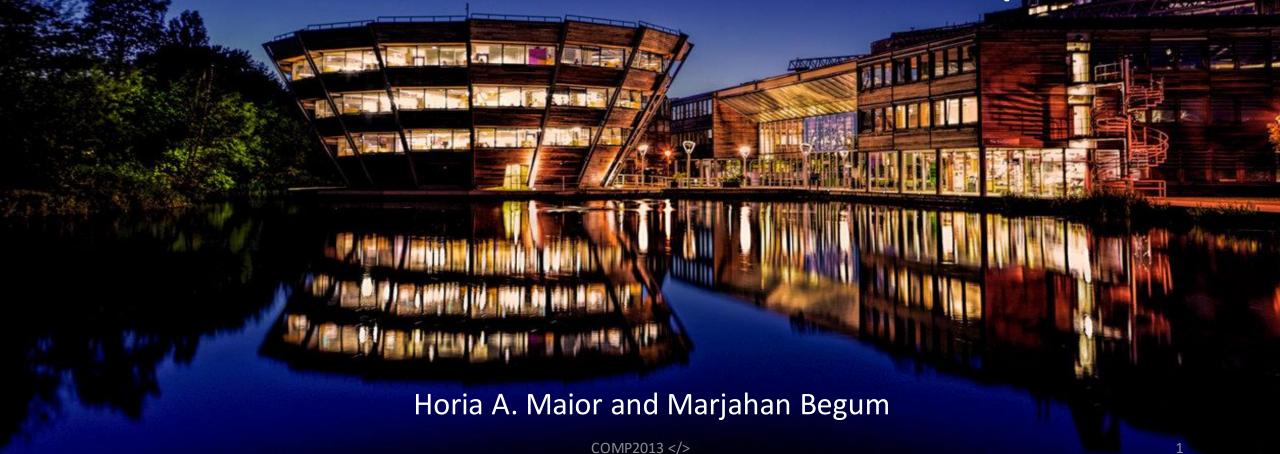


UNITED KINGDOM · CHINA · MALAYSIA

Lecture 09A

Libraries and Communal Software Development







Lecture 09A

Libraries and Communal Software Development

Horia A. Maior and Marjahan Begum



Topics



- Lecture
 - Coursework tips
 - Using and creating libraries
 - Communal software development (what it is; licensing; how to do it; how to get involved)
- Lab
 - Time for you to work on your coursework
- Lecture
 - Time for you to work on your coursework





coursework tips



Screen Capture Demos on Moodle



There are many useful screen capture demonstration videos in the lectures and on Moodle:

- Setting Up IntelliJ
- Setting Up Git and GitLab
- Maven/Gradle Project
- JavaFX Project
- Setting Up Junit testing within a JavaFX project using Maven (later today)
- Early set up of the CW



Path Issues



- An error message like this indicates that the compiler cannot find an image
 - Usually the path is set wrongly

```
Exception in thread "main" java.lang.NullPointerException Create breakpoint: Cannot invoke "java.net.URL.toString()" at java.desktop/sun.awt.SunToolkit.getImageFromHash(SunToolkit.java:698) at java.desktop/sun.awt.SunToolkit.getImage(SunToolkit.java:734) at snakeeProj.main@1.0-SNAPSHOT/snakee.MyFrame.<init>(MyFrame.java:32) at snakeeProj.main@1.0-SNAPSHOT/snakee.Play.<init>(Play.java:9) at snakeeProj.main@1.0-SNAPSHOT/snakee.Play.main(Play.java:63)

public MyFrame()
{
    jFrame.setIconImage(Toolkit.getDefaultToolkit().getImage(filename: "snake-logo.png"));
}
```



