# Even More Examples on SQL, Relational Algebra, and Tuple Relational Calculus Queries

#### Queries: Express in RA, TRC, SQL

Professors (<u>pid</u>, pname, dept, ext.)
Students (<u>sid</u>, sname, major-dept, year)
Courses (<u>cid</u>, cname, dept, credithours)
Enrollment (<u>sem-year, sid, cid, grade</u>)
Teach (<u>pid, cid, sem-year, class\_size</u>)

- 4. Find pid and names of professors who teach **only** courses offered by "CS" department.
- 5. Find pnames and pids of professors who teach **every** course offered by "CS" department.
- 6. Find sid's of students who enroll in "Spring 2017" **every** 3 credit hr course offered by "CS" department.
- 7. Find cid's and names of courses in which **every** student majoring in "CS" enrolled in "Spring 2017"

```
Professors (pid, pname, dept, ext.)
Students (sid, sname, major-dept, year)
Courses (cid, cname, dept, credithours)
Enrollment (sem-year, sid, cid, grade)
Teach (pid, cid, sem-year, class_size)
```

## Find pid and names of professors who teach **only** courses offered by "CS" department.

```
• \mathsf{RA}\prod_{\mathit{pid, pname}} (Professors \bowtie Teach \bowtie (\sigma_{\mathit{dept}='\mathit{CS'}}(Courses)) - Professors \bowtie Teach \bowtie (\sigma_{\mathit{dept}<>'\mathit{CS'}}(Courses)) )
```

# • TRC $\{t \mid (\exists s) \ (s \in Professors \land t \ [pid] = s \ [pid \ ] \land t \ [pname] = s \\ [pname] \land (\exists u) \ (u \in Teach \land u \ [pid] = s \ [pid] \\ \land (\forall v) \ (v \in Courses \land u \ [cid] = v \ [cid] => v \ [dept] = 'CS') ) ) \}$

#### • SQL

```
Select p1.pid, p1.pname from Professors p1, Teach t1, Courses c1 where p1.pid = t1.pid and t1.cid = c1.cid and c1.dept = 'CS' and not exists (
select t2.pid from Teach t2, Courses c2 where p1.pid = t2.pid and t2.cid = c2.cid and c2.dept <> 'CS')
```

```
Professors (<u>pid</u>, pname, dept, ext.)
Students (<u>sid</u>, sname, major-dept, year)
Courses (<u>cid</u>, cname, dept, credithours)
Enrollment (<u>sem-year, sid, cid, grade</u>)
Teach (<u>pid, cid, sem-year, class_size</u>)
```

Find pnames and pids of professors who teach **every** course offered by "CS" department.

RA

```
\prod_{pid, pname} ((Professors \bowtie Teach) / \prod_{cid} (\sigma_{dept='CS'}(Courses)) )
```

• TRC

```
\{t \mid (\exists s) \ (s \in Professors \land t \ [pid] = s \ [pid] \land t \ [pname] = s \ [pname] \land (\forall u) \ (u \in Courses \land u \ [dept] = 'CS' \Rightarrow (\exists v) \ (v \in Teach \land s \ [pid] = v \ [pid] \land v \ [cid] = u \ [cid]) ) \}
```

SQL

```
Professors (pid, pname, dept, ext.)
Students (sid, sname, major-dept, year)
Courses (cid, cname, dept, credithours)
Enrollment (sem-year, sid, cid, grade)
Teach (pid, cid, sem-year, class_size)
```

# Find sid's of students who enroll in "Spring 2017" **every** 3 credit hr course offered by "CS" department.

```
    RA

     \prod_{sid,cid} ((Students \bowtie \sigma_{sem-year=\ 'Spring2017'} (Enrollment)) /\prod_{cid} (\sigma_{dept=\ 'CS' \land credithours=3}
     (Courses)))
• TRC
               \{t \mid (\exists s) \ (s \in Students \land t \ [sid] = s \ [sid]\}
               \land (\forall u) (u \in Courses \land u [dept] = 'CS' \land u [credithours] = 3 \Rightarrow
                   (\exists w) (w \in Enrollment \land s [sid] = w [sid] \land w [cid] = u [cid] \land w
                   [sem-year] = 'Spring2017') ) }
               Select sid from Students s where not exists (
SQI
                     (select c.cid from Courses c where c.dept = 'CS' and c.credithours = 3)
                except
                     (select e.cid from Enrollment e where e.sid = s.sid and sem-year =
                'Spring2017')
```

```
Professors (pid, pname, dept, ext.)
Students (sid, sname, major-dept, year)
Courses (cid, cname, dept, credithours)
Enrollment (sem-year, sid, cid, grade)
Teach (pid, cid, sem-year, class_size)
```

