

Love, Hate, and Policy Languages

Gabriel L. Manor @ DevOpsKC, August 2023

Find the Difference



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	Passport	Flight Ticket
Form of	Identity	Authority
Purpose	Verifies identity	Grants access to a flight
Scope	Global	Flight-specific
Issued by	Government	Airline desk, app, website, etc.
Information	Name, photo, birthdate, etc.	Name, flight number, seat, gate, etc.
Validity	Multiple years	One flight
Used	Once per flight	Multiple times per flight
Uniqueness	Unique to an individual	Unique to a flight and passenger
Changeable	No	Yes
Permissions	One (to travel)	Multiple (to board, to check bags, etc.)
Revocation granularity	All at once	One permission at a time
Transferable	No	Yes

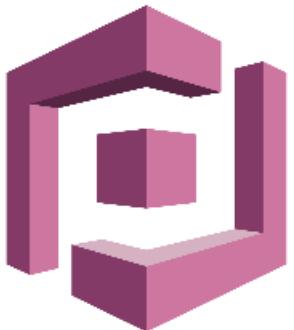
	Authentication	Authorization
Purpose	Verifies user identity	Determines user permissions
Scope	Applies to all users	Specific to each user's role or status
Issued by	Identity provider	Any kind of data
Information	Username, social identity, biometrics, etc.	User roles, permissions, policy, external data, etc.
Validity	Until credentials change or are revoked	Per permissions check
Used	Once per session (typically)	Multiple times per session
Uniqueness	Unique to an individual user	Unique to a principal, action and resource
Changeable	Require session revocation	Yes (permissions can be updated, etc.)
Permissions	One (to access the system)	Multiple (to read, write, update, delete, etc.)
Revocation granularity	All at once (user is denied access)	One permission at a time
Transferable	No (credentials should not be shared)	Yes (policy can be applied to other users)

Authentication Advanced Features

- Multi-factor authentication
- Single sign-on / Social login / Passwordless
- User / account management
- Session management
- User registration / UI flows / customizations
- Account verification / recovery
- Audit / reporting / analytics / compliance
- Third party integrations



Auth0



c clerk

STYTCH

frontegg

SuperTokens



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We Will Do RBAC Later

- Every developer on every new application

The Auth Comfort Zone

Authentication 😊

Verify who the user is

```
if (!user) {  
    return;  
}
```

Authorization 😔

Check what a user can do

```
if (!allowed(  
    user,  
    action,  
    resource  
)  
) {  
    return;  
}
```



Add RBAC to Permit

enhancement

good first issue

feature

#48 opened on Apr 14, 2021 by asafc

Add RBAC to the system

SMS-029

H

PER-5119

Add RBAC to Task App



Sprint 37

Features

os



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“Nah, man. RBAC is pretty easy.”

- Derek, age 24





Gabriel L. Manor

Director of DevRel @ Permit.io

🥇 Struggling with authorization for the last 8y

Not an ethical hacker, zero awards winner, dark mode hater.

```
def delete_user(user_id):
    user = User.get(user_id)
    if user.role == 'admin':
        user.delete()
```

```
# Middleware
def roles_required():
    ...
        if user.role == 'admin':
            return func(*args, **kwargs)
        else:
            raise Exception('User is not admin')
    ...

@roles_required('admin')
def delete_user(user_id):
    user = User.get(user_id)
    user.delete()
```

```
# Middleware
def roles_required():
    ...
        if user.role == 'admin':
            return func(*args, **kwargs)
    else:
        raise Exception('User is not admin')
    ...
def permissions_required():
    ...
        if permissions == 'delete_user':
            return func(*args, **kwargs)
    else:
        raise Exception('User is not admin')
    ...

# Business logic
@roles_required('admin')
@permissions_required('delete_user')
def delete_user(user_id):
    user = User.get(user_id)
    user.delete()
```



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```
# Middleware
def roles_required():
    ...
        if user.role == 'admin':
            return func(*args, **kwargs)
        else:
            raise Exception('User is not admin')
    ...

# Business logic
@roles_required('admin')
def enable_workflow(user_id):
    user = User.get(user_id)
    paid_tier = billing_service.get_user_tier(user_id) == 'paid'
    if not paid_tier:
        raise Exception('User is not on paid tier')
```

```
@roles_required('admin')
@permissions_required('enable_workflow')
def enable_workflow():
    user = User.get(user_id)
    step1 = workflow.run()
    step2 = workflow.run()
    if user.sms_enabled:
        send_sms_to_list(user.phone_number, 'Workflow is enabled')
```



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Staging

```
@roles_required('admin')
@permissions_required('enable_workflow')
def enable_workflow():
    user = User.get(user_id)
    step1 = workflow.run()
```

Production

```
@roles_required('superadmin')
@permissions_required('enable_workflow')
def enable_workflow():
    user = User.get(user_id)
    step1 = workflow.run()
```

Django

```
@permission_required('app_name.can_edit')  
def my_view(request):  
    # Your view logic here  
  
    ...
```

Flask

```
app = Flask(__name__)  
login_manager = LoginManager(app)  
  
class User(UserMixin):  
    def __init__(self, id, role):  
        self.id = id  
        self.role = role  
  
@login_manager.user_loader  
def load_user(user_id):  
    return User(user_id, 'admin')  
  
@app.route('/admin')  
@login_required  
def admin():  
    if current_user.role != 'admin':  
        abort(403)  
  
