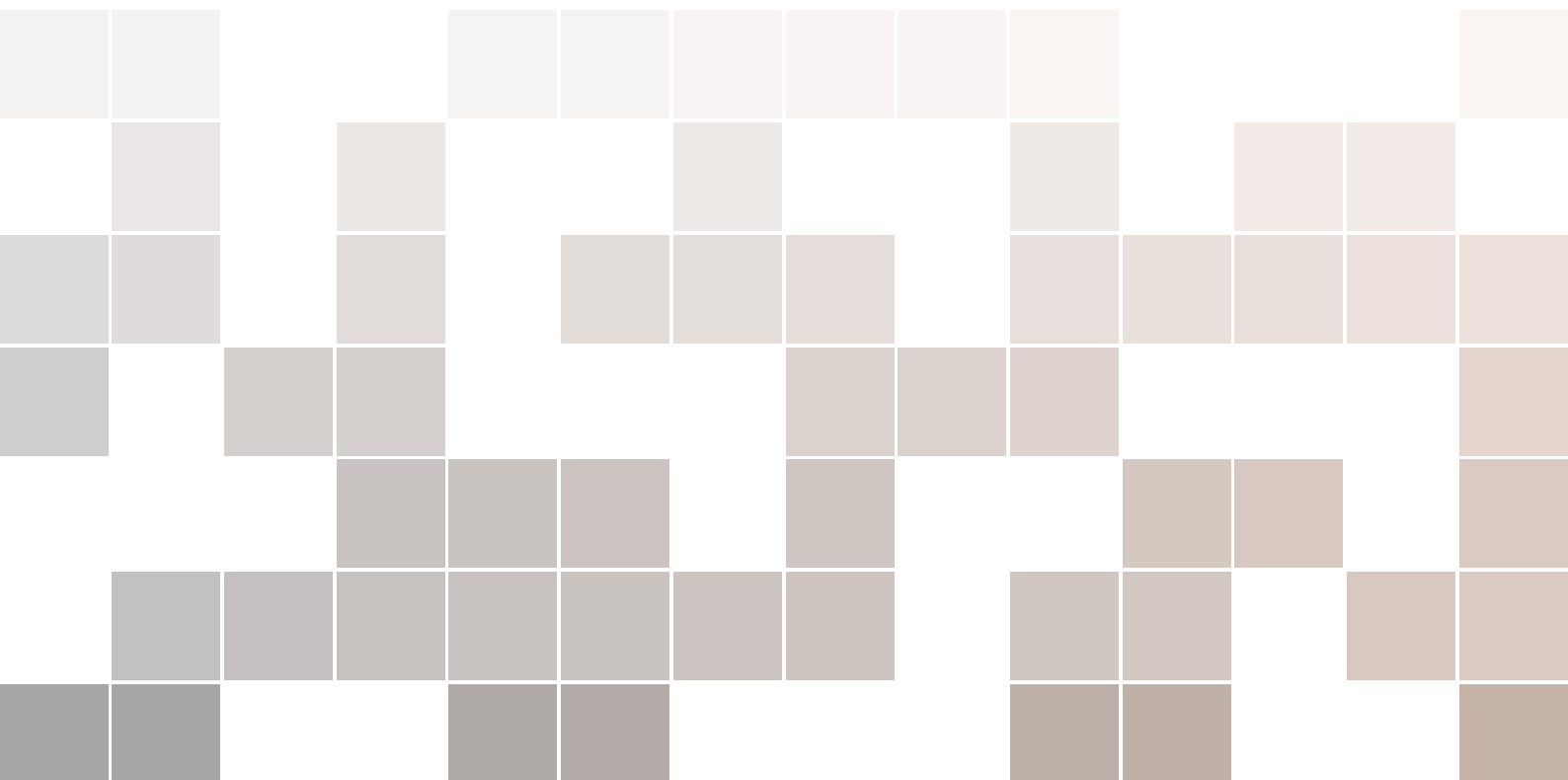




The Beauty of English

My English Note

Xia Wenxuan



Written by Xia Wenxuan, 2021

PUBLISHED BY MYSELF

<https://github.com/gegeji>

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First printing, October 10, 2021

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6.3	hal (breathe)	
6.4	voc, vok (call)	
6.5	claim (call)	



1. Hearing, Seeing, Saying, Doing

1.1 vis

Vocabulary 1.1 — visual, visualize. → visual (V 10.80).

Vocabulary 1.2 — visible, visibility, invisible. → visible (V 10.81).

1.2 audi- (声音)

Vocabulary 1.3 — audio. → V 8.8.

Vocabulary 1.4 — audience. → V 8.9.

Vocabulary 1.5 — audition. → V 8.10.

1.3 ag- (做, 加强)

Vocabulary 1.6 — agenda. → V 8.1.

Vocabulary 1.7 — agency. → V 8.2.

Vocabulary 1.8 — agent. → V 8.14.

Vocabulary 1.9 — aggress, aggressive, aggressor. → aggress (V 8.13).

1.4 dict (doing)

Vocabulary 1.10 — predict, prediction, predictable, unpredictable. → predict (V 10.4).

Vocabulary 1.11 — contradict, contradiction, contradictory. → contradict (V 8.34).

1.5 log (saying)

Vocabulary 1.12 — dialogue. → V 8.52.

Vocabulary 1.13 — monologue. → V 9.24.

Vocabulary 1.14 — prologue. → V 10.7.

Vocabulary 1.15 — epilogue. → V 8.76.

1.6 loqu (saying)

Vocabulary 1.16 — eloquent, eloquence. → eloquent (V 8.77).

Vocabulary 1.17 — loquacious. → V 9.22.



2. Holding, Seizing, Following

2.1 prehand/pris

Vocabulary 2.1 — comprehend, comprehension, comprehensible. → comprehend (V 8.38).

Vocabulary 2.2 — comprehensive. → V 8.39.

Vocabulary 2.3 — apprehend, apprehension, apprehensive. → apprehend (V 8.18).

Vocabulary 2.4 — surprise. → V 10.50.

Vocabulary 2.5 — comprise. → V 8.40.

Vocabulary 2.6 — enterprise, enterpriser. → enterprise (V 8.81).

Vocabulary 2.7 — prison. → V 10.22.

Vocabulary 2.8 — imprison. → V 9.7.

2.2 sequ/secut (following)

Vocabulary 2.9 — sequence, sequential. → sequence (V 10.53).

Vocabulary 2.10 — subsequent, subsequence. → subsequent (V 10.54).

Vocabulary 2.11 — sequel. → V 10.55.

Vocabulary 2.12 — consequent, consequence. → consequent (V 8.41).

Vocabulary 2.13 — execute, execution, executive. → execute (V 8.82).

Vocabulary 2.14 — consecutive. → V 8.42.

Vocabulary 2.15 — prosecute, prosecution, prosecutor. → prosecute (V 10.24).

Vocabulary 2.16 — persecute. → V 10.25.

2.3 tain (握、持)

Vocabulary 2.17 — maintain. → V 9.26.

Vocabulary 2.18 — obtain. → V 9.29.

Vocabulary 2.19 — attain, attainment. → attain (V 8.19).

Vocabulary 2.20 — abstain. → V 8.20.

Vocabulary 2.21 — sustain, sustainable, sustainability. → sustain (V 10.60).

Vocabulary 2.22 — detain, detainer, detainee, detainment. → detain (V 8.59).

Vocabulary 2.23 — retain. → V 10.37.



3. Feet, Running, Walking

3.1 cede, ceed, cess (走)

Vocabulary 3.1 — excessive. → V 8.67.

Vocabulary 3.2 — exceed, excess, excessive, excessively. → exceed (V 8.68).

Vocabulary 3.3 — proceed. → V 10.2.

Vocabulary 3.4 — precede, preceding, precedence. → precede (V 10.3).

Vocabulary 3.5 — succession. → V 10.48.

Vocabulary 3.6 — successor. → V 10.49.

Vocabulary 3.7 — aggress, aggressive, aggressor. → aggress (V 8.13).

3.2 grad (walking)

Vocabulary 3.8 — graduate. → V 8.91.

Vocabulary 3.9 — gradual. → V 8.92.

Vocabulary 3.10 — gradually. → V 8.93.

Vocabulary 3.11 — upgrade. → V 10.79.

