MLExpResso: differential expression and methylation analysis

Case study using RTCGA data

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1 Package (Abstract?)

It is considered that the result of increased methylation is decreased gene expression. While, recent studies suggest that the relationship between methylation and expression is more complex than was previously thought. The package MLExpResso provides methods to test for differential expression and methylation by use of the negative binonial distribution and t-test. Additionaly 'MExpResso allows to visualize results in a simple way.

2 Standard Workflow

In this vignette we will work with the data sets containing information about gene expression and methylation for patients with breast cancer. We will analyze differences in methylation and expression for patients with different subtypes of BRCA cancer.

2.1 Methylation

2.1.1 BRCA_methylation_chr17 data set

In this section, we will work with the methylation level data from TCGA database. Package contains BRCA_methylation_chr17 dataset. BRCA_methylation_chr17 contains information about methylation of CpG islands for patients with breast cancer. Rows of this data set correspond to patients, more precisely, to samples taken from patients. First column SUBTYPEcorresponds to a subtype of BRCA cancer, next columns correspond to CpG islands. Values inside the table indicate the methylation level of CpG island for specified sample.

```
library(MLExpResso)
## Setting options('download.file.method.GEOquery'='auto')
## Setting options('GEOquery.inmemory.gpl'=FALSE)
## Warning: namespace 'bit64' is not available and has been replaced
## by .GlobalEnv when processing object 'silent'
## Warning: namespace 'bit64' is not available and has been replaced
## by .GlobalEnv when processing object 'silent'
## No methods found in "genoset" for requests: toGenomeOrder
##
head(BRCA_methylation_chr17)[1:5,1:4]
##
                                 SUBTYPE cg00021527 cg00031162 cg00032227
## TCGA-A1-AOSD-01A-11D-A112-05
                                    LumA 0.03781858 0.7910348 0.006391233
## TCGA-A2-A04N-01A-11D-A112-05
                                    LumA 0.01437552 0.7359370 0.008752293
## TCGA-A2-A04P-01A-31D-A032-05
                                   Basal 0.01360124 0.6967802 0.009442039
## TCGA-A2-A04Q-01A-21D-A032-05
                                   Basal 0.01525656
                                                      0.5341244 0.014674247
## TCGA-A2-A04T-01A-21D-A032-05
                                   Basal 0.01167384
                                                      0.7378100 0.012251559
In this analysis we would like to find genes with different methylation and expression. At first we need to use
function map_to_gene, which generates new data frame with CpG islands mapped to genes.
BRCA_methylation_gen <- aggregate_probes(BRCA_methylation_chr17[,-1])</pre>
head(BRCA_methylation_gen)[1:5,1:4]
##
                                      AANAT
                                               AARSD1
                                                             AATF
                                                                        AATK
## TCGA-A1-A0SD-01A-11D-A112-05 0.7148533 0.8625816 0.24294092 0.7835302
## TCGA-A2-A04N-01A-11D-A112-05 0.5850106 0.8355825 0.21367129 0.8466190
## TCGA-A2-A04P-01A-31D-A032-05 0.4495537 0.8786166 0.03277413 0.3417919
## TCGA-A2-A04Q-01A-21D-A032-05 0.7120650 0.8819490 0.03460160 0.7264985
## TCGA-A2-A04T-01A-21D-A032-05 0.6010397 0.7739978 0.02501599 0.6276399
In this case we have two conditions, connected with subtypes of breast cancer.
Before we go to the testing, we need to define condition values for each sample. We would like to test for
differences between LumA subtype and other subtypes of breast cancer, so we create a vector, which each
element corresponds to a sample. Our division into this two groups relies on numbers of occurences of each
subtype. The LumA subtype is the most common, in case of breast cancer.
condition_met <- ifelse(BRCA_methylation_chr17$SUBTYPE=="LumA", "LumA", "other")</pre>
head(condition met, 8)
## [1] "LumA" "LumA"
                        "other" "other" "other" "LumA" "other"
2.1.2 Testing
res_met <- calculate_test(BRCA_methylation_chr17[,-1], condition_met, test="ttest")
head(res met)
                               mean log2.fold
##
                       id
                                                         pval
                                                                      padj
```

cg10275770 cg10275770 0.3330801 -0.1515132 3.795188e-17 5.556155e-14 ## cg06144905 cg06144905 0.4111616 0.1738623 9.908386e-14 7.252939e-11

```
## cg04049033 cg04049033 0.6462602 -0.1027159 1.513031e-13 7.383589e-11 ## cg12045829 cg12045829 0.2485025 -0.1341285 5.910592e-12 2.163277e-09 ## cg02473123 cg02473123 0.8127112 0.0982269 1.653082e-11 4.840224e-09 ## cg05246522 cg05246522 0.5549808 0.1997340 2.069380e-11 5.049286e-09
```

