ID		ATE
Name		CELERATED
Description	Refresh	Current Fate Points
ASPECTS	APPROA	ACHES
High Concept	CAREF	UL
Trouble	CLEV	ER
	FLAS	HY
	FORCEF	UL
	QUI	
	SNEA	KY
	SEQUENCES	
Mild		
	ata	
Moder 2 Severe		

FATE ACCELERATED: QUICK REFERENCE 1

DICE RESULTS (PAGE 18)

- = Dice Roll + Approach Bonus Result
- + Bonuses from Invoked Aspects + Bonuses from Stunts

OUTCOMES (PAGE 13)

Versus Opponent's Result or Target Number:

- - Fail: Your Result is lower **Tie:** Your Result is equal
- Success: Your Result is higher by 1 or 2
- Success with Style: Your result is higher by 3 or more

SETTING TARGET NUMBERS (PAGE 37)

- Easy Task: Mediocre (+0)—or success without a roll
- Moderately Difficult: Fair (+2).
- Extremely Difficult: Great (+4).
- Impossibly Difficult: Go as high as you think makes sense. The PC will need to drop some fate points and get lots of help to succeed, but that's fine.

Create an advantage when

ACTIONS (PAGE 14)

Attack (page 17): creating or discovering aspects

- Fail: No effect.
- **Tie:** Attack doesn't harm the target, but you gain a boost
- Succeed: Attack hits and causes
- causes damage. May reduce damage Succeed with Style: Attack hits and by one to generate a boost.

treat as success if looking for existing.

aspect, get a free invocation on it. Succeed with Style: Create or dis-

Succeed: Create or discover the

Tie: Get a boost if creating new, or

free invocation.

do but your opponent (not you) gets

Fail: Don't create or discover, or you

(page 14):

Defend (page 17):

cover the aspect, get two free invoca-

tions on it.

- Fail: You suffer the consequences of your opponent's success.
- Tie: Look at your opponent's action to see what happens.
- Succeed: Your opponent doesn't get what they want.

Tie: Generate one free invocation on

Fail: No additional benefit.

(page 15):

aspect you already know about

Create an advantage on an

Succeed: Generate one free invoca-

the aspect.

Succeed with Style: Generate two

tion on the aspect.

free invocations on the aspect.

doesn't get what they want, and you Succeed with Style: Your opponent get a boost.

Getting Help (page 17):

- · An ally can help you perform your
- up their action for the exchange and When an ally helps you, they give describe how they help.

Fail: Fail, or succeed at a serious cost.

(page 16):

Overcome

• Tie: Succeed at minor cost.

Succeed with Style: You accomplish

your goal and generate a boost.

Succeed: You accomplish your goal.

- You get a +1 for each ally that helps in this way.
- GM may place limits on how many may help.

FATE ACCELERATED: QUICK REFERENCE 2

TURN ORDER (PAGE 21)

THE LADDER

Legendary

φ

Epic

4

Fantastic

9

Superb

+5

Good

+3

Fair

7

Great

4

- approaches—the one with the fastest Physical Conflict: Compare Quick reflexes goes first.
 - approaches—the one with the most Mental Conflict: Compare Careful attention to detail senses danger.
- makes sense, with the GM having the order. Break ties in whatever manner Everyone else goes in descending last word.
- NPCs go on the turn of the most The GM may choose to have all advantageous NPC

STRESS

Mediocre

Terrible

ņ

Poor

Average

Ŧ 0 Τ

& CONSEQUENCES (PAGE 22)

- = Attack Roll Defense Roll Severity of hit (in shifts)
- stress box to handle some or all of the shifts of a single hit. You can absorb a number of shifts equal to the number Stress Boxes: You can check one

of the box you check: one for Box 1,

two for Box 2, three for Box 3.

- Consequences: You many take one or hit, by marking off one or more available consequence slots and writing a more consequences to deal with the new aspect for each one marked.
- Mild = 2 shifts
- Moderate = 4 shifts
- Severe = 6 shifts
- Recovering from Consequences:
- Mild consequence: Clear it at end of the scene.
- Moderate consequence: Clear it at the end of the next session.
 - Severe consequence: Clear it at the end of the scenario.
- Taken Out: If you can't (or decide not out and your opponent decides what to) handle the entire hit, you're taken happens to you.
- Giving In: Give in before your opponent's roll and you can control how you exit the scene. You earn one or more fate points for giving in (page 24).

APPROACHES (PAGE 18)

- Careful: When you pay close attention to detail and take your time to do the ob right.
 - Clever: When you think fast, solve problems, or account for complex variables.
- Flashy: When you act with style and panache.

Forceful: When you use brute

- Quick: When you move quickly and with dexterity. strength.
- Sneaky: When you use misdirection, stealth, or deceit.

ASPECTS (PAGE 25)

Invoke (page 27):

- a reroll for yourself, or to increase Spend a fate point to get a +2 or difficulty for a foe by 2.
- Receive a fate point when an aspect complicates your life. Compel (page 28):
 - Establish facts (page 29):

Aspects are true. Use them to affirm details about you and the world.

Character Aspects (page 25) TYPES OF ASPECTS

- Written when you create your
 - character.
- May be changed when you reach a milestone (page 33).

Situation Aspects (page 26)

- Established at the beginning of a
- May be created by using the create an advantage action. scene.
 - May be eliminated by using the
 - overcome action.

Vanish when the situation ends. Boosts (page 26)

- May be invoked once (for free), then they vanish.
- May be eliminated by an opponent using an overcome action.
- Unused boosts vanish at the end of

Consequences (page 23) the scene.

- Used to absorb shifts from successful
- May be invoked by your opponents as if they were situation aspects.