• Likely to do with the same issue the paths to resources folder.

```
java.lang.IllegalArgumentException Create breakpoint : input == null!
    at java.desktop/javax.imageio.ImageIO.read(ImageIO.java:1400)
    at CW1/cw1_files.GameUtil.getImage(GameUtil.java:19)
    at CW1/cw1_files.ImageUtil.<clinit>(ImageUtil.java:14)
    at CW1/cw1_files.MyFrame$MySnake.<clinit>(MyFrame.java:109)
    at CW1/cw1_files.Play.<init>(Play.java:22)
    at CW1/cw1_files.Play.main(Play.java:69)
VILLA: FINN EKKI TILTEKNA MYNDIN!
java.lang.IllegalArgumentException Create breakpoint : input == null!
    at java.desktop/javax.imageio.ImageIO.read(<a href="ImageIO.java:1400">ImageIO.java:1400</a>)
    at CW1/cw1_files.GameUtil.getImage(GameUtil.java:19)
    at CW1/cw1_files.ImageUtil.<clinit>(ImageUtil.java:15)
    at CW1/cw1_files.MyFrame$MySnake.<clinit>(MyFrame.java:109)
    at CW1/cw1_files.Play.<init>(Play.java:22)
    at CW1/cw1_files.Play.main(Play.java:69)
VILLA : FINN EKKI TILTEKNA MYNDIN !
java.lang.IllegalArgumentException Create breakpoint : input == null!
    at java.desktop/javax.imageio.ImageIO.read(ImageIO.java:1400)
    at CW1/cw1_files.GameUtil.getImage(GameUtil.java:19)
    at CW1/cw1_files.ImageUtil.<clinit>(ImageUtil.java:17)
    at CW1/cw1_files.MyFrame$MySnake.<clinit>(MyFrame.java:109)
    at CW1/cw1_files.Play.<init>(Play.java:22)
    at CW1/cw1_files.Play.main(Play.java:69)
VILLA: FINN EKKI TILTEKNA MYNDIN!
java.lang.<u>IllegalArgumentException</u> Create breakpoint : input == null!
    at java.desktop/javax.imageio.ImageIO.read(<a href="ImageIO.java:1400">ImageIO.java:1400</a>)
```



</>

Maven. How to use a POM file?

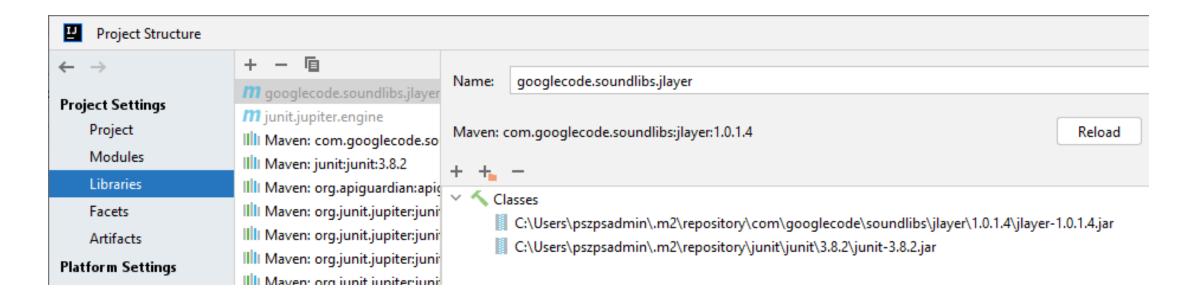
- Project Object Model (POM)
- Contains configuration information about your project
- Key items
 - Project Identification
 - Dependencies
 - Plug-Ins
 - Other Settings



Error: Reading packages from multiple sources



java: the unnamed module reads package javazoom.jl.player from both jlayer and jl1.0.1





Random Tips



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- Consider the use of "streams" and "lambdas" for improving maintainability
 - https://stackify.com/streams-guide-java-8/
- Solving problems is detective work
 - Check out "Stack Exchange"
 - Use prototyping and throw away models
 - Use the debugger to get information about the state of variables
 - https://youtube.com/playlist?list=PLPZyhmwOdEUWF85MuwrKV8YVWLmZW4ZA&si=gj8AmbZVC9q_xQMY
 - Look at the examples from the lectures and on Moodle
- When submitting your coursework
 - Don't forget to merge back to the main branch
 - Don't forget to tidy up your project by using "mvn clean" or "gradle clean" before zipping it



