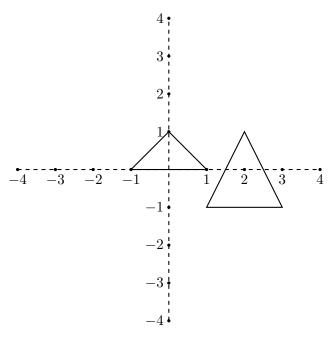
COMP1046 Tutorial 5 : Geometric Mappings

Anthony Bellotti

Consider the following geometric shapes:



Call the smaller triangle on the left, triangle T1. Call the larger triangle on the right, triangle T2.

1. What is the 3×3 matrix that represents the geometric mapping from T1 to T2?

Answer:

This is a vertical scaling by 2 followed by a translation by (2,-1). This is represented as

$$\left(\begin{array}{cc} \mathbf{M} & \mathbf{t} \\ 0 & 1 \end{array}\right).$$

where the scaling transform $\mathbf{M} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$ and translation $\mathbf{t} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}$. Hence the geometric mapping is

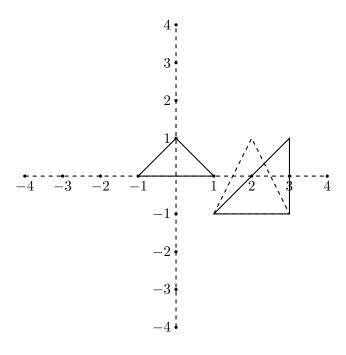
$$\mathbf{A} = \left(\begin{array}{ccc} 1 & 0 & 2 \\ 0 & 2 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right).$$

2. Apply the translation (0,1) to T2, followed by the geometric mapping given by

$$\mathbf{S} = \left(\begin{array}{ccc} 1 & \frac{1}{2} & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right).$$

Draw the resulting shape on the grid and call it T3.

Answer:



3. What type of geometric mapping is **S**? That is: is it a scaling, vertical or horizontal reflection, rotation, vertical or horizontal shear or translation, or a combination of these?

Answer:

It is a horizontal shear with a translation.

4. Express the geometric mapping from T1 to T3 by a single 3×3 matrix.

Answer:

The translation from T2 can be expressed as

$$\mathbf{T} = \left(\begin{array}{ccc} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right).$$

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Now take the product

$$\mathbf{STA} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & \frac{1}{2} & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 2 \\ 0 & 2 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \\
= \begin{pmatrix} 1 & \frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{2} \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 2 \\ 0 & 2 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \\
= \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 2 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \\
= \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 2 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

and this gives the geometric mapping from T1 to T3.