3.3 gress (walk)

Vocabulary 3.12 — progress. → V 10.6.

Vocabulary 3.13 — aggress, aggressive, aggressor. → aggress (V 8.13).

3.4 ambul, ambl (walking)

Vocabulary 3.14 — ambulance. → V 8.5.

Vocabulary 3.15 — ambulate. → V 8.6.

Vocabulary 3.16 — ambulant. → V 8.7.

Vocabulary 3.17 — preamble. → V 10.1.

3.5 cur, curs, cours(to run)

Vocabulary 3.18 — occur, occurence. → occur (V 9.28).

Vocabulary 3.19 — excursion, excurse. → excursion (V 8.69).

Vocabulary 3.20 — concur. → V 8.31.

Vocabulary 3.21 — concurrent, concurrency. → concurrent (V 8.32).

Vocabulary 3.22 — course. → V 8.33.

3.6 pass (to walk through)

Vocabulary 3.23 — pass. → V 10.16.

Vocabulary 3.24 — compass. → V 8.37.

Vocabulary 3.25 — passage. → V 10.15.

Vocabulary 3.26 — passenger. → V 10.14.

Vocabulary 3.27 — trespass. → V 10.76.

3.7 ped (feet)

Vocabulary 3.28 — pedal. → V 10.17.

Vocabulary 3.29 — impede, impediment. → impede (V 9.6).

Vocabulary 3.30 — expedite. → V 8.79.

Vocabulary 3.31 — expedition. → V 8.80.

3.8 vad

Vocabulary 3.32 — invade. → V 9.11.

Vocabulary 3.33 — evade, evasion, evasive, evasively, evasiveness. → evade (V 8.84).

Vocabulary 3.34 — pervade. → V 10.26.

Vocabulary 3.35 — lavender. → V 9.23.



4. Dragging, Cutting, Parting

4.1 part

Vocabulary 4.1 — department. → V 8.56.

Vocabulary 4.2 — depart, departure. → depart (V 8.57).

Vocabulary 4.3 — apartment. → V 8.15.

Vocabulary 4.4 — apart. → V 8.16.



apartment 在主要含义上不是 apart 的名词形式.

Vocabulary 4.5 — counterpart. → V 8.36.

Vocabulary 4.6 — partial, impartial, partially, partialness. → partial (V 10.9).

Vocabulary 4.7 — partner. → V 10.10.

Vocabulary 4.8 — particular, particularly. → particular (V 10.11).

Vocabulary 4.9 — participate, participation, participator. → participate (V 10.8).

Vocabulary 4.10 — partake, partaker. → partake (V 10.12).

Vocabulary 4.11 — partition. → V 10.13.

Vocabulary 4.12 — impart, impartment, imparter. → impart (V 9.2).

4.2 port

Vocabulary 4.13 — proportion, proportional. → proportion (V 10.19).

Vocabulary 4.14 — apportion. → V 8.17.

Vocabulary 4.15 — portion. → V 10.20.

4.3 sect (to cut/to divide)

Vocabulary 4.16 — section. → V 10.51.

Vocabulary 4.17 — insect. → V 9.8.

Vocabulary 4.18 — insecticide. → V 9.1.

Vocabulary 4.19 — bisect. → V 8.30.

Vocabulary 4.20 — dissect, dissection. dissectible. → dissect (V 8.58).

Vocabulary 4.21 — intersect, intersection. → intersect (V 9.10).

Vocabulary 4.22 — segment, segmentation, segmental. → segment (V 10.52).

4.4 tract (to draw/to drag)

Vocabulary 4.23 — tractor. → V 10.77.

Vocabulary 4.24 — traction. → V 10.78.

Vocabulary 4.25 — attract, attraction, attractive. → attract (V 8.22).

Vocabulary 4.26 — distract, dictacting, distracted, distraction. → distract (V 8.51).

Vocabulary 4.27 — contract, contraction. → contract (V 8.43).

Vocabulary 4.28 — extract, extraction, extractor. → extract (V 8.83).

Vocabulary 4.29 — abstract, abstraction, abstractly. → abstract (V 8.21).

Vocabulary 4.30 — detract, detraction. → detract (V 8.60).

Vocabulary 4.31 — protract. → V 10.23.

Vocabulary 4.32 — retract, retractable. → retract (V 10.38).

Vocabulary 4.33 — subtract, subtraction, subtractive. → subtract (V 10.56).

4.5 cide/cise (cutting)

Vocabulary 4.34 — decide. → V 8.61.

Vocabulary 4.35 — suicide. → V 10.61.

Vocabulary 4.36 — insecticide. → V 9.9.

Vocabulary 4.37 — pesticide. → V 10.27.

Vocabulary 4.38 — concise. → V 8.44.

Vocabulary 4.39 — precise. → V 10.28.

Vocabulary 4.40 — excise. → V 8.85.

Vocabulary 4.41 — incise. → V 9.12.

Vocabulary 4.42 — incisor. → V 9.13.



5. Turning, Rolling and Pushing

5.1 pel (pushing)

Vocabulary 5.1 — repel, repulsive. → repel (V 10.39).

Vocabulary 5.2 — impel. → V 9.14.

Vocabulary 5.3 — compel, compulsion. → compel (V 8.45).

Vocabulary 5.4 — propel. → V 10.29.

Vocabulary 5.5 — propeller. → V 10.30.

Vocabulary 5.6 — dispel. → V 8.62.

Vocabulary 5.7 — expel, expulsion. → expel (V 8.87).

Vocabulary 5.8 — compel. → V 8.45.

5.2 vert (turn and rolling)

Vocabulary 5.9 — revert, reverse. → revert (V 10.42).

Vocabulary 5.10 — convert. → V 8.46.

Vocabulary 5.11 — subvert. → V 10.63.

Vocabulary 5.12 — convert, convertible. → convert (V 8.46).

Vocabulary 5.13 — subvert, subversion. → subvert (V 10.63).

Vocabulary 5.14 — diverse, diversify. → diverse (V 8.64).

Vocabulary 5.15 — avert. → V 8.23.

Vocabulary 5.16 — adversity. → V 8.24.

Vocabulary 5.17 — pervert. → V 10.31.

Vocabulary 5.18 — divert, diversion, diverting. → divert (V 8.65).

Vocabulary 5.19 — controversial, controversially, controversy. → controversial (V 8.47).

Vocabulary 5.20 — introvert. → V 9.15.

5.3 volv (turn and rolling)

Vocabulary 5.21 — devolve. → V 8.63.

Vocabulary 5.22 — VOLVE. → V 10.82.

Vocabulary 5.23 — revolve, revolving, revolution. → **revolve** (V 10.40).



6. Looking, Breathing and Calling

6.1 spect

Vocabulary 6.1 — spectator. → V 10.64.

Vocabulary 6.2 — expect. → V ??.

Vocabulary 6.3 — respect. → V ??.

Vocabulary 6.4 — aspect. → V ??.

Vocabulary 6.5 — inspect. → V ??.

Vocabulary 6.6 — suspect. → V ??.

Vocabulary 6.7 — perspective. → V 10.32.

Vocabulary 6.8 — prospect, prospective. → prospect (V ??).

Vocabulary 6.9 — introspect. → V ??.

Vocabulary 6.10 — introspective. → V ??.

Vocabulary 6.11 — spectrum. → V ??.

Vocabulary 6.12 — circumspect. → V 8.48.

Vocabulary 6.13 — retrospect, retrospective. → retrospect (V 10.44).

Vocabulary 6.14 — retrospective. → V ??.

Vocabulary 6.15 — spectacle. → V 10.65.

Vocabulary 6.16 — spectacular. → V 10.66. a mountainous area with spectacular scenery

very sudden, unexpected, or extreme *The news caused a spectacular fall in the stock market.* 这一消息引起了股市的暴跌.

6.2 spir (to breathe)

Vocabulary 6.17 — inspire, inspiration, inspiring, inspirational. → inspire (V 9.19).

Vocabulary 6.18 — aspire, aspiration. → aspire (V 8.26).

Vocabulary 6.19 — perspire, perspiration. → perspire (V ??).

Vocabulary 6.20 — conspire, conspiracy. → conspire (V 8.49).

Vocabulary 6.21 — expire, expiration. → expire (V 8.88).

