Web Database Programming

Created: 2011-01-21

Last update: 2014-01-14

Contents

Introduction	2
Use EasyDataSet as Data Source	2
Bind-data to single field	2
Data Query	3
Data Search	3
Data Navigation	3
Modify and Save Data	3
MySql Database Credential	3
Bind Data to Html Table	3
Web Page Security	3
Field Editors	3
Data Repeater	3
Change Query Filters at Runtime	4
Arrange for dynamic query	4
Define Search Options	4
Define parameters for search options	4
Create Search Options UI	5
Make dynamic query filters	6
Page property for WHERE clause	6
Method for generating WHERE clause	7
Reset whereClause	7
Create QueryWithWhereDynamic action	19
Use dynamic filter	20
Use parameter values	20
Execute dynamic query	24

Generate WHERE clause	24
Display WHERE clause for demo	25
Execute query	27
Test	28
Query without filters	29
Use one filter	29
Use two filters	31
Use three filters	32
Filters on Boolean Fields	32
Use a drop down list box as UI	32
Add filtering	32
Demo	41
Security notes	43
Create New Records	43
Data Streaming	43
Fetch Data of One-to-Many Relation	43
Change Data-binding	43
Foodbacks	12

Introduction

See http://www.limnor.com/support/webDatabaseProgramming1.pdf

Use EasyDataSet as Data Source

See http://www.limnor.com/support/webDatabaseProgramming1.pdf

Bind-data to single field

See http://www.limnor.com/support/webDatabaseProgramming1.pdf

Data Query

See http://www.limnor.com/support/webDatabaseProgramming1.pdf

Data Search

See http://www.limnor.com/support/webDatabaseProgramming1.pdf

Data Navigation

See http://www.limnor.com/support/webDatabaseProgramming1.pdf

Modify and Save Data

See http://www.limnor.com/support/webDatabaseProgramming1.pdf

MySql Database Credential

See http://www.limnor.com/support/webDatabaseProgramming1.pdf

Bind Data to Html Table

See http://www.limnor.com/support/webDatabaseProgramming1.pdf

Web Page Security

See http://www.limnor.com/support/webDatabaseProgramming2.pdf

Field Editors

See http://www.limnor.com/support/webDatabaseProgramming3.pdf

Data Repeater

In chapter "Bind-data to single field", we saw that a form can be designed with data-bound controls. Data from database are automatically displayed on the controls. The user may modify data on the controls and the data modifications can be saved back to database.

In such arrangement, one record is displayed on one web page.

Data Repeater allows you to design the form with data-bound controls, but the same design can be repeated on one web page. Thus many records can be displayed on one web page.

For details, see http://www.limnor.com/support/WebDataRepeater.pdf

Change Query Filters at Runtime

EasyDataSet has some methods allowing changing query filters at runtime so that you may build UI to let your users decide how to search database for data.

- QueryWithWhere When you use this method to create an action, Limnor Studio analysis the filters you want to use and find the parameters in the filters. Each parameter becomes a property of the action. The advantage of using this method is simple to use. The disadvantage of this method is that you have to create an action for every situation your users may want to search the database. Suppose you give your users 5 different filters to use then there will be about 80 different combinations of those filters. You do not want to create so many actions.
- QueryWithWhereDynamic -- You may use this method to create an action which may search the database for all situations. This chapter demonstrates how this method can be used.

Arrange for dynamic query

EasyDataSet has a property, **DynamicParameters**. You use this property to define all parameters to be used in all dynamic query actions. Each parameter defined becomes a property of a QueryWithWhereDynamic action. Each time a QueryWithWhereDynamic action is executed, the query parameters have to be among the defined parameters.

Define Search Options

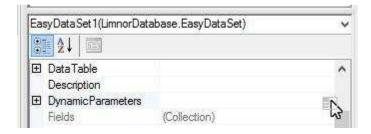
Suppose we want to search for employee records in a database, and give users following search options:

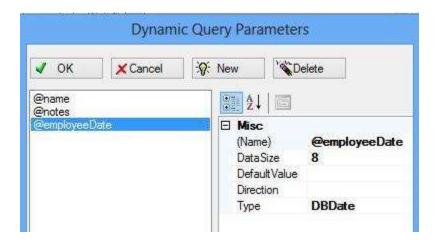
- Employee name contains a given text
- Notes field contains a given text
- Employee date is later than a given date

Define parameters for search options

- @name representing the given text for Employee Name search
- @notes representing the given text for Notes search.
- @employeeDate representing the given date for employee date search

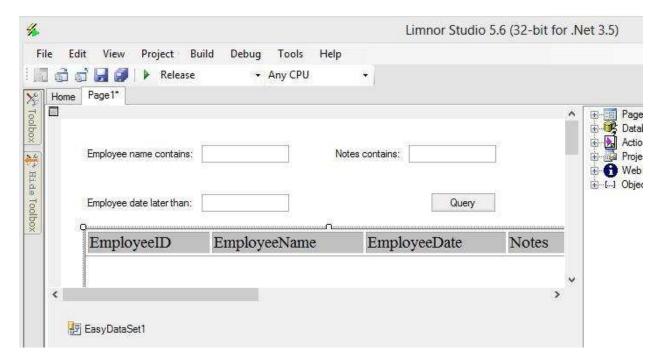
Edit DynamicParameters property:



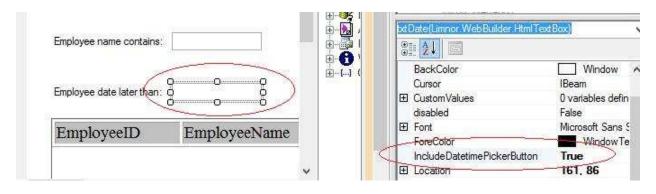


Create Search Options UI

Let's build UI to allow the user to enter search values:



Note that the text box for entering date value has its IncludeDatetimePickerButton set to True:



Make dynamic query filters

To construct query filters is to write SQL WHERE clause. If you do not know SQL language then you may use Limnor Studio Query Builder to create filters and see what is the corresponding WHERE clause the Query Builder generates. The Query Builder can be accessed by setting SQL property of EasyDataSet.

Suppose the SQL property for our EasyDataSet is as following:

SELECT

`employees`.`EmployeeID`,`employees`.`EmployeeName`,`employees`.`EmployStartDate`,`employees`.` Notes` FROM `employees`

The filters for each search option are as following:

- Employee name contains a given text; parameter @name represents the given text for Employee Name search. The filter is
 EmployeeName LIKE CONCAT('%',@name,'%')
- Notes field contains a given text; parameter @notes represents the given text for Notes search.
 The filter is
 - Notes LIKE CONCAT('%',@notes,'%')
- Employee date is later than a given date; parameter @employeeDate represents the given date for employee date search. The filter is
 EmployStartDate > @employeeDate

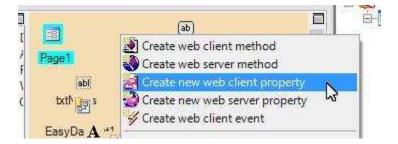
Suppose our UI logic is that if a text box is empty then the corresponding filter should not be used. All used filters are linked by AND logic. For example, if the user enters data for the name search and notes search text boxes, then the WHERE clause should be as following:

EmployeeName LIKE CONCAT('%',@name,'%') AND Notes LIKE CONCAT('%',@notes,'%')

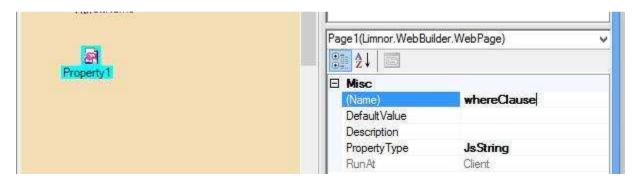
There can be many ways of generating WHERE clause following the UI logic. Here we describe one way of doing it.

