

FB

Subject

- Remove BST keys outside the given range
 - <http://www.geeksforgeeks.org/remove-bst-keys-outside-the-given-range/>
- Lowest common ancestor in a BST
 - <http://www.geeksforgeeks.org/lowest-common-ancestor-in-a-binary-search-tree/>
 - <http://www.geeksforgeeks.org/lowest-common-ancestor-binary-tree-set-1/>
 - <http://coding-exercise.blogspot.com/2013/04/ctci-47-firstlowest-common-ancestor.html>
 - use pre-order traversal find path from root to n1 and n2, compare two paths
- Jump River based on an array [1,1,0,1,0,0]
 - <http://www.fgdsb.com/2015/01/19/jump-river/>
- collision with colleagues
 - let the code speak
- why FB?
- suggestions to products
- roman num to integer
 - <https://leetcode.com/problems/roman-to-integer/>
- integer to roman
 - <https://leetcode.com/problems/integer-to-roman/>
- kmp
 - <https://leetcode.com/problems/implement-strstr/>
- print all path from root to leaf

- Similar to post-order traversal
- given a list of words, find palindrome pairs
 - separate each word into two parts: palindrome + left, if reverse left exists, bingo
- find k largest elements
 - <https://leetcode.com/problems/kth-largest-element-in-an-array/>
- add binary
 - <https://leetcode.com/problems/add-binary/>
- remove elements
 - <https://leetcode.com/problems/remove-element/>
- level order traversal bt
 - <https://leetcode.com/problems/binary-tree-level-order-traversal/>
- reverse linked list
 - <https://leetcode.com/problems/reverse-linked-list/>
- find k-closest elements to a given value in a sorted array
 - find target position, expands from both left and right side
- minimum window of substring
 - <https://leetcode.com/problems/minimum-window-substring/>
- num of palindrome substring
 - <http://stackoverflow.com/questions/20915141/finding-number-of-palindromic-substrings-in-on-or-on-log-n>
- length of longest palindrome substrings
 - <http://www.felix021.com/blog/read.php?2040>
- intersection of two linked lists
 - <https://leetcode.com/submissions/detail/17661797/>

- rotated list find pivot
- is BST?
 - <http://www.geeksforgeeks.org/a-program-to-check-if-a-binary-tree-is-bst-or-not/>
 - pre-order traversal or min, max range
- sqrt
 - <https://leetcode.com/submissions/detail/22025503/>
 - <http://www.fgdsb.com/2015/01/10/sqrtx/>
- pow
 - <https://leetcode.com/submissions/detail/28724859/>
- difference = k pairs in an array
 - sort first and the same thing with two sum
- 输入一字符串，输出一最长重复串 (比如AxyxyxA中xyx就是), 分析一般复杂度及最坏情况下复杂度
- decode ways
 - <https://leetcode.com/submissions/detail/28594439/>
- regular expression matching
 - <https://leetcode.com/submissions/detail/21875747/>
- merge two sorted singly linked lists
 - <https://leetcode.com/discuss/18986/14-line-clean-c-solution>
- is Palindrome
 - isdigit, isalpha, isalnum, tolower for cpp
 - <https://leetcode.com/submissions/detail/28718018/>
- print a binary tree by vertical level order
 - <http://www.geeksforgeeks.org/print-binary-tree-vertical-order/>

- merge intervals
 - <https://leetcode.com/submissions/detail/28276059/>
- **insert interval**
 - <https://leetcode.com/submissions/detail/21754015/>
- meeting schedule
 - <http://www.fgdsb.com/2015/01/30/meeting-rooms/>
- is one edit distance
 - <http://www.danielbit.com/blog/puzzle/leetcode/leetcode-one-edit-distance>
- read 4 k
 - <http://www.fgdsb.com/2015/01/04/implement-readn-with-read4/>
 - //might have some different requirements
- clone a linked list with next and random pointer
 - <http://www.geeksforgeeks.org/a-linked-list-with-next-and-arbit-pointer/>
- k largest/smallest elements in an array
 - <http://www.geeksforgeeks.org/k-largestor-smallest-elements-in-an-array/>
 - use min heap
- k smallest element in a row-wise and column-wise sorted 2D array
 - <http://www.geeksforgeeks.org/kth-smallest-element-in-a-row-wise-and-column-wise-sorted-2d-array-set-1/>
- coin change (DP)
 - <http://www.geeksforgeeks.org/dynamic-programming-set-7-coin-change/>
- longest consecutive number
 - <https://leetcode.com/submissions/detail/23217856/>
- fib dp

- <http://www.geeksforgeeks.org/program-for-nth-fibonacci-number/>
- divide two integers
 - <https://leetcode.com/submissions/detail/21205222/>
- merge two array
 - <https://leetcode.com/problems/merge-sorted-array/>
 - complexity???
 - what if the size of one array is very large (B) while the other one(A) is small? use binary search to find the position of the element of A in B.
- sparse vector product
 - use hash table to store the vector.
- bst iterator
 - <https://leetcode.com/submissions/detail/28648363/>
- maximum size square sub-matrix with all 1s
 - <http://www.geeksforgeeks.org/maximum-size-sub-matrix-with-all-1s-in-a-binary-matrix/>
- Intersection of two sorted arrays
 - <http://www.geeksforgeeks.org/union-and-intersection-of-two-sorted-arrays-2/>
- K Closest points
 - <http://www.fgdsb.com/2015/01/03/k-closest-points/>
 - usage of make heap, heap push, pop heap
- 一个字符串,一个字符数组,求所有的子字符串,子字符串不能包括字符数组里面的所有元素. abbc, [a,b,c] -> a, b, c, ab, abb, bbc, bb, bc
- 后缀词排序
- Given set of points in 2d grid space. Find a grid point such that sum of distance from all the points to this common point is minimum.

- area of islands
- valid palindrome
 - <https://leetcode.com/submissions/detail/28718018/>
- morris in-order traversal
 - <http://www.cnblogs.com/AnnieKim/archive/2013/06/15/morristraversal.html>
- suffix array
 - <http://www.geeksforgeeks.org/suffix-array-set-1-introduction/>
- trie
- sort k linked list
- 类似combination sum， 给一个 unsorted array， 但输出结果需要连续的
- insert sorted cycle linkedlist， 分析 edge case.
- stock max profit (一天只买或卖)
- stock max profit II (一天可卖可买)
- stock max profit III (2的基础上卖有commision fee)
- number of islands (return islands size in a linked list)
- regular expression matching
- Design: fb主页上的search bar， 用户输入关键字w1, w2...这些关键字可以是AND的关系， 也可以是OR的关系。应用就返回带有关键字AND或者OR的post给用户看。问了数据怎么在数据库里存。数据库怎么shard。关键字和post怎么对应着存储。load增加时如何改进关键字和post的存储方式。他有谈到index shard和documentshard， 大概叫这名字， 我设计是一窍不通的， 准备几个高频题没有碰上， 就跟他瞎扯。
- Longest Valid Parentheses
- reverse print linked list by using recursion
- word search
- 检测一个图是否是二分图, 就是BFS, 然后给每个节点上色.

Thursday, May 21, 2015

- 给你棵二叉树，节点上有权值，问从一个叶子走到另外一个叶子的路里面权值最大的那条是什么
- 给你数组 a_1, a_2, \dots, a_n 。输出数组 $a_2 * a_3 * \dots * a_n, a_1 * a_3 * a_4 * \dots * a_n, \dots, a_1 * a_2 * \dots * a_{n-1}$.
- moving fast and break things
- focus on impact
- be bold and open