Vocabulary 6.22 — respire, respiratory, respiration. → respire (V 10.45).

6.3 hal (breathe)

Vocabulary 6.23 — exhale. → V 8.89.

Vocabulary 6.24 — inhale. → V 9.20.

6.4 voc, vok (call)

Vocabulary 6.25 — revoke, revocable, irrevocable. → V ??.

Vocabulary 6.26 — provoke, provocation, provocative. → provoke (V 10.35).

Vocabulary 6.27 — invoke. → V 9.21.

Vocabulary 6.28 — evoke, evocation, evocable. → evoke (V 8.90).

Vocabulary 6.29 — advocate. → V 8.27.

Vocabulary 6.30 — vocation. → V 10.84.

Vocabulary 6.31 — vocal, vocalize, vocally, vocalization. → vocal (V 10.83).

6.5 claim (call)

Vocabulary 6.32 — acclaim, acclamation. → acclaim (V 8.28).

Vocabulary 6.33 — exclaim, exclamation. → exclaim (V ??).

Vocabulary 6.34 — reclaim, reclamation. → reclaim (V ??).

Vocabulary 6.35 — proclaim, proclamation. → proclaim (V 10.36).

Vocabulary 6.36 — disclaim. → V 8.66.

Other Roots

7	Other Roots	23
7.1	a (加强)	
7.2	ac (加强)	
7.3	ap	
7.4	tran-	
7.5	tres (横穿)	
7.6	bi (两个)	
7.7	cide	
7.8	com (共同)	
7.9	con (共同; 全部; inside out)	
7.10	contra (opposite)	
7.11	counter	
7.12	de (向下; 加强)	
7.13	dis (separate; out)	
7.14	e (forward)	
7.15	-ent (person)	
7.16	er (person)	
7.17	ex (出去; 向外)	
7.18	impart (进入.....里面)	
7.19	in	
7.20	inter (在中间)	
7.21	introspect	
7.22	ir	
7.23	ist	
7.24	ment	
7.25	oc (toward)	
7.26	or (人)	
7.27	orium	
7.28	per (穿过)	
7.29	pre (before)	
7.30	pro- (moving forward)	
7.31	re (again, back)	
7.32	retro (向后, 倒退)	
7.33	sub (向下)	
7.34	sus	
7.35	-sm	
7.36	tion	
7.37	tail	



7. Other Roots

7.1 a (加强)

Vocabulary 7.1 — aspire. → V 8.26.

7.2 ac (加强)

Vocabulary 7.2 — acclaim. → V 8.28.

7.3 ap

Vocabulary 7.3 — apportion, apportionment. → apportion (V 8.17).

7.4 tran-

Vocabulary 7.4 — transcript. → V 10.67. written copy of a speech

Vocabulary 7.5 — transcribe. → V 10.68.

Vocabulary 7.6 — transfer. → V 10.69.

Vocabulary 7.7 — transform. → V 10.70.

Vocabulary 7.8 — transformer. → V 10.71.

Vocabulary 7.9 — transit, transition. → transit (V 10.72).

Vocabulary 7.10 — transmit, transmission. → transmit (V 10.73).

Vocabulary 7.11 — transplant. → V 10.74.

Vocabulary 7.12 — transport, transportation. → transport (V 10.75).

7.5 tres (横穿)

Vocabulary 7.13 — trespass. → V 10.76.

7.6 bi (两个)

Vocabulary 7.14 — binary. → V 8.29.

Vocabulary 7.15 — bisect. → V 8.30.

7.7 cide

Vocabulary 7.16 — insecticide. → V 9.1.

7.8 com (共同)

Vocabulary 7.17 — compass. → V 8.37.

Vocabulary 7.18 — compel. → V 8.45.

7.9 con (共同; 全部; inside out)

Vocabulary 7.19 — concur. → V 8.31.

Vocabulary 7.20 — concurrent. → V 8.32.

Vocabulary 7.21 — contract. → V 8.43.

Vocabulary 7.22 — concise. → V 8.44.

Vocabulary 7.23 — convert. → V 8.46.

Vocabulary 7.24 — conspire, conspiracy. → conspire (V 8.49).

7.10 contra (opposite)

Vocabulary 7.25 — contradict, contradiction, contradictory. → contradict (V 8.34).

7.11 counter

Vocabulary 7.26 — counterpart. → V 8.36.

7.12 de (向下; 加强)

Vocabulary 7.27 — detract. → V 8.60.

Vocabulary 7.28 — depart. → V 8.57.

Vocabulary 7.29 — decide. → V 8.61.

Vocabulary 7.30 — devolve. → V 8.63.

7.13 dis (separate; out)

Vocabulary 7.31 — disconnect. → V 8.50.

Vocabulary 7.32 — distract, dictacting, distracted, distraction. → distract (V 8.51).

Vocabulary 7.33 — disproportion, disproportional. → proportion (V 10.19).

Vocabulary 7.34 — dispel. → V 8.62.

Vocabulary 7.35 — disclaim. → V 8.66.

7.14 e (forward)

Vocabulary 7.36 — evolve. → V 8.86.

Vocabulary 7.37 — evoke, evocation, evocable. → evoke (V 8.90).

7.15 -ent (person)

Vocabulary 7.38 — agent. → V 8.14.

7.16 er (person)

Vocabulary 7.39 — partner. → V 10.10.

Vocabulary 7.40 — partaker. → partake (V 10.12).

Vocabulary 7.41 — imparter. → V 9.3.

Vocabulary 7.42 — employer. → V ??.

Vocabulary 7.43 — employee. → V ??.

7.17 ex (出去; 向外)

Vocabulary 7.44 — excessive. → excess (V 8.70).

Vocabulary 7.45 — exchange. → V 8.71.

Vocabulary 7.46 — ex-boyfriend. → V 8.72.

Vocabulary 7.47 — external. → V 8.73.

Vocabulary 7.48 — excursion, excursion. → excursion (V 8.74).

Vocabulary 7.49 — extract. → V 8.83.

Vocabulary 7.50 — excise. → V 8.85.

Vocabulary 7.51 — expel. → V 8.87. Syn → (dispel) 8.62.

Vocabulary 7.52 — expire, expiration. → expire (V 8.88).

Vocabulary 7.53 — exhale. → V 8.89.

Vocabulary 7.54 — exclaim, exclamation. → V ??.

7.18 impart (进入.....里面)

Vocabulary 7.55 — impart, imparter. → impart (V 9.2).

7.19 in

Vocabulary 7.56 — inside. → V 9.4.

Vocabulary 7.57 — invade. → V 9.11.

Vocabulary 7.58 — inhale. → V 9.20.

7.20 inter (在中间)

Vocabulary 7.59 — intersect. → V 9.10.

7.21 introspect

Vocabulary 7.60 — introspect. → V ??.

7.22 ir

Vocabulary 7.61 — irregular. → V ??.

Vocabulary 7.62 — irrevocable. → V ??.

Vocabulary 7.63 — irresponsible.

Vocabulary 7.64 — irrelevant. → V ??.

7.23 ist

Vocabulary 7.65 — imperialist. → V 9.17.

Vocabulary 7.66 — vocalist. → vocal (V 10.83).

7.24 ment

Vocabulary 7.67 — department. → V 8.56.

Vocabulary 7.68 — apartment. → V 8.15.

Vocabulary 7.69 — impartment. → impart (V 9.2).

7.25 oc (toward)

Vocabulary 7.70 — occur. → V 9.28.

7.26 or (人)

Vocabulary 7.71 — doctor. → V 8.54.

Vocabulary 7.72 — aggressor. → aggress (V 8.13).

Vocabulary 7.73 — tractor. → V 10.77.

Vocabulary 7.74 — contractor. → V 8.35.

Vocabulary 7.75 — monitor. → V 9.25.

Vocabulary 7.76 — extractor. → V 8.78.

Vocabulary 7.77 — detractor. → V 8.55.

Vocabulary 7.78 — participate, participation, participator. → participate (V 10.8).

Vocabulary 7.79 — incisor. → V 9.13.

Vocabulary 7.80 — spectator. → V 10.64.

7.27 orium

Vocabulary 7.81 — auditorium. → V 8.11.

7.28 per (穿过)

per- (穿过)

Vocabulary 7.82 — pervade. → V 10.26.

