

---

# pyconcurrent

*Release 2.2.1*

**Gene C**

**May 03, 2025**



## CONTENTS:

<b>1</b>	<b>pyconcurrent</b>	<b>1</b>
1.1	Overview . . . . .	1
1.2	Key features . . . . .	1
1.3	New / Interesting . . . . .	1
<b>2</b>	<b>Getting Started</b>	<b>3</b>
2.1	pyconcurrent module . . . . .	3
<b>3</b>	<b>Appendix</b>	<b>5</b>
3.1	Installation . . . . .	5
3.2	Dependencies . . . . .	5
3.3	Philosophy . . . . .	6
3.4	License . . . . .	6
<b>4</b>	<b>Changelog</b>	<b>7</b>
4.1	Tags . . . . .	7
4.2	Commits . . . . .	7
<b>5</b>	<b>MIT License</b>	<b>9</b>
<b>6</b>	<b>How to help with this project</b>	<b>11</b>
6.1	Important resources . . . . .	11
6.2	Reporting Bugs or feature requests . . . . .	11
6.3	Code Changes . . . . .	11
<b>7</b>	<b>Contributor Covenant Code of Conduct</b>	<b>13</b>
7.1	Our Pledge . . . . .	13
7.2	Our Standards . . . . .	13
7.3	Our Responsibilities . . . . .	13
7.4	Scope . . . . .	14
7.5	Enforcement . . . . .	14
7.6	Attribution . . . . .	14
7.7	Interpretation . . . . .	14
<b>8</b>	<b>API Reference</b>	<b>15</b>
8.1	test_mp . . . . .	15
8.2	pyconcurrent . . . . .	15
8.3	test_asyncio . . . . .	18
<b>9</b>	<b>Indices and tables</b>	<b>19</b>

<b>Python Module Index</b>	<b>21</b>
<b>Index</b>	<b>23</b>

## PYCONCURRENT

### 1.1 Overview

pyconcurrent is a python class that provides a simple way to do concurrent processing. It supports both asyncio and multiprocessing. The tasks to be run concurrently can either be an executable which is run as a subprocess or a python function to be called.

### 1.2 Key features

- Provides two classes to do the work: *ProcRunAsyncio* and *ProcRunMp*
- Results are provided by the *results* attribute in each class. This is a list of *ProcResults*; one per run.
- Documentation includes the API reference.
- pytest classes validate that all functionality works as it should.

### 1.3 New / Interesting

- PEP 561: Mark module as typed. Now *mypy* run on code using this module will have the type hints.
- Asyncio now uses the recommended TaskGroup class together with the `timeout()` context manager. These were introduced in python 3.11. This newer approach is cleaner, more robust and ensures all tasks are appropriately cancelled in the event one task fails. It also offers superior timeout capabilities.
- Timeout now works when using a caller provided function in addition to subprocesses.



## GETTING STARTED

All git tags are signed with [arch@sapience.com](mailto:arch@sapience.com) key which is available via WKD or download from <https://www.sapience.com/tech>. Add the key to your package builder gpg keyring. The key is included in the Arch package and the `source=` line with `?signed` at the end can be used to verify the git tag. You can also manually verify the signature

### 2.1 pyconcurrent module

Please see the API reference for additional details.

Here are a couple of simple examples illustrating how the module can be used.

This example uses `asyncio` and subprocesses to call an executable. `tasks` must be a list of `(key, arg)` pairs, 1 per task.

`key` is a unique identifier, used by caller, one per task. `arg` is an additional argument for each task; typically `arg` provides for whatever work that task is responsible for. Each `result` returned contains both the `key` and the `arg` used by that task, information about the success of the task as well as any outputs produced by the task. See `ProcResult` class for more detail.

This example has 5 tasks to be run concurrently, at most 4 at a time. The results are available in the `proc_run.result`, which is a list of `ProcResult` items; one per task. Since the result order is not pre-defined, each task is identifiable by it's `key` available in the `: result.key`.

```
#!/usr/bin/python

import asyncio
from pyconcurrent import ProcRunAsyncio

async def main():
    """pargs can have additional arguments."""
    pargs = ['/usr/bin/sleep']
    tasks = [(1, 1), (2, 7), (3, 2), (4, 2), (5, 1)]

    proc_run = ProcRunAsyncio(pargs, tasks, num_workers=4, timeout=30)
    await proc_run.run_all()
    proc_run.print_results()

if __name__ == '__main__':
    asyncio.run(main())
```

