08 租客信息的管理

笔记本: 课堂笔记-房屋租赁系统

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1、租客信息的查询功能

1.1 后台功能处理

1.1.1 dao层接□和实现

```
@Component("customerMapper")
public interface CustomerMapper extends BaseMapper<Customer> {
    List<Customer> queryAll(Customer customer);
}
```

实现

1.1.2 service层接口和实现

```
/**
 * 高级查询 支持分页效果
 */
PageInfo<Customer> queryAll(int page, int limit, Customer customer);
```

实现

```
@Autowired
private CustomerMapper customerMapper;

@Override
public PageInfo<Customer> queryAll(int page, int limit, Customer
customer) {
    PageHelper.startPage(page,limit);
    //查询租客信息列表
    List<Customer> list=customerMapper.queryAll(customer);
    PageInfo<Customer> pageInfo=new PageInfo<>(list);
    return pageInfo;
}
```

1.1.3 controller功能实现

1.2 页面的处理

1.2.1 点击菜单页面转发

1.2.2 创建主页信息

```
<div >
  <div >
     <div >
       租客姓名:
       <div >
         <input name="custname" autocomplete="off">
       </div>
       身份证号码:
       <div >
          <input name="identity" autocomplete="off">
       </div>
       <button data-type="reload">高级查询</button>
     </div>
     <script type="text/html" >
       <div >
          </div>
     </script>
```

```
<script type="text/html" >
            <a lay-event="edit">编辑</a>
          <a lay-event="delete">删除</a>
        </script>
    </div>
</div>
<script>
    layui.use(['form', 'table', 'miniPage', 'element'], function () {
        var $ = layui. jquery,
            form = layui.form,
            table = layui.table,
            miniPage = layui.miniPage;
        table.render({
            elem: '#currentTableId',
            url: 'http://localhost:8888/customer/queryCutomerAll',
            toolbar: '#toolbarDemo',
            defaultToolbar: ['filter', 'exports', 'print', {
                title: '提示',
                layEvent: 'LAYTABLE TIPS',
                icon: 'layui-icon-tips'
            }],
            cols: [[
                {type: "checkbox", width: 50},
                {field: 'id', width: 80, title: 'ID', sort: true},
                {field: 'custname', width: 80, title: '租客姓名'},
                {field: 'identity', width: 80, title: '身份证号码'},
                {field: 'sex', width: 80, title: '性别'},
                {field: 'address', width: 80, title: '地址'},
                {field: 'phone', title: '电话', minWidth: 80},
                {field: 'career', width: 80, title: '职业'},
                {title: '操作', minWidth: 150, toolbar: '#currentTableBar',
align: "center"}
            limits: [10, 15, 20, 25, 50, 100],
            limit: 15,
            page: true,
            id: 'testReload',
            skin: 'line'
       });
```

```
var $ = layui. $, active = {
           reload: function() {
                var custname = $('#custname');
               var identity = $('#identity');
                //执行重载
                table.reload('testReload', {
                   page: {
                        curr: 1 //重新从第 1 页开始
                   ,where: {
                        identity:identity.val(),
                        custname: custname. val()
               }, 'data');
       $('.demoTable .layui-btn').on('click', function() {
           var type = $(this).data('type');
           active[type] ? active[type].call(this) : '';
       });
   });
</script>
```

1.2.3 展示效果



2、租客信息的添加

2.1 后台controller层实现

```
@ApiOperation(value = "新增租户信息表")
@PostMapping("/addCustomer")
public R add(@RequestBody Customer customer){
    int num= customerService.add(customer);
    if(num>0) {
        return R.ok();
    }
    return R.fail("租客信息添加失败,请重新添加");
}
```

2.2 前台页面处理

2.2.1 页面的设计

```
<div >
   <div >
       <div >
           <label >身份证号</label>
           <div >
              <input type="text" name="identity" lay-verify="required" lay-</pre>
reqtext="身份证号不能为空" placeholder="请输入用户名" value="" >
              〈tip〉填写自己管理账号的名称。〈/tip〉
           </div>
       </div>
       <div >
           <label >租客姓名</label>
           <div >
              <input type="text" name="custname" lay-verify="required" lay-</pre>
regtext="姓名不能为空" placeholder="请输入用户名" value="" >
           </div>
       </div>
       <div >
           <label >性别</label>
           <div >
              <input type="radio" name="sex" value="男" title="男">
```

```
<input type="radio" name="sex" value="女" title="女">
           </div>
       </div>
       <div >
           <label >联系方式</label>
               <input type="number" name="phone" lay-verify="required" lay-</pre>
reqtext="手机不能为空" placeholder="请输入手机" value="" >
           </div>
       </div>
       <div >
           <label >联系地址</label>
               <input type="text" name="address" >
       </div>
       <div >
           <label >职业</label>
               <input type="email" name="career" >
           </div>
       </div>
       <div >
           <label >备注信息</label>
               <textarea name="remark" placeholder="请输入备注信息">
</textarea>
           </div>
       </div>
       <div >
               <button lay-submit lay-filter="saveBtn">确认保存</button>
           </div>
       </div>
   </div>
</div>
```