Vocabulary 7.83 — perspective. → V 10.32.

Vocabulary 7.84 — perspire. → V ??.

7.29 pre (before)

Vocabulary 7.85 — precede. → V 10.3.

Vocabulary 7.86 — previous. → V 10.21.

Vocabulary 7.87 — predict, prediction, predictable, unpredictable. → predict (V 10.4).

Vocabulary 7.88 — precise. → V 10.28.

7.30 pro- (moving forward)

Vocabulary 7.89 — proceed. → V 10.2.

Vocabulary 7.90 — progress. → V 10.6.

Vocabulary 7.91 — protract. → V 10.23.

Vocabulary 7.92 — propel. → V 10.29.

Vocabulary 7.93 — propeller. → V 10.30.

Vocabulary 7.94 — prospect. → V ??.

Vocabulary 7.95 — provoke. → V 10.35.

Vocabulary 7.96 — proclaim. → V 10.36.

7.31 re (again, back)

Vocabulary 7.97 — revolve. → V 10.40.

Vocabulary 7.98 — revert. → V 10.42.

Vocabulary 7.99 — rebel. → V 10.43.

Vocabulary 7.100 — revolt. → V 10.41.

Vocabulary 7.101 — revolution, revolutionary, revolutionize. → revolve (V 10.40).

Vocabulary 7.102 — respire. → V 10.45.

Vocabulary 7.103 — revoke. → V 10.46.

Vocabulary 7.104 — reclaim. → V ??.

7.32 retro (向后, 倒退)

Vocabulary 7.105 — retrospect. → V 10.44.

7.33 sub (向下)

Vocabulary 7.106 — subtract. → V 10.56.

Vocabulary 7.107 — subvert. → V 10.63.

Vocabulary 7.108 — subconscious, subconsciously. → V 10.62.

7.34 sus

Vocabulary 7.109 — suspect, suspicion. → V 10.57.

Vocabulary 7.110 — susceptible. → V 10.58.

Vocabulary 7.111 — suspend, suspension. → V 10.59.

7.35 -sm

Vocabulary 7.112 — imperialism. → V 9.18.

7.36 **tion**

Vocabulary 7.113 — **detraction**. → **detract** (V 8.60).

7.37 **tail**



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8. A - G

8.1 A, a

Vocabulary 8.1 — agenda.

Vocabulary 8.2 — agency.

Vocabulary 8.3 — agent.

Vocabulary 8.4 — aggress, aggressive, aggressor.

Vocabulary 8.5 — ambulance.

Vocabulary 8.6 — ambulate. ambulate /'æm byəˌleɪt/
to walk about or move from place to place.

Vocabulary 8.7 — ambulant. ambulant /'æmbjələnt/
(of a patient) able to walk; not having to stay in bed

Vocabulary 8.8 — audio.

Vocabulary 8.9 — audience.

Vocabulary 8.10 — audition. My niece was admitted to the Juilliard School of Music in America. But before that she was asked to attend an audition.

Vocabulary 8.11 — auditorium.

Vocabulary 8.12 — audible, inaudible. The audio-visual equipment there is magnificent that even in the farthest seat the music is still audible.

Vocabulary 8.13 — aggress, aggressive, aggressor.

Vocabulary 8.14 — agent.

Vocabulary 8.15 — apartment. a set of rooms on one floor of a large building, where someone lives

a room or set of rooms used by an important person such as a president *I had never been in the prince's private apartments before.*

Vocabulary 8.16 — apart. *two miles/six feet etc apart two days/three weeks/five years etc apart*

if something comes apart, or you take it apart, it is separated into different pieces *The whole thing **comes apart** so that you can clean it. They **took** the engine **apart** to see what was wrong.*

if you keep things apart, you keep them separate from each other *I try to **keep** my work and private life as far **apart** as possible.*

if people are apart, they are not together in the same place, or not having a relationship with each other *The children have never been apart before.*

fall apart if something falls apart, it breaks into different pieces; if something is falling apart, it is in very bad condition *He drives around in an old car that's falling apart.*

be torn apart if a marriage, family etc is torn apart, it can no longer continue because of serious difficulties *The play portrays a good marriage torn apart by external forces.*

be worlds/poles apart if people, beliefs, or ideas are worlds or poles apart, they are completely different from each other *I realized we were still worlds apart.* 我意识到我们之间仍有天壤之别。

grow/drift apart if people drift or grow apart, their relationship slowly becomes less close *Lewis and his father drifted apart after he moved to New York.*

joking apart used to say that you want to say something seriously

somebody/something apart except for someone or something *The car industry apart, most industries are now seeing an improvement in their economic performance.*

set somebody/something apart to make someone or something different from other people or things *Her unusual lifestyle set her apart as a child.*

Vocabulary 8.17 — apportion, apportionment. to decide how something should be shared among various people

*It's not easy to **apportion blame** (=say who deserves to be blamed) when a marriage breaks up. Court costs were equally apportioned between them.*

Vocabulary 8.18 — apprehend, apprehension, apprehensive. arrest (someone) for a crime. **"a warrant was issued but he has not been apprehended";*

(old-fashioned) understand or perceive. *"great art invites us to apprehend beauty";* to be apprehensive, suspicious, or fearful; fear.

apprehensive: 担心 We'd been a little apprehensive about their visit.

Vocabulary 8.19 — attain, attainment. sense of attainment

Vocabulary 8.20 — abstain. 抑制 e.g. *The man tries so hard to abstain from drinking.*

戒绝, 弃权 e.g. *When you are in China, will you have to abstain from voting in your country? Pilots must abstain from alcohol for 24 hours before flying.*

Vocabulary 8.21 — abstract, abstraction, abstractly. based on general ideas or principles rather than specific examples or real events (syn theoretical)

existing only as an idea or quality rather than as something real that you can see or touch (opp concrete)

a painting, design etc which contains shapes or images that do not look like real things or people 抽象画; 抽象设计; 抽象派作品

a short written statement containing only the most important ideas in a speech, article etc

in the abstract considered in a general way rather than being based on specific details and examples

to write a document containing the most important ideas or points from a speech, article etc

(formal) to remove something from somewhere

Vocabulary 8.22 — attract, attraction, attractive.

Vocabulary 8.23 — avert. to prevent something unpleasant from happening *The tragedy could have been averted if the crew had followed safety procedures.*

avert your eyes/gaze etc to look away from something so that you do not see it *Henry averted his eyes as she undressed.*

Vocabulary 8.24 — adversity. a situation in which you have a lot of problems that seem to be caused by bad luck *his courage in the face of adversity*

Vocabulary 8.25 — adversary. a country or person you are fighting or competing against 对手, 敌手 (SYN opponent)

Vocabulary 8.26 — aspire. to desire and work towards achieving something important 追求, 渴望, 有志于

aspire to *college graduates aspiring to careers in finance*

aspire to do something *At that time, all serious artists aspired to go to Rome.*

Vocabulary 8.27 — advocate. to publicly support a particular way of doing something *Those who advocate for doctor-assisted suicide say the terminally ill should not have to suffer.*

someone who publicly supports someone or something *She's a passionate advocate of natural childbirth.*

Vocabulary 8.28 — acclaim, acclamation. to praise someone or something publicly

8.2 B, b

Vocabulary 8.29 — binary.

Vocabulary 8.30 — bisect. to divide something into two equal parts

8.3 C, c

Vocabulary 8.31 — concur. to agree with someone or have the same opinion as them *The committee largely concurred with these views.*

Vocabulary 8.32 — concurrent, concurrency. existing or happening at the same time *The exhibition reflected concurrent developments abroad.* concurrent with *My opinions are concurrent with yours.*

Vocabulary 8.33 — course. if a liquid or electricity courses somewhere, it flows there quickly *Tears coursed down his cheeks.*

if a feeling courses through you, you feel it suddenly and strongly *His smile sent waves of excitement coursing through her.*

a period of time or process during which something happens *During the course of our conversation, it emerged that Bob had been in prison.*

take/run its course: the usual or natural way that something changes, develops, or is done *It seems the boom in World Music has run its course.*

Vocabulary 8.34 — contradict, contradiction, contradictory.