    ...
```

```
if user.role == 'admin':  
    if user.tier == 'paid':  
        if user.sms_enabled:  
            if user.phone_number:  
                send_sms_to_list(user.phone_number, 'Workflow is enabled')
```

Authorization Best Practices



Declarative



Generic



Unified



Agnostic



Decoupled



Easy to audit



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#1 Model

User | Action | Resource

Does *[Principal]* Allowed to Perform *[Action]* on *[Resource]*
Is a Monkey Allowed to Eat a Banana

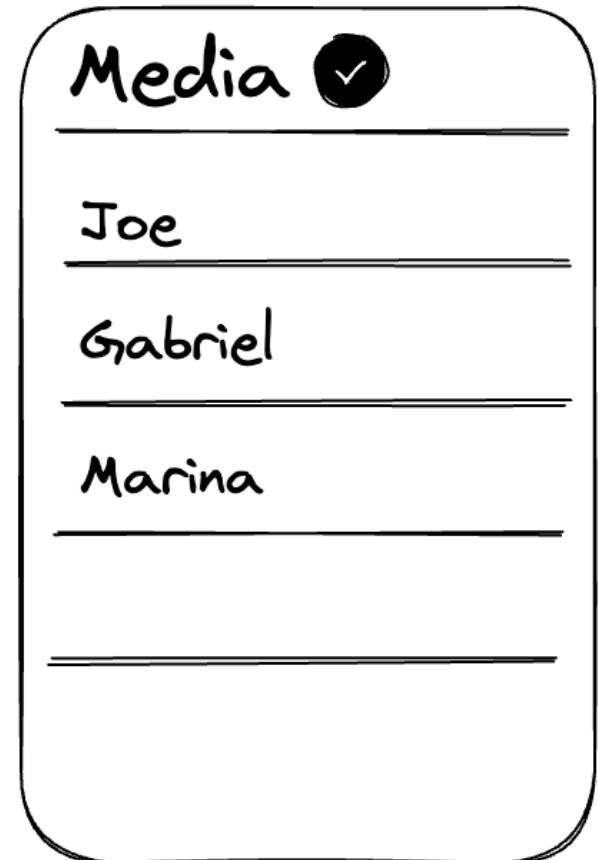
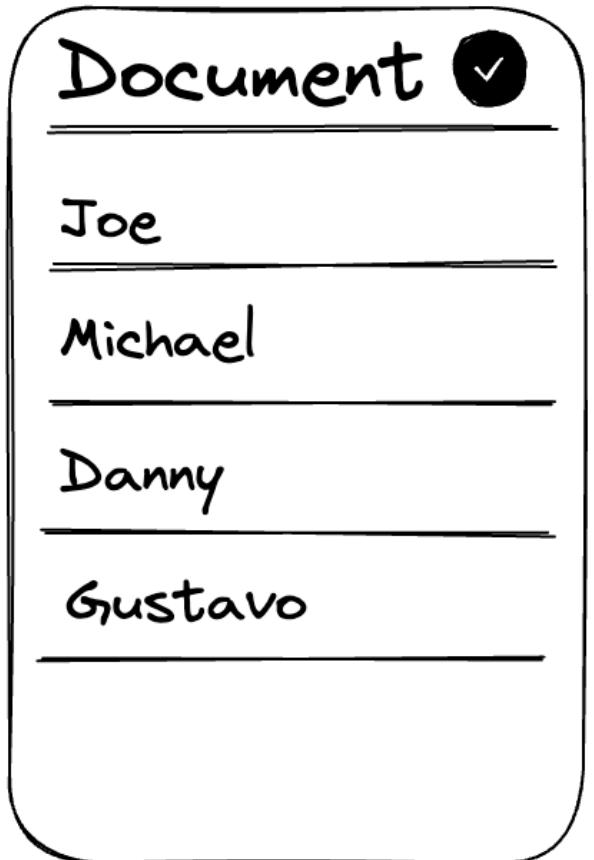
ACL - Access Control List

RBAC - Role-Based Access Control

ABAC - Attribute-Based Access Control

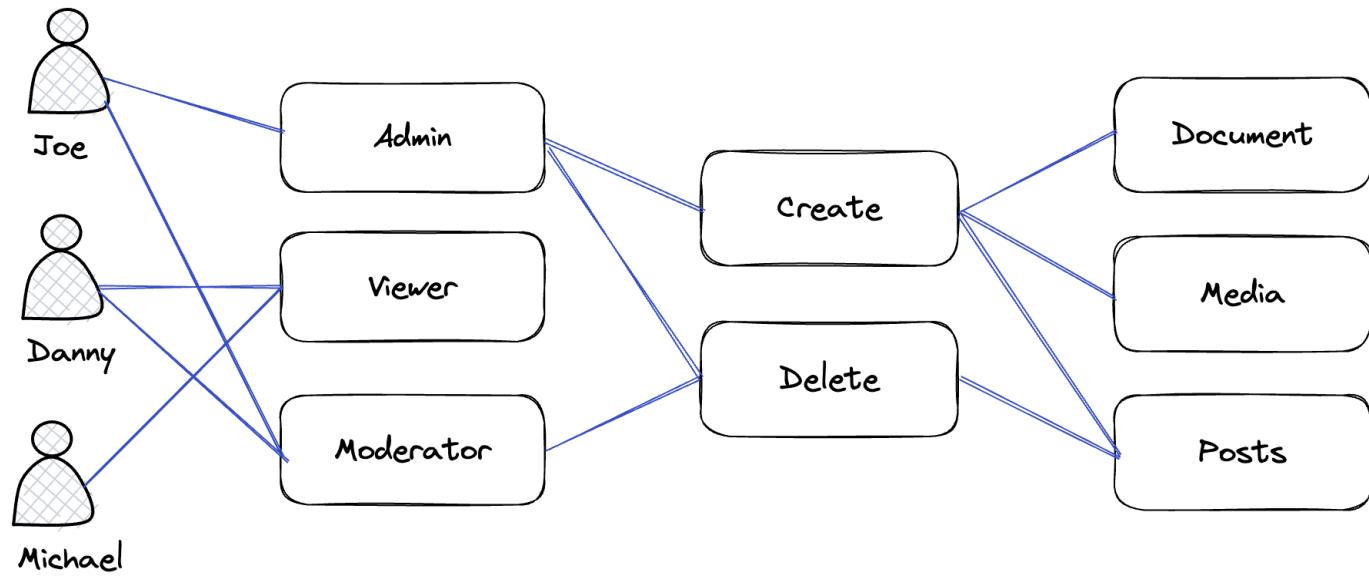
ReBAC - Relationship-Based Access Control

ACL - Access Control List



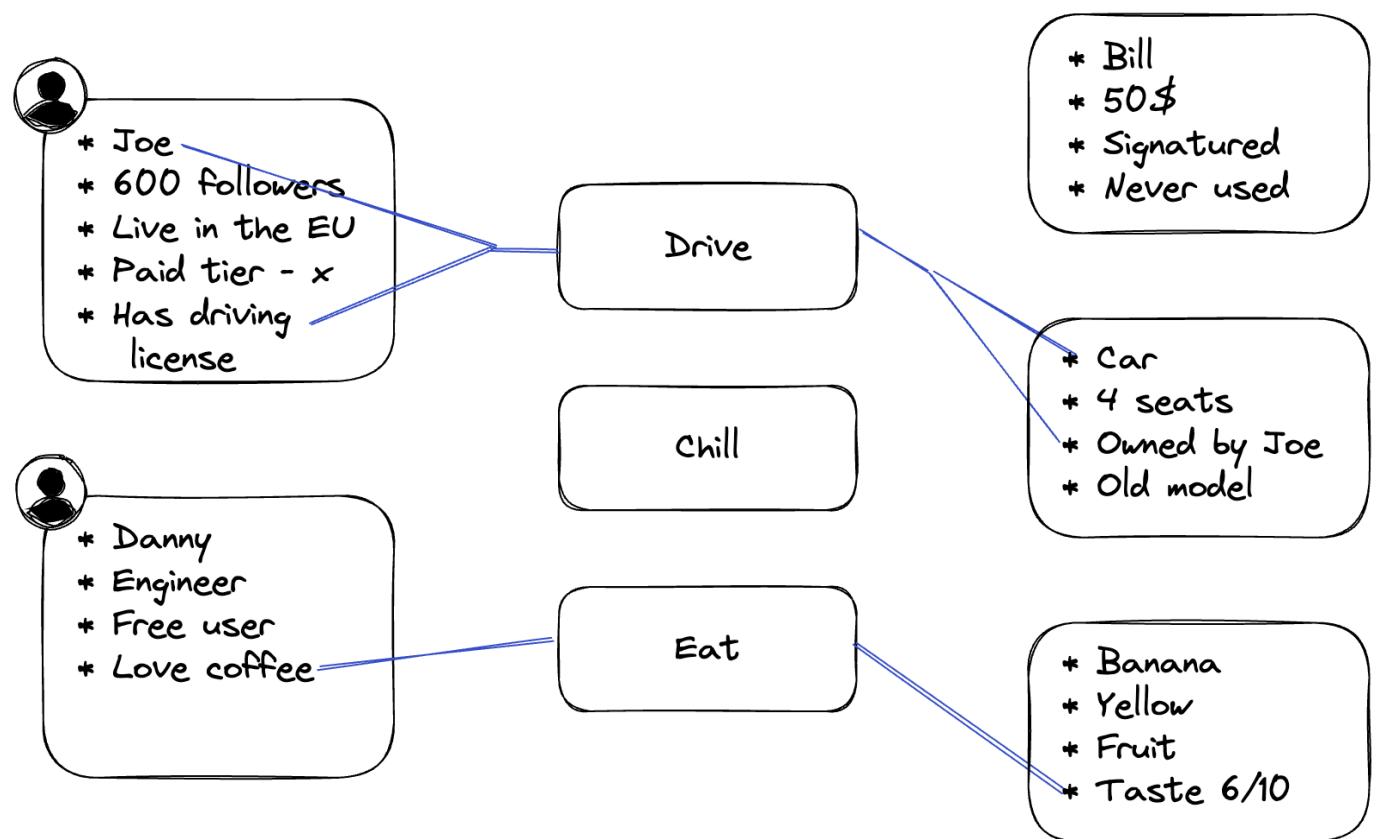
- EOL model
- Widely used in IT systems/networks
- No segmentation/attribution support
- Hard to scale

RBAC - Role Based Access Control



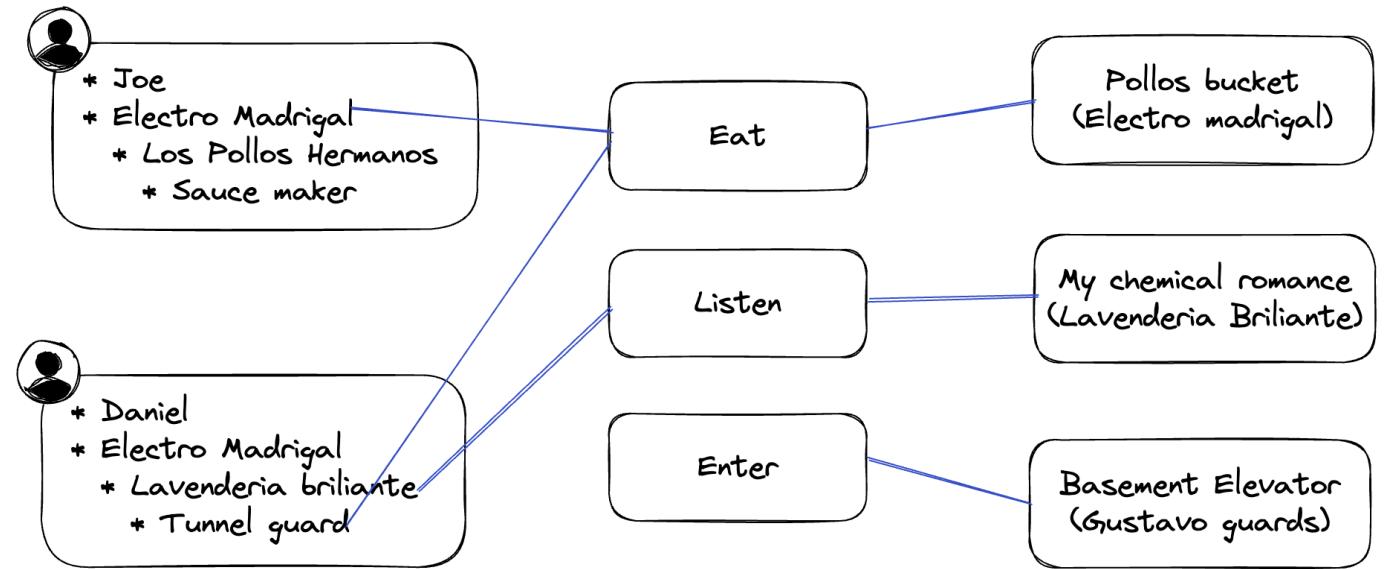