2.2.2 监听添加事件

2.2.3 展示效果



2.2.4 提交实现添加功能



3、租客信息的删除

3.1 controller层代码

```
@ApiOperation(value = "删除租户信息表")

@RequestMapping("/deleteByIds")

public R delete(String ids) {

    //获取前端传过来的ids集合 "1,2,3,4,5"

    List<String> list= Arrays.asList(ids.split(","));

    //遍历list集合进行删除操作
    for(String id:list) {

        Long idLong=Long.parseLong(id);

        customerService.delete(idLong);

    }

    return R.ok();
```

3.1.2前端监听事件

```
/**

* toolbar事件监听

*/
table.on('toolbar(currentTableFilter)', function (obj) {

if (obj.event === 'add') { // 监听添加操作

} else if (obj.event === 'delete') { // 监听删除操作
```

```
var checkStatus = table.checkStatus(obj.config.id)
           , data = checkStatus.data;
       /**
           首先判断是否选择信息,如果没有提示
           如果有
              1、获取选中的id集合
              2、通过ajax请求发送id集合,进行业务处理
       if (data. length==0) {
           layer.msg("请选要删除的记录信息");
       }else{
           //获取删除id的集合
           var ids=getCheckId(data);
           layer.confirm("你真的要删除了吗?",function(index){
               deleteByIds(ids, index);
        // layer.alert(JSON.stringify(data));
});
* 获取批量删除选中的id集合
function getCheckId(data) {
   var arr=new Array();
   for (var i=0; i < data. length; i++) {
       arr.push(data[i].id);
   return arr.join(",");
/**
* 删除功能的实现
function deleteByIds(ids, index) {
   $. a jax ({
       url: "http://localhost:8888/customer/deleteByIds",
       type:"POST",
       // contentType: "application/json",
       // data:JSON. stringify(data.field),
       data: {"ids":ids},
       success:function(result) {
           if (result. code==200) {
```

3.1.3效果图展示



4、租客信息编辑

4.1 后台controller处理

```
@ApiOperation(value = "更新租户信息表")
    @RequestMapping("/updateCustomer")
    public R update(@RequestBody Customer customer) {
        int num= customerService.updateData(customer);
        if(num>0) {
            return R.ok();
```

```
}
return R.fail("失败");
}
```

4.2 前台页面处理

4.2.1 页面设计

```
<div lay-filter="updateSubmit">
       <input type="hidden" name="id" >
       <div >
           <label >租客姓名</label>
               <input type="text" name="custname" lay-verify="required" >
           </div>
       </div>
       <div >
           <label >性别</label>
           <div >
               <input type="radio" name="sex" value="男" title="男"</pre>
checked="">
               <input type="radio" name="sex" value="女" title="女">
           </div>
       </div>
       <div >
           <label >身份证号</label>
           <div >
               <input type="text" name="identity" lay-verify="required" lay-</pre>
reqtext="身份证号不能为空" placeholder="请输入用户名" value="" >
               〈tip〉填写自己管理账号的名称。〈/tip〉
           </div>
       </div>
       <div >
           <label >手机</label>
           <div >
               <input type="number" name="phone" lay-verify="required" lay-</pre>
reqtext="手机不能为空" placeholder="请输入手机" value="" >
```

```
</div>
      </div>
      <div >
         <label >联系地址</label>
            <input type="text" name="address" >
         </div>
      </div>
      <div >
         <label >职业</label>
            <input type="text" name="career" >
         </div>
      </div>
      <div >
         <label >备注信息</label>
            <textarea name="remarks" placeholder="请输入备注信息">
</textarea>
         </div>
      </div>
      <div >
             </button>
         </div>
      </div>
   </div>
</div>
```

4.2.2 监听内容

```
table.on('tool(currentTableFilter)', function (obj) {
    war data = obj.data;
    if (obj.event === 'edit') {
        var content = miniPage.getHrefContent ('page/tenant/edit.html')
        var openWH = miniPage.getOpenWidthHeight();

    var index = layer.open({
        title: '编辑租客信息',
        type: 1,
        shade: 0.2,
        maxmin:true,
        shadeClose: true,
        area: [openWH[0] + 'px', openWH[1] + 'px'],
        offset: [openWH[2] + 'px', openWH[3] + 'px'],
        content: content,
```

4.2.3 提交功能实现

```
layui.use(['form', 'table'], function () {
      var form = layui.form,
           layer = layui.layer,
          // table = layui.table,
          \$ = 1ayui.\$;
      form. render();
      //监听提交
      form.on('submit(updateSubmit)', function (data) {
          console. log(data. field);
          //向后台发送数据并进行添加操作
          $. a jax ({
               url: "http://localhost:8888/customer/updateCustomer",
               type:"POST",
               contentType: "application/json",
               data: JSON. stringify (data. field),
               success:function(result) {
                  //把json对象转string
                  // result=JSON.parse(result);
                   console. log(result)
                   if (result. code==200) {
                       layer.msg("修改成功", {
                           icon:6,
                           time:500
                       }, function() {
                           parent. window. location. reload();//重新页面
```

5、效果图