Vocabulary 8.35 — contractor. See 8.43.

a person or company that agrees to do work or provide goods for another company

Vocabulary 8.36 — counterpart. someone or something that has the same job or purpose as someone or something else in a different place *Belgian officials are discussing this with their French counterparts.*

Vocabulary 8.37 — compass.

Vocabulary 8.38 — comprehend, comprehension, comprehensible. comprehensible input

Vocabulary 8.39 — comprehensive. comprehensive introduction

Vocabulary 8.40 — **comprise**. *The house **comprises** two bedrooms, a kitchen, and a living room.*

*The committee **is comprised of** well-known mountaineers.*

*Women **comprise** a high proportion of part-time workers.*

*Food exports are very important, **comprising** 74% of the total.*

Vocabulary 8.41 — **consequent, consequence**. something that happens as a result of a particular action or set of conditions;

(rare) people of consequence;

of little/no/any etc consequence formal not very important or valuable

Vocabulary 8.42 — **consecutive**. *It had rained for four consecutive days.*

Can they win the title for the third consecutive season?

Vocabulary 8.43 — **contract, contraction**. /'kɒntrækt/ noun, /kən'trækt/ verb

an official agreement between two or more people, stating what each will do

contract with/between *Tyler has agreed a seven-year contract with a Hollywood studio.*

contract to do sth *a three-year contract to provide pay telephones at local restaurants*

on a contract/under contract *Employees who refuse to relocate are in breach of contract (=have done something not allowed by their contracts).*

subject to contract: if an agreement is subject to contract, it has not yet been agreed formally by a contract

to become smaller or narrower *Metal contracts as it cools.*

to get an illness *Two-thirds of the adult population there have contracted AIDS.*

contraction: a very strong and painful movement of a muscle, especially the muscles around the womb (the part of a woman's or female animal's body where her baby grows before it is born 子宫 SYN uterus) during birth

Vocabulary 8.44 — **concise, concisely, conciseness**.

Vocabulary 8.45 — **compel, compulsion**. to force someone to do something: *The law will compel employers to provide health insurance.*

(formal) to make people have a particular feeling or attitude *His performance compelled the audience's attention.*

Vocabulary 8.46 — **convert, convertible**. to change something into a different form, or to change something so that it can be used for a different purpose or in a different way

convert sth to/into sth *They converted the spare bedroom into an office.*

*a 19th-century **converted barn** (=barn changed into a house)*

to change into a different form, or change into something that can be used for a different purpose or in a different way 改建; 改装; 改造; 转换

convert to/into to persuade someone to change to a different religion *convert somebody to something* *European missionaries converted thousands to Christianity.*
欧洲的传教士使成千上万的人皈依了基督教。

to change to a different set of ideas, principles, or ways of doing something *people who have recently converted to vegetarianism*

Vocabulary 8.47 — **controversial, controversially, controversy**.

Vocabulary 8.48 — **circumspect**. thinking carefully about something before doing it, in order to avoid risk (cautious)

Vocabulary 8.49 — **conspire, conspiracy**. conspiracy /kən'spɪrəsi/

to secretly plan with someone else to do something illegal

conspire (with somebody) to do something *All six men admitted conspiring to steal cars.*

conspiracy of silence an agreement not to talk about something, even though it should not be a secret *There's often a conspiracy of silence surrounding bullying in schools.*

He was charged with conspiracy to commit criminal damage.

There were many conspiracy theories (=beliefs that something is the result of a conspiracy) surrounding Princess Diana's death. 围绕戴安娜王妃之死有许多阴谋论。

8.4 D, d

Vocabulary 8.50 — disconnect.

Vocabulary 8.51 — distract, dictacting, distracted, distraction. **distracting:** taking your attention away from what you are trying to do *distracting thoughts*

distracted: somebody/something because you are worried or thinking about something else *Luke looked momentarily distracted.*

Vocabulary 8.52 — dialogue.

Vocabulary 8.53 — department.

Vocabulary 8.54 — doctor.

Vocabulary 8.55 — detractor. See 8.60.

Vocabulary 8.56 — department. one of the groups of people who work together in a particular part of a large organization such as a hospital, university, company, or government *the personnel department*

an area in a large shop where a particular type of product is sold *the toy department*

Vocabulary 8.57 — depart, departure. to leave, especially when you are starting a journey

depart this life formal to die

to start to use new ideas or do something in a different way *It's revolutionary music; it departs from the old form and structures.*

to leave an organization or job *the company's departing chairman*

departure from one place to another place

Vocabulary 8.58 — dissect, dissection, dissectible. to cut up the body of a dead animal or person in order to study it

to examine something carefully in order to understand it *books in which the lives of famous people are dissected*

to divide an area of land into several smaller pieces *fields dissected by small streams*

Vocabulary 8.59 — detain, detainer, detainee, detainment. to force someone officially to stay in a place *A suspect has been detained by the police for questioning.*

to delay someone for a short length of time *I'm sorry I'm late - I was unavoidably detained.*

Vocabulary 8.60 — detract, detraction. **detract from something** to make something seem less good (OPP enhance): *One mistake is not going to detract from your achievement.*

Vocabulary 8.61 — decide. de 加强

Vocabulary 8.62 — dispel. make something go away, especially a belief, idea, or feeling *We want to dispel the myth that you cannot eat well in Britain.*

Syn → 8.87.

Vocabulary 8.63 — devolve. if you devolve responsibility, power etc to a person or group at a lower level, or if it devolves on them, it is given to them (将)〔责任、权力等〕下放 [转交, 委派]

devolve something to somebody/something *The federal government has devolved responsibility for welfare to the states.*

devolve on/upon *Half of the cost of the study will devolve upon the firm.*

if land, money etc devolves to someone, it becomes their property when someone else dies (将)〔土地、钱等在某人死后〕转移, 转让 [给某人] SYN pass

Vocabulary 8.64 — diverse, diversify. if a business, company, country etc diversifies, it increases the range of goods or services it produces *farmers forced to diversify away from their core business*

The company is planning to diversify into other mining activities.

to change something or to make it change so that there is more variety *User requirements have diversified over the years.*

to put money into several different types of investment instead of only one or two 投资多元化, 进行分散化投资 *Spread the risk by diversifying into dollar bonds.* 购买美元债券进行多种投资, 以分散风险.

Vocabulary 8.65 — divert, diversion, diverting. to change the use of something such as time or money 改变…的用途 **divert something into/to/(away) from etc something** *The company should divert more resources into research.*

to change the direction in which something travels 改变…的方向, 使转向 **divert a river/footpath/road etc** *Canals divert water from the Truckee River into the lake.*

if you divert your telephone calls, you arrange for them to go directly to another number, for example because you are not able to answer them yourself for some time 转移〔电话〕: *Remember to divert your phone when you are out of the office.*

to deliberately take someone's attention from something by making them think about or notice other things〔故意〕转移, 分散〔别人的注意力〕 **divert (somebody's) attention (away from somebody/something)** *The crime crackdown is an attempt to divert attention from social problems.*

to amuse or entertain someone 使消遣, 给…解闷, 供…娱乐

Vocabulary 8.66 — disclaim. to state, especially officially, that you are not responsible for something, that you do not know about it, or that you are not involved with it (deny) *Martin disclaimed any responsibility for his son's actions.*

8.5 E, e

Vocabulary 8.67 — excessive.

Vocabulary 8.68 — exceed, excess, excessive, excessively.

Vocabulary 8.69 — excursion, excuse. a short journey arranged so that a group of people can visit a place, especially while they are on holiday *Included in the tour is an excursion to the Grand Canyon.*

a short journey made for a particular purpose *a shopping excursion*

excursion into something: an attempt to experience or learn about something that is new to you *the company's excursion into new markets*

excuse: to digress (*move away from the subject you are talking or writing about and talk or write about something different for a while*), to wander

to go on an excursion



The use of excursion is rare.

Vocabulary 8.70 — excessive.

Vocabulary 8.71 — exchange.

Vocabulary 8.72 — ex-boyfriend.

Vocabulary 8.73 — external.

Vocabulary 8.74 — excursion, excursion.

Vocabulary 8.75 — extract.

Vocabulary 8.76 — epilogue. a concluding section that rounds out the design of a literary work.

