Java Exception Handling (Try-catch)

Exception handling is the process of responding to the occurrence, during computation, of exceptions – anomalous or exceptional conditions requiring special processing – often changing the normal flow of program execution. (Wikipedia)

Java has built-in mechanism to handle exceptions. Using the *try* statement we can test a block of code for errors. The *catch* block contains the code that says what to do if exception occurs.

This problem will test your knowledge on try-catch block.

You will be given two integers x and y as input, you have to compute x/y. If x and y are not 32 bit signed integers or if y is zero, exception will occur and you have to report it. Read sample Input/Output to know what to report in case of exceptions.

Sample Input 1	Ŀ
----------------	---

10	
3	

Sample Output 1:

3

Sample Input 2:

10 Hello

Sample Output 2:

java.util.InputMismatchException

Sample Input 3:

10

Sample Output 3:

java.lang.ArithmeticException: / by zero

Sample Input 4:

23.323

Sample Output 4:

