

# Getting started with gem5

In this section, we will get familiar with the tutorial's codespace environment and run our first gem5 simulation.



# Let's hit the ground running

## This example will show

1. How someone obtains gem5.
  2. How you build it.
  3. Running a very basic "Hello World" simulation.
- Getting and compiling gem5 is often the hardest part.
  - There's a lot of complicated things happening behind the scenes. We will explain them later.



# Typical Downloading

gem5 is not your typical software project where you can easily download a binary.  
I.e., `apt install gem5` will not work.

The main way gem5 is distributed is as source code that you have to build.

```
git clone https://github.com/gem5/gem5
cd gem5
```

There are two main branches in the gem5 repository:

**stable:** The default branch for gem5. Updated at stable releases. Currently v24.0 (As of August 2024).

**develop:** The branch in which new features, improvements, etc. are added regularly for the next release.

In this tutorial we're going to use codespaces with a repo which includes some example materials.  
Though all the gem5 code is v24.0.



# gem5 versions

On the **stable** branch, there are *tags* for each release.

We release gem5 roughly 2-3 times per year.

We don't have a strict schedule or feature or bug fix goal for releases.

The releases are named for the year and number.

E.g., the most recent gem5 release, v24.0, was the first release in 2024.

The full version string is `v24.0.0.0`.

The last two numbers are for

- Minor releases (these happen rarely when a major bug is found).
- Hotfix releases: These are for "small" bugs that are found after a release.

See [CONTRIBUTING.md](#) for more information.



# Using codespaces

- We will be using the "bootcamp environment"
  - Note: That's also where the source for these slides are
  - You will be doing all of your development in the repo found at <https://github.com/gem5bootcamp/lps2024>.

These slides and are available at <https://gem5bootcamp.github.io/lps2024> for you to follow along.

**Step 1:** Go to the classroom <https://classroom.github.com/a/gvklGF9t>

You need to be in the GitHub organization (via the classroom) to get free codespaces.

**We strongly recommend using codespaces for the bootcamp.**

This guarantees everyone is using the same environment and will make debugging easier.



# Using codespaces 2

**AFTER** joining the classroom, you can go to the repository and click on the green "Code" button. Again, note that this is the repo where the slides are.

<https://github.com/gem5bootcamp/lps2024/>

The screenshot shows the GitHub interface for the repository 'gem5-bootcamp-env', which is a fork of 'gem5bootcamp/2024'. The repository is public and has 22 forks and 0 stars. The 'Code' button is highlighted with a red arrow, and the 'Codespaces' option in the dropdown menu is also highlighted with a red arrow. The dropdown menu shows a list of Codespaces, including 'glowing space train' and 'bookish guide', with their respective branches and commit times. The 'Codespaces' section also includes a note about usage for this repository being paid for by 'gem5-ISCA24-tutorial'.

gem5-ISA24-tutorial / gem5-bootcamp-env

Type to search

<> Code Pull requests Actions Projects Security Insights Settings

gem5-bootcamp-env Public  
forked from gem5bootcamp/2024

Edit Pins Watch 0 Fork 22 Star 0

main 1 Branch 0 Tags

Go to file Add file <> Code About

This branch is 1 commit behind gem5bootcamp/2024:main

powerjg Merge pull request #2 from v-ramadas/gpufs-tutorial-updates

.devcontainer misc: Fix path on pc  
.vscode misc: update default  
\_data Fix title of course and  
\_includes Add everything from  
\_layouts Add pdf slides and  
\_sass Make the links to slides

Local Codespaces

Codespaces  
Your workspaces in the cloud

On current branch

glowing space train  
main\* Uncommitted changes

bookish guide  
main No changes

Codespace usage for this repository is paid for by gem5-ISA24-tutorial.

Readme  
CC-BY-4.0 license  
Activity  
Custom properties  
0 stars  
0 watching  
22 forks  
Report repository

Releases  
No releases published  
Create a new release

# Using codespaces 3

## Step 3: Wait for the environment to load.

You can also open it in your local VS Code if you install the Codespaces extension.  
(If you do this, the extensions will not be installed automatically on your local VS Code.)



# Navigating the repository

- `gem5/`
  - The gem5 source code (v24.0). A sub-repository
- `gem5-resources/`
  - Source code for gem5's resources (workloads, disks, etc.). Also a sub-repository
- `slides/`
  - Markdown version of these slides. Used to build the website/slides.
  - You can also preview the slides in VS Code.
- `materials/`
  - Python scripts and other materials for the tutorial.
  - Most of the live coding examples will be here.
  - Completed examples are in the `completed` directories.
- A few other things for the website, automatic building, VS Code configurations, etc.

