# MLExpResso: differential expression and methylation analysis

## Case study using RTCGA data

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## 1 Introduction

It is considered that the result of increased methylation is decreased gene expression. While, recent studies suggest that the relationship between methylation and expression is more complex than was previously thought.

MLExpResso is an R package for integrative analyses and visualization of gene expression and DNA methylation data.

Key functions of this package are:

- Identification of DMR differentially methylated regions,
- Identification of differentially expressed genes,
- Identification regions with changes in expression and methylation,
- Visualization of identified regions.

The joint modeling and visualization of genes expression and methylation improve interpretability of identified signals.

The methodology is supplemented with example applications to The Cancer Genome Atlas data.

## 2 Standard Workflow

In this vignette we will work with the data sets containing information about gene expression and methylation for patients with breast cancer. We will analyze differences in methylation and expression for patients with different subtypes of BRCA cancer. To run the examples below you should install MLExpRessodata package.(https://github.com/geneticsMiNIng/MLGenSigdata)

## 2.1 Differentially methylated regions (DMR)

#### 2.1.1 BRCA\_met data set

In this section, we will work with the methylation level data from TCGA database. Package MLExpRessodata contains BRCA\_met dataset. This data set contains information about methylation of CpG probes for patients with breast cancer. Rows of this data set correspond to patients, more precisely, to samples taken from patients. First column SUBTYPE corresponds to a subtype of BRCA cancer, next columns correspond to CpG probes. Values inside the table indicate the percentage methylation level of CpG probe for specified sample.

```
library(MLExpResso)
library(MLExpRessodata)

head(BRCA_met)[1:5,1:4]

## SUBTYPE cg00021527 cg00031162 cg00032227

## TCGA-A1-A0SD-01A-11D-A112-05 LumA 0.03781858 0.7910348 0.006391233

## TCGA-A2-A04N-01A-11D-A112-05 LumA 0.01437552 0.7359370 0.008752293

## TCGA-A2-A04P-01A-31D-A032-05 Basal 0.01360124 0.6967802 0.009442039
```

Basal 0.01525656 0.5341244 0.014674247

Basal 0.01167384 0.7378100 0.012251559

#### 2.1.2 Data preparation

## TCGA-A2-A04Q-01A-21D-A032-05

## TCGA-A2-A04T-01A-21D-A032-05

In this analysis we would like to find genes with different methylation. At first we need to use function aggregate\_probes(), which generates new data frame with CpG probes aggregated to genes. To this aggregation we use, by default, the Illumina Human Methylation data set.

```
BRCA_met_gen <- aggregate_probes(BRCA_met)
head(BRCA_met_gen)[1:5,1:4]

## AANAT AARSD1 AATF AATK

## TCGA-A1-A0SD-01A-11D-A112-05 0.7148533 0.8625816 0.24294092 0.7835302

## TCGA-A2-A04N-01A-11D-A112-05 0.5850106 0.8355825 0.21367129 0.8466190

## TCGA-A2-A04P-01A-31D-A032-05 0.4495537 0.8786166 0.03277413 0.3417919

## TCGA-A2-A04Q-01A-21D-A032-05 0.7120650 0.8819490 0.03460160 0.7264985

## TCGA-A2-A04T-01A-21D-A032-05 0.6010397 0.7739978 0.02501599 0.6276399
```

Before we go to the testing, we need to define condition values for each sample. We would like to test for differences between LumA subtype and other subtypes of breast cancer, so we create a vector, which each element corresponds to a sample. Our division into this two groups relies on numbers of occurences of each subtype. The LumA subtype is the most common, in case of breast cancer.

```
condition_met <- ifelse(BRCA_met$SUBTYPE == "LumA", "LumA", "other")
head(condition_met, 8)
## [1] "LumA" "LumA" "other" "other" "other" "lumA" "other"</pre>
```

#### 2.1.3 Testing

In the MLExpResso package we carry out the tests for identification of differentially methylated regions. To do this we use the calculate\_test() function. Possible values of parameter test are described in function documentation.

```
res_met <- calculate_test(BRCA_met_gen, condition_met, test = "ttest")
head(res_met)</pre>
```

```
pval mean_LumA mean other
##
               log2.fold
## 1
       ICAM2 -0.15151320 3.754116e-17 0.2547275
                                                 0.4062407 0.3330801
        RILP -0.05073691 2.575168e-13 0.3079069
## 2
                                                 0.3586438 0.3341447
## 3
       PIPOX 0.11505558 5.360053e-12 0.4242804
                                                 0.3092248 0.3647812
## 4 TNFSF12 -0.13412855 5.867083e-12 0.1791401
                                                 0.3132686 0.2485025
## 5
              0.09822690 1.641919e-11 0.8635077
                                                 0.7652808 0.8127112
         CD7
             0.19973400 2.054467e-11 0.658270
## 6
                                                  0.458536 0.5549808
```

