

# Practical Computer Graphics Skills for Technical Artist

2019 Spring

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**Homework 1**  
**(for CSIE/EE students)**

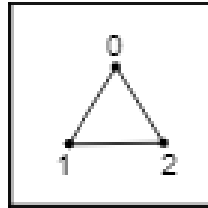
# OpenGL Philosophy

- ▶ Context = Big State Machine
- ▶ Operations on binding object
  - ▶ `glGenBuffers(1, &id)`
  - ▶ `glBindBuffer(id)`
  - ▶ `glBufferData(...)`
- ▶ What's the problem?
  - ▶ Binding is expensive
  - ▶  $\geq 4.5$ , use named buffer
  - ▶ `glCreateBuffers/glCreateTextures`
  - ▶ `glNamedBufferData(id, ....)`

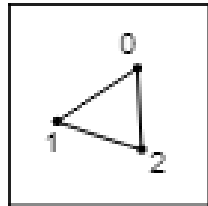


# Rendering Pipeline

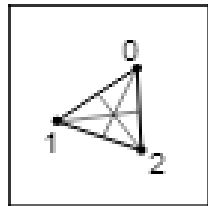
Input assembler



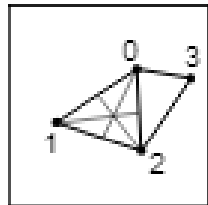
Vertex shader



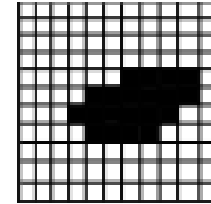
Tessellation



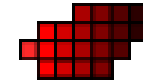
Geometry shader



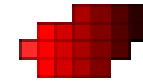
Rasterization



Fragment shader



Color blending



# Before we start to draw... THINK

- ▶ What do we need for drawing?
- ▶ Suppose we have an array of struct that hold {vec3 pos, vec2 uv}



- ▶ What type of primitive should be drawn? And how many?
- ▶ How to upload buffer?
- ▶ How to specify buffer format for gpu?

# Uploading vertex to GPU/Driver

- ▶ Vertex Buffer
  - ▶ An object that **hold data**
- ▶ Vertex Attribute
  - ▶ Vertices Position/Texcoord/Normal/Color
  - ▶ Each of them is **Vertex Buffer Object** in OpenGL
    - ▶ They can be in the same buffer
  - ▶ We use vertex attribute pointer to describe structure format
- ▶ Array Of Structure
- ▶ Structure Of Array

# Create Buffer and upload

- ▶ `glBindBuffer(GL_ARRAY_BUFFER, vbo)`
- ▶ `glBufferData(GL_ARRAY_BUFFER, size, data_ptr, GL_STATIC_DRAW)`
- ▶ Nowadays, we use `glBufferStorage` more often
  - ▶ `GL_MAP_READ_BIT`
  - ▶ `GL_MAP_WRITE_BIT`
  - ▶ `GL_MAP_PERSISTENT_BIT`
  - ▶ `GL_MAP_COHERENT_BIT`

# Describe vertex attribute

- ▶ For example if the attribute is vec2:
- ▶ glBindBuffer(**GL\_ARRAY\_BUFFER**, id)
- ▶ glEnableVertexAttribArray(**1**);
- ▶ glVertexAttribPointer(**1**, 2, GL\_FLOAT, normalize?, stride, offset);