Random Tips

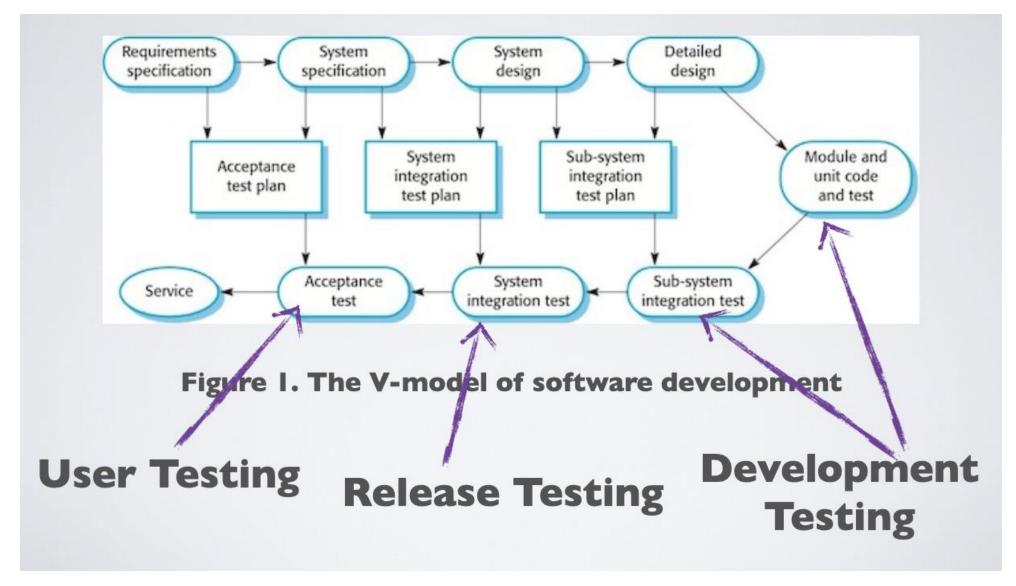


- Feel free to use your own graphics/sound
- Testing plan/strategy
 - White Box
 - Black Box
 - Keep Track of Testing

Black Box Testing	White Box Testing		
The Black Box Test is a test that only considers the external behavior of the system; the internal workings of the software is not taken into account.	The White Box Test is a method used to test a software taking into consideration its internal functioning.		
It is carried out by testers.	It is carried out by software developers.		
This method is used in <u>System Testing</u> or <u>Acceptance</u> <u>Testing</u> .	This method is used in <u>Unit Testing or Integration Testing</u> .		
It is the least time consuming.	It is most time consuming.		
It is the behavior testing of the software.	It is the logic testing of the software.		
It is also known as data-driven testing, <u>functional</u> <u>testing</u> , and closed box testing.	It is also known as clear box testing, code-based testing, structural testing, and transparent testing.		
Black Box Test is not considered for algorithm testing.	White Box Test is well suitable for algorithm testing.		









System Tests Document



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Test ID	Reason	Input	Expected Output	Pass/Fail
1	A description of what we are testing	-1	error	PASS (date)
2		4.99	converted to 5	PASS (date)
3		10,000,000,000	error	I) FAIL (date) 2) PASS (date)
4	Another thing to test	-	error	PASS (date)



Useful Resources



- Maven tutorial Crash Course https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Xatr8AZLOsE
- Gradle tutorial Crash Course https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=gKPMKRnnbXU
- JUnit 5 tutorial Crash Course https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=6uSnF6luWlw





philosophies of software development



Different Philosophies of Software Development



- During your life as a software maintainer you will work on a number of different forms of projects
- Some of these may have open source code, or use open source libraries
- You may have to rework private code to be open source, or vice versa
- In this lecture, we will look at an overview of how to use third party code in the form of libraries and open source projects





