안녕하세요. SoC 팀 원만덕 입니다.

오늘, 저는 베트남의 민족과 설날에 <mark>대해 소개하고자 합니다.</mark>

<mark>우선,</mark> 베트남민족에 <mark>대하여 말씀 드리겠습니다.</mark>

먼저, I would like to give some comparison about culture & population between KR & VN.

As you can see in the table, KR has about 75 million people. And VN has about 100 million people.

However, VN has around 54 ethnics but KR has only 1 ethnic.

다음으로, about <mark>전통의상</mark>, KR has only one 한복, but VN has three 베트남복: 'long dress, four-part dress, and the shirt of Mrs' for people in three parts: North, Middle, and South.

다음으로, VN 의 설날 이벤트에 <mark>대하여 말씀드리겠습니다</mark>.

먼저, 베트남도 한국과 <mark>마찬가지로</mark> 성묘를 합니다.

베트남사람들이 tray of five fruits, Neu tree (Bamboo with some wind bell), and flowers (in the north it is 벚꽃 (red) and in the south it is Mai (yellow)) 준비하겠습니다.

다음으로, 베트남도 한국과 <mark>비슷하게</mark> 설날 음식을 준비 합니다.

베트남에서 Chung cake (in the north Vietnam) and Tet cake (in the south Vietnam), 베트남김치 (Pickled onions), 과일으로 jams 를 준비하겠습니다.

다음으로, 설날일에, 베트남사람들은 often speak the greetings to others.

Greetings are same meaning as 새해 복 많이 받으세요.

Such as: Live up to 100 years, good health and prosperity, plenty of health.

And 베트남사람들은 often visit the relatives, fathers, mothers, and friends.

- The first day of 설날일 is father's Tet.
- The second day of 설날일 is mother's Tet.
- The third day of 설날일 is teacher's Tet.

다음으로, in 설날 일, 베트남사람들은 often visit pagoda to pray.

In addition, during 1 months after 설날일 there are many festivals in Pagodas and many people will attend the festivals to play traditional games.

이것으로 제 발표를 미치겠습니다<mark>. 경청해주셔서 감사합니다</mark>.