To switch to *multiprocessing* simply replace `ProcRunAsyncio` with `ProcRunMp`, and drop `await` since MP is not *async*. i.e.

```
#!/usr/bin/python

from pyconcurrent import ProcRunMp

def main():
    pargs = ['/usr/bin/sleep']
    tasks = [(1, 1), (2, 7), (3, 2), (4, 2), (5, 1)]

    proc_run = ProcRunMp(pargs, tasks, num_workers=4, timeout=30)
    proc_run.run_all()
    proc_run.print_results()

if __name__ == '__main__':
    main()
```

The next example uses a caller supplied function together with `asyncio`. As in the first example, there are 5 tasks to do and the number of workers is 4, so that 4 tasks are permitted to be run simultaneously.

```
#!/usr/bin/python

import asyncio
from pyconcurrent import ProcRunAsyncio

async def test_func_async(key, args) -> (bool, []):
    """return 2-tuple (success, result)."""
    success = True
    nap = args[-1] # pull off the last argument
    await asyncio.sleep(nap)
    answer = {
        'key' : key,
        'args' : args,
        'success' : success,
        'result' : 'test_func done',
    }
    return (success, answer)

async def main():
    pargs = [test_func_async, 'dummy-arg']
    tasks = [(1, 1), (2, 7), (3, 2), (4, 2), (5, 1)]

    proc_run = ProcRunAsyncio(pargs, tasks, num_workers=4, timeout=30)
    await proc_run.run_all()
    proc_run.print_results()

if __name__ == '__main__':
    asyncio.run(main())
```

For equivalent multiprocessor version for this one, same as above, simply replace *ProcRunAsyncio* with *ProcRunMp* and drop any references to **async**/**await**.

The caller supplied function here, *test\_func\_async()*, must return a 2-tuple of (*success:bool*, *answer:Any*) where *success* should be *True* if function succeeded.

The function may optionally raise a *RuntimeError* exception, but typically setting *success* is sufficient. If you are using exceptions then please use this one.



## 3.1 Installation

### Available on

- [Github](#)
- [Archlinux AUR](#)

On Arch you can build using the provided PKGBUILD in the packaging directory or from the AUR. All git tags are signed with [arch@sapience.com](mailto:arch@sapience.com) key which is available via WKD or download from <https://www.sapience.com/tech>. Add the key to your package builder gpg keyring. The key is included in the Arch package and the source= line with *?signed* at the end can be used to verify the git tag. You can also manually verify the signature

```
git tag -v <tag-name>
```

To build manually, clone the repo and :

```
rm -f dist/*  
/usr/bin/python -m build --wheel --no-isolation  
root_dest="/"   
./scripts/do-install $root_dest
```

When running as non-root then root\_dest must be a user writable directory

## 3.2 Dependencies

### Run Time :

- python (3.13 or later)

### Building Package :

- git
- hatch (aka python-hatch)
- wheel (aka python-wheel)
- build (aka python-build)
- installer (aka python-installer)
- rsync
- pytest (aka python-pytest)
- pytest-asyncio (aka python-pytest-asyncio)

Optional for building docs :

- sphinx
- myst-parser (aka python-myst-parser)
- sphinx-autoapi (aka python-sphinx-autoapi)
- texlive-latexextra (archlinux packaging of texlive tools)

## 3.3 Philosophy

We follow the *live at head commit* philosophy. This means we recommend using the latest commit on git master branch. We also provide git tags.

This approach is also taken by Google<sup>1,2</sup>.

## 3.4 License

Created by Gene C. and licensed under the terms of the MIT license.

- SPDX-License-Identifier: MIT
- SPDX-FileCopyrightText: © 2025-present Gene C <[arch@sapience.com](mailto:arch@sapience.com)>

---

<sup>1</sup> <https://github.com/google/googletest>

<sup>2</sup> <https://abseil.io/about/philosophy#upgrade-support>

## CHANGELOG

### 4.1 Tags

1.1.2 (2025-04-24) -> 2.2.1 (2025-05-03)  
28 commits.