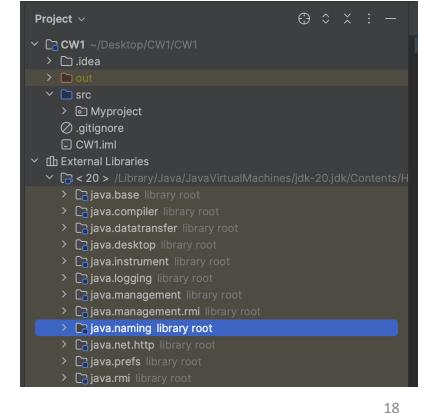
libraries



What is a Library?



- What is a library?
 - Some 3rd party software packaged up (in binaries) and ready-to-use in your own code
 - It is a shared resource
- Usually online documentation
 - Supporting guides as well as Javadocs to show the API
- You've already had experience of this
 - e.g. using the JDK library in your IDE





What's in a Library?



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- Libraries in Java consists of:
 - A Jar file
 - Created via the jar tool, or via an IDE
 - Basically a zip file
 - A way of packaging class files and resource files
 - Contains a special folder META-INF
 - Note that a runnable Jar file is not a library!
 - An API
 - Publicly accessible methods
 - Interface stability is important; use "@Deprecated" before removing methods
 - In Javadoc use "@deprecated"
 - Usually include a licence
 - How you can distribute/change it more later



Making Use of Libraries in Java



- You need a library file usually a .jar archive
- Reference it in your project
 - e.g. adding the jar to your Java Build Path
- Import relevant parts of the library into your code
- Make use of the methods
 - May need to create an object, or static use access
- Think about how to distribute the library with your code



Making Use of Libraries in Java



- You can package them up with your deployed application, or perhaps include them in your project source distribution
 - Licence permitting! (more later...)
- You can also use build files to help with collaborative development using libraries
 - Script will copy a file from an external resource
 - In this way you do not need a license to re-distribute them as you are only downloading them



Build Systems and Libraries



- Build systems can pull required libraries from remote sources
- Maven/Gradle will place these dependences in a folder locally:

```
{your-username}\.m2
{your-username}\.gradle
```

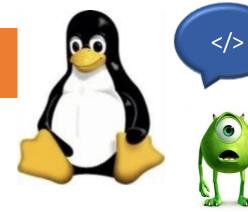
 You can request particular versions of libraries, so you may see different versions of libraries in this folder





open source software development and maintenance





- What is Open Source Software (OSS)?
 - OSS is (generally) free software that uses any licence approved by the Open Source Initiative (OSI) from their list of approved open source licences (link below)
- What is Free OSS?
 - "Software that gives users rights to run, copy, distribute, change and improve it as they see it, without them asking permission from or make payments to any external group or person".

Open source initiative: https://opensource.org/



Mitre FOSS report 2002



Free Software Foundation

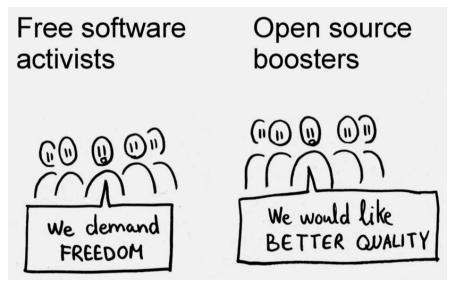


Richard Stallman: President and founder of the Free Software Foundation



"Free software should be a human right!"