Vocabulary 8.77 — eloquent, eloquence. able to express your ideas and opinions well, especially in a way that influences people;

an eloquent appeal for support showing a feeling or meaning without using words

Vocabulary 8.78 — extractor. a machine for removing air that is hot or smells unpleasant from a kitchen, factory etc

Vocabulary 8.79 — expedite. expedite /'ekspədaɪt/

to make a process or action happen more quickly, speed up *strategies to expedite the decision-making process. Please expedite the shipment of mangoes, as they are perishable (food that is perishable is likely to decay quickly).*

Vocabulary 8.80 — expedition. a long and carefully organized journey, especially to a dangerous or unfamiliar place, or the people that make this journey *another Everest expedition*

a short journey, usually made for a particular purpose *a shopping expedition*

Vocabulary 8.81 — enterprise, enterpriser. SME (small-medium enterprise); a large and complicated project, especially one that is done with a group of other people (syn initiative)

enterpriser 企业家

Vocabulary 8.82 — execute, execution, executive. a marketing executive;

a commission with executive powers; executive body/committee etc

Vocabulary 8.83 — extract, extraction, extractor. extract sth from sth

extraction: the process of removing or obtaining something from something else *the extraction of salt from seawater*

be of French/Russian/Italian etc extraction to be from a French, Russian etc family even though you were not born in that country

Vocabulary 8.84 — evade, evasion, evasive, evasively, evasiveness. to avoid talking about something, especially because you are trying to hide something *I could tell that he was trying to evade the issue.*

to not do or deal with something that you should do *You can't go on evading your responsibilities in this way.*

to avoid paying money that you ought to pay, for example tax *Employers will always try to find ways to evade tax.*

if something evades you, you cannot do it or understand it *The subtleties of his argument evaded me.*

not willing to answer questions directly *Direct questions would almost certainly result in evasive answers.*

take evasive action: to move or do something quickly to avoid someone being hurt *Both pilots took evasive action and a collision was avoided.*

Vocabulary 8.85 — excise, excision. /'eksəɪz/ the government tax that is put on the goods that are produced and used inside a country *excise duty on tobacco*

/ɪk'saɪz/ formal to remove or get rid of something, especially by cutting it out *The tumour was excised.*

Vocabulary 8.86 — evolve, evolution. if an animal or plant evolves, it changes gradually over a long period of time *Fish **evolved from** prehistoric sea creatures.*

to develop and change gradually over a long period of time

*The school has evolved its own style of teaching. The group gradually **evolved into** a political party. The idea **evolved out of** work done by British scientists.*

Vocabulary 8.87 — expel, expulsion. Syn → 8.62.

to officially force someone to leave a school or organization

expel somebody from something *Two girls were expelled from school for taking drugs.*

expel somebody for doing something *He was expelled for making racist remarks.*

to force a foreigner to leave a country, especially because they have broken the law or for political reasons *Foreign priests were expelled from the country.*

expel somebody for something *Three diplomats were expelled for spying.*

Vocabulary 8.88 — expire. expiration date

Vocabulary 8.89 — exhale. to breathe air, smoke etc out of your mouth

Vocabulary 8.90 — evoke, evocation, evocable. to produce a strong feeling or memory in someone

The photographs evoked strong memories of our holidays in France.

8.6 G, g

Vocabulary 8.91 — graduate. *a graduate graduate from university*

Vocabulary 8.92 — gradual.

Vocabulary 8.93 — gradually.



9. H - O

9.1 I, i

Vocabulary 9.1 — insecticide. /ɪn'sektɪsaɪd/

Vocabulary 9.2 — impart, impartment. to give a particular quality to something **impart something to something** *Use a piece of fresh ginger to impart a Far Eastern flavour to simple ingredients.*

to give information, knowledge, wisdom etc to someone *She had information that she couldn't wait to impart.*

Vocabulary 9.3 — imparter. See 9.2

Vocabulary 9.4 — inside.

Vocabulary 9.5 — invade.

Vocabulary 9.6 — impede, impediment. impede /ɪm'pi:d/, impediment /ɪm'pedəmənt/
to make it difficult for someone or something to move forward or make progress
One shouldn't impede another's progress.

im- 里面

Vocabulary 9.7 — imprison. See 10.22. to put in or as if in prison

Vocabulary 9.8 — insect. any small creature with six legs and a body divided into three parts. Insects usually also have wings. Ants, bees and flies are all insects.

Vocabulary 9.9 — insecticide, insecticidal . a chemical substance used for killing insects
insecticidal: connected with the use of chemicals to kill insects

Vocabulary 9.10 — intersect, intersection. if two lines or roads intersect, they meet or go across each other *Two or more lines intersect. one line intersects another*

to divide an area with several lines, roads etc *The plain is intersected by a network of canals.*

intersection: a place where roads, lines etc cross each other, especially where two roads meet

Vocabulary 9.11 — invade.

Vocabulary 9.12 — incise. to cut a pattern, word etc into something, using a sharp instrument *an inscription incised in stone*

Vocabulary 9.13 — incisor.

Vocabulary 9.14 — impel. if something impels you to do something, it makes you feel very strongly that you must do it (→ 8.45)

The lack of democracy and equality impelled the oppressed to fight for independence.

Vocabulary 9.15 — introvert.

Vocabulary 9.16 — imperial.

Vocabulary 9.17 — imperialist.

Vocabulary 9.18 — imperialism.

Vocabulary 9.19 — inspire, inspiration, inspiring, inspirational. to encourage someone by making them feel confident and eager to do something

to breathe in 吸入 [空气]

inspirational: providing encouragement or new ideas for what you should do
Jones proved an inspirational figure in Welsh rugby.

giving people a feeling of excitement and a desire to do something great 鼓舞人心的; 启发灵感的 OPP uninspiring: *inspiring music*

Vocabulary 9.20 — inhale. to breathe in air, smoke, or gas

Vocabulary 9.21 — invoke.

9.2 L, l

Vocabulary 9.22 — loquacious. talking or tending to talk much or freely; talkative; chattering; babbling; garrulous:

Vocabulary 9.23 — lavender. a plant that has grey-green leaves and purple flowers with a strong pleasant smell 薰衣草

a pale purple colour

9.3 M, m

Vocabulary 9.24 — monologue.

Vocabulary 9.25 — monitor.

Vocabulary 9.26 — maintain.

9.4 O, o

Vocabulary 9.27 — occur, occurrence. it occurs to somebody to do something *It never seems to occur to my children to contact me.*

it occurs to somebody (that) *It had never occurred to him that he might be falling in love with her.*

Vocabulary 9.28 — occur.

Vocabulary 9.29 — obtain.



10. P - Z

10.1 P, p

Vocabulary 10.1 — preamble. preamble /pri:'æmb(ə)l/

Harding gave him the news without preamble (=without saying anything else before it)

Vocabulary 10.2 — proceed.

Vocabulary 10.3 — precede, preceding, precedence. precedence /'presɪdəns/ to happen or exist before something or someone, or to come before something else in a series to go somewhere before someone else *The guard preceded them down the corridor.*

precedence: when someone or something is considered to be more important than someone or something else, and therefore comes first or must be dealt with first (priority)

Vocabulary 10.4 — predict, prediction, predictable, unpredictable.

Vocabulary 10.5 — partner.

Vocabulary 10.6 — progress. *More and more people snore as their age progresses and it is harmful to their health.*
make progress

Vocabulary 10.7 — prologue.

Vocabulary 10.8 — participate, participation, participator. participator: 参与者、合作者

Vocabulary 10.9 — partial, impartial, partially, partialness. not complete 部分的, 不完全的: *The exhibition was only a partial success.* 那次展会只获得部分成功. *a partial solution to traffic congestion in Oxford* 部分解决牛津地区交通拥堵问题的方法

be partial to something formal to like something very much *I'm very partial to cream cakes.* 我特别喜欢吃奶油蛋糕.

unfairly supporting one person or one group against another 偏向一方的, 偏袒的, 不公平的 (OPP impartial)

Vocabulary 10.10 — partner. to be someone's partner in a dance, game etc *I used to partner him in tennis matches. I am partnering Tina to give this lesson. I am part-*

nered Tina to give this lecture.