Page property for WHERE clause

We create a property to hold the WHERE clause we are going to create:

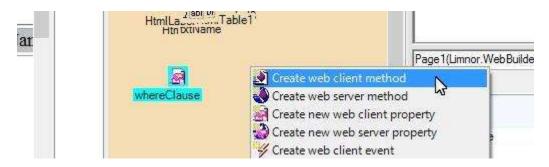


Rename the new property to where Clause:

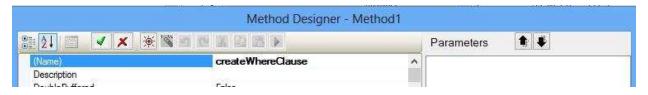


Method for generating WHERE clause

Create a method to generate the WHERE clause:

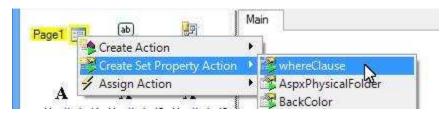


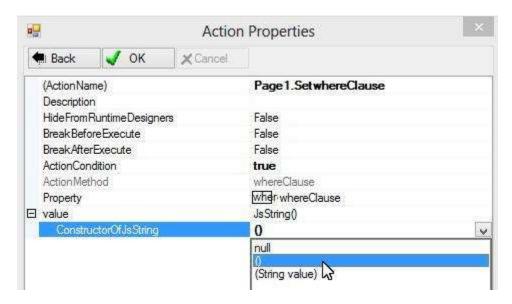
Rename the new method to createWhereClause:

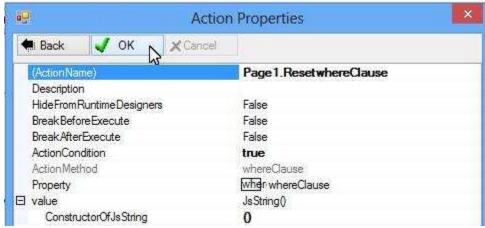


Reset whereClause

Set where Clause property to an empty string first:

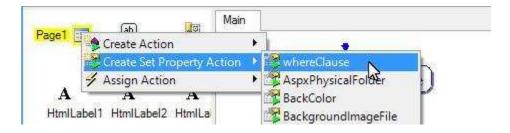




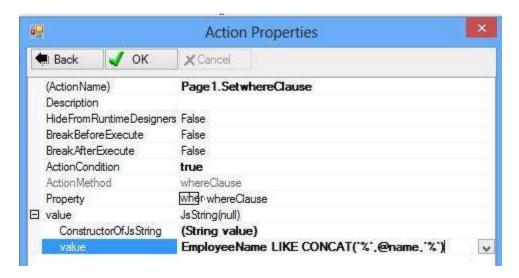


Add name search filter

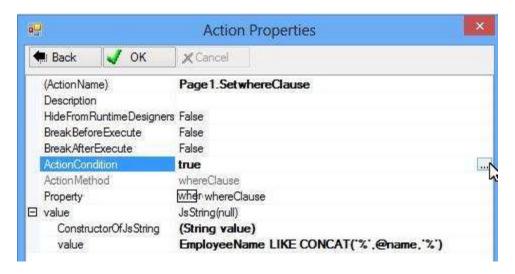
Set where Clause to Employee Name LIKE CONCAT ('%', @name, '%') if the text box is not empty:

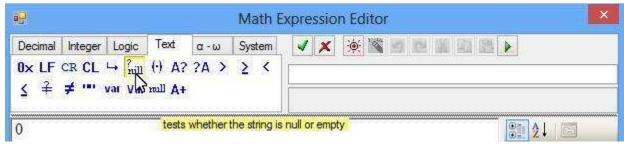


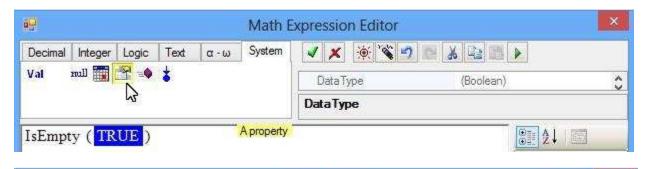
Set value to EmployeeName LIKE CONCAT('%',@name,'%'):

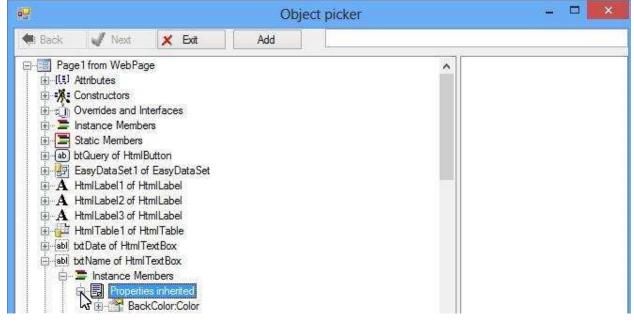


Set ActionCondition to that the text box is not empty:



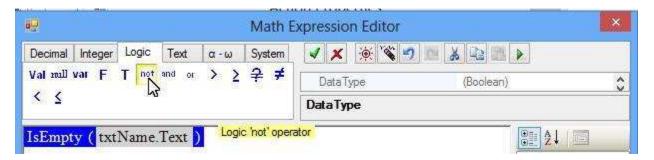


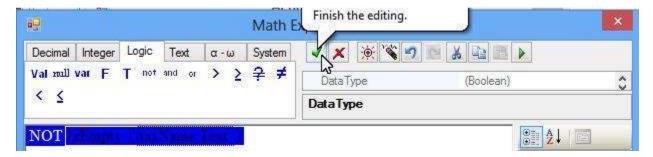




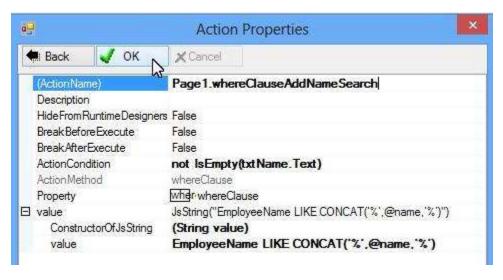


Apply logic "NOT":

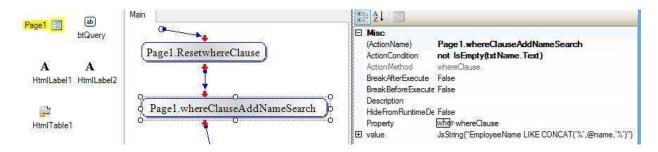




Rename the action and click OK:

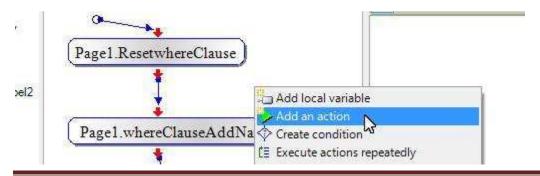


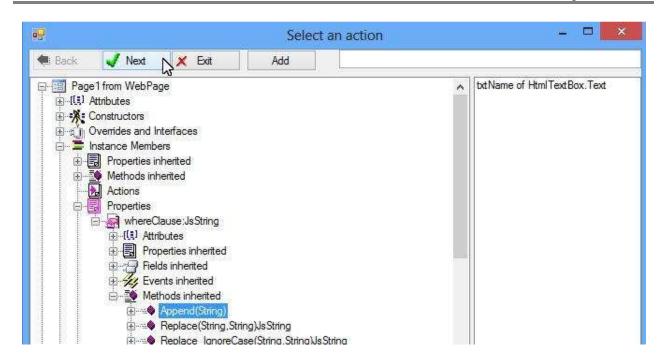
Link the actions:



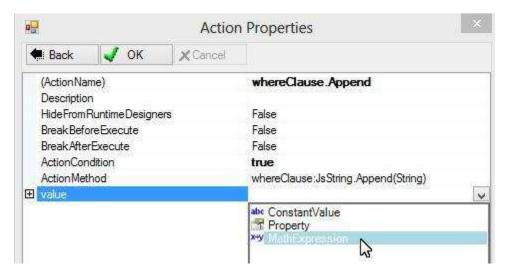
Add notes search filter

Append Notes LIKE CONCAT('%',@notes,'%') to where Clause if the text box is not empty.