- The widely-used model for app authorization
- 😎 Easy to define, use and audit
- No resource inspection
- Limited scalability

ABAC - Attribute Based Access Control



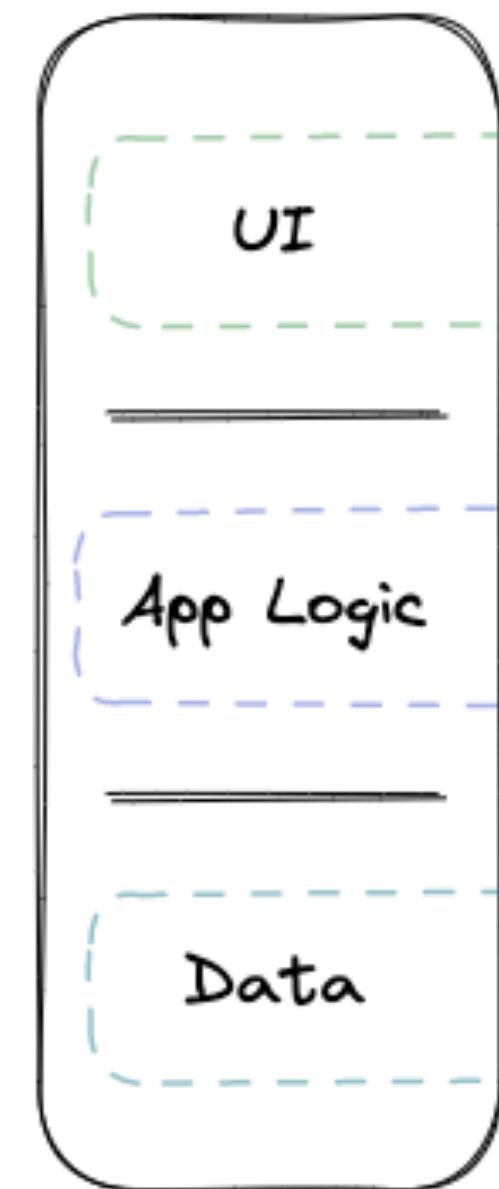
- The most robust model for inspection and desicion making
- Configuration could be hard
- Easy to handle multiple data sources
- 🚀 Highly scalable

ReBAC - Relationship Based Access Control

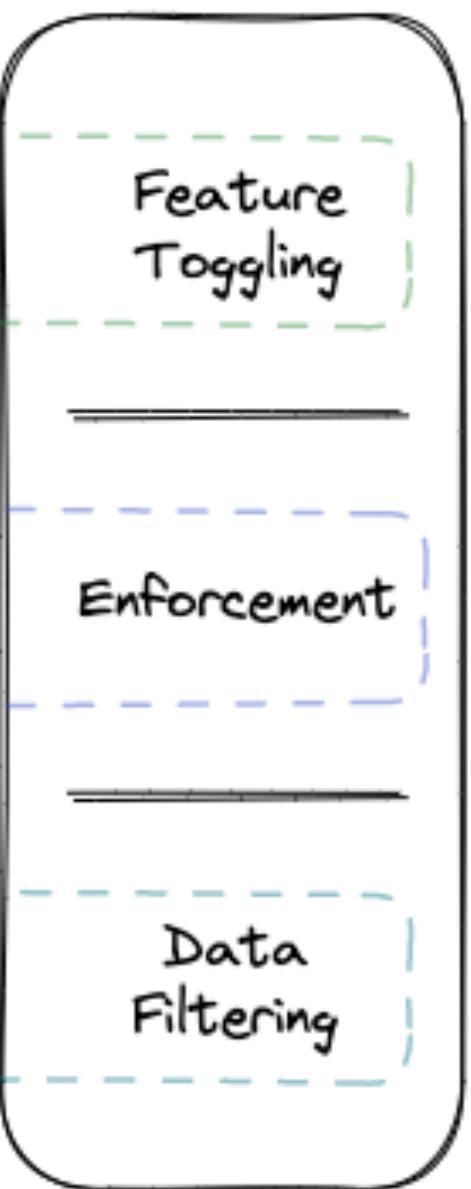


- Best fit for consumer-style applications
- Support in reverse indices and search for allowed data
- Easy to scale for users (>1b) hard in desicion's performance

Application Stack



Authorization Method



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Authorization Along the Software Development Lifecycle

- Developer Permissions
- Admissions
- System to System
- End-User Permissions

#2 Author

Contracts Creates Better Relationships



Especially in Human <> Machine Relationships



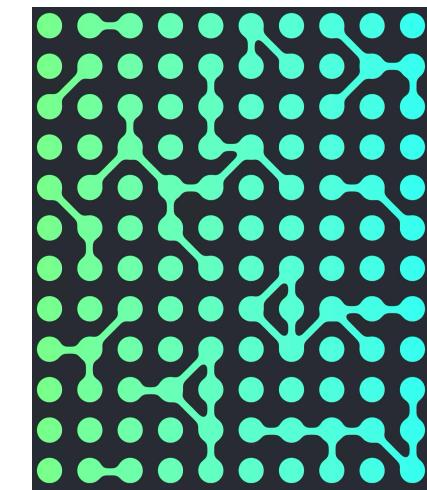
Open Policy
Agent



AWS
Cedar



Google
Zanzibar



OPA

