Investigating the exponential distribution in R

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Overview

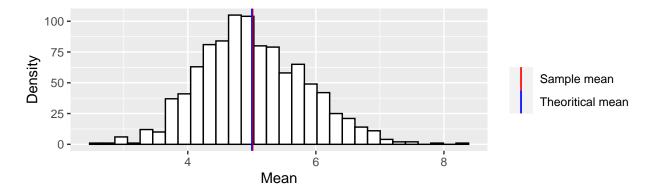
Simulations

```
library(ggplot2)

set.seed(23)
sim <- 1000
n <- 40
lambda = 0.2

mns = NULL
vrs = NULL
for (i in 1 : sim) {
   rnd = rexp(n, lambda)
   mns = c(mns, mean(rnd))
   vrs = c(vrs, var(rnd))
}</pre>
```

Sample Mean versus Theoretical Mean



Sample Variance versus Theoretical Variance

```
sample.variance <- mean(vrs)</pre>
sample.variance
## [1] 24.92895
theoritical.variance <- (1/lambda)^2
theoritical.variance
## [1] 25
dfv <- data.frame(vrs)</pre>
ggplot(dfv, aes(vrs)) +
  geom_histogram(bins=30, colour="black", fill="white") +
  geom_vline(aes(xintercept = sample.variance, colour='Sample variance')) +
  geom_vline(aes(xintercept = theoritical.variance, colour='Theoritical variance')) +
  scale_color_manual(name="", values = c('Sample variance' = 'red',
                                       'Theoritical variance' = 'blue')) +
  xlab("Variance") + ylab("Density")
   100 -
Density
                                                                             Sample variance
   50 -
                                                                             Theoritical variance
                                                       75
                                       50
```

Distribution

```
define Fx = \frac{\overline{X_n} - \mu}{\sigma/\sqrt{n}} where n is large fx <- ((mns - sample.mean)/(sample.variance / sqrt(sim)))

df <- data.frame(fx)
ggplot(df, aes(x=fx)) +
geom_histogram(aes(y=..density..), bins=30, colour="black", fill="white") +
geom_density(aes(colour='Sampling Distribution')) +
geom_line(stat = "function", fun = "dnorm", args = list(mean = 0, sd = 1),
```

Variance