Different perspectives



Free software, free society: Richard Stallman at TEDxGeneva 2014 https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Ag1AKII 2GM





- Why Go Open Source?
 - Higher Quality
 - Customisable
 - Improvable
 - Collaborative bug finding/fixing
 - Redistributable
 - Transparency
 - Free





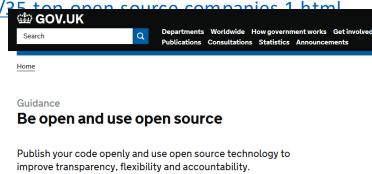


- Starting to be recognised as a "Good Thing" by industry. Why?
 - All the previous reasons plus:
 - 1. Good advertising
 - 2. Attract talented developers
 - a) More development possible
 - b) Version-tracked contributions are good demonstration of potential employees' programming skill
 - c) Develop outside of your core skill set





- Examples:
 - Linux, OpenJDK; Apache; LaTex; Moodle; Firefox; Android; Mozilla; MySQL;
 OpenOffice; Blender; VLC; IntelliJ CE; Eclipse
- Top "Open Source" Companies
 - Adobe; Amazon Web Services; Docker; Facebook; GitHub; Google; Gradle; Huawei; IBM;
 Intel; LinkedIn; Microsoft; MongoDB; Netflix; Oracle; Red Hat; Samsung Electronics; Twitter;
 ...
 - More information about how these companies contribute is available here:
 - https://www.datamation.com/open-source/25 top open source companies 1 html
- The UK government supports OSS,
 - They should do!





Open Source Definition



- Open Source Criteria:
 - https://opensource.org/osd/



Introduction

Open source doesn't just mean access to the source code. The distribution terms of open-source software must comply with the following criteria:

1. Free Redistribution

The license shall not restrict any party from selling or giving away the software as a component of an aggregate software distribution containing programs from several different sources. The license shall not require a royalty or other fee for such sale.

2. Source Code

The program must include source code, and must allow distribution in source code as well as compiled form. Where some form of a product is not distributed with source code, there must be a well-publicized means of obtaining the source code for no more than a reasonable reproduction cost, preferably downloading via the Internet without charge. The source code must be the preferred form in which a programmer would modify the program. Deliberately obfuscated source

- Range of Code Adoption
 - Code adoption can happen at the level of a few lines of code, a method, a class, a library, a component, a tool, or a complete system.



The Ethics of Open Source

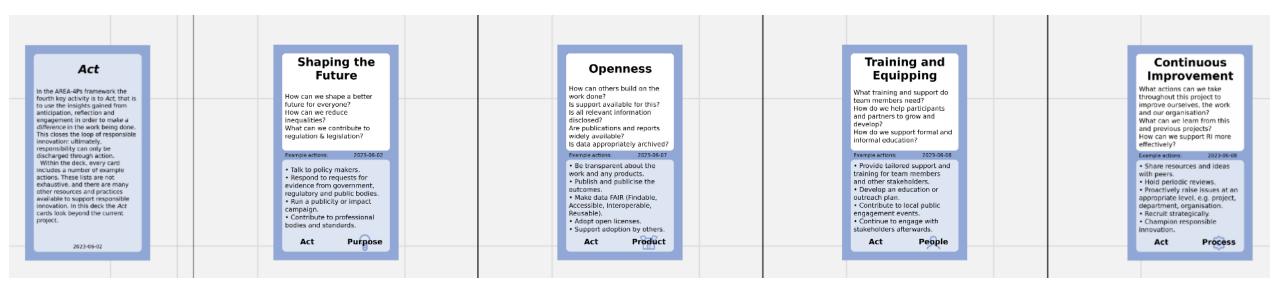


- Different points of view:
 - The ethics of free software (Dr Dobb's Journal 2000)
 - http://www.drdobbs.com/the-ethics-of-free-software/184414581
 - The ethics of open source software (Erfanian's Blog 2013)
 - http://www.ericerfanian.com/the-ethics-of-open-source-software/
 - Why open source software isn't as ethical as you think it is (Ethical Tech 2017)
 - https://words.werd.io/why-open-source-software-isnt-as-ethical-as-you-think-it-is-2e34d85c3b16



UoN - Responsible Research and Innovation





https://tas.ac.uk/responsible-research-innovation/rri-prompts-and-practice-cards/





licences



Software Licences





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• I just want to give my software away! Why do I care about licences?

Scenario 1

 Bob installs my disk optimisation software. Great! But Bobs hard drive then catches fire and he loses an entire novel he is writing. Bad. Who's fault is it?