```
package app.rbac

import future.keywords.contains
import future.keywords.if
import future.keywords.in

default allow := false

allow if user_is_admin

allow if {
    some grant in user_is_granted
    input.action == grant.action
    input.type == grant.type
}

user_is_admin if "admin" in data.user_roles[input.user]

user_is_granted contains grant if {
    some role in data.user_roles[input.user]
    some grant in data.role_grants[role]
}
```

```
package app.abac

import future.keywords.if

default allow := false

allow if user_is_owner

allow if {
    user_is_employee
    action_is_read
}

allow if {
    user_is_employee
    user_is_senior
    action_is_update
}

allow if {
    user_is_customer
    action_is_read
    not pet_is_adopted
}

user_is_owner if data.user_attributes[input.user].title == "owner"
user_is_employee if data.user_attributes[input.user].title == "employee"
user_is_customer if data.user_attributes[input.user].title == "customer"
user_is_senior if data.user_attributes[input.user].tenure > 8

action_is_read if input.action == "read"
action_is_update if input.action == "update"

pet_is_adopted if data.pet_attributes[input.resource].adopted == true
```



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Open Policy Agent

-  Wide ecosystem
-  Rego is comprehensive and robust
- Rego is complex 
- Data cache replica
- Enforcement plugins



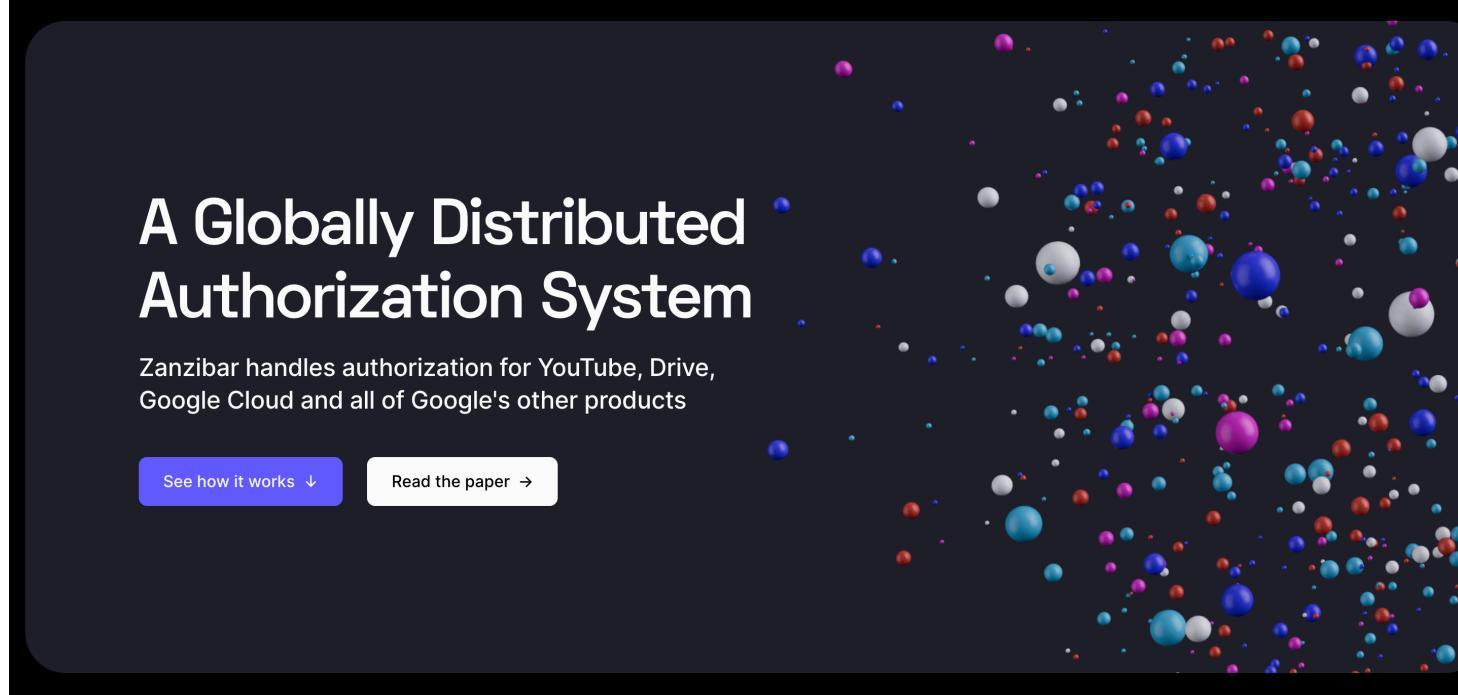
```
permit(  
    principal in Role::"admin",  
    action in [  
        Action::"task:update",  
        Action::"task:retrieve",  
        Action::"task:list"  
    ],  
    resource in ResourceType::"task"  
);
```

```
permit (  
    principal,  
    action in  
        [Action::"UpdateList",  
         Action::"CreateTask",  
         Action::"UpdateTask",  
         Action::"DeleteTask"],  
    resource  
)  
when { principal in resource.editors };
```

```
permit (  
    principal,  
    action,  
    resource  
)  
when {  
    resource has owner &&  
    resource.owner == principal  
};
```

AWS Cedar

-  First designed as application authz language
-  Backed by AWS
- Just released 
- ReBAC via ABAC
- Benchmark winner



```
name: "doc"

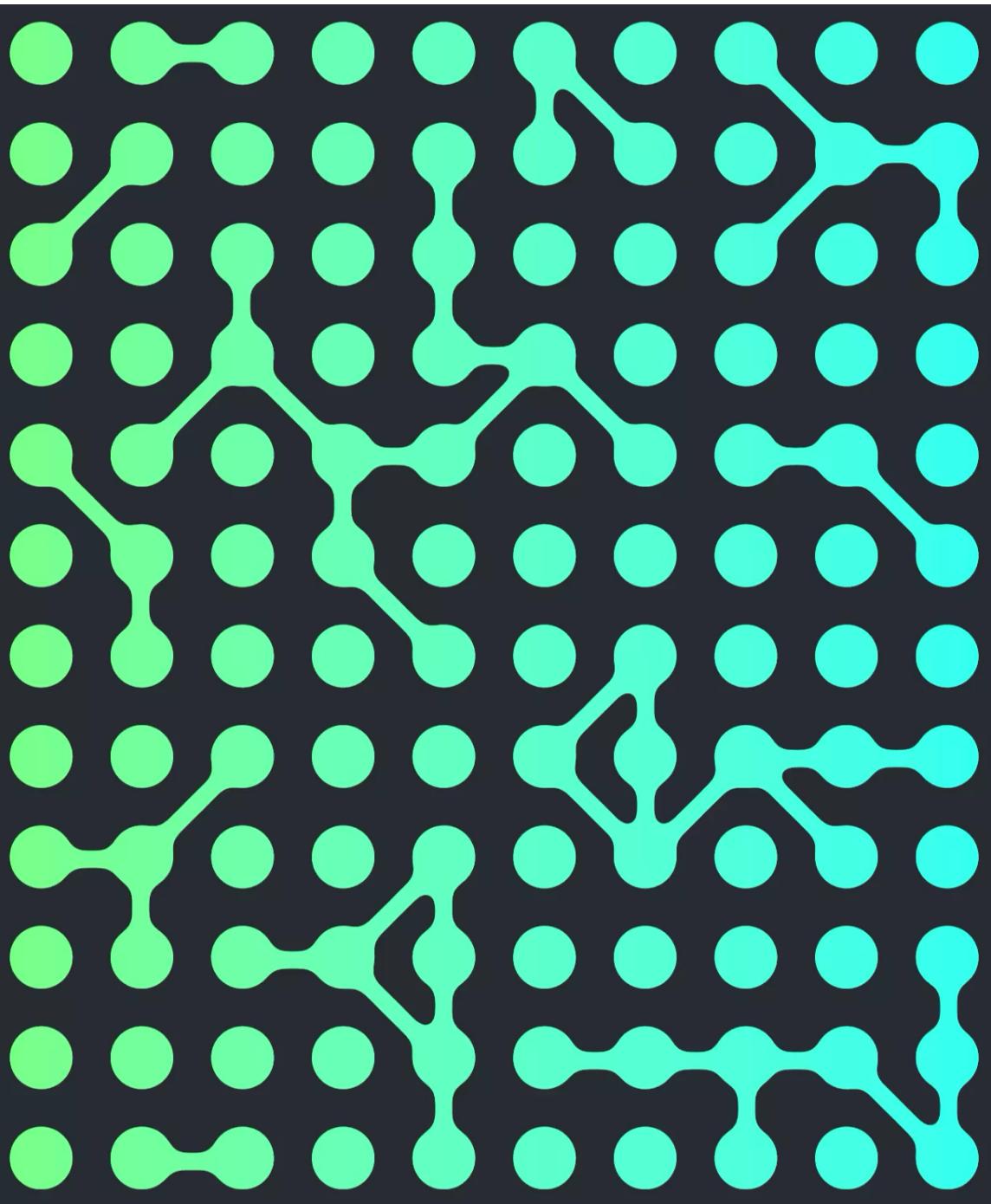
relation { name: "owner" }

relation {
  name: "editor"
  userset_rewrite {
    union {
      child { _this {} }
      child { computed_userset { relation: "owner" } }
    } } }

relation {
  name: "viewer"
  userset_rewrite {
    union {
      child { _this {} }
      child { computed_userset { relation: "editor" } }
      child { tuple_to_userset {
        tupleset { relation: "parent" }
        computed_userset {
          object: $TUPLE_USERSET_OBJECT # parent folder
          relation: "viewer"
        } } }
    } } }
```

OpenFGA Implementation

