterprise); a large and complicated project, especially one that is done with a group of other people (syn **initiative**)

enterpriser 企业家

Vocabulary 4.97 — execute, execution, executive. a marketing executive;

a commission with executive powers; executive body/committee etc

Vocabulary 4.98 — extract, extraction, extractor. extract sth from sth

extraction: the process of removing or obtaining something from something else *the extraction of salt from seawater*

be of French/Russian/Italian etc extraction to be from a French, Russian etc family even though you were not born in that country

Vocabulary 4.99 — evade, evasion, evasive, evasively, evasiveness. to avoid talking about something, especially because you are trying to hide something *I could tell that he was trying to evade the issue.*

to not do or deal with something that you should do *You can't go on evading your responsibilities in this way.*

to avoid paying money that you ought to pay, for example tax *Employers will always try to find ways to evade tax.*

if something evades you, you cannot do it or understand it *The subtleties of his argument evaded me.*

not willing to answer questions directly *Direct questions would almost certainly result in evasive answers.*

take evasive action: to move or do something quickly to avoid someone being hurt *Both pilots took evasive action and a collision was avoided.*

4.10 G, g

Vocabulary 4.100 — graduate. *a graduate graduate from university*

Vocabulary 4.101 — gradual.

Vocabulary 4.102 — gradually.

4.11 I, i

Vocabulary 4.103 — insecticide. /ɪn'sektɪsaɪd/

Vocabulary 4.104 — impart, impartment. to give a particular quality to something **impart something to something** *Use a piece of fresh ginger to impart a Far Eastern flavour to simple ingredients.*

to give information, knowledge, wisdom etc to someone *She had information that she couldn't wait to impart.*

Vocabulary 4.105 — **impart**. See 4.104

Vocabulary 4.106 — **inside**.

Vocabulary 4.107 — **invade**.

Vocabulary 4.108 — **impede, impediment**. *impede* /ɪmˈpiːd/, *impediment* /ɪmˈpedəmənt/ to make it difficult for someone or something to move forward or make progress *One shouldn't impede another's progress.*

im- 里面

Vocabulary 4.109 — **imprison**. See 4.143. to put in or as if in prison

Vocabulary 4.110 — **insect**. any small creature with six legs and a body divided into three parts. Insects usually also have wings. Ants, bees and flies are all insects.

Vocabulary 4.111 — **insecticide**. a chemical substance used for killing insects

Vocabulary 4.112 — **intersect, intersection**. if two lines or roads intersect, they meet or go across each other *Two or more lines intersect. one line intersects another*

to divide an area with several lines, roads etc *The plain is intersected by a network of canals.*

intersection: a place where roads, lines etc cross each other, especially where two roads meet

Vocabulary 4.113 — **invade**.

4.12 L, l

Vocabulary 4.114 — **loquacious**.

Vocabulary 4.115 — **lavender**. a plant that has grey-green leaves and purple flowers with a strong pleasant smell 薰衣草

a pale purple colour

4.13 M, m

Vocabulary 4.116 — **monologue**.

Vocabulary 4.117 — **monitor**.

Vocabulary 4.118 — **maintain**.

4.14 O, o

Vocabulary 4.119 — **occur, occurrence**. it occurs to somebody to do something *It never seems to occur to my children to contact me.*

it occurs to somebody (that) *It had never occurred to him that he might be falling in love with her.*

Vocabulary 4.120 — **occur**.

Vocabulary 4.121 — **obtain**.

4.15 P, p

Vocabulary 4.122 — **preamble**. *preamble* /priːˈæmb(ə)l/

Harding gave him the news without preamble (=without saying anything else before it)

Vocabulary 4.123 — **proceed**.

Vocabulary 4.124 — **precede, preceding, precedence.** precedence /ˈpresɪdəns/ to happen or exist before something or someone, or to come before something else in a series to go somewhere before someone else *The guard preceded them down the corridor.*

precedence: when someone or something is considered to be more important than someone or something else, and therefore comes first or must be dealt with first (priority)

Vocabulary 4.125 — **predict, prediction, predictable, unpredictable.**

Vocabulary 4.126 — **partner.**

Vocabulary 4.127 — **progress.** *More and more people snore as their age progresses and it is harmful to their health.*

make progress

Vocabulary 4.128 — **prologue.**

Vocabulary 4.129 — **participate, participation, participator.** participator: 参与者、合作者

Vocabulary 4.130 — **partial, impartial, partially, partialness.** not complete 部分的 不完全的: *The exhibition was only a partial success.* 那次展会只获得部分成功。 *a partial solution to traffic congestion in Oxford* 部分解决牛津地区交通拥堵问题的方法

be partial to something formal to like something very much *I'm very partial to cream cakes.* 我特别喜欢吃奶油蛋糕。

unfairly supporting one person or one group against another 偏向一方的 偏袒的 不公平的 (OPP impartial)

Vocabulary 4.131 — **partner.** to be someone's partner in a dance, game etc *I used to partner him in tennis matches. I am partnering Tina to give this lesson. I am partnered Tina to give this lecture.*

Vocabulary 4.132 — **particular, particularly.** [only before noun] a particular thing or person is the one that you are talking about, and not any other (certain, specific): *In this particular case, no one else was involved.* 这件事没有其他人牵涉其中。

special or great: *You should pay particular attention to spelling.* 你应该特别注意拼写。

anything/nothing/something particular *I had nothing particular planned.* 我没有什么特别的计划。

very careful about choosing exactly what you like and not easily satisfied 讲究的 挑剔的 吹毛求疵的 (SYN fussy) **particular about** *Marty's very particular about his food.*

Vocabulary 4.133 — **partake, partaker.** to eat or drink something *Grandmother likes to partake of a small glass of sherry before lunch.*

to take part in an activity or event (SYN participate) *a woman's fundamental right to partake in club affairs*

partake in=take part in

partake of something to have a certain amount of a particular quality 有点… 带有几分〔某种性质〕

Vocabulary 4.134 — **partition.**

Vocabulary 4.135 — **passenger.**

Vocabulary 4.136 — **passage.** a long narrow area with walls on either side which connects one room or place to another *My office is just along the passage.*

a short part of a book, poem, speech, piece of music etc *He read out a short passage from the Bible.*

the movement of people or vehicles along a road or across an area of land *The bridge isn't strong enough to allow the passage of heavy vehicles.*

Vocabulary 4.137 — pass.