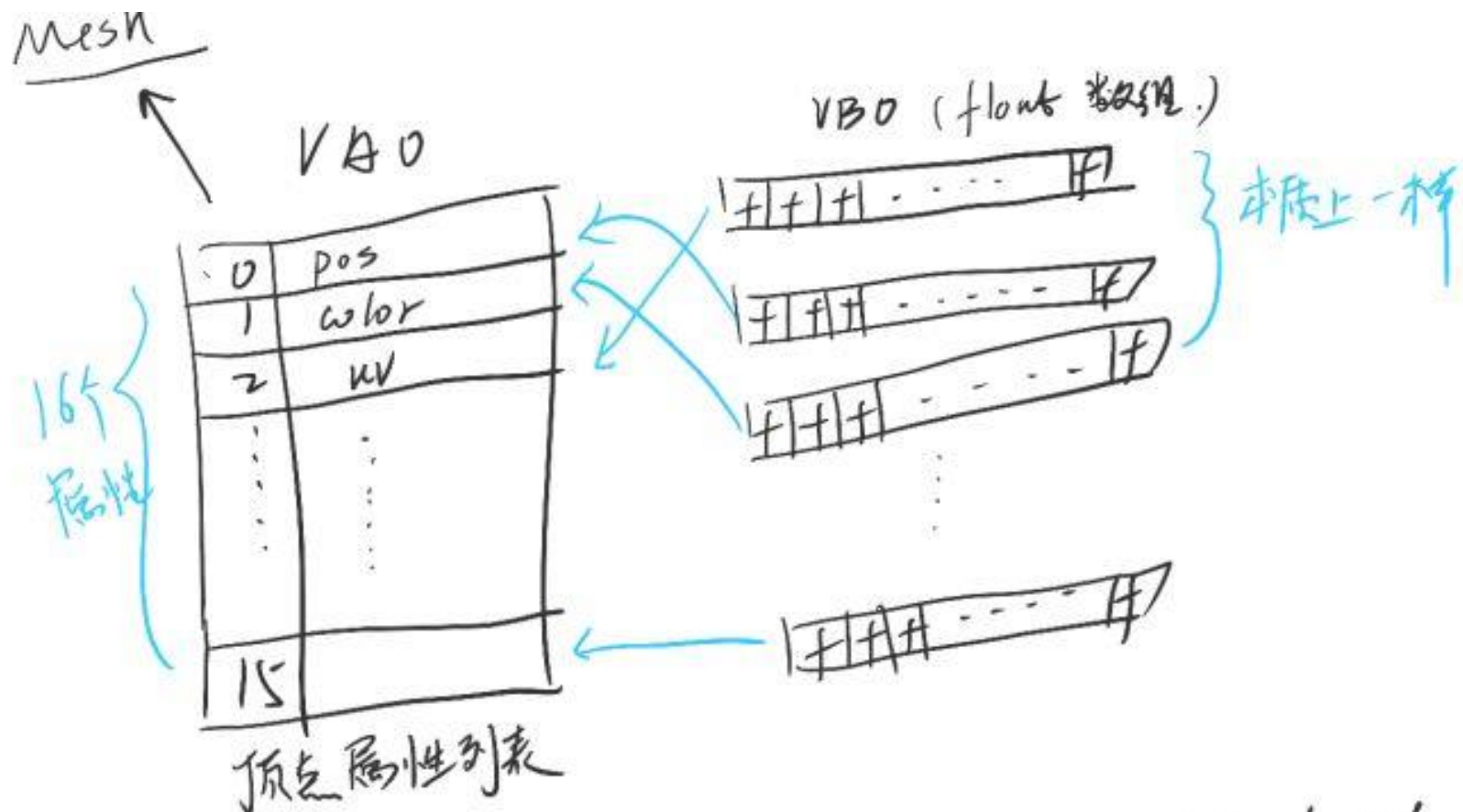


# Vertex Array Object

- ▶ BindBuffer and specify vertex attribute before each draw call
  - ▶ time-consuming.
- ▶ Vertex Array Object hold this information for us.
- ▶ Struct VAO {
  - ▶ bool enabled[N];
  - ▶ struct Attrib attrib[N]
- ▶ };
- ▶ Struct Attrib {
  - ▶ int buffer\_id;
  - ▶ int offset, stride;
- ▶ };