Scenario 2

- I write an awesome music sharing app. Great!
- EvilCorp also like it, and they realise they can take it, close the source, and fill it with ads and sell it. Is this what I want?



Software Licences



- Software licences are there ...
 - to protect you as well as your code
 - to protect any future developers of the code
- We need rules in order to secure certain freedoms
 - What can be done with the code
 - Who can change it
 - Who can distribute it
 - Is there any warranty or disclaimer

– ...



Software Licences



- Some common OSS licences (for more see https://opensource.org/licenses/ and https://opensource.org/license
 - Permissive license:
 - Subsequent users can produce 'closed source' versions and sell the software
 - CopyLeft license:
 - Any subsequent versions are left with the same rights e.g. source code must be supplied, and can be modified

Examples

- Apache Licence 2.0 > Permissive licence
- BSD 3-Clause "New" or "Revised" licence > Permissive licence
- GNU General Public Licence (GPL) > CopyLeft licence
- MIT licence > Permissive licence
- Mozilla Public Licence 2.0 > Permissive licence





what next?



Using and Developing Your Skills



- What have you learnt during the COMP2013 module?
 - Much more experience with Java
 - Object-Oriented Design
 - GUI programming
 - Use of tools (e.g. Git/GitLab; IntelliJ; Maven/Gradle; ...)
 - Modifying and adding to a sizeable existing project
- And with your group project you are learning to work as a team
- What now? You might want to:
 - 1. Initiate your own open source project
 - 2. Contribute to an existing project



Initiate Your Own Project



• How?

- Identify a need
- Discuss the idea
- Does it already exist?
- Talk to your lecturers / peers
- Code Development starts
- Create website and "announce"
- Community evolves
- Functionalities added

• Funding?

Donation, voluntary, crowd-funded

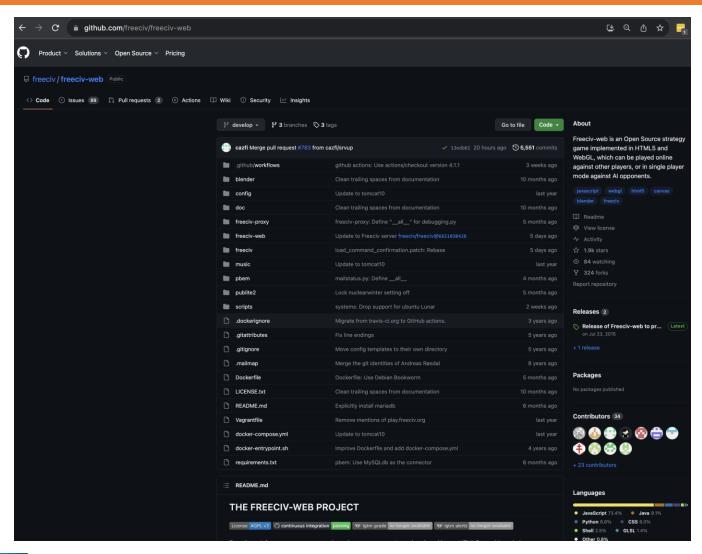






COMP2013





https://github.com/freeciv/freeciv-web https://github.com/freeciv/freeciv-web/issues





- How to get involved
 - Look at the README file
 - Should explain the purpose of the projects, direction of development, etc.
 - Look out for sections on How To Contribute
 - Fork the project
 - Create a branch?
 - Check for any rules on how contributors should work
 - Respect the rules of the project





- How to get involved (cont.)
 - Join a development chat or forum to see how development is organised
 - Start to talk to the developers if you think you can help
 - Learn how to use merge/pull requests
 - Write a test to show you have fixed a bug
 - Have the right attitude!
 - Polite; patient





