2019年南开大学网络空间安全学院信息安全专业

《信息安全数学基础》试卷 (A卷)

	学号		姓名			
	题号		二	三	Д	总分
	得分					
	海分)(5 1. 设σ = (L 2 3 4 5 3 5 2 交的轮换.	(4 %) $(4 %)$	$=\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 4 & 6 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$		
1 2	3 V	5 6)	(16	2)(3	4)
6 1	43	J. 2.	7)			

2. 判断 5 是否为 19 的原根,并说明理由. (5 分)

(162)

3. 判断方程 $x^2 \equiv 105 (mod\ 1009)$ 是否有解,给出判断过程(无需求解) (5分)

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4. 利用多项式 $x^3 + 2x + 1$ 构造一个有限域,并写出有限域中元素的个数和有限域的特征(答案不唯一,写出一个合理答案即可). (5分)

3577 (x3+m4) = 3 = 3 = 3 = 7)

5. 设G为无限阶循环群,生成元为a. 构造从 \mathbb{Z} 到G的映射 $f: \mathbb{Z} \to G$,满足 $f(n) = a^n, n \in \mathbb{Z}$. 请说明f是满同态映射的理由,并指出同态核 $\ker f$,最后写出结合上述条件与同态基本定理得到的结论. (6 分)

二、计算题(共计25分)

得分

1. 计算2¹⁰⁰⁰⁰(mod 55). (**5**分)

 $2^{N} \geq (modst)$

- 2. 设 \mathbb{Z}_{23} 上的椭圆曲线为 $E: y^2 = x^3 + 3x + 1$, P = (5,7)是其上一点
- (1) 求点2P的坐标; (5分)
- (2) 求点3P的坐标; (5分)
- (3) 求点5P的阶. (10分)
- (1) k=22 $X_3=k^2-X_1-X_2=14$ $Y_3=k(X_1-X_3)-Y_1=25$

(2)

三、应用题(共15分)

得分

Rabin 是一种公钥密码算法,主要参数如下: 私钥为(p,q) (p和q为素数),公钥为 $n = p \times q$,明文为m,密文为c.

加密过程为: $c = m^2 \pmod{n}$

解密过程为: 求解方程 $x^2 = c \pmod{n}$

现已知p = 19, q = 23, 请根据所学的数学知识回答下面两个问题:

- 1. 设明文消息为66,求对应的密文.(3分)
- 2. 计算上一问中的密文所对应的 4 个可能的明文 (12 分)

四、证明题(共计35分)

得分

- 1. 设*n*是一个正整数,证明:
- (1) 42 $|(n^7 n)$ (7分)
- $(2) \varphi(2n) = \begin{cases} \varphi(n) & n \text{ 为奇数} \\ 2\varphi(n) & n \text{ 为偶数} \end{cases}$ (7 分)
- (1) 45 | (2-4)(2 | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-4) | (2-

(2)
$$Q(2n) = Q(2)(Q(n))$$
 $\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{2}$

- 2. 请证明以下命题:
- (1) 域是整环; (7分)
- (2) 有限交换整环是域; (7分)
- (3) 不存在元素个数为50的整环;(7分)