Replacing Whitespaces using Lex

Irfan Sheikh

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1 The Lex File - replace-whitespace.1

```
%{
// C includes
#include <stdio.h>
%}
%option noyywrap
WS [ \ \ \ \ ]+
%%
\{WS\} {
        /* If a sequence of one or more whitespaces
          st is matched, then it gets replaced by a
          * single space.
         printf("_");
%%
int main(void) {
    yylex();
    return 0;
}
```

2 Generating source code that implements the specified lexer and compiling lex.yy.c

The following sequence of commands are used:

1. Generate lexer source code: lex replace-whitespace.l

2. Compile the lexer. The executable file ./a.out is created after running the command:

```
gcc lex.yy.c
```

3. Running the lexer. The input file is input.txt which has a few lines with spaces and tabs. The lexer will replace one or more spaces and tabs with a single space and print the output. Redirection operators are used to input the file to the lexer and then create the output file output.txt./a.out < input.txt > output.txt.

3 The input file

```
Hello, this is a file with whitespaces.
Single whitespace, double whitespace,
tabbed whitespace,
You can find everything here.
```

Haveanice day!

If you run this through the lex.yy.c program, it will replace all whitespaces (spaces and tabs) with a single space.

4 The output file

Hello, this is a file with whitespaces. Single whitespace, double whitespace, tabbed whitespace, You can find everything here.

Haveaniceday!

If you run this through the lex.yy.c program, it will replace all whitespaces (spaces and tabs) with a single space.