```
{  
  "schema_version": "1.1",  
  "type_definitions": [{}  
    {"type": "user"  
    }, {  
      "type": "document",  
      "relations": {  
        "reader": {"this": {}},  
        "writer": {"this": {}},  
        "owner": {"this": {}}  
      },  
      "metadata": {  
        "relations": {  
          "reader": {  
            "directly_related_user_types": [{"type": "user"}]  
          },  
          "writer": {  
            "directly_related_user_types": [{"type": "user"}]  
          },  
          "owner": {  
            "directly_related_user_types": [{"type": "user"}]  
          }  
        }  
      }  
    }  
  ]  
}
```



Google Zanzibar - OpenFGA

- Simple ReBAC
- Complex RBAC/ABAC
- Reverse indices support
- Backed by OKTA
- Stateful

#3 Analyze

Cedar Agent



- Policy decision maker
- Decentralized container, run as a sidecar to applications
- Monitored and audited
- Focused in getting very fast decisions >10ms

Policy Playgrounds

The screenshot shows the Rego Playground interface. At the top, there are tabs for 'Options', 'Evaluate', 'Format', and 'Publish'. Below the tabs, the main area is divided into three sections: 'INPUT', 'DATA', and 'OUTPUT'.

INPUT:

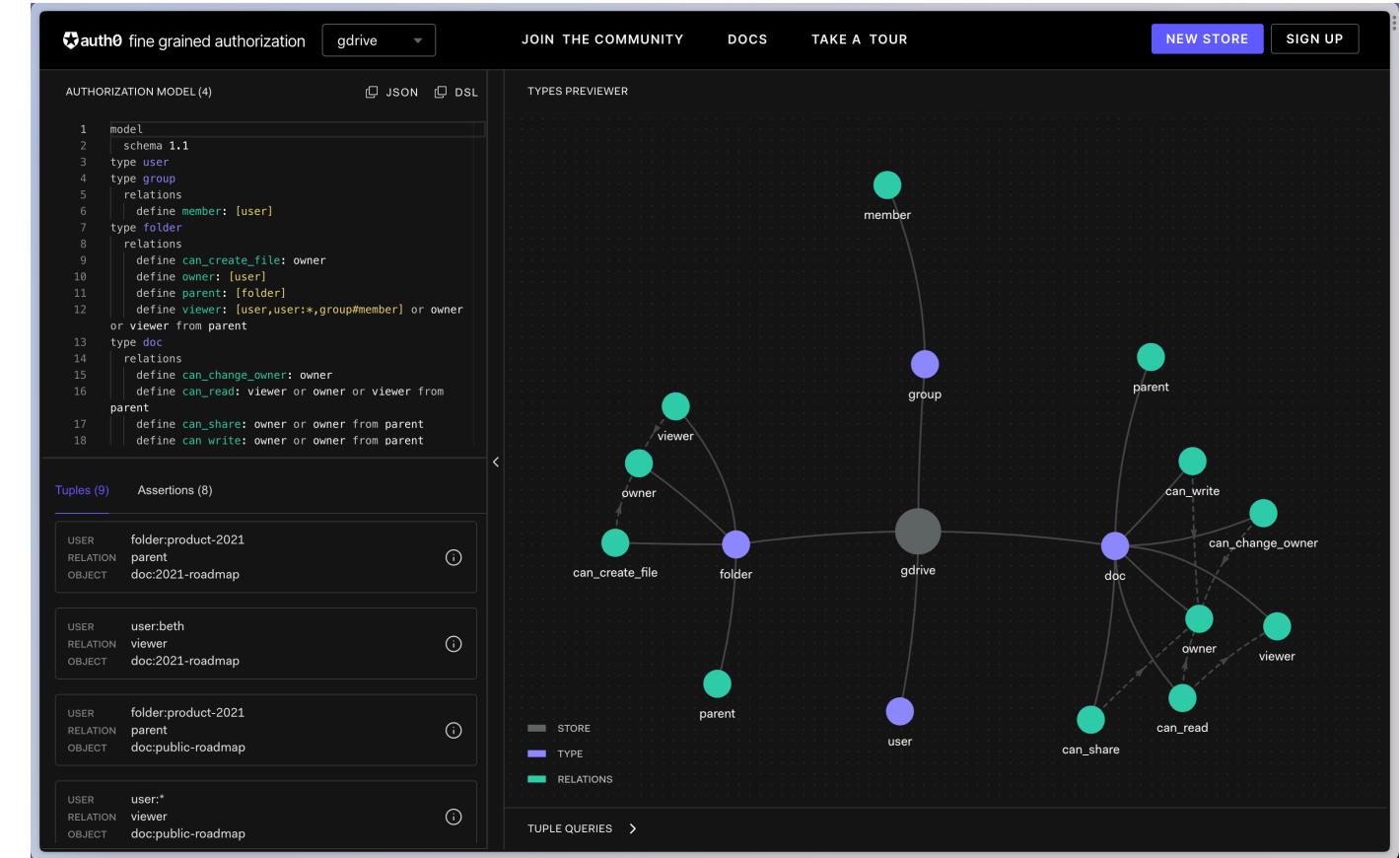
```
9 #
10 # This example shows how to:
11 #
12 #   * Define an RBAC model in Rego that interprets role mappings represented in JSON.
13 #   * Iterate/search across JSON data structures (e.g., role mappings)
14 #
15 # For more information see:
16 #
17 #   * Rego comparison to other systems: https://www.openpolicyagent.org/docs/latest/comparison-to-other-systems/
18 #   * Rego Iteration: https://www.openpolicyagent.org/docs/latest/#iteration
19 #
20 package app.rbac
21
22 import future.keywords.contains
23 import future.keywords.if
24 import future.keywords.in
25
26 # By default, deny requests.
27 default allow := false
28
29 # Allow admins to do anything.
30 allow if user_is_admin
31
32 # Allow the action if the user is granted permission to perform the action.
33 allow if {
34     # Find grants for the user.
35     some grant in user_is_granted
36
37     # Check if the grant permits the action.
38     input.action == grant.action
39     input.type == grant.type
40 }
41
42 # user_is_admin is true if "admin" is among the user's roles as per data.user_roles
43 user_is_admin if "admin" in data.user_roles[input.user]
44
45 # user_is_granted is a set of grants for the user identified in the request.
46 # The 'grant' will be contained if the set 'user_is_granted' for every...
47 user_is_granted contains grant if {
48     # 'role' assigned an element of the user_roles for this user...
49     some role in data.user_roles[input.user]
50
51     # `grant` assigned a single grant from the grants list for 'role'...
52     some grant in data.role_grants[role]
53 }
54
```

DATA:

```
1 v {
2 v     "user": "alice",
3 v     "action": "read",
4 v     "object": "id123",
5 v     "type": "dog"
6 v
7 }
```

OUTPUT:

```
Found 1 result in 454μs.
1 {
2     "allow": true,
3     "user_is_admin": true,
4     "user_is_granted": []
5 }
```



play.openpolicyagent.org



play.fga.dev

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#4 Enforce

Enforcing Authorization Policies

```
# Call authorization service
# In the request body, we pass the relevant request information
allowed = requests.post('http://host.docker.internal:8180/v1/is_authorized', json={
    "principal": f"User::\"{user}\"",
    "action": f"Action::\"{method.lower()}\"",
    "resource": f"ResourceType::\"{original_url.split('/')[1]}\"",
    "context": request.json
}, headers={
    'Content-Type': 'application/json',
    'Accept': 'application/json'
})
```

CASL - The Frontend Feature Toggling SDK

```
import { createMongoAbility, AbilityBuilder } from '@casl/ability';

// define abilities
const { can, cannot, build } = new AbilityBuilder(createMongoAbility);

can('read', ['Post', 'Comment']);
can('manage', 'Post', { author: 'me' });
can('create', 'Comment');

// check abilities
const ability = build();

ability.can('read', 'Post') // true
```

#5 Audit

Audit Log

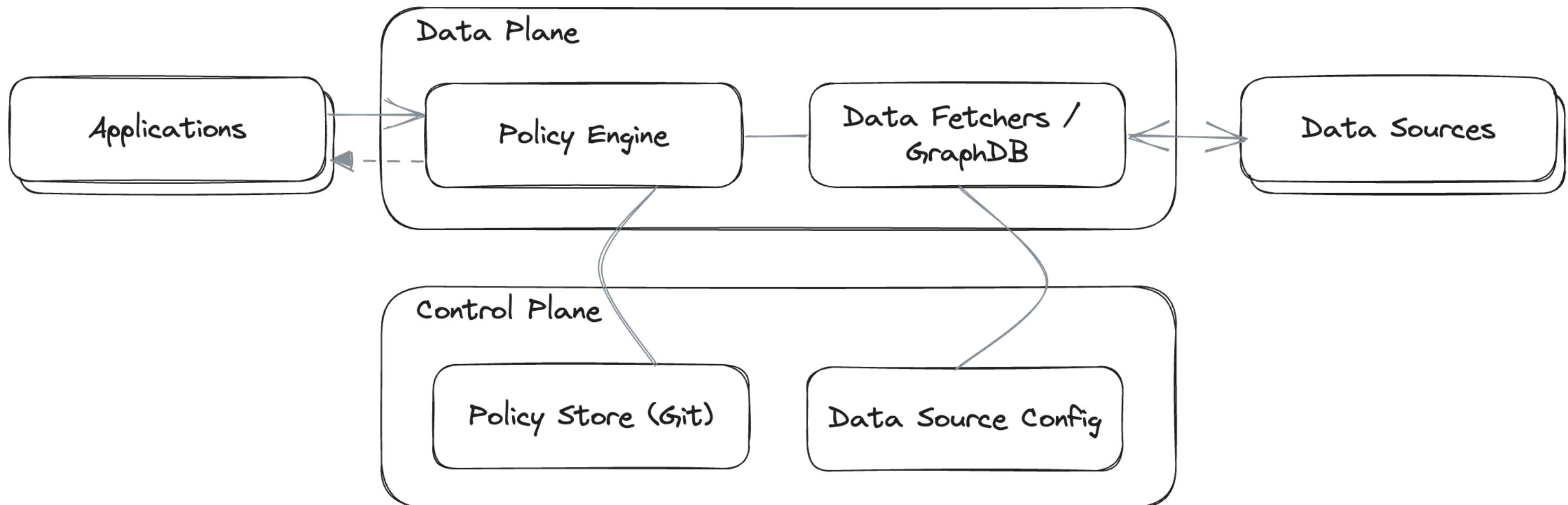
Audit Log			
Search user		Jul 27, 2023 - Aug 27, 2023	Decision
Timestamp	User	Action	Resource
08/23/2023 2:00:53 PM	user_2UOirKXw9UevlotlqyKVyz1n6W3	read	medical_records
08/23/2023 2:00:53 PM	user_2UOirKXw9UevlotlqyKVyz1n6W3	read	profile
08/23/2023 2:00:53 PM	user_2UOirKXw9UevlotlqyKVyz1n6W3	read	health_plan
08/23/2023 2:00:47 PM	user_2UOirKXw9UevlotlqyKVyz1n6W3	read	medical_records
08/23/2023 2:00:47 PM	user_2UOirKXw9UevlotlqyKVyz1n6W3	read	health_plan
08/23/2023 2:00:46 PM	user_2UOirKXw9UevlotlqyKVyz1n6W3	read	profile
08/23/2023 1:58:27 PM	user_2UoIz44FSRWjy7kcpiAbVT7xEuD	read	profile
08/23/2023 1:58:27 PM	user_2UoIz44FSRWjy7kcpiAbVT7xEuD	read	medical_records
08/23/2023 1:58:27 PM	user_2UoIz44FSRWjy7kcpiAbVT7xEuD	read	health_plan
08/23/2023 1:58:21 PM	user_2UoIz44FSRWjy7kcpiAbVT7xEuD	read	medical_records
08/23/2023 1:58:21 PM	user_2UoIz44FSRWjy7kcpiAbVT7xEuD	read	health_plan

Audit Event

Timestamp	08/23/2023 2:00:53 PM
User	user_2UOirKXw9UevlotlqyKVyz1n6W3
Tenant	Default Tenant
Resource	Profile
Action	read
Decision	DEFAULT PDP CONFIG PERMITTED

