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13-1 (Display 13.1)

Create an interface *Ordered* defined as follows.

[Ordered]

1. Create two method headings.

public boolean precedes(Object other)

public boolean follows(Object other)



13-2 (Display 13.2)

Create a class *OrderedHourlyEmployee* that extends the class HourlyEmployee and implements the interface Ordered defined as follows.

Copy three classes *Employee, HourlyEmployee* and *Date* from chapter 7. [OrderedHourlyEmployee]

1. Implement a method precedes(Object other):

If other is null, return false. If other is not an instance of OrderedHourlyEmployee, return false. Otherwise, create a variable OrderedHourlyEmployee otherOrderedHourlyEmployee and store in it the other converted to OrderedHourlyEmployee type, and then return whether or not getPay() is smaller than otherOrderedHourlyEmployee.getPay().



2. Implement a method follows(Object other):

If **other** is null, return false. If **other** is not an instance of *OrderedHourlyEmployee*, return false. Otherwise, create a variable **OrderedHourlyEmployee** otherOrderedHourlyEmployee and store in it the **other** converted to **OrderedHourlyEmployee** type, and then return *otherOrderedHourlyEmployee*.precedes(this).



13-3 (Display 13.3)

Create an abstract class *MyAbstractClass* that implements the interface Ordered defined as follows.

[MyAbstractClass]

1. Create two instance variables as follows.

private int *number*

private char grade



13-3 (Display 13.3)

2. Create a method public boolean precedes (Object other):

If other is null, return false. If other is not an instance of HourlyEmployee, return false. Otherwise, create a variable MyAbstractClass otherOfMyAbstractClass and store in it the other converted to MyAbstractClass type, and then return whether or not this.number is smaller than otherOfMyAbstractClass.number.

3. Create a method heading public abstract boolean follows(Object other).



13-4 (Display 13.4)

Create an interface *ShowablyOrdered* that extends the interface *Ordered* defined as follows.

[ShowablyOrdered]

1. Create a method heading public void showOneWhoPrecedes().



13-5 (Display 13.5)

Create a class *GeneralizedSelectionSort* defined as follows.

[GeneralizedSelectionSort]

1. Create a method public static void sort(Comparable [] a, int numberUsed):

Create two integer variables *index* and *indexOfNextSmallest*.

Sort an array a in increasing order by using the methods indexOfSmallest and interchange.

2. Create a method private static int indexOfSmallest(int startIndex, Comparable [] a, int numberUsed):

Create a variable Comparable min and store a[startIndex] in it.

Create a variable indexOfMin and store startIndex in it.

Create a variable index.

find min among a[startIndex]...a[numberUsed] and set indexOfMin the index of min.

Return indexOfMin.



3. Create a method **private static void interchange(int i, int j, Comparable[] a):**Create a variable **Comparable** *temp*.

Swap **a[i]** and **a[j]**.



<output>

13-6 (Display 13.6)

Create a class *ComparableDemo* that prints the output below using the class GeneralizedSelectionSort.

```
Before sorting
10.0, 9.0, 8.0, 7.0, 6.0, 5.0, 4.0, 3.0, 2.0, 1.0,
After sorting:
1.0, 2.0, 3.0, 4.0, 5.0, 6.0, 7.0, 8.0, 9.0, 10.0,
Before sorting;
dog, cat, cornish game hen,
After sorting:
cat, cornish game hen, dog,
```



13-7 (Display 13.9)

Create a class *BankAccount* that prints the output below.

[BankAccount]

- 1. Create inner class **private** *Money* as follows.
 - 1. Create two instance variables as follows.

private long dollars

private int cents

2. Create a constructor public Money(String stringAmount):

Invoke abortOnNull(stringAmount)

Create a variable int length and store stringAmount.length() in it.

Store Long.parseLong(stringAmount.substring(0, length - 3)) in dollars.

Store Integer.parseInt(stringAmount.substring(length - 2, length)) in *cents*.

3. Create a method public String getAmount():

If *cents* is greater than 9, return (*dollars* + "." + *cents*).

Otherwise, return (dollars + ".0" + cents).

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4. Create a method public void addIn(Money secondAmount):

Invoke abortOnNull(secondAmount)

Create a variable **int** *newCents* and store (*cents*+**secondAmount**. *cents*)%100 in it.

Create a variable **int** *carry* and store (*cents*+**secondAmount**. *cents*)/100 in it.

Store newCents in cents.

Store (dollars + secondAmount.dollars + carry) in dollars.

5. Create a method public void abortOnNull(Object o):

If o is null, print "Unexpected null argument." and exit.



2. Create an instance variable private Money balance;

3. Create a constructor **public BankAccount()**:

Make *balance* points to a new object of the class **Money** that has an argument **"0.00"**.

4. Create a method public String getBalance(): It returns balance.getAmount()



5. Create a method public void makeDeposit (String depositAmount): Invoke balance.addIn with an argument new Money (depositAmount).

6. Create a method public void closeAccount ():

Store 0 in balance.dollars.

Store 0 in balance.cents.



13-8 (Display 13.10)

Create a class BankAccountDemo that prints the output below using the class BankAccount.

<output>

Creating a new account.

Account balance now = \$0.00

Depositing \$100.00

Account balance now = \$100.00

Depositing \$99.99

Account balance now = \$199.99

Depositing \$0.01

Account balance now = \$200.00

Closing account.

Account balance now = \$0.00



14-1 (Display 14.3)

Create a class *GolfScores* that prints the output below by using the class ArrayList.

The detailed description of the class is given on the next page.

<input and output>

This program reads golf scores and shows how much each differs from the average.

Enter golf scores:

Enter a list of nonnegative numbers.

Mark the end of the list with a negative number.

69 74 68 -1

Average of the 3 scores = 70.3333

The scores are:

69.0 differs from average by -1.33333

74.0 differs from average by 3.66667

68.0 differs from average by -2.33333

[GolfScores]

1. Import 2 classes as follows.

java.util.ArrayList

java.util.Scanner

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2. Write a method main:

Create an Double-typed ArrayList score and allocate to score a new ArrayList<Double>().

Print the output below.

<output>

This program reads golf scores and shows how much each differs from the average. Enter golf scores:

Invoke fillArrayList(score).

Invoke showDifference(score).



3. Create a method public static void fillArrayList(ArrayList<Double>a): Print the output below.

<output>

Enter a list of nonnegative numbers.

Mark the end of the list with a negative number.

Create a variable double next.

Store the double-typed input into next.

while *next* is greater than or equal to 0,

store next into the array a and store the next input in next.



4. Create a method public static double computeAverage(ArrayList<Double>a):

Create a variable double total initialized to 0.

Compute the total of the numbers in a by using a for-each loop.

Create a variable int numberOfScores initialized to a.size().

If numberOfScores is greater than 0, return the average of a.

Otherwise, print "ERROR: Trying to average 0 numbers." and "computeAverage returns 0." and return 0.



5. Create a method public static void showDifference(ArrayList<Double>a):

Create a variable double average initialized to computeAverage(a).

Print the below by using a for-each loop.

```
<output>
```

Average of the 3 scores = 70.3333

The scores are:

69.0 differs from average by -1.33333

74.0 differs from average by 3.66667

68.0 differs from average by -2.33333