2.2 Expression

2.2.1 BRCA_mRNAseq_chr17 data set

Data set BRCA_mRNAseq_chr17 contains information about gene expression. This data set contains per-gene read counts computed for genes for 736 patients with breast cancer. Rows of this data set correspond to samples taken from patients. First column SUBTYPEcorresponds to a subtype of BRCA cancer, next columns correspond to genes.

```
BRCA_mRNAseq_chr17[1:5,1:5]
```

```
SUBTYPE AANAT AARSD1 AATF AATK
## TCGA-A1-A0SB-01A-11R-A144-07
                                  Normal
                                              9
                                                  2354 2870
## TCGA-A1-A0SD-01A-11R-A115-07
                                    LumA
                                              2
                                                  1846 5656
                                                             312
## TCGA-A1-A0SE-01A-11R-A084-07
                                    LumA
                                             11
                                                  3391 9522
                                                             736
## TCGA-A1-A0SF-01A-11R-A144-07
                                              0
                                                  2169 4625
                                                             169
                                    T.11m A
## TCGA-A1-A0SG-01A-11R-A144-07
                                    LumA
                                              1
                                                  2273 3473
                                                              92
```

In our example we will test for differential expression between groups with LumA breast cancer subtype and other subtypes of that cancer. Again we will use vector conditions, which consist of two values corresponds to subtype of breast cancer: LumA and other.

```
condition_exp <- ifelse(BRCA_mRNAseq_chr17$SUBTYPE=="LumA","LumA","other")
head(condition_exp, 8)</pre>
```

```
## [1] "other" "LumA" "LumA" "LumA" "LumA" "LumA" "other" "LumA"
```

2.2.2 Testing

```
res exp <- calculate test(BRCA mRNAseq chr17[,-1], condition exp, test="ttest")
head(res_exp)
##
            id
                   mean log2.fold
                                           pval
## AURKB AURKB
                1485.01
                          1784.844 3.890262e-10 2.839891e-07
## BIRC5 BIRC5
                4448.76
                          4701.273 3.134210e-09 1.143987e-06
          MAPT 13092.44 -17598.929 7.177688e-09 1.746571e-06
## MAPT
## SPAG5 SPAG5
               3938.81
                          3174.993 2.597013e-08 4.739548e-06
## CBX2
          CBX2 2574.48
                          3664.093 3.357756e-08 4.902324e-06
## KPNA2 KPNA2 19433.77 14880.016 5.242496e-08 6.378370e-06
```

2.3 Comparing test results

```
## 2 AARSD1
                                               0.01114861 5.052981e-01
                 -0.07435954
                               0.45027777
## 3
      AATF
                  0.13308688 0.18597163
                                               0.01360521 2.136847e-01
## 4
      AATK
                  0.02308606 0.92313513
                                               0.06619897 1.427292e-05
                               0.73314806
## 5 ABCA5
                 -0.07034249
                                               0.00510806 6.353608e-01
## 6 ABCA6
                 -0.44685708 0.08266088
                                              -0.03402781 4.393248e-02
##
     genes rank
## 1 0.001506798
## 2 0.476995295
## 3 0.199347171
## 4 0.003629853
## 5 0.682505353
## 6 0.060261904
```

2.4 Choosing most different genes

```
Sorting ...
```

```
genes_comparison_sorted <- genes_comparison[order(genes_comparison$ttest.pval), ]
head(genes_comparison_sorted)

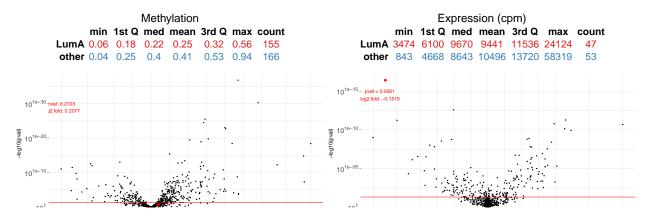
## id nbinom2.log2.fold nbinom2.pval ttest.log2.fold ttest.pval</pre>
```

```
## 302
                       0.2077055 2.102511e-01
                                                  -0.15151320 3.754116e-17
         ICAM2
## 519
         RILP
                       0.3139026 5.252448e-02
                                                  -0.05073691 2.575168e-13
## 466
         PIPOX
                       0.3589979 4.371416e-02
                                                   0.11505558 5.360053e-12
## 652 TNFSF12
                      -0.4357410 3.486764e-04
                                                  -0.13412855 5.867083e-12
## 133
           CD7
                       1.3728093 9.099866e-07
                                                   0.09822690 1.641919e-11
                       0.4261993 1.658465e-02
                                                   0.19973400 2.054467e-11
## 341
          KSR1
##
         genes rank
## 302 2.809461e-09
## 519 1.163011e-07
## 466 4.840560e-07
## 652 4.522956e-08
## 133 3.865391e-09
## 341 5.837174e-07
```

ICAM2!

2.5 Visualization

Visualizing chosen gene - IGFALS.



Note that plot_gene methylation require data frame with cpg islands, not genes.

plot_gene(condition_exp, condition_met, BRCA_mRNAseq_chr17, BRCA_methylation_chr17, "ICAM2")