Vocabulary 10.11 — particular, particularly. [only before noun] a particular thing or person is the one that you are talking about, and not any other (certain, specific): *In this particular case, no one else was involved.* 这件事没有其他人牵涉其中。

special or great: *You should pay particular attention to spelling.* 你应该特别注意拼写。

anything/nothing/something particular *I had nothing particular planned.* 我没有什么特别的计划。

very careful about choosing exactly what you like and not easily satisfied 讲究的; 挑剔的, 吹毛求疵的 (SYN fussy)

particular about *Marty's very particular about his food.*

Vocabulary 10.12 — partake, partaker. to eat or drink something *Grandmother likes to partake of a small glass of sherry before lunch.*

to take part in an activity or event (SYN participate) *a woman's fundamental right to partake in club affairs*

partake in=take part in

partake of something to have a certain amount of a particular quality 有点..., 带有几分〔某种性质〕

Vocabulary 10.13 — partition.

Vocabulary 10.14 — passenger.

Vocabulary 10.15 — passage. a long narrow area with walls on either side which connects one room or place to another *My office is just along the passage.*

a short part of a book, poem, speech, piece of music etc *He read out a short passage from the Bible.*

the movement of people or vehicles along a road or across an area of land *The bridge isn't strong enough to allow the passage of heavy vehicles.*

Vocabulary 10.16 — pass.

Vocabulary 10.17 — pedal.

Vocabulary 10.18 — pervade.

Vocabulary 10.19 — proportion, proportions, proportional, disproportional. *The proportion of women graduates has increased in recent years.*

The decision affects a significant proportion of the population.

proportional = in proportion

disproportional = out of proportion

the proportion of something to something *What's the proportion of boys to girls in your class?*

in proportion to something *The rewards you get in this job are in direct proportion to the effort you put in.*

the correct or most suitable relationship between the size, shape, or position of the different parts of something *Builders must learn about scale and proportion.*

Reduce the drawing so that all the elements stay in proportion. 缩小这幅画以使各部分保持协调。

in proportion to something *Her feet are small in proportion to her height.*

out of proportion with something *The porch is out of proportion with (=too big or too small when compared with) the rest of the house.*

proportions (plural): the size or importance of something *The flu outbreak has reached epidemic proportions.*

of immense/huge/massive etc proportions

For most of us, Scott was a hero of mythic proportions.

the relative sizes of the different parts of a building, object etc *a building of classic proportions*

out of (all) proportion too big, great, or strong in relation to something (相对某事物来说) 超出比例; 与...不相称

proportion to/with

The fear of violent crime has now risen out of all proportion to the actual risk. 对暴力犯罪的恐惧大大超出了实际的危险.

get/blow something out of proportion 把事情看得过分严重 (=treat something as more serious than it really is)

Aren't you getting things rather out of proportion? 你是不是把事情想得太糟了?
The whole issue has been blown out of all proportion. 整件事被过分夸大了.

keep something in proportion to react to a situation sensibly, and not think that it is worse or more serious than it really is 办事情 [看问题] 恰如其分; 不把问题看得太糟 [太过严重] → perspective: *Let's keep things in proportion.* 我们别把事情看得太糟.

sense of proportion the ability to judge what is most important in a situation 区别轻重缓急的能力; 主次观念

have/keep/lose a sense of proportion *You can protest by all means, but keep a sense of proportion.* 你自然可以抗议, 但是要分清主次.

technical equality in the mathematical relationship between two sets of numbers, as in the statement '8 is to 6 as 32 is to 24' 比例 [如 8:6 = 32:24] → ratio

Vocabulary 10.20 — portion. a part of something larger, especially a part that is different from the other parts *The front portion of the rocket breaks off*

an amount of food for one person, especially when served in a restaurant (SYN serving, helping) *Do you have any children's portions?*

to divide something into parts and give it to several people *The money was portioned out among them.*

Vocabulary 10.21 — previous.

Vocabulary 10.22 — prison. a place of confinement(拘禁) especially for lawbreakers

Vocabulary 10.23 — protract. to draw out or lengthen, especially in time; extend the duration of; prolong.

Vocabulary 10.24 — prosecute, prosecution. to charge someone with a crime and try to show that they are guilty of it in a court of law

The company is to be prosecuted under the Health and Safety Act.

Vocabulary 10.25 — persecute. to treat someone cruelly or unfairly over a period of time, especially because of their religious or political beliefs

The Puritans (清教徒) left England to escape being persecuted. Like many celebrities, she complained of being persecuted by the press.

Vocabulary 10.26 — pervade. if a feeling, idea, or smell pervades a place, it is present in every part of it *A spirit of hopelessness pervaded the country.*

Vocabulary 10.27 — pesticide, pesticidal. Similar to 9.9.

Vocabulary 10.28 — precise, preciseness.

Vocabulary 10.29 — propel. to move, drive, or push something forward

Vocabulary 10.30 — propeller. a piece of equipment consisting of two or more blades that spin around, which makes an aircraft or ship move

Vocabulary 10.31 — pervert. to change something in an unnatural and often harmful way *Genetic scientists are often accused of perverting nature.*

to influence someone so that they begin to think or behave in an immoral way 使走上邪路, 使堕落, 使变坏, 腐蚀 *TV violence perverts the minds of young children.*

电视暴力腐蚀了孩子们的心灵。

Vocabulary 10.32 — perspective. a way of thinking about something, especially one which is influenced by the type of person you are or by your experiences

*His father's death gave him a whole new **perspective on life**.*

from somebody's/a feminist/Christian/global etc perspective *The novel is written from a child's perspective.*

*Our work in Uganda and Romania adds a **wider/broader perspective**.*

a sensible way of judging and comparing situations so that you do not imagine that something is more serious than it really is *I think Viv's **lost all sense of perspective**.* 我认为维夫已不能明察事理。

get/keep something in perspective *The figures have to be put into perspective.* 必须正确认识这些数字。

a method of drawing a picture that makes objects look solid and shows distance and depth, or the effect this method produces in a picture 透视（画）法；透视效果，透视感

Vocabulary 10.33 — prospect. the possibility that something will happen 可能性；希望 **prospect of doing something** *I see **no prospect of things improving here**. There is **every prospect** (=a strong possibility) of the weather remaining dry this week.* 本周天气很有可能持续干燥。

prospect for *There are good prospects for growth in the retail sector.* 零售行业有很好的发展前景。

prospect that *There's a real prospect that England will not qualify for the World Cup.* 英格兰队很有可能进不了世界杯决赛圈。

a particular event which will probably or definitely happen in the future used especially when you want to talk about how you feel about it

prospect of *The prospect of marriage terrified Alice.* 想到要结婚，艾丽斯害怕极了。

daunting/exciting etc prospect 可怕的/激动人心等的前景

be excited/alarmed/concerned etc at the prospect (of something) *She wasn't exactly overjoyed at the prospect of looking after her niece.* 想到要照看侄女，她并不怎么高兴。

prospects [plural]: chances of future success 将来成功的机会，前途，前程: *I had no job, no education, and **no prospects**.* 我没有工作，没受过什么教育，前途渺茫。

job/career prospects *Job prospects for graduates don't look good.* 毕业生的就业前景看上去不妙。

[countable] a person, job, plan etc that has a good chance of success in the future 有前途的人 [工作，计划等]

in prospect formal likely to happen in the near future 可能即将发生的: *A new round of trade talks is in prospect.* 可能即将举行新一轮的贸易会谈。

Vocabulary 10.34 — perspire, perspiration. → **perspire** (V ??).

if you perspire, parts of your body become wet, especially because you are hot or have been doing hard work 出汗，流汗

perspiration: liquid that appears on your skin when you are hot or nervous 汗，汗水

Vocabulary 10.35 — provoke, provocation, provocative. provocation /prəvə'keɪʃən/ provocative /prə'vɒkətɪv/

to cause a reaction or feeling, especially a sudden one *The decision to invade provoked storms of protest.*

provoke debate/discussion

provoke somebody into (doing) something *She hopes her editorial will **provoke** readers into thinking seriously about the issue.*

to make someone angry, especially deliberately *The dog would not have attacked if it hadn't been provoked.*

provocative behaviour, remarks etc are intended to make people angry or upset, or to cause a lot of discussion

a provocative act by a terrorist group 恐怖团体的挑衅行为 *She was accused of being deliberately provocative.* 她被指责故意挑衅.

provocative clothes, movements, pictures etc are intended to make someone sexually excited *provocative images of young girls* 少女们撩人的形象

Vocabulary 10.36 — proclaim. to say publicly or officially that something important is true or exists 宣布, 声明 → proclamation: *The president proclaimed the republic's independence.*

to show something clearly or be a sign of something *The stripes on her uniform proclaimed her seniority.* 制服上的条纹表明她的级别很高.