Both the slides and materials are broken down into sections and lessons.  
We use numbering to keep them in order.





# Building gem5

Don't do this right now!

```
scons build/ALL/gem5.opt -j [number of cores]
```

- This takes a while (10-15 minutes with 16 cores, ~1hr on 1 core).
- If you're using codespaces, we have prebuilt binaries for you.
- We'll talk more about the build system and options later.

<script src="https://asciinema.org/a/6rAd24brgGqb3Sj8Kmvvy1msaG.js" id="asciicast-6rAd24brgGqb3Sj8Kmvvy1msaG" async="true"></script>



# Time for a live coding example

While we do this, feel free to follow along in the slides.

The slides (found in `slides/01-Introduction/02-getting-started.md`) contain the code snippets we will be using. You can copy-paste from there if you get behind.

Press the "Preview" button in VS Code to see a rendered version of the slides locally.



# Let's start by writing a simulation configuration

```
from gem5.prebuilt.demo.x86_demo_board import X86DemoBoard
from gem5.resources.resource import obtain_resource
from gem5.simulate.simulator import Simulator
```

This template code is available in the `materials/01-Introduction/02-getting-started/` directory. Open the `basic.py` file and start editing.

Throughout this bootcamp we will be editing/extending files in the materials directory.

Links to the code are available in the slides if you're using VS Code.

# Let's be lazy and use a prebuilt board

```
board = X86DemoBoard()
```

The X86DemoBoard has the following properties:

- Single Channel DDR3, 2GB Memory.
- A 4 core 3GHz processor (using gem5's "timing" model).
- A MESI Two Level Cache Hierarchy, with 32kB data and instruction cache and a 1MB L2 Cache.
- Will be run as a Full-System simulation.

Source is available: [src/python/gem5/prebuilt/demo/x86\\_demo\\_board.py](https://github.com/riscv/riscv-gem5/blob/master/src/python/gem5/prebuilt/demo/x86_demo_board.py).

## Let's load some software

```
board.set_workload(  
    obtain_resource("x86-ubuntu-24.04-boot-no-systemd")  
)
```

- `obtain_resource` downloads the files needed to run workload
  - Boots Ubuntu without systemd then exits the simulation
  - Downloads disk image, kernel, and sets default parameters

See the [gem5 resource page](#).

# gem5 resources web portal

[Link](#)

gem5-resources /

x86-ubuntu-24.04-boot-no-systemd

Category: workload

X86 VERSION 1.0.0 TAGS None

[Readme](#) [Changelog](#) [Usage](#) [Versions](#) [Raw](#)

A full boot of Ubuntu 24.04 with Linux 5.4.0-105-generic for X86. It runs `m5 exit` at specific times in the boot process. Please refer to the README for diskimage for more information. If specified the readfile will be executed after booting.

Author

Unknown

License

Unknown

Properties

Kernel

[x86-linux-kernel-5.4.0-105-generic](#)

Disk\_image

[x86-ubuntu-24.04-img](#)

Function

set\_kernel\_disk\_workload

## Now, let's create a simulator to actually run

```
sim = Simulator(board)
sim.run(20_000_000_000) # 20 billion ticks or 20 ms
```

# That's it!

```
from gem5.prebuilt.demo.x86_demo_board import X86DemoBoard
from gem5.resources.resource import obtain_resource
from gem5.simulate.simulator import Simulator
board = X86DemoBoard()
board.set_workload(
    obtain_resource("x86-ubuntu-24.04-boot-no-systemd")
)
sim = Simulator(board)
sim.run(20_000_000_000) # 20 billion ticks or 20 ms
```

To run it:

```
gem5-mesi basic.py
```



# Results

gem5 has a lot of output.

It's both verbose on stdout, but also writes many files in `m5out/`.

## gem5's output

In `m5out/` you'll see:

- `stats.txt`: The statistics from the simulation.
- `board.pc.com_1.device`: The console output from the simulation.
- `citations.bib`: Citations for the models and resources used.
- `config.ini/json`: The configuration file used.
- `config*.pdf/svg`: A visualization of the configuration for the system and the caches.

# Take aways

- `gem5` is a Python interpreter.
- The *interface* to `gem5` is Python scripts.
- `gem5` contains many Python libraries.
  - All of the models in `gem5` (e.g., caches, CPUs, etc.).
  - The standard library (stdlib)
- The output of `gem5` is in `m5out/` by default.
  - Details of configuration
  - Other output
  - **Statistics** (the most important part)
- The Codespaces environment is configured to make things easy.
  - You'll need to do some work to set up your own environment.