- Looking for open issues
 - Look under Issues for a project
 - Projects can assign labels
 - Some target new developers
- Make sure that jest tests fail if an error is thrown within a jsdom event handler good first bug #8260 opened 20 days ago by spicyj
 [New Docs] Wanted Guides Component: Documentation & Website good first bug #8060 opened on 23 Oct by gaearon 0 of 13
 how remove debug info from react.min.js file when publish project good first bug #7990 opened on 17 Oct by uxitten
 Show component stack for invalid type warning during element creation good first bug #7856 opened on 4 Oct by spicyj
 Make createElement(undefined) warning more descriptive good first bug Type: Enhancement #7307 opened on 19 Jul by gaearon
 Should React warn when controlled <select> components have duplicate values? good first bug Type: Enhancement
- ① Add Git & GitHub Challenges curriculum request

#11515 opened 26 days ago by atjonathan

(*) Pull rea

(!) Issues 184

<>> Code

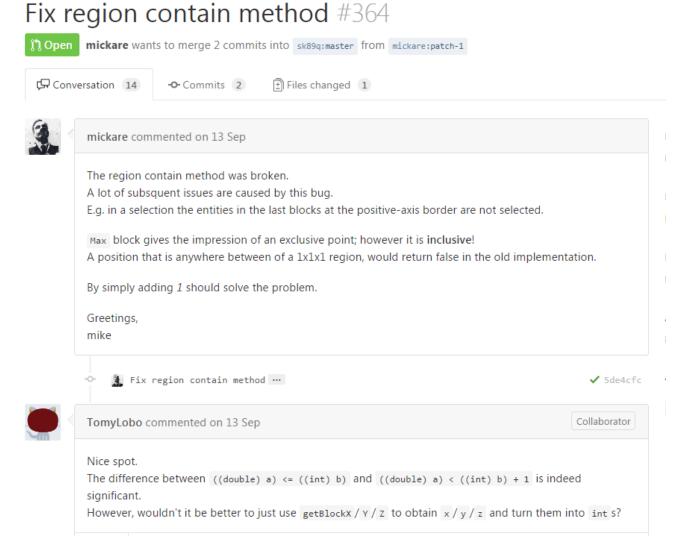
- (1) Question about challenge: Label Bootstrap Buttons. Discussing enhancement #11477 opened on 31 Oct by zhouxiang19910319
- (!) Read-Search-Ask links broken all over the place blocked #11465 opened on 30 Oct by Kwpolska
- (!) Progress gone after clicking activation link twice accounts blocked #11462 opened on 30 Oct by RichStone



#6959 opened on 3 Jun by jbinto



- Communication is informal
 - Community communications
 - Threaded discussion forums
 - Email (list servers)
 - Newsgroups
 - Messaging/chat
 - Community digests
 - Social networks





Challenges of Collaborative OSS Development



- Product structure and comprehension
 - Who understands the 'whole system'?
- Effective ways of incorporating requirements of non-developer users?
- With larger scales, will coordination needs force adoption of "commercial" development techniques?
- How to collaborate on "big" features?
- How to respond to unanticipated events? (Funding etc.)





and finally ...

Reading for First Timers: http://www.firsttimersonly.com/

GitHub for Beginner's Guides and Help: https://github.com/btford/participating-in-open-source/



Acknowledgements



Thanks to Peer-Olaf Siebers and Robert Laramee for the lecture materials





JUnit refresher



```
/// pom.xml (JavaFXJUnit)
             </dependency>
             «dependency»
                 <groupId>org.openifx</groupId>
                 <artifactId>javafx-fxml</artifactId>
                 <version>21.8.1
             </dependency>
             <dependency>
                 <groupId>org.junit.jupiter</groupId>
                 <artifactId>junit-jupiter-engine</artifactId>
                 eversion>5.8.2
             </dependency>
         </dependencies>
         <build>
             <pli><plugins>
                 <pli>cplugino
                     <groupId>org.apache.maven.plugins
                     <artifactId>maven-compiler-plugin</artifactId>
                     <version>3.11.8
                     <configuration>
                         <source>20</source>
                         <target>28</target>
project
        dependencies
                     dependency version
```



JUnit Test - HD 1080p.mov