10.2 R, r

Vocabulary 10.37 — retain. *We hope to **retain** all these beautiful moments in our memory.*

Vocabulary 10.38 — retract, retractable. if you retract something that you said or agreed, you say that you did not mean it (SYN withdraw): *He confessed to the murder but later retracted his statement.*

if part of a machine or an animal's body retracts or is retracted, it moves back into the main part *The sea otter (海獭) can retract the claws on its front feet.*

Vocabulary 10.39 — repel, repulsive, repellent. if something repels you, it is so unpleasant that you do not want to be near it, or it makes you feel ill 使厌恶, 使反感 → : *The smell repelled him*

to make someone who is attacking you go away, by fighting them *The army was ready to repel an attack.*

to keep something or someone away from you: *a lotion that repels mosquitoes*

if two things repel each other, they push each other away with an electrical force (OPP attract) *Two positive charges repel each other.*

repellent: very unpleasant (repulsive) *She found him physically repellent*

repellent to *The sight of blood is repellent to some people.*

Vocabulary 10.40 — revolve, revolving, revolution. to move around like a wheel, or to make something move around like a wheel, e.g. the windmill

revolving door

revolve around somebody/something: to have something as a main subject or purpose

*She seems to think that the world **revolves around** her*

to move in circles around something *The Moon revolves around the Earth.*

a **revolving** object is designed so that it turns with a circular movement

Vocabulary 10.41 — revolt. 反抗

Vocabulary 10.42 — revert.

Vocabulary 10.43 — rebel.

Vocabulary 10.44 — retrospect. **in retrospect** thinking back to a time in the past, especially with the advantage of knowing more now than you did then

In retrospect, I wonder if we should have done more.

Vocabulary 10.45 — respire, respiratory, respiration, artificial respiration. respiration /re-spə'reɪʃən/

to breathe 呼吸

artificial respiration

Vocabulary 10.46 — revoke, revocable, irrevocable.

Vocabulary 10.47 — reclaim, reclamation. → **reclaim** (V ??).

to get back an amount of money that you have paid = claim back *You may be entitled to reclaim some tax.*

to make an area of desert, wet land etc suitable for farming or building *This land will be reclaimed for a new airport.*

to get back something that you have lost or that has been taken away from you *I want to reclaim the championship that I lost in 1999.*

to obtain useful products from waste material *You can reclaim old boards and use them as shelves.*

reclaim somebody (from something) to rescue somebody from a bad or criminal way of life

10.3 S, s

Vocabulary 10.48 — succession. A succession of military defeats weakened the aggressor.

Vocabulary 10.49 — successor. *I'm sure she will be a worthy successor.*

Vocabulary 10.50 — surprise.

Vocabulary 10.51 — section. one of the parts that something such as an object or place is divided into *the residential section* (住宅区) *the business section* (商业区) *a section of lines* *all sections of whole land* (在全国各地)

one of the separate parts of a structure, piece of furniture etc that you fit together to form the whole *The boats were built in Scotland, and transported to Egypt in sections.*

a separate part of a book, newspaper, document, report etc

a separate group within a larger group of people *a large section of the American public*

one of the parts of a law or a legal document *Article I, Section 8 of the US Constitution*

a picture that shows what a building, part of the body etc would look like if it were cut from top to bottom or side to side 剖面图 *Here's the outside view, and here are the floors in section.*

to officially force someone with a mental illness to go to a psychiatric hospital, because they are dangerous to themselves or other people

to separate something into parts *Peel and section the oranges.*

to cut a very thin flat piece from skin, a plant etc so that you can look at it under a microscope

Vocabulary 10.52 — segment, segmentation, segmental. a part of something that is different from or affected differently from the whole in some way

to divide something into parts that are different from each other

segmentation: when something divides or is divided into smaller parts *the segmentation of society*

segmental: of, relating to, or having the form of a segment and especially the sector of a circle *segmental fanlight*

relating to the individual sounds that make up speech, as opposed to prosodic features such as stress and intonation

Vocabulary 10.53 — **sequence, sequential.** of, relating to, or arranged in a sequence; SERIAL

Vocabulary 10.54 — **subsequent, subsequence, subsequently.** coming after something in time; following.

Vocabulary 10.55 — **sequel.** a published, broadcast, or recorded work that continues the story or develops the theme of an earlier one.

Vocabulary 10.56 — **subtract.** subtract sth from sth

Vocabulary 10.57 — **suspect, suspicion.**

Vocabulary 10.58 — **susceptible.**

Vocabulary 10.59 — **suspend, suspension.**

Vocabulary 10.60 — **sustain, sustainable, sustainability.** 维持 e.g. *The salary couldn't sustain her shopping spree.*

支撑 e.g. *It's a wonder that the tree can sustain the weight of such heavy snow.*

Vocabulary 10.61 — **suicide, suicidal. commit suicide**

My mother attempted suicide on many occasions.

He apparently left a suicide note on his desk (=letter explaining his reasons for killing himself).

something drives him to suicide

suicide attack/bombing

suicidal: wanting to kill yourself *She was depressed and almost suicidal.*

For many years before treatment, Clare had suicidal tendencies.

likely to lead to death: *It was suicidal trying to put out that fire.* 试图去扑灭那火就是在找死.

likely to lead to a lot of damage or trouble: *Her economic policies would prove suicidal for our economy.*

Vocabulary 10.62 — **subconscious, subconsciously.** subconscious feelings, desires etc are hidden in your mind and affect your behaviour, but you do not know that you have them *a subconscious fear of failure*

—subconsciously adverb: *Subconsciously, he blames himself for the accident.*

Vocabulary 10.63 — **subvert, subversion.** to try to destroy the power and influence of a government or the established system *an attempt to subvert the democratic process* to destroy someone's beliefs or loyalty

Vocabulary 10.64 — **spectator.** someone who is watching an event or game

Vocabulary 10.65 — **spectacle.** a very impressive show or scene

an unusual or interesting thing or situation that you see or notice used especially in order to show disapproval 不同寻常的事 [现象] [尤含贬义]:

眼镜

Vocabulary 10.66 — **spectacular.**

10.4 T, t

Vocabulary 10.67 — **transcript.** written copy of a speech

Vocabulary 10.68 — **transcribe.**

Vocabulary 10.69 — **transfer.**

Vocabulary 10.70 — **transform.**

Vocabulary 10.71 — **transformer.**

Vocabulary 10.72 — **transit, transition.**

Vocabulary 10.73 — transmit, transmission.

Vocabulary 10.74 — transplant.

Vocabulary 10.75 — transport, transportation.

Vocabulary 10.76 — trespass. to go onto someone's private land without their permission *She was arrested for trespassing on government property.*

trespass on something (to unfairly use more than you should of someone else's time, help etc for your own advantage) *It would be trespassing on their hospitality to accept any more from them. May I trespass on your patience once more.*

Vocabulary 10.77 — tractor.

Vocabulary 10.78 — traction.

10.5 U, u

Vocabulary 10.79 — upgrade. *When you feel stuck in a rut, it is time to upgrade your skills.*

10.6 V, v

Vocabulary 10.80 — visual, visualize.

Vocabulary 10.81 — visible, visibility, invisible.

Vocabulary 10.82 — **VOLVE**.

Vocabulary 10.83 — vocal, vocalize, vocally, vocalization, vocalist. expressing strong opinions publicly, especially about things that you disagree with (outspoken) *Foley has been particularly vocal in his criticism of the government.*

relating to the voice or to singing *Allison's vocal style is influenced by country and blues music.* 艾莉森的演唱风格受到乡村音乐和布鲁斯音乐的影响.

vocalize: to make a sound or sounds with your voice

Vocabulary 10.84 — vocation. the feeling that the purpose of your life is to do a particular type of work, especially because it allows you to help other people

*Jan has a **vocation** for teaching.* 简对教书有一种使命感.

a particular type of work that you feel is right for you

*At 17 she **found** her **true vocation** as a writer.* 17 岁时她找到了自己真正的使命——当一名作家.



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