## 13.29 INVERSE LAPLACE TRANSFORM BY CONVOLUTION

$$L\left\{\int_{0}^{t} f_{1}(x) * f_{2}(t-x) dx\right\} = F_{1} \cdot (s) \cdot F_{2}(s) \quad \text{or} \quad \int_{0}^{t} f_{1}(x) \cdot f_{2}(t-x) dx = L^{-1} F_{1}(s) \cdot F_{2}(s)$$

**Example 45.** Using the convolution theorem, find

$$L^{-1}\left\{\frac{s^2}{(s^2+a^2)(s^2+b^2)}\right\}, \ a \neq b.$$

Solution. We have

L (cos at) = 
$$\frac{s}{s^2 + a^2}$$
 and L (cos bt) =  $\frac{s}{s^2 + b^2}$ 

Hence by the convolution theorem

$$L\left\{ \int_{0}^{t} \cos ax \cos b \, (t-x) \, dx \right\} = \frac{s^{2}}{(s^{2}+a^{2}) \, (s^{2}+b^{2})}$$

Therefore

$$L^{-1}\left\{\frac{s^{2}}{(s^{2}+a^{2})(s^{2}+b^{2})}\right\} = \int_{0}^{t} \cos ax \cos b (t-x) dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \int_{0}^{t} \left\{\cos (ax+bt-bx) + \cos (ax-bt+bx)\right\} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \int_{0}^{t} \cos \left[(a-b)x+bt\right] dx + \frac{1}{2} \int_{0}^{t} \cos \left[(a+b)x-bt\right] dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{\sin \left[(a-b)x+bt\right]}{2(a-b)}\right]_{0}^{t} + \left[\frac{\sin \left[(a+b)x-bt\right]}{2(a+b)}\right]_{0}^{t}$$

$$= \frac{\sin at - \sin bt}{2(a-b)} + \frac{\sin at + \sin bt}{2(a+b)}$$

$$= \frac{a \sin at - b \sin bt}{a^{2} - b^{2}}$$
Ans.

**Example 46.** Obtain  $L^{-1} \frac{1}{s(s^2 + a^2)}$ .

**Solution.** 
$$L^{-1}\frac{1}{s} = 1$$
 and  $L^{-1}\frac{1}{s^2 + a^2} = \frac{\sin at}{a}$ .

Hence by the convolution theorem

$$L \int_0^t \left\{ 1 \cdot \frac{\sin a (t - x)}{a} dx \right\} = \left( \frac{1}{s} \right) \left( \frac{1}{s^2 + a^2} \right)$$

$$L^{-1} \left\{ \frac{1}{s (s^2 + a^2)} \right\} = \int_0^t \frac{\sin a (t - x)}{a} dx = \left[ \frac{-\cos (at - ax)}{-a^2} \right]_0^t$$

$$= \frac{1}{a^2} [1 - \cos at]$$
Ans.

Obtain the inverse Laplace transform by convolution.

1. 
$$\frac{s^2}{(s^2+a^2)^2}$$

**Ans.** 
$$\frac{1}{2}t\cos at + \frac{1}{2a}\sin at$$

2. 
$$\frac{1}{(s^2+1)^3}$$

1. 
$$\frac{s^2}{(s^2 + a^2)^2}$$
 Ans.  $\frac{1}{2}t\cos at + \frac{1}{2a}\sin at$  2.  $\frac{1}{(s^2 + 1)^3}$  Ans.  $\frac{1}{8}\{(3 - t^2)\sin t - 3t\cos t\}$ 
3.  $\frac{s}{(s^2 + a^2)^2}$  Ans.  $\frac{t\sin at}{2a}$ ; 4.  $\frac{1}{s^2(s^2 - a^2)}$  Ans.  $\frac{1}{a^3}[-at + \sin h at]$ 

3. 
$$\frac{s}{(s^2+a^2)^2}$$

Ans. 
$$\frac{t \sin at}{2 a}$$

4. 
$$\frac{1}{s^2(s^2-a^2)}$$

Ans. 
$$\frac{1}{a^3}$$
 [- at + sin h at]

5. 
$$\frac{1}{(s+1)(s^2+1)}$$
; Ans.  $\frac{1}{2}(\cos t - \sin t - e^{-t})$