### 4.2 Commits

- 2025-05-03 : 2.2.1

2025-05-01      pytest: reorganize a little. tests are unchanged  
                 update Docs/Changelogs Docs/\_build/html Docs/pyconcurrent.pdf

- 2025-05-01 : 2.2.0

2025-04-30      PEP 561 type hints (module users using mypy etc get type hints)  
                 Update status to Production/Stable  
                 update Docs/Changelogs Docs/\_build/html Docs/pyconcurrent.pdf

- 2025-04-30 : 2.1.0

2025-04-27      Bug fix returning stdout string from subprocess  
                 update Docs/Changelogs Docs/\_build/html Docs/pyconcurrent.pdf

- 2025-04-27 : 2.0.2

API ref rst format  
Fix typo in api reference

- 2025-04-27 : 2.0.0

2025-04-26      Asyncio now uses the recommended TaskGroup class together with  
                 the timeout() context manager. These were introduced in python 3.11.  
                 This newer approach is cleaner, more robust and ensures all tasks  
                 are appropriately cancelled in the event one task fails. It also offers  
                 superior timeout capabilities.  
                 Timeout now works when using a caller provided function in addition to  
                 subprocesses.  
                 update Docs/Changelogs Docs/\_build/html Docs/pyconcurrent.pdf

- 2025-04-26 : 1.5.0

Style per PEP-8, PEP-257 and PEP-484.  
Bug fix **with** stdout/stderr returned **for** asyncio using subprocesses  
update Docs/Changelogs Docs/\_build/html Docs/pyconcurrent.pdf

- 2025-04-26 : 1.4.1

More consistent **with** PEP-8 & PEP-257.  
Primarily double quotes **for** docstrings instead of single **and** ensure ends  
**with** period.  
2025-04-25 update Docs/Changelogs Docs/\_build/html Docs/pyconcurrent.pdf

- 2025-04-25 : 1.4.0

asyncio : missing decode() **for** stdout/err  
pytest : ensure python path uses dev source **for** tests  
Add missing SPDX identifiers  
update Docs/Changelogs Docs/\_build/html Docs/pyconcurrent.pdf

- 2025-04-25 : 1.3.3

Fix readme typo **and** small tweak **for** clarity  
2025-04-24 update Docs/Changelogs Docs/\_build/html Docs/pyconcurrent.pdf

- 2025-04-24 : 1.3.2

Change examples **in** README to include everything to actually run  
update Docs/Changelogs Docs/\_build/html Docs/pyconcurrent.pdf

- 2025-04-24 : 1.3.1

Add note about git signing key **in** readme  
update Docs/Changelogs Docs/\_build/html Docs/pyconcurrent.pdf

- 2025-04-24 : 1.3.0

Add missing tests **dir** after it was moved  
update Docs/Changelogs Docs/\_build/html Docs/pyconcurrent.pdf

- 2025-04-24 : 1.2.0

Move tests **dir** to top level  
update Docs/Changelogs Docs/\_build/html Docs/pyconcurrent.pdf

- 2025-04-24 : 1.1.3

Add dateutil dep to PKGBUILD

- 2025-04-24 : 1.1.2

Initial Commit

## MIT LICENSE

Copyright © 2025-present Gene C <[arch@sapience.com](mailto:arch@sapience.com)>

Permission is hereby granted, free of charge, to any person obtaining a copy of this software and associated documentation files (the “Software”), to deal in the Software without restriction, including without limitation the rights to use, copy, modify, merge, publish, distribute, sublicense, and/or sell copies of the Software, and to permit persons to whom the Software is furnished to do so, subject to the following conditions:

The above copyright notice and this permission notice shall be included in all copies or substantial portions of the Software.

THE SOFTWARE IS PROVIDED “AS IS”, WITHOUT WARRANTY OF ANY KIND, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO THE WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY, FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE AND NONINFRINGEMENT. IN NO EVENT SHALL THE AUTHORS OR COPYRIGHT HOLDERS BE LIABLE FOR ANY CLAIM, DAMAGES OR OTHER LIABILITY, WHETHER IN AN ACTION OF CONTRACT, TORT OR OTHERWISE, ARISING FROM, OUT OF OR IN CONNECTION WITH THE SOFTWARE OR THE USE OR OTHER DEALINGS IN THE SOFTWARE.



## HOW TO HELP WITH THIS PROJECT

Thank you for your interest in improving this project. This project is open-source under the MIT license.

### 6.1 Important resources

- [Git Repo](#)

### 6.2 Reporting Bugs or feature requests

Please report bugs on the issue tracker in the git repo. To make the report as useful as possible, please include

- operating system used
- version of python
- explanation of the problem or enhancement request.

### 6.3 Code Changes

If you make code changes, please update the documentation if it's appropriate.





## CONTRIBUTOR COVENANT CODE OF CONDUCT

### 7.1 Our Pledge

In the interest of fostering an open and welcoming environment, we as contributors and maintainers pledge to making participation in our project and our community a harassment-free experience for everyone, regardless of age, body size, disability, ethnicity, sex characteristics, gender identity and expression, level of experience, education, socio-economic status, nationality, personal appearance, race, religion, or sexual identity and orientation.