## 2.2 Differentially expressed genes

## 2.2.1 BRCA\_exp

Package MLExpRessodata contains BRCA\_exp dataset. This set contains information about gene expression: read counts per-gene, computed for genes for 736 patients with breast cancer. Rows of this data set correspond to samples taken from patients. First column SUBTYPE corresponds to a subtype of BRCA cancer, next columns correspond to genes.

```
BRCA_exp[1:5,1:5]
```

```
SUBTYPE AANAT AARSD1 AATF AATK
##
## TCGA-A1-A0SB-01A-11R-A144-07
                                              9
                                                  2354 2870
                                  Normal
                                                             317
## TCGA-A1-A0SD-01A-11R-A115-07
                                    LumA
                                              2
                                                  1846 5656
                                                             312
## TCGA-A1-A0SE-01A-11R-A084-07
                                    LumA
                                             11
                                                  3391 9522
                                                             736
## TCGA-A1-A0SF-01A-11R-A144-07
                                    LumA
                                              0
                                                  2169 4625
                                                             169
## TCGA-A1-A0SG-01A-11R-A144-07
                                                  2273 3473
                                                               92
                                    LumA
                                              1
```

In our example we will test for differential expression between groups with LumA breast cancer subtype and other subtypes of that cancer. Again we will use vector conditions, which consist of two values corresponds to subtype of breast cancer: LumA and other.

```
condition_exp <- ifelse(BRCA_exp$SUBTYPE == "LumA", "LumA", "other")
head(condition_exp, 8)
## [1] "other" "LumA" "LumA" "LumA" "LumA" "other" "LumA"</pre>
```

#### 2.2.2 Testing

In the MLExpResso package we carry out the tests for identification of genes with affected expression. To do this we use the calculate\_test() function. Possible values of parameter test are described in function documentation.

```
res_exp <- calculate_test(BRCA_exp[,!(colnames(BRCA_exp) == "SUBTYPE")], condition_exp, test = "lrt")
head(res_exp)</pre>
```

```
##
        id log2.fold
                             pval mean_LumA mean_other
                                                            mean
## 1 AURKB
           2.339920 3.191000e-32 539.0426
                                             2323.8868
                                                         1485.01
     CBX2
           2.895062 2.834335e-26
                                   632.5106
                                             4296.6038
                                                        2574.48
## 3 KPNA2
           1.447288 8.551812e-24
                                   11547.36
                                              26427.38 19433.77
## 4 PRR11
           3.822148 2.286874e-22
                                    396.383
                                              3479.981
                                                         2030.69
## 5 BIRC5
           1.988998 1.953941e-21
                                   1957.085
                                              6658.358
                                                         4448.76
     GSG2 1.405039 3.527773e-21 278.2128
                                              629.3396
                                                          464.31
```

### 2.3 Comparing test results

We can also create a comparison table with results of calculate\_test() function for methylation and expression data. With thid two results we compute the ranking of the most significant changed genes in terms of both methylation and expression. The created column contains the geometric mean of p-values for expression and methylation.

```
genes comparison <- calculate comparison table(BRCA exp[,!(colnames(BRCA exp) == "SUBTYPE")], BRCA met
condition_exp, condition_met,
test1 = "nbinom2", test2 = "ttest")
head(genes_comparison)
##
          id nbinom2.log2.fold nbinom2.pval ttest.log2.fold
                                                               ttest.pval
## 59
       AURKB
                      2.303668 1.705520e-37
                                               0.0017389592 2.077252e-01
## 102 CBX2
                      2.777812 5.490481e-31
                                               0.0584687549 1.214043e-06
## 327 KPNA2
                      1.446017 3.398752e-26
                                               0.0012105971 7.505750e-01
## 277 GSG2
                      1.407218 3.318054e-25
                                               -0.0018566938 2.411495e-01
## 66 BIRC5
                      1.948513 9.512118e-24
                                              -0.0005444811 5.330216e-01
                      3.684266 5.840600e-19
                                               0.0486814033 1.606151e-05
## 334 KRT16
##
       geom.mean.rank no.probes
## 59
         1.882231e-19
                              2
## 102
         8.164361e-19
## 327
         1.597191e-13
                              1
         2.828687e-13
## 277
                              2
## 66
         2.251703e-12
                              1
## 334
                              2
         3.062823e-12
```

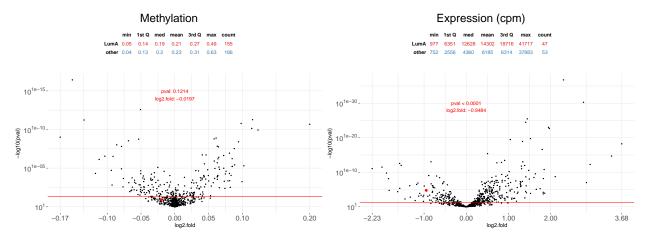
#### 2.4 Visualization

```
test_exp <- genes_comparison[ ,c("id","nbinom2.log2.fold","nbinom2.pval")]
test_met <- genes_comparison[ ,c("id","ttest.log2.fold","ttest.pval")]</pre>
```

The great advantage of MLExpResso package is the ability to perform a variety of visualizations for expression and methylation.

For both, methylation and expression data, we can visualise the volcano plots for results of chosen tests and simple statistics for chosen gene.

## CACNA1G



Other function plot\_gene() allow us to visualise the methylation path - placement of probes near the gene with a marked percentage of methylation for each probe in division into groups. Using this function we also get boxplots containing values from expression in division from condition\_exp vector for chosen gene. Note that plot\_gene() methylation require data frame with CpG probes, not genes.

plot\_gene(BRCA\_met,BRCA\_exp,condition\_met, condition\_exp, "CACNA1G")