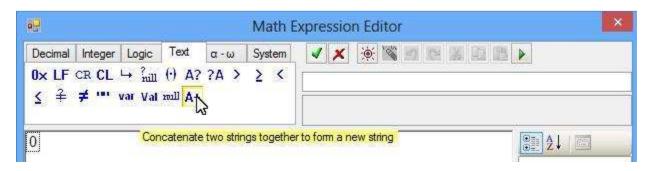




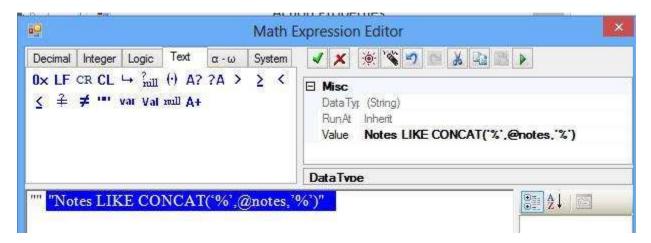
Use expression for "value" because we need to form the filter:



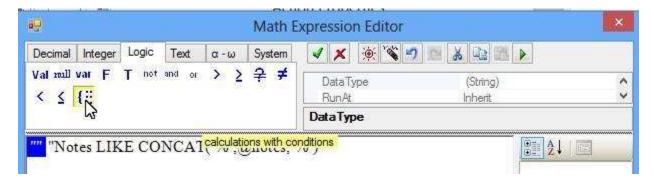
If where Clause is not empty then we need add "AND" before Notes LIKE CONCAT ('%',@notes,'%'); if where Clause is empty then we do not add "AND". We use two parts for this expression:



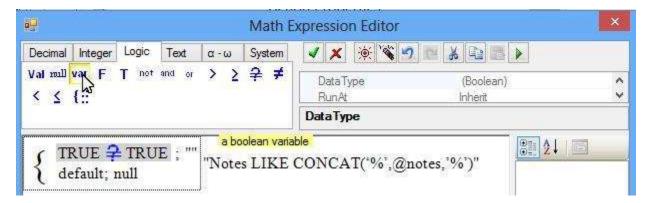
The second part is Notes LIKE CONCAT('%',@notes,'%'):



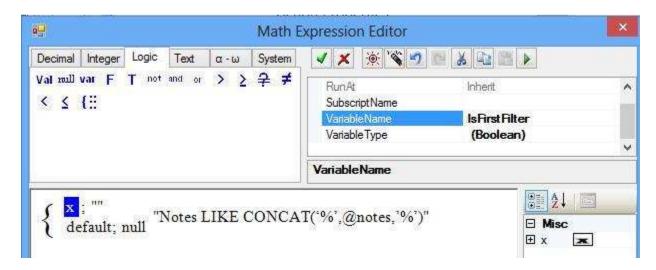
We use a switch for the first part:



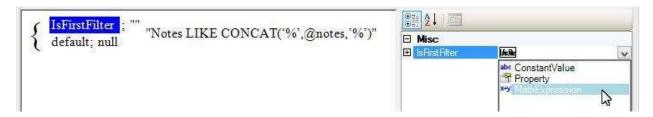
To check for text box emptiness, use a Boolean variable:

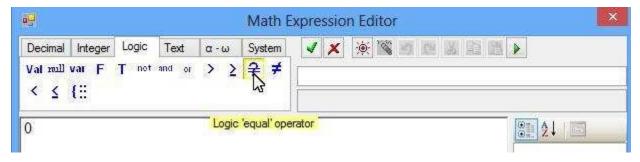


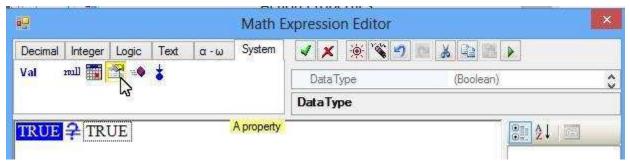
Rename the variable to make the expression more readable:

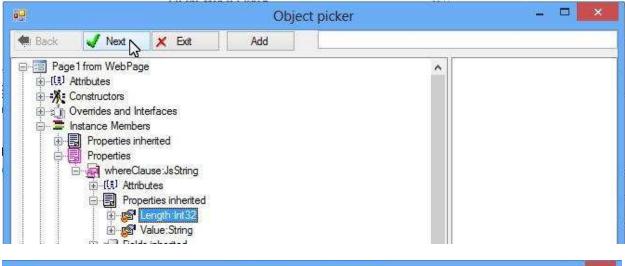


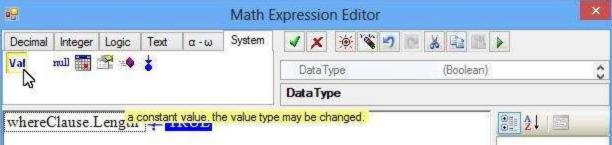
Use the variable to check the length of where Clause:

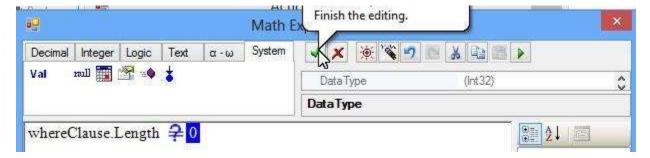




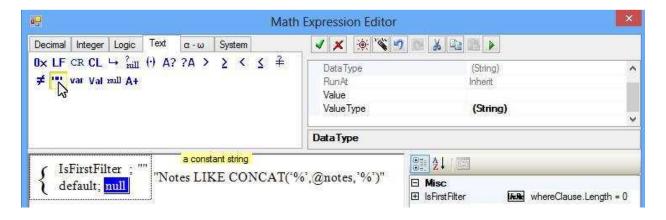


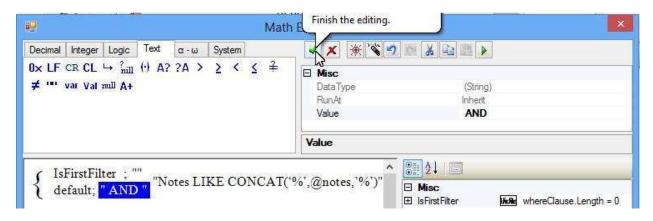




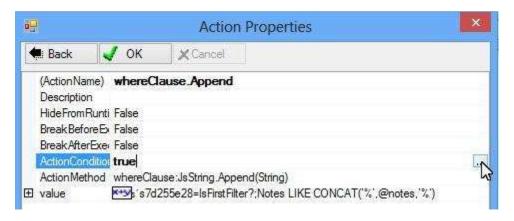


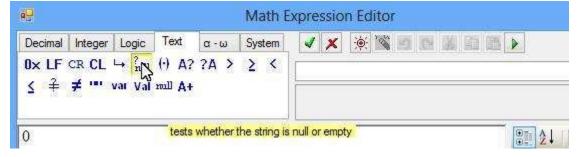
Set "AND" for default value:

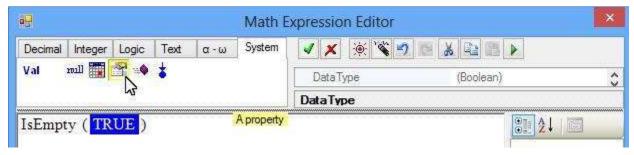


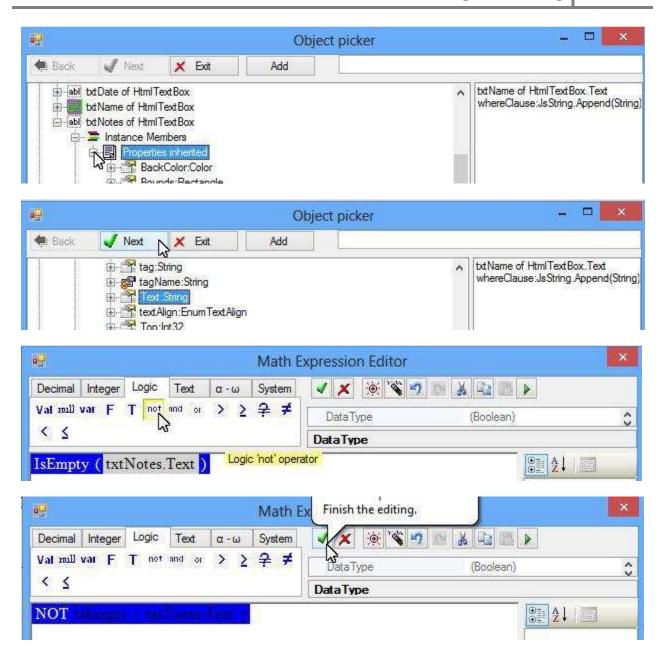


Set ActionCondition to check if the text box is empty:

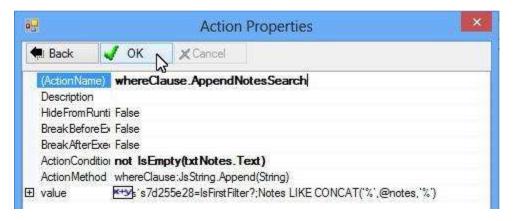




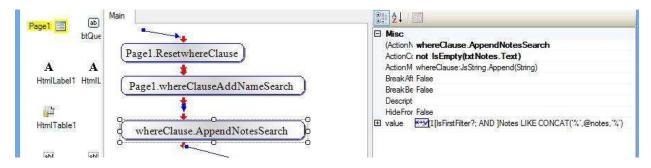




Rename the action and click OK:

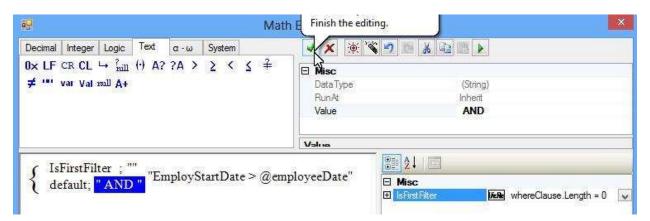


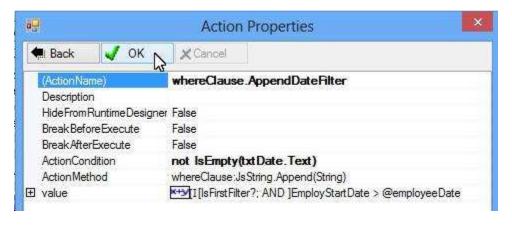
Link the actions:



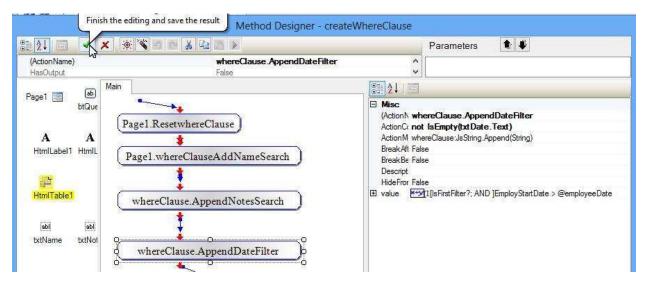
Add date search filter

Append EmployStartDate > @employeeDate to whereClause if the text box is not empty. The programming is very much like we just did for adding notes search filter. So, we do not go step by step.



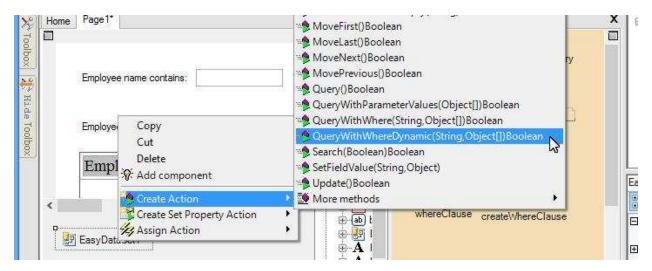


That is all for this method:



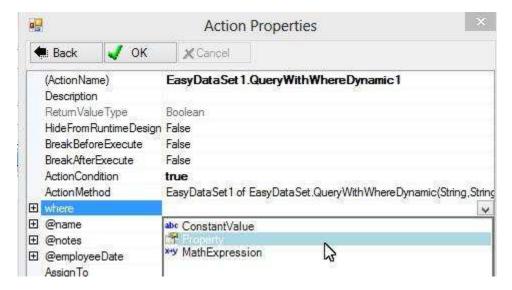
Create QueryWithWhereDynamic action

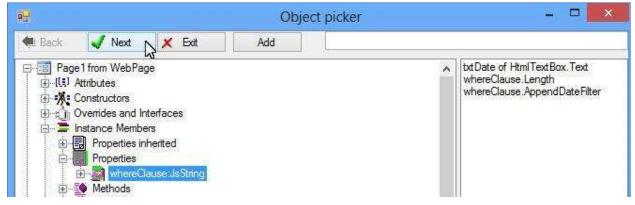
Right-click EasyDataSet1, choose "Create Action", choose "QueryWithWhereDynamic":



Use dynamic filter

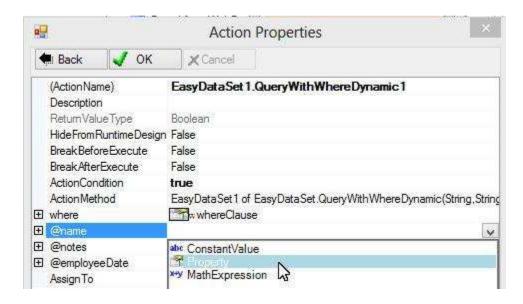
Pass where Clause property to the action:

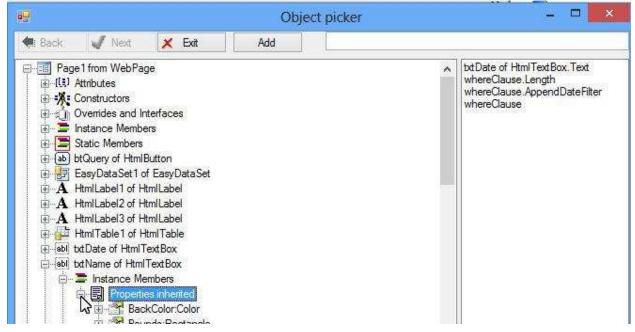




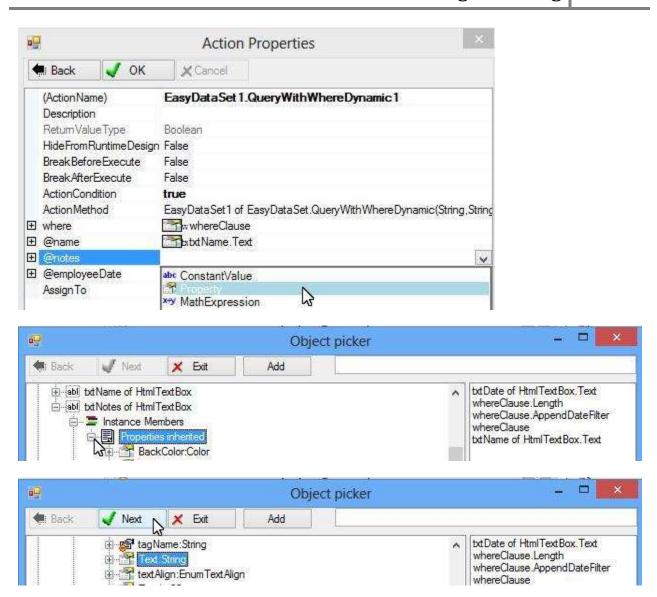
Use parameter values

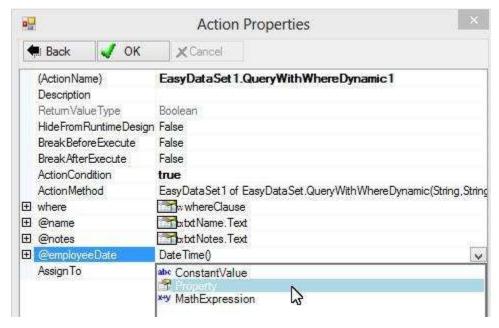
Pass text box values to the action:

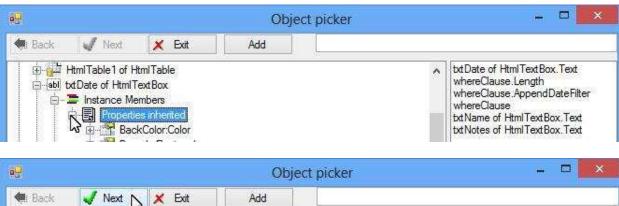












Click OK, the action is created:

★ tagName:String

textAlign:EnumTextAlign

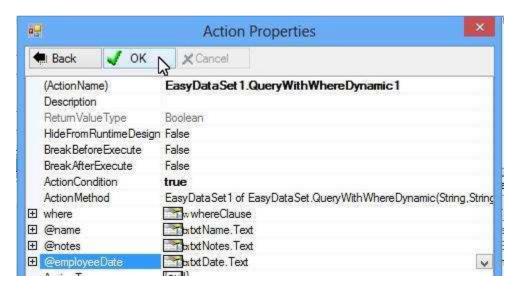
Text String

but Date of Html Text Box. Text

whereClause:AppendDateFilter

whereClause.Length

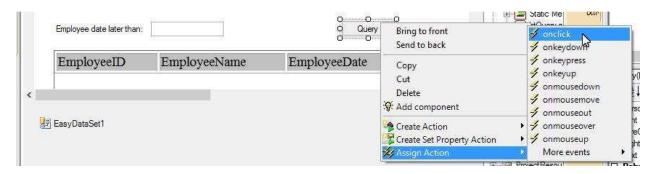
whereClause.



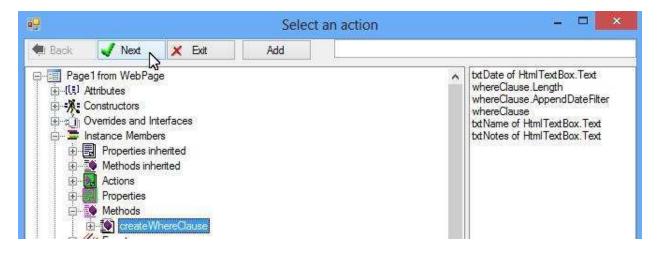
Execute dynamic query

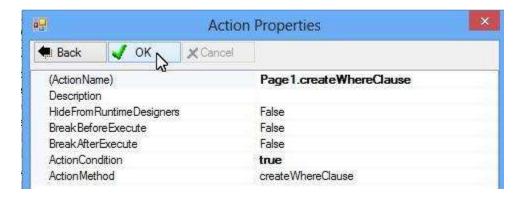
Generate WHERE clause

For this sample, we use a button to trigger executing dynamic query. Right-click the button; choose "Assign Actions"; choose "onclick" event:

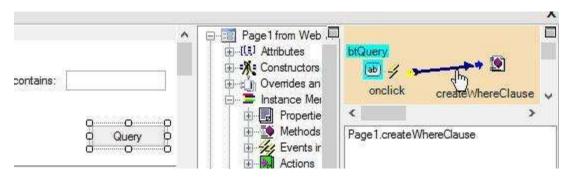


The first action we want to execute is the createWhereClause method:





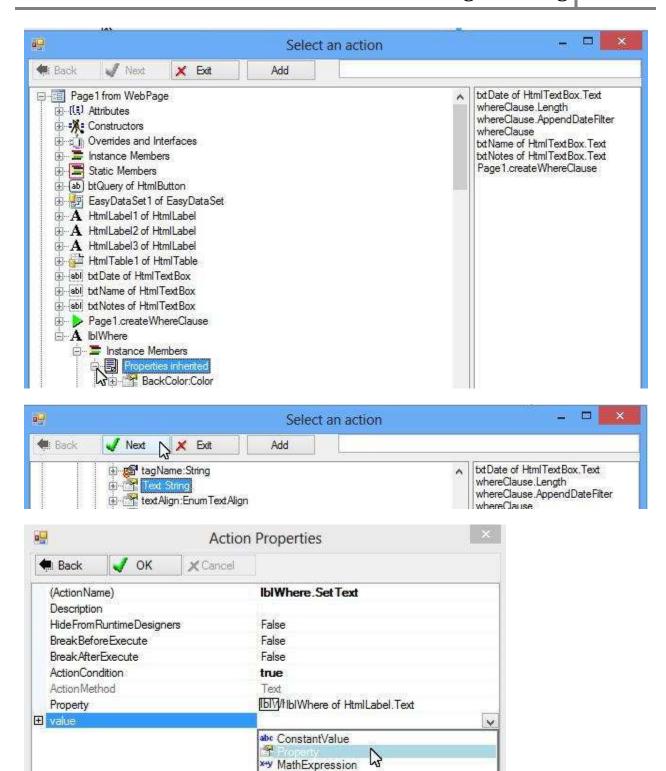
An action is created and assigned to the button:

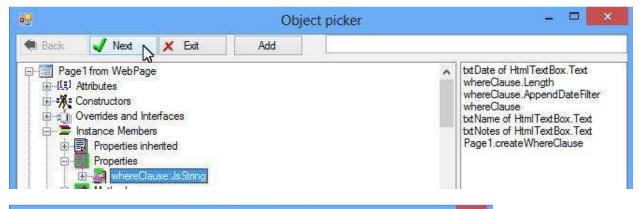


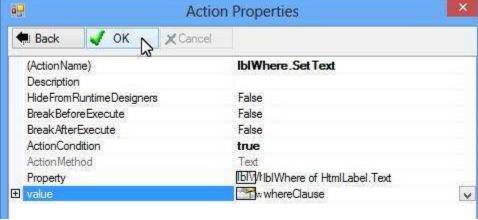
Display WHERE clause for demo

After executing the action, property where Clause will contain the WHERE clause to be used by database query. For demonstration purpose, we may show property where Clause on a label:



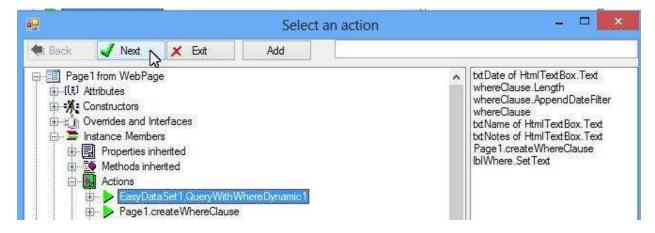




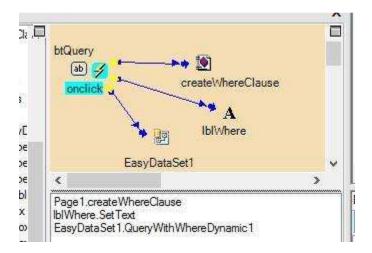


Execute query



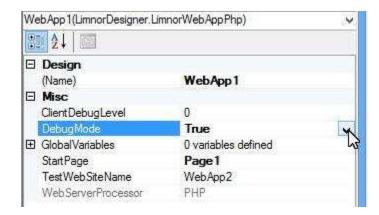


These are all the actions we want to execute:

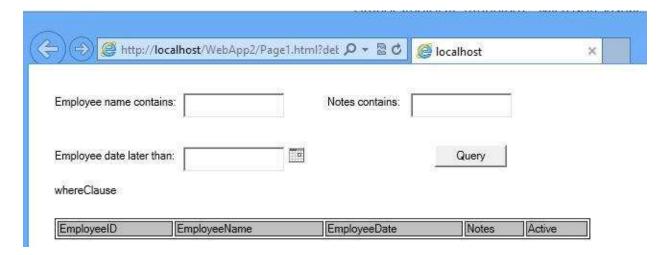


Test

Turn on debug mode so that we may watch what data are going through the internet:

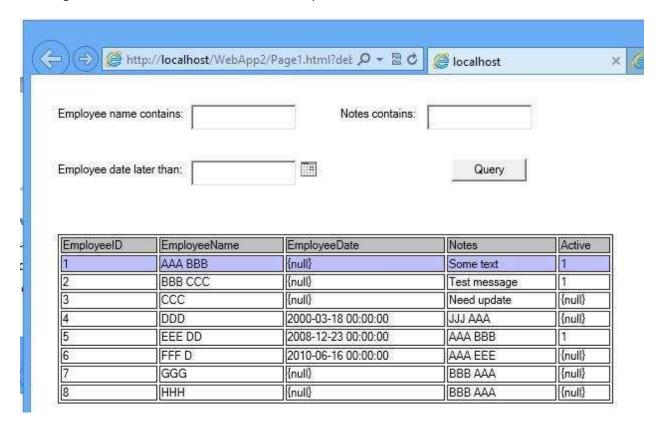


Run the project, the web page appears in the default browser:

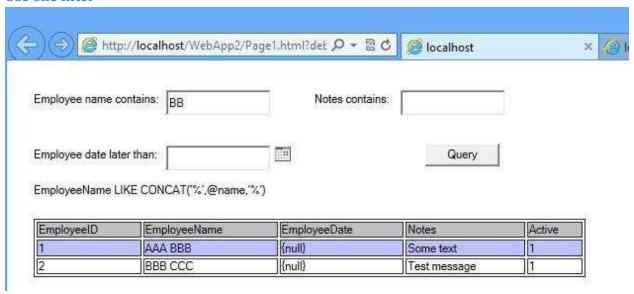


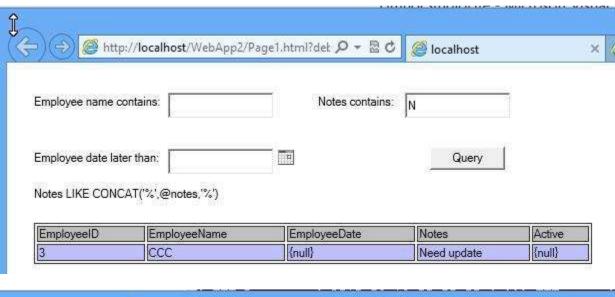
Query without filters

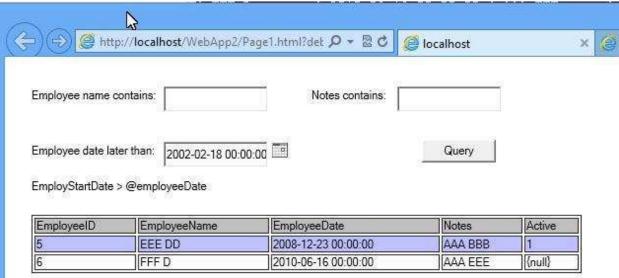
Click "Query" button while all text boxes are empty. No filters will be used, and all records will be displayed on the web page. This may not be desired in most situations. You may set action condition so that the query action will only be executed when property where Clause is not empty. For this sample, showing records let us know what are in our sample database:



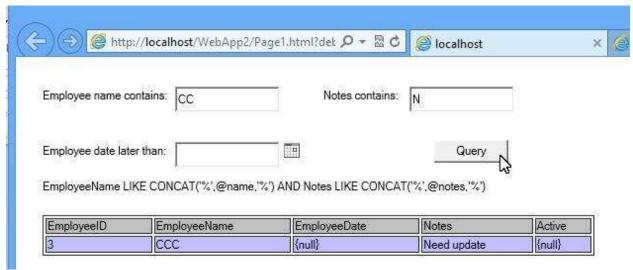
Use one filter

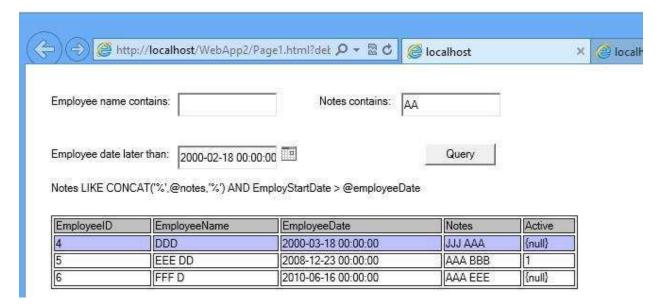




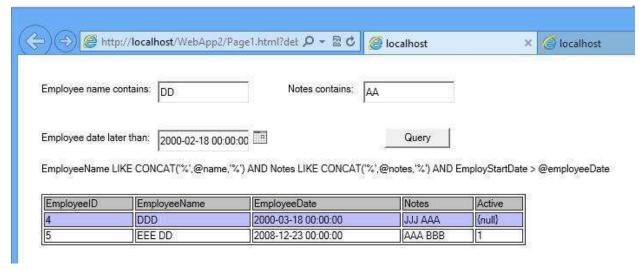


Use two filters





Use three filters

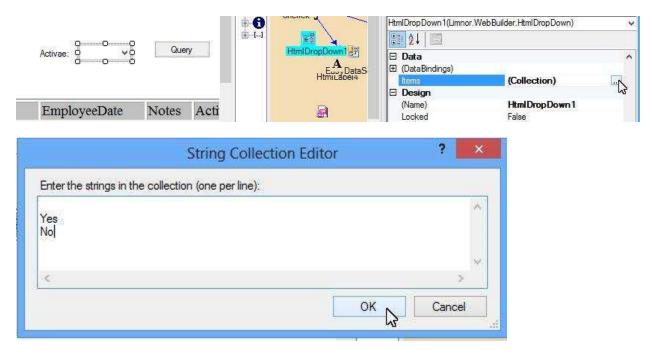


Filters on Boolean Fields

Since a Boolean field may only have True/False value, you may choose not to use a parameter for filtering such a field.

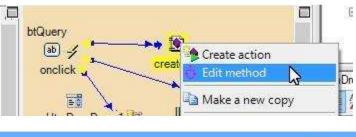
Use a drop down list box as UI

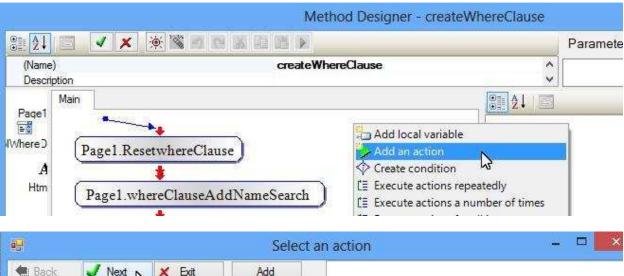
Suppose we use a drop down to give users an option to filter on Active field which is a BOOLEAN field. The drop down has 3 values: empty, Yes, and No:

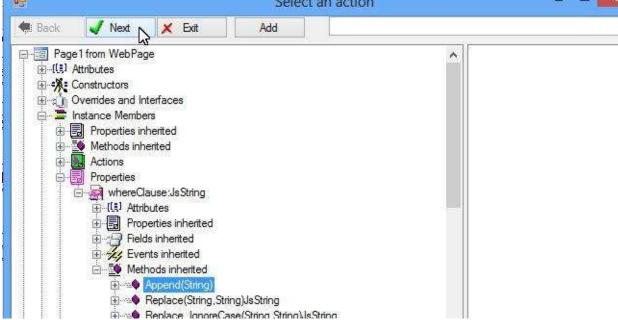


Add filtering

Modify method createWhereClause to append a filter on field Active:

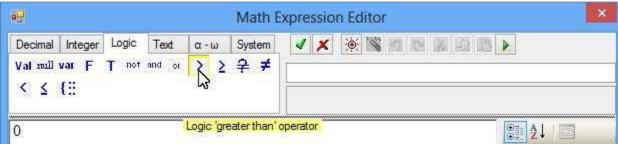


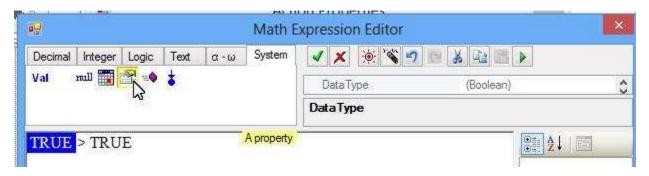


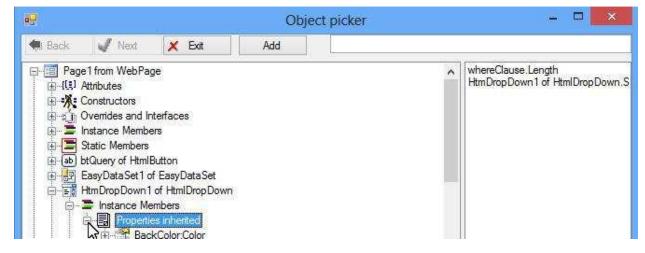


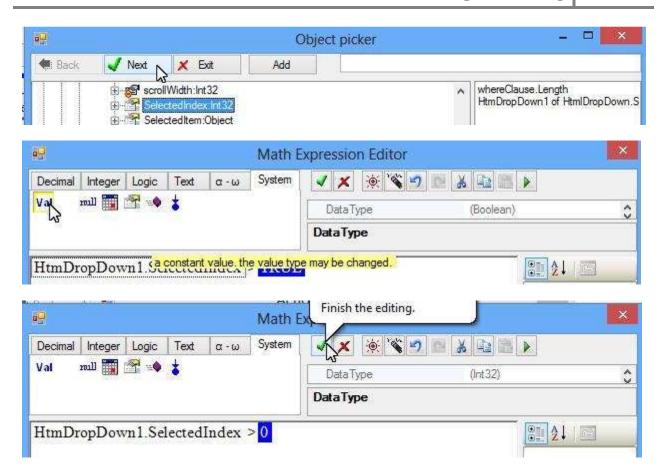
Set ActionCondition to that the selected index of the drop down is larger than 0 because the first item is empty, meaning not to filter on it:



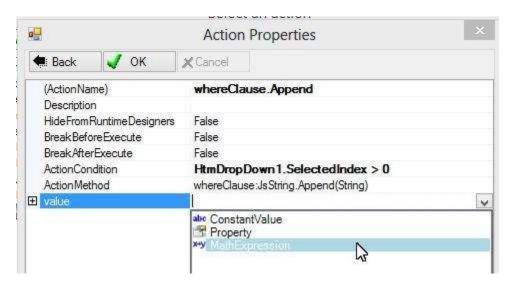




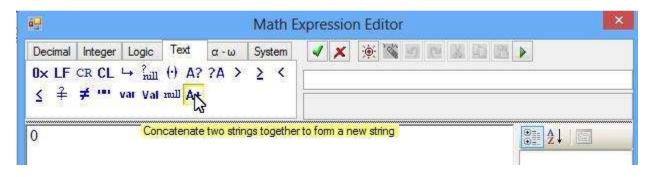


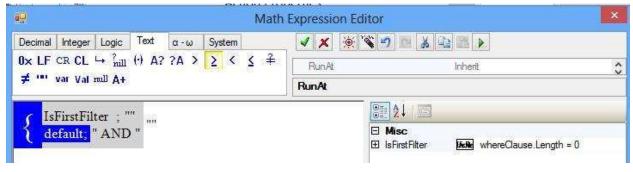


Build an expression for the filter:

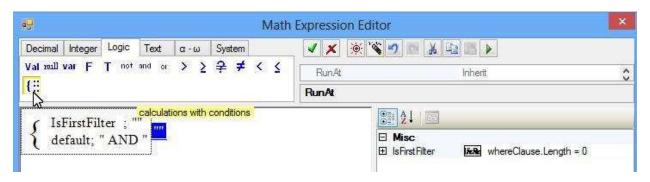


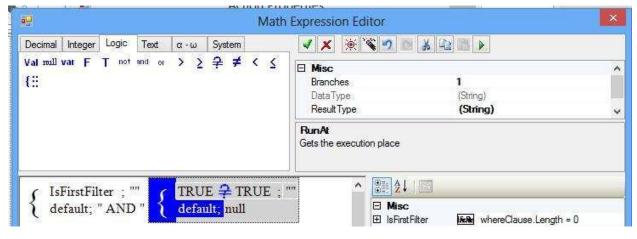
The expression has two parts and the first part is the same as for filtering on Notes and EmployStartDate:



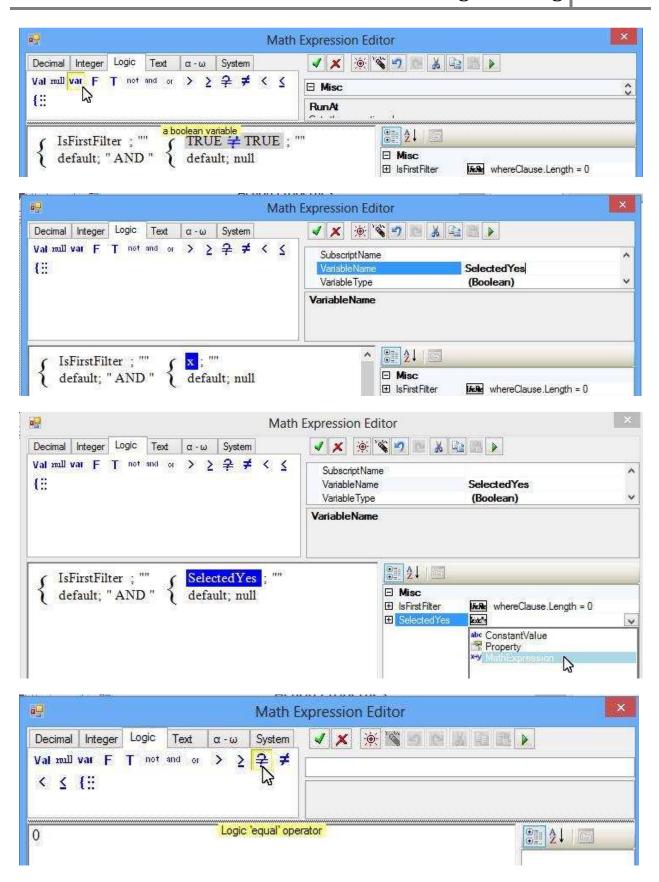


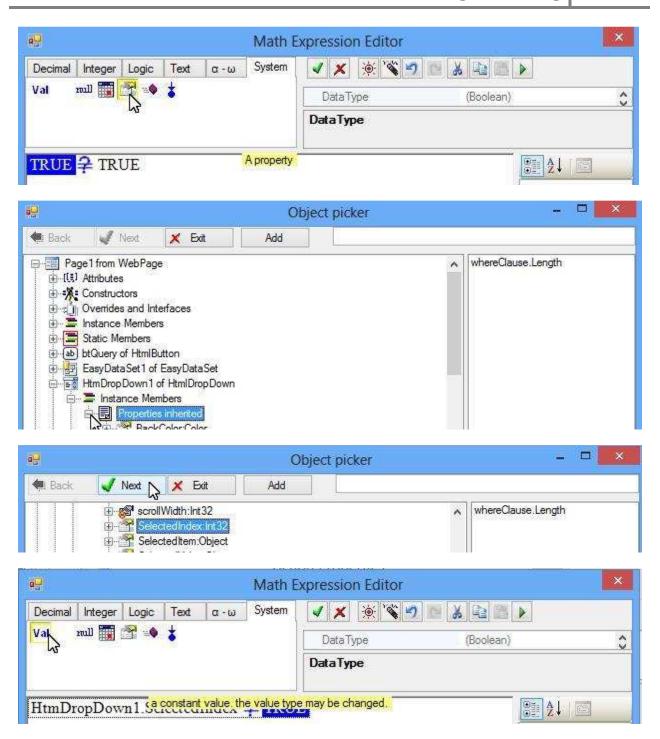
We may also use a switch for the second part to form the filter:

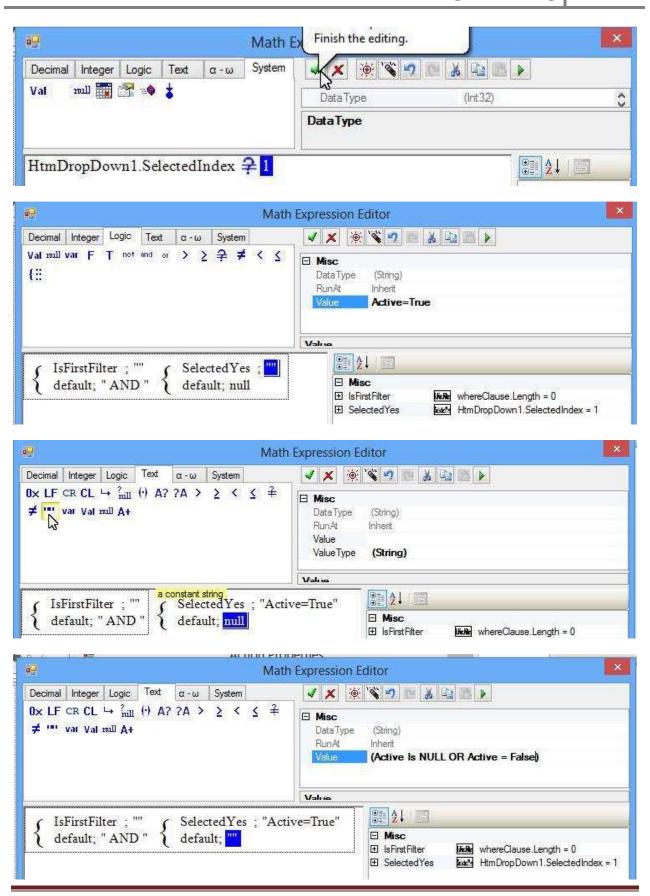




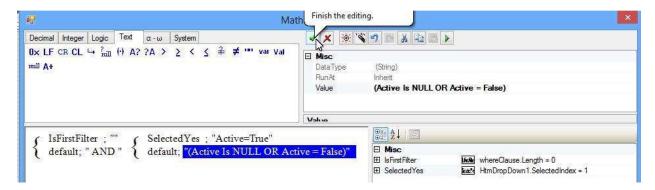
If the selected index of the drop down is 1 then we use filter "Active = True"; else we use filter "(Active is NULL OR Active = False)":



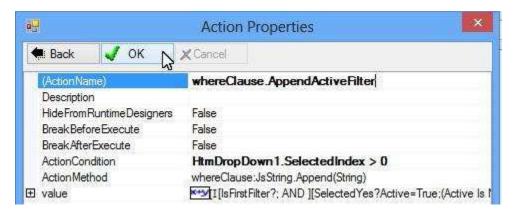




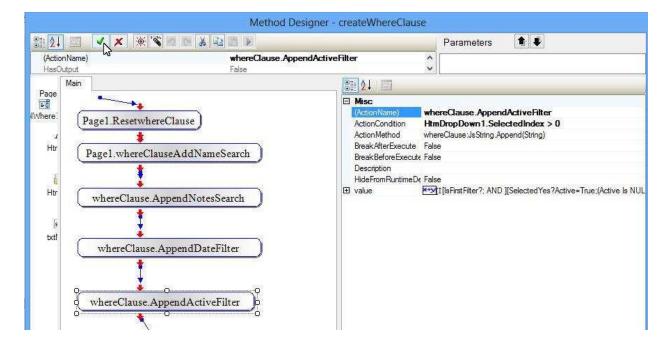
This is our expression for filtering on field Active:



Rename the action and click OK:

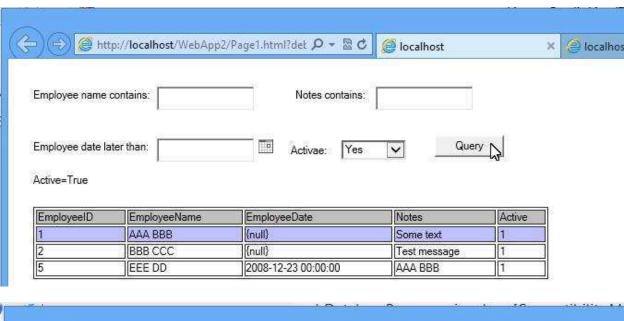


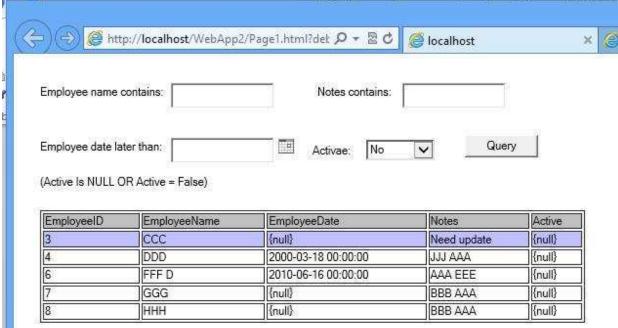
Link the action:

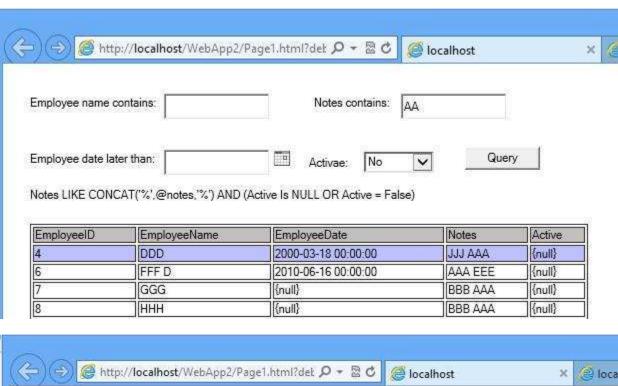


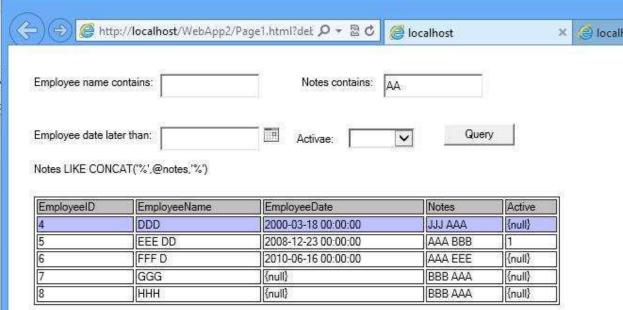
Demo

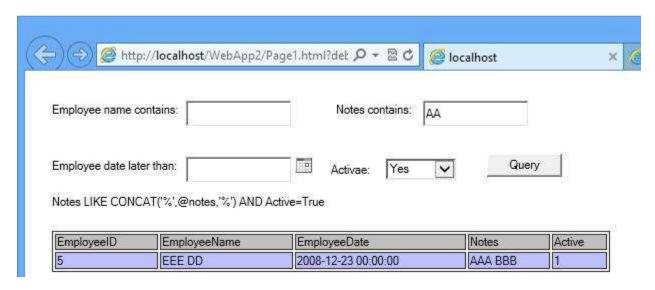
Run project and choose different drop items to see how the filtering is applied:











Security notes

We see that we do not use a parameter for constructing filtering on a Boolean field. It looks simpler than using a parameter as we did for name search. But do not use it for filtering on text fields because it makes your web page vulnerable to SQL-injection attacks. It is safe to use it for Boolean field filtering.

Create New Records

See http://www.limnor.com/support/webDatabaseProgramming5.pdf

Data Streaming

See http://www.limnor.com/support/webDatabaseProgramming5.pdf

Fetch Data of One-to-Many Relation

See http://www.limnor.com/support/webDatabaseProgramming5.pdf

Change Data-binding

See http://www.limnor.com/support/webDatabaseProgramming5.pdf

Feedbacks

Please send your feedbacks to support@limnor.com, thanks!