### 7.2 Our Standards

Examples of behavior that contributes to creating a positive environment include:

- Using welcoming and inclusive language
- Being respectful of differing viewpoints and experiences
- Gracefully accepting constructive criticism
- Focusing on what is best for the community
- Showing empathy towards other community members

Examples of unacceptable behavior by participants include:

- The use of sexualized language or imagery and unwelcome sexual attention or advances
- Trolling, insulting/derogatory comments, and personal or political attacks
- Public or private harassment
- Publishing others' private information, such as a physical or electronic address, without explicit permission
- Other conduct which could reasonably be considered inappropriate in a professional setting

### 7.3 Our Responsibilities

Maintainers are responsible for clarifying the standards of acceptable behavior and are expected to take appropriate and fair corrective action in response to any instances of unacceptable behavior.

Maintainers have the right and responsibility to remove, edit, or reject comments, commits, code, wiki edits, issues, and other contributions that are not aligned to this Code of Conduct, or to ban temporarily or permanently any contributor for other behaviors that they deem inappropriate, threatening, offensive, or harmful.

## 7.4 Scope

This Code of Conduct applies both within project spaces and in public spaces when an individual is representing the project or its community. Examples of representing a project or community include using an official project e-mail address, posting via an official social media account, or acting as an appointed representative at an online or offline event. Representation of a project may be further defined and clarified by project maintainers.

## 7.5 Enforcement

Instances of abusive, harassing, or otherwise unacceptable behavior may be reported by contacting the project team at <arch@sapience.com>. All complaints will be reviewed and investigated and will result in a response that is deemed necessary and appropriate to the circumstances. The Code of Conduct Committee is obligated to maintain confidentiality with regard to the reporter of an incident. Further details of specific enforcement policies may be posted separately.

## 7.6 Attribution

This Code of Conduct is adapted from the Contributor Covenant, version 1.4, available at <https://www.contributor-covenant.org/version/1/4/code-of-conduct.html>

## 7.7 Interpretation

The interpretation of this document is at the discretion of the project team.

## API REFERENCE

This page contains auto-generated API reference documentation<sup>1</sup>.

### 8.1 test\_mp

**Test :**

ProcRunMp class using subprocesses

#### 8.1.1 Module Contents

**class TestMp**

Tests ProcRunMp with and without a timeout case

**test\_mp\_func()**

Function test without timeout being hit

**test\_mp\_func\_timeout()**

Function test with 1 timeout being hit

**test\_mp\_subprocess()**

Subprocess test without timeout being hit

**test\_mp\_subprocess\_timeout()**

Subprocess test with timeout being hit once

### 8.2 pyconcurrent

Public Methods. pyconcurrent.

#### 8.2.1 Submodules

**pyconcurrent.proc\_asyncio**

Concurrent tasks using asyncio.

#### Module Contents

---

<sup>1</sup> Created with sphinx-autoapi

```
class ProcRunAsyncio(pargs: List[Any], tasks_todo: List[Tuple[Any, Any]], num_workers: int = 4, timeout: int  
                    = 0, verb: bool = False)
```

Run concurrent processes using asyncio.

Asyncio concurrent process runs. Supports program to be run as a subprocess or a function to be called. The result of each run is returned as in ProcResult class instance.

**Args:**

**pargs ([Any]):**

The first element is the command/function to be run and remainder are any additional arguments.

**tasks\_todo ([Any, Any]):**

List of task items to be run concurrently. Each task is a 2-tuple, (*key*, *arg*).

- *key* is a unique identifier, converable to string via `str(key)`
- *arg* is an additional argument to the routine when it is called.

Both *key* and *arg* are saved into the result class instance returned.

**num\_workers (int):**

Max number of processes to use. Value of 0 is unlimited and 1 will mean each is run serially one at a time.

**timeout (int):**

The maximum number of seconds allotted to each process. If not complete within “timeout”, then process/function will be cancelled/killed and the “result” instance will include:

- `res.success` set to *False*
- `res.timeout` set to *True*.

**verb (bool):**

If set to true, some additional information is sent to stdout.

**Attributes:**

**result ([ProcResult]):**

List of results, one per task. See ProcResult for more detail.

**Methods:**

**print\_results()**

Test tool : prints each result using the `ProcResul::print()`.

**async run\_all()**

Start running all the provided commands/functions concurrently.

Awaitable, so caller is responsible for calling `asyncio.run()`. See `run_all_start_asyncio()` for non-awaitable version.