```
1 {
2   "allow": true,
3   "debug": {
4     "rbac": {
5       "code": "no_user_roles",
6       "allow": false,
7       "reason": "no roles assigned to user
8         'user_2UOirKXw9UevlotlqyKVyz1n6W3'"
9     },
10    "rebac": {
11      "code": "allow",
12      "allow": true,
13      "reason": "user 'user_2UOirKXw9UevlotlqyKVyz1n6W3' has the
14      permission on resource
          'profile:profile_user_2UOirKXw9UevlotlqyKVyz1n6W3'
          tenant 'default', granted by
          'profile:profile_user_2UOirKXw9UevlotlqyKVyz1n6W3'
          which is granted by
          'member:member_user_2UOirKXw9UevlotlqyKVyz1n6W3#o'
          "allowing_roles": [
```

Authorization System Building Blocks

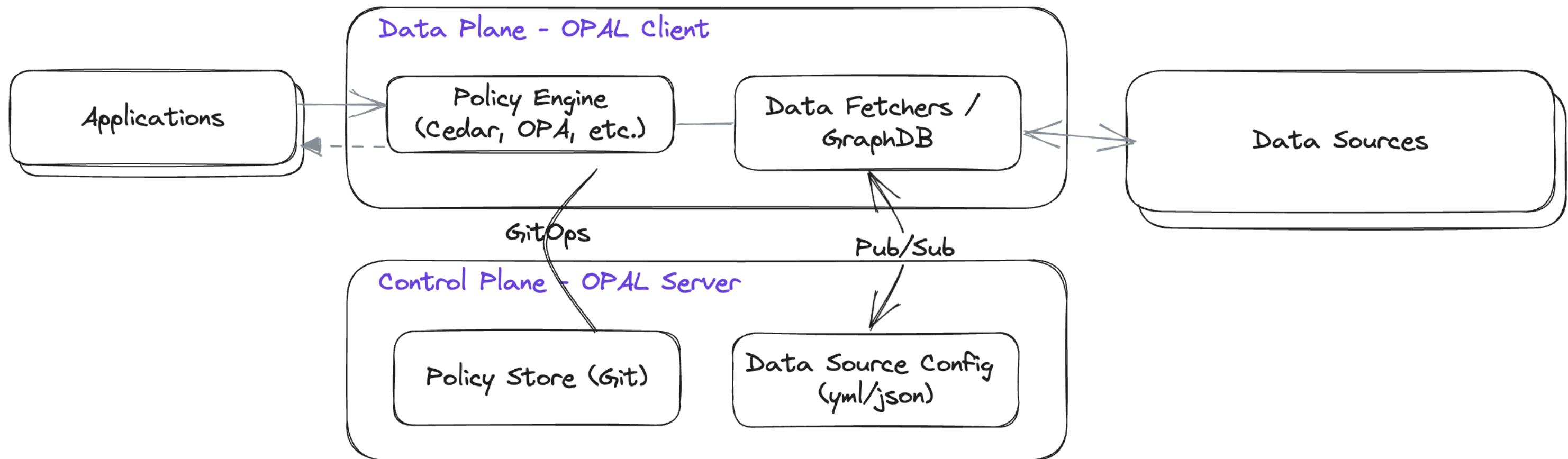


OPAL - Open Policy Administration Layer



- Open Source, Written in Python
- Sync decision points with data and policy stores