Vocabulary 4.138 — pedal.

Vocabulary 4.139 — pervade.

Vocabulary 4.140 — proportion.

Vocabulary 4.141 — portion. a part of something larger, especially a part that is different from the other parts *The front portion of the rocket breaks off*

an amount of food for one person, especially when served in a restaurant (SYN serving, helping) *Do you have any children's portions?*

to divide something into parts and give it to several people *The money was portioned out among them.*

Vocabulary 4.142 — previous.

Vocabulary 4.143 — prison. a place of confinement(拘禁) especially for lawbreakers

Vocabulary 4.144 — protract. to draw out or lengthen, especially in time; extend the duration of; prolong.

Vocabulary 4.145 — prosecute, prosecution. *The company is to be prosecuted under the Health and Safety Act.*

Vocabulary 4.146 — persecute. *The Puritans (清教徒) left England to escape being persecuted. Like many celebrities, she complained of being persecuted by the press.*

Vocabulary 4.147 — pervade. if a feeling, idea, or smell pervades a place, it is present in every part of it *A spirit of hopelessness pervaded the country.*

4.16 R, r

Vocabulary 4.148 — retain. *We hope to retain all these beautiful moments in our memory.*

Vocabulary 4.149 — retract, retractable. if you retract something that you said or agreed, you say that you did not mean it (SYN withdraw): *He confessed to the murder but later retracted his statement.*

if part of a machine or an animal's body retracts or is retracted, it moves back into the main part *The sea otter (海獭) can retract the claws on its front feet.*

4.17 S, s

Vocabulary 4.150 — succession. A succession of military defeats weakened the aggressor.

Vocabulary 4.151 — successor. *I'm sure she will be a worthy successor.*

Vocabulary 4.152 — surprise.

Vocabulary 4.153 — section. one of the parts that something such as an object or place is divided into *the residential section (住宅区) the business section (商业区) a section of lines all sections of whole land (在全国各地)*

one of the separate parts of a structure, piece of furniture etc that you fit together to form the whole *The boats were built in Scotland, and transported to Egypt in sections.*

a separate part of a book, newspaper, document, report etc

a separate group within a larger group of people *a large section of the American public*

one of the parts of a law or a legal document *Article I, Section 8 of the US Constitution*

a picture that shows what a building, part of the body etc would look like if it were cut from top to bottom or side to side 剖面图 *Here's the outside view, and here are the floors in section.*

to officially force someone with a mental illness to go to a psychiatric hospital, because they are dangerous to themselves or other people

to separate something into parts *Peel and section the oranges.*

to cut a very thin flat piece from skin, a plant etc so that you can look at it under a microscope

Vocabulary 4.154 — **segment, segmentation, segmental.** a part of something that is different from or affected differently from the whole in some way

to divide something into parts that are different from each other

segmentation: when something divides or is divided into smaller parts *the segmentation of society*

segmental: of, relating to, or having the form of a segment and especially the sector of a circle *segmental fanlight*

relating to the individual sounds that make up speech, as opposed to prosodic features such as stress and intonation

Vocabulary 4.155 — **sequence, sequential.** of, relating to, or arranged in a sequence; SERIAL

Vocabulary 4.156 — **subsequent, subsequence, subsequently.** coming after something in time; following.

Vocabulary 4.157 — **sequel.** a published, broadcast, or recorded work that continues the story or develops the theme of an earlier one.

Vocabulary 4.158 — **subtract.** subtract sth from sth

Vocabulary 4.159 — **suspect, suspicion.**

Vocabulary 4.160 — **susceptible.**

Vocabulary 4.161 — **suspend, suspension.**

Vocabulary 4.162 — **sustain, sustainable, sustainability.** 维持 e.g. *The salary couldn't sustain her shopping spree.*

支撑 e.g. *It's a wonder that the tree can sustain the weight of such heavy snow.*

4.18 T, t

Vocabulary 4.163 — **transcript.** written copy of a speech

Vocabulary 4.164 — **transcribe.**

Vocabulary 4.165 — **transfer.**

Vocabulary 4.166 — **transform.**

Vocabulary 4.167 — **transformer.**

Vocabulary 4.168 — **transit, transition.**

Vocabulary 4.169 — **transmit, transmission.**

Vocabulary 4.170 — **transplant.**

Vocabulary 4.171 — **transport, transportation.**

Vocabulary 4.172 — **trespass.** to go onto someone's private land without their permission *She was arrested for trespassing on government property.*

trespass on something (to unfairly use more than you should of someone else's time, help etc for your own advantage) *It would be trespassing on their hospitality to accept any more from them. May I trespass on your patience once more.*

Vocabulary 4.173 — **tractor.**

Vocabulary 4.174 — **traction.**

4.19 U, u

Vocabulary 4.175 — upgrade. *When you feel stuck in a rut, it is time to upgrade your skills.*

4.20 V, v

Vocabulary 4.176 — visual, visualize.

Vocabulary 4.177 — visible, visibility, invisible.



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