## pyconcurrent.proc\_mp

Concurrent tasks using multiprocessing.

### Module Contents

```
class ProcRunMp(pargs: List[Any], tasks_todo: List[Tuple[Any, Any]], num_workers: int = 4, timeout: int = 0,  
                verb: bool = False)
```

Run concurrent processes using multiprocessing.

Same calling convention as ProcRunAsyncio.

Note: func cannot be async func() - conflicts with mp starmap using async

**print\_results()**

Test tool : prints each result using the ProcResult::print().

**run\_all()**

Do the work

## **pyconcurrent.proc\_result**

Result class which ProcRunMp/ProcRunAsyncio use.

### **Module Contents**

**class ProcResult**(*key, arg*)

Result of running one of the concurrent processes.

#### **Args:**

**key (Any):**

Caller provided unique identifier.

**arg (Any):**

The additional argument used for this run.

#### **Attributes:**

**time\_start (float):**

Unix time in seconds.

**time\_run (float):**

Seconds taken for this item to complete.

**success (bool):**

True if completed successfully.

**timeout (bool):**

True if failed to complete in less than timeout restriction.

**key (Any):**

The caller provided unique identifier.

**arg (Any):**

The called provided argument for this run.

**returncode (int):**

Return value of subprocess. Typically 0 for success.

**stdout (str):**

Returned stdout of subprocess.

**stderr (str):**

Returned stderr of subprocess.

**answer (Any):**

Return provided by the function.

**print()**

Testing: simple print attributes.

## pyconcurrent.version

Project pyconcurrent.

## Module Contents

**version()** → str

report version and release date

## 8.3 test\_asyncio

**Test :**

ProcRunAsyncio class using subprocesses

### 8.3.1 Module Contents

**class TestAsyncio**

Tests ProcRunAsyncio with and without a timeout case

**async test\_asyncio\_func()**

Function test without timeout being hit

**async test\_asyncio\_func\_timeout()**

Function test with 1 timeout being hit

**async test\_asyncio\_subprocess()**

Subprocess test without timeout being hit

**async test\_asyncio\_subprocess\_timeout()**

Subprocess test with timeout being hit once

## INDICES AND TABLES

- `genindex`
- `modindex`
- `search`





## PYTHON MODULE INDEX

### p

- `pyconcurrent`, [15](#)
- `pyconcurrent.proc_asyncio`, [15](#)
- `pyconcurrent.proc_mp`, [16](#)
- `pyconcurrent.proc_result`, [17](#)
- `pyconcurrent.version`, [18](#)

### t

- `test_asyncio`, [18](#)
- `test_mp`, [15](#)



## INDEX

### M

module

- pyconcurrent, 15
- pyconcurrent.proc\_asyncio, 15
- pyconcurrent.proc\_mp, 16
- pyconcurrent.proc\_result, 17
- pyconcurrent.version, 18
- test\_asyncio, 18
- test\_mp, 15

### P

- print() (*ProcResult* method), 17
- print\_results() (*ProcRunAsyncio* method), 16
- print\_results() (*ProcRunMp* method), 17
- ProcResult (class in *pyconcurrent.proc\_result*), 17
- ProcRunAsyncio (class in *pyconcurrent.proc\_asyncio*), 15
- ProcRunMp (class in *pyconcurrent.proc\_mp*), 16
- pyconcurrent
  - module, 15
- pyconcurrent.proc\_asyncio
  - module, 15
- pyconcurrent.proc\_mp
  - module, 16
- pyconcurrent.proc\_result
  - module, 17
- pyconcurrent.version
  - module, 18

### R

- run\_all() (*ProcRunAsyncio* method), 16
- run\_all() (*ProcRunMp* method), 17

### T

- test\_asyncio
  - module, 18
- test\_asyncio\_func() (*TestAsyncio* method), 18
- test\_asyncio\_func\_timeout() (*TestAsyncio* method), 18
- test\_asyncio\_subprocess() (*TestAsyncio* method), 18

- test\_asyncio\_subprocess\_timeout() (*TestAsyncio* method), 18
- test\_mp
  - module, 15
- test\_mp\_func() (*TestMp* method), 15
- test\_mp\_func\_timeout() (*TestMp* method), 15
- test\_mp\_subprocess() (*TestMp* method), 15
- test\_mp\_subprocess\_timeout() (*TestMp* method), 15
- TestAsyncio (class in *test\_asyncio*), 18
- TestMp (class in *test\_mp*), 15

### V

- version() (in module *pyconcurrent.version*), 18