- Auto-scale for engines
- Centralized services such as Audit
- Unified APIs for the enforcement point
- Extensible for any kind of data source
- Supports OPA, Cedar (and soon to be announced more)
- Used by Tesla, Zapier, Cisco, Accenture, Walmart, NBA and thousands more

OPAL Based Authorization Architecture



Demo time



Galactic Health Corporation - Requirements

- Each member can see their health plan and medical records
- Each member can belong to a member group of potential caregivers
- Each member can assign permissions to caregivers to view their own medical records or health plan
- The caregiver "membership" can be limited by time

Galactic Health Corporation - System Resources

Patient Group

Actions: List, Assign

Member

Actions: View, Edit

Health Plan

Actions: View, Edit

Medical Records

Actions: View, Edit

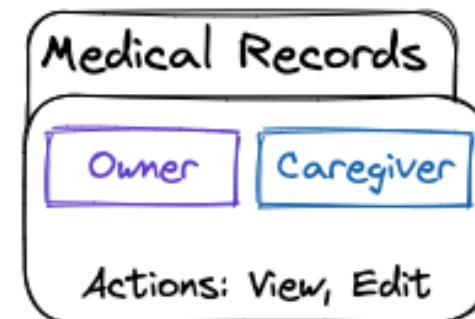
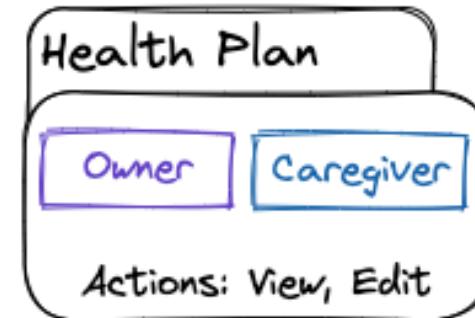
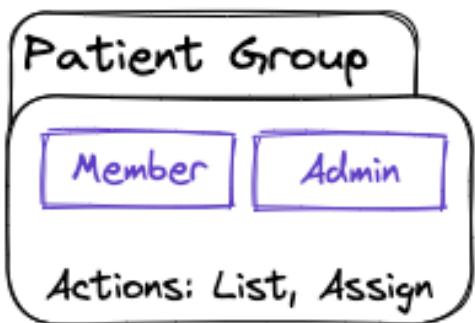
Alternative Med

Actions: View

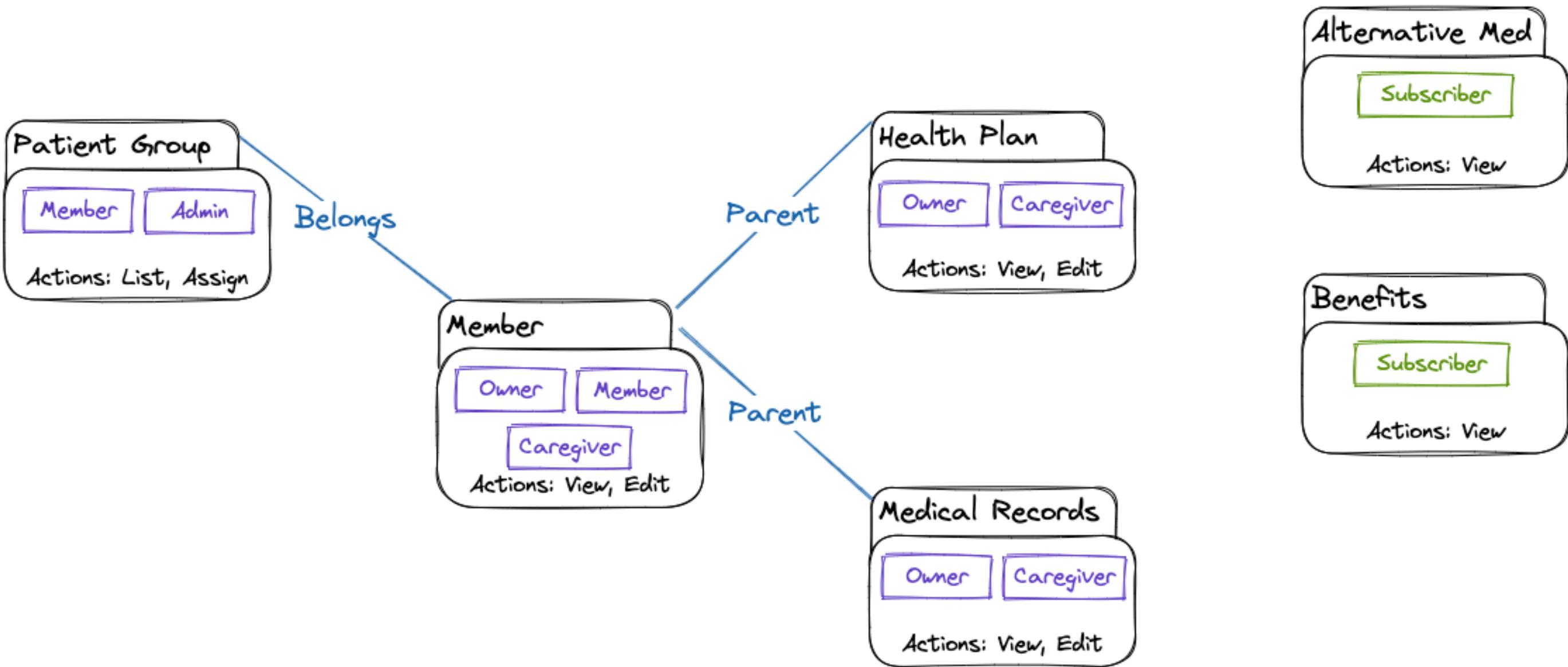
Benefits

Actions: View

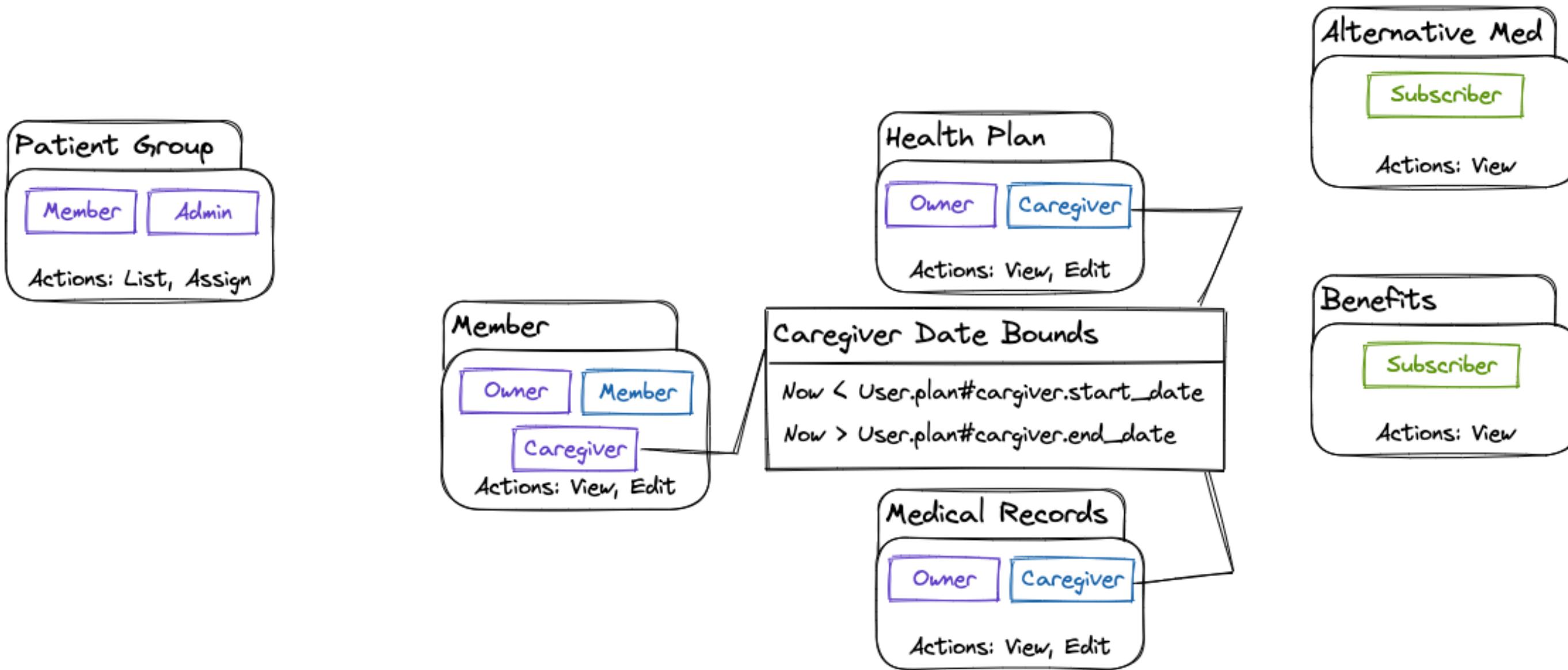
Galactic Health Corporation - Roles



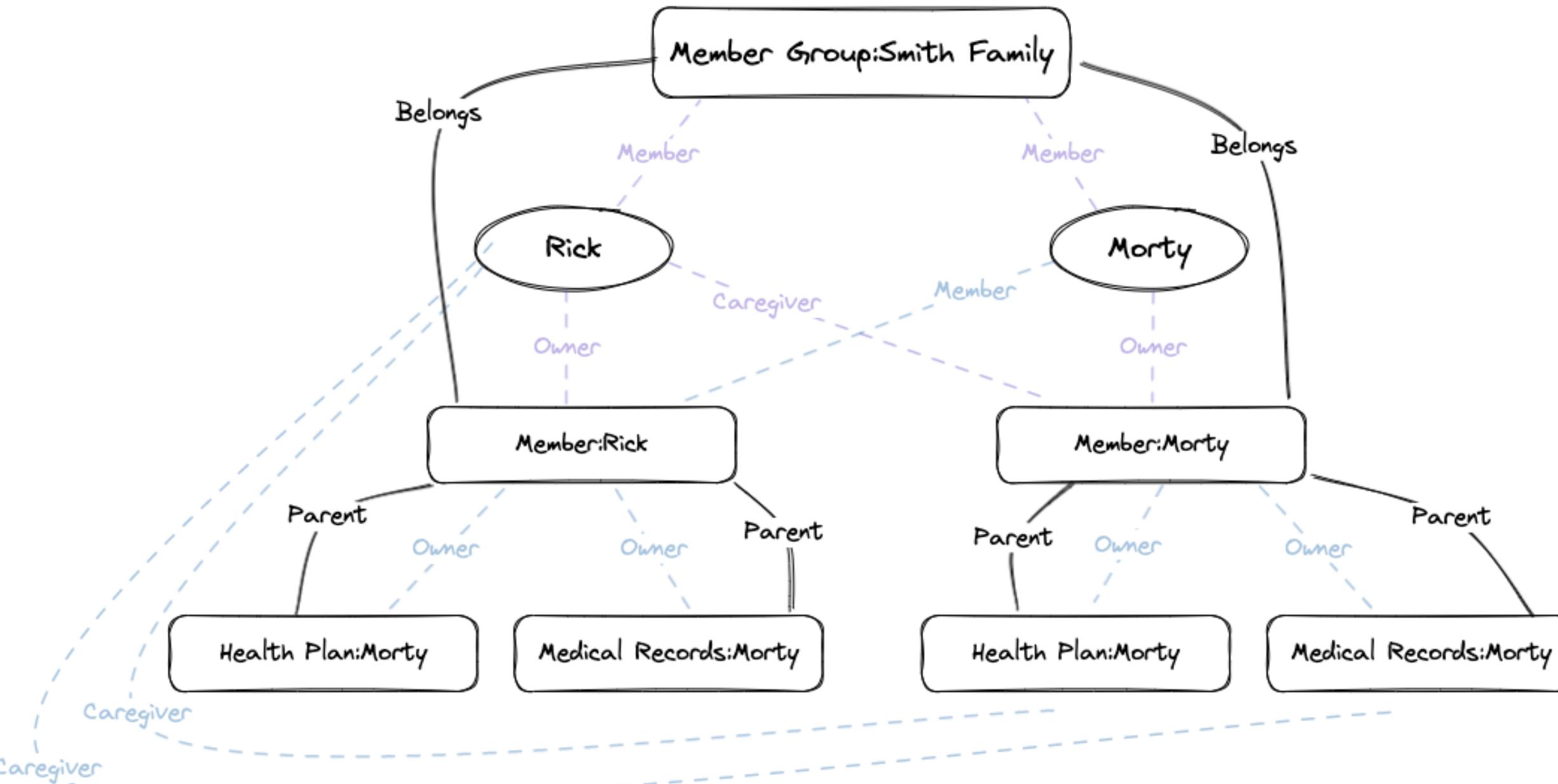
Galactic Health Corporation - Resource Relations



Galactic Health Corporation - Attribute Conditions



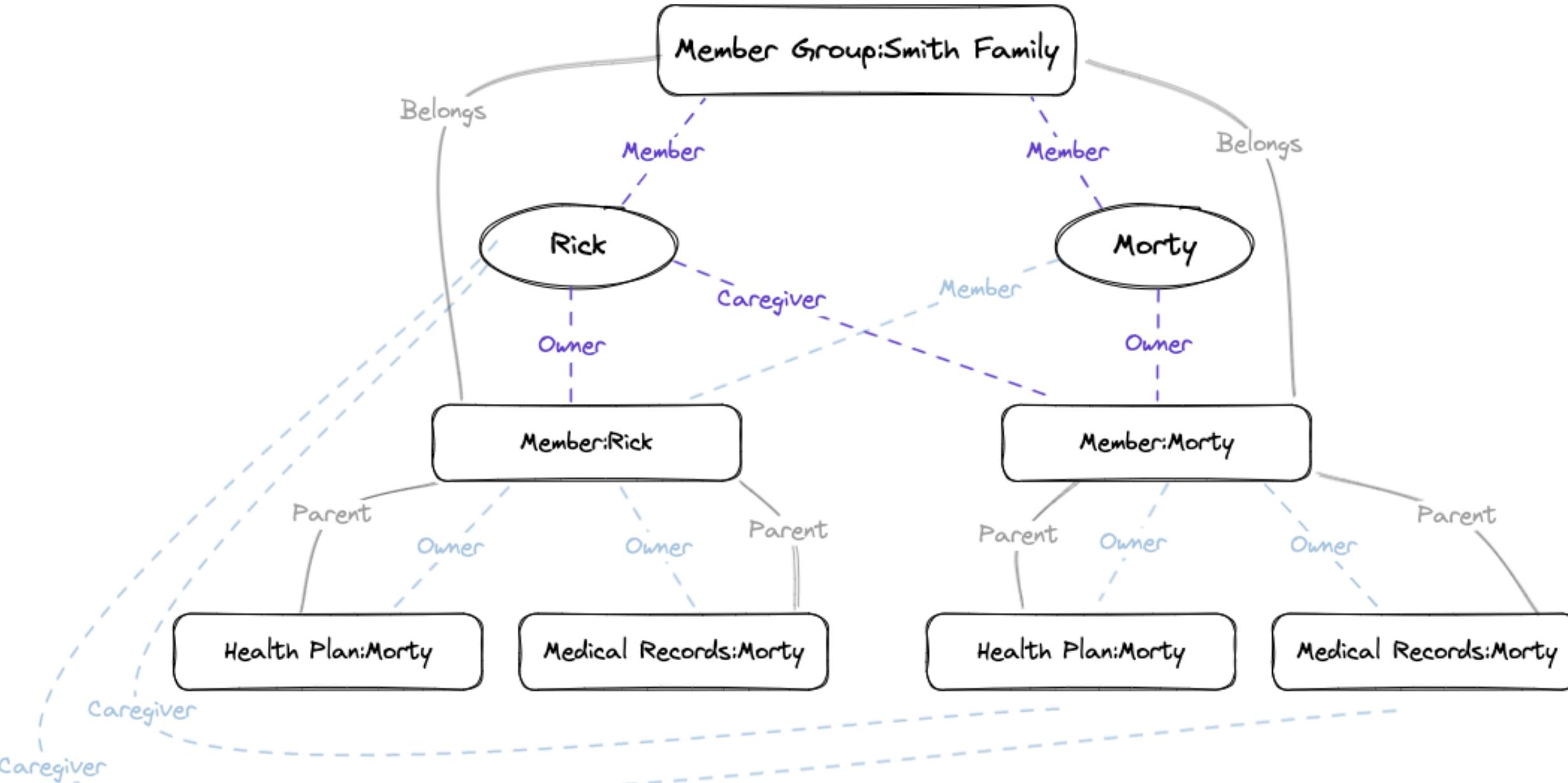
User Modeling - Relationship Tuples



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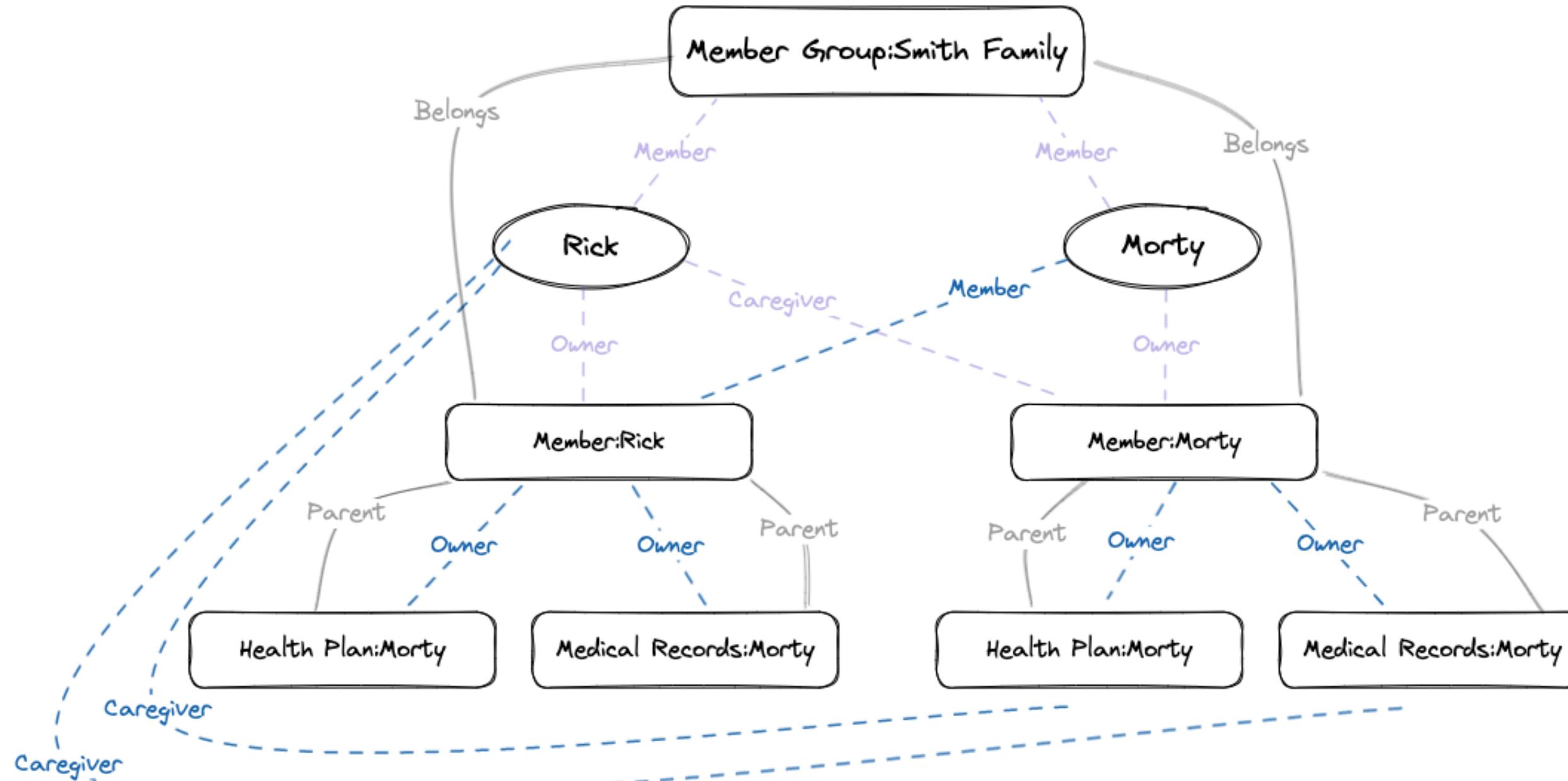
User Modeling - Role Assignments



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User Modeling - Role Derivations



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Thank You 🙏

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GitHub Star ⭐👉

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