# Relation between VAO and VBO



by chenjd

# Draw Call

- ▶ `glUseProgram(program)`
- ▶ `glBindVertexArray(vao)`
- ▶ `glDrawElements(...)` / `glDrawArrays()` / `glDrawArraysInstanced...`

# Vertex Shader

```
#version 330
layout(location = 0) in vec3 position;
layout(location = 1) in vec2 texcoord;
layout(location = 2) in vec3 normal;

uniform mat4 model;
uniform mat4 vp;

out vec2 uv;

void main()
{
    uv = texcoord;
    gl_Position = vp*model*vec4(position, 1.0);
}
```

# Fragment Shader

```
#version 330
layout(location=0) out vec4 color;

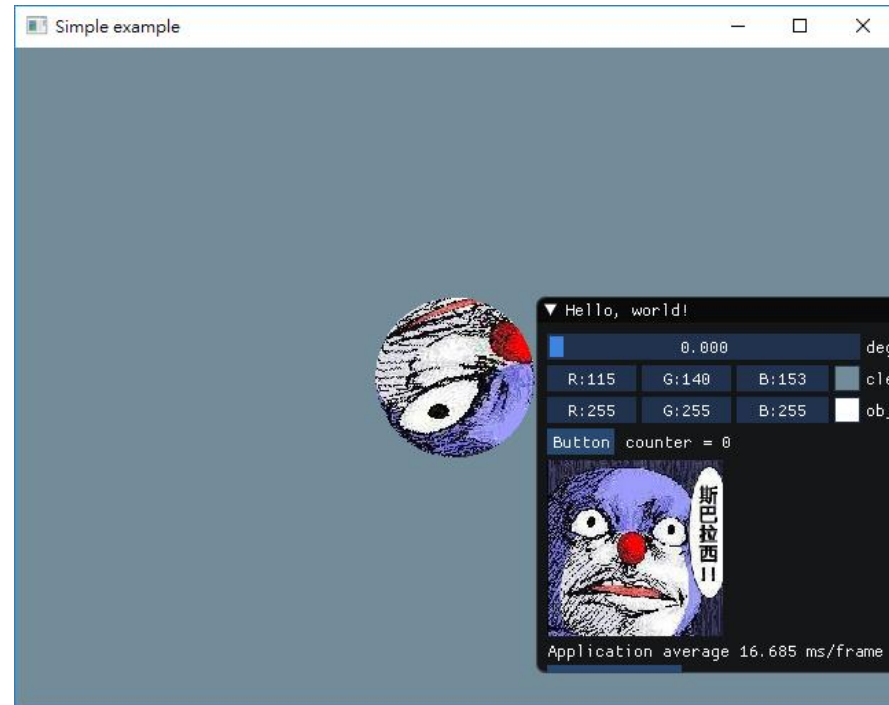
uniform sampler2D text;
uniform vec3 object_color;

in vec2 uv;

void main()
{
    color = vec4(object_color, 1.0)*texture(text, uv);
}
```

# Homework Description

- ▶ In this homework, we have finished most of the codes for you. All you need to do is to complete the requirements in the next page.
- ▶ <https://github.com/tim37021/CGHW1-2019>



# Requirements

- ▶ First, you need to add an Earth which can rotate (自轉), revolve (公轉) around the Sun, and rotation about an arbitrary axis (任意軸旋轉).
- ▶ Second, you have to add a moon which can rotate (自轉), revolve (公轉) around the earth, and rotation about an arbitrary axis (任意軸旋轉).

# Scoring

- ▶ Sun (20%)
- ▶ Earth (30%)
- ▶ Moon (30%)
- ▶ Demo (10%)
- ▶ Hackmd (10%): Fill your own Hackmd link in <https://docs.google.com/spreadsheets/d/1V2EbTwFRCjbRYQYDOpKCJgi98IciBTFpsCvgRD9HvyU/edit#gid=0>
- ▶ **Due: 4/1 10:00 pm**