# Find cid's and names of courses in which **every** student majoring in "CS" enrolled in "Spring 2017"

```
    RA

   \prod_{cid.cname.sid} (Courses \bowtie (\sigma_{sem-vear= 'Spring2017'} (Enrollment)))/ \prod_{sid} (\sigma_{major-dept= 'CS'}
    (Students))
• TRC
                 \{t \mid (\exists s) \ (s \in Course \land t \ [cid] = s \ [cid] \land t \ [cname] = s \ [cname] \}
                 \land (\forall u) (u \in Students \land u [major-dept] = 'CS' <math>\Rightarrow (\exists v) (v \in Students \land u [major-dept] = 'CS' <math>\Rightarrow (\exists v)
                    Enrollment \land u [sid] = v [sid] \land v [sem-year] = 'Spring2017' \land
                    s[cid] = v[cid])) }
                 Select cid, cname from Courses c where not exists (
                       (select s.sid from Students s where s.major-dept='CS') except
                       (select e.sid from Enrollment e where e.cid = c.cid and e.sem-year =
                 'Spring2017')
```

### Queries: Express in SQL

Instructor (<u>id</u>, name, dept-name, salary)
Students (<u>id</u>, name, dept, year)
Courses (<u>course\_id</u>, title, dept\_name, credits)
Enrollment (<u>semester, year, student\_id, course\_id, grade</u>)
Teaches (<u>id, course\_id, sec\_id, semester, year</u>)

- 1. For each instructor, find the number of courses that they teach, and list the id, name, department of the instructor, and the number of courses taught.
- 2. For each department, find the name and id of instructors who teach the maximum number of courses, and list the dept., id and name of each such instructor.
- 3. For each department, find the name and id of instructors who teach the maximum number of courses, and list the dept., id, name of each such instructor, together with the number of courses the instructor teaches.

Instructor (<u>id</u>, name, dept-name, salary)
Students (<u>id</u>, name, dept, year)
Courses (<u>course\_id</u>, title, dept\_name, credits)
Enrollment (<u>semester</u>, <u>year</u>, <u>student\_id</u>,
<u>course\_id</u>, grade)
Teaches (<u>id</u>, <u>course\_id</u>, <u>sec\_id</u>, <u>semester</u>, <u>year</u>)

For each instructor, find the number of courses that they teach, and list the id, name, department of the instructor, and the number of courses taught.

#### • SQL

Select p1.dept\_name, p1.id, p1.name, count(distinct course\_id)
From Teaches t1, Instructor p1
Where t1.id = p1.id
Group by p1.id, p1.name, p1.dept\_name

Dept_name	ID	Name	Count
Elec. Eng.	98345	Kim	1
History	32343	El Said	1
Biology	76766	Crick	2
Finance	12121	Wu	1
Comp. Sci.	10101	Srinivasan	3
Physics	22222	Einstein	1
Music	15151	Mozart	1
Comp. Sci.	45565	Katz	2
Comp. Sci.	83821	Brandt	2

```
Instructor (<u>id</u>, name, dept-name, salary)
Students (<u>id</u>, name, dept, year)
Courses (<u>course_id</u>, title, dept_name, credits)
Enrollment (<u>semester, year, student_id, course_id, grade</u>)
Teaches (<u>id, course_id, sec_id, semester, year</u>)
```

For each department, find the name and pid of professors who teach the maximum number of courses, and list the dept., pid and pname of each such professor.

```
• SQL (Select pl.dept_name, pl.id, pl.name
        From Teaches t1, Instructor p1
        Where t1.id = p1.id)
        EXCEPT
        (Select tct1.dept_name, tct1.id, tct1.name From
            (Select p2.dept name, t2.id, p2.name, count(distinct t2.course id) as ct
            From Teaches t2, Instructor p2
            Where t2.id = p2.id
            Group by p2.dept name, t2.id, p2.name) as tct1,
            (Select p3.dept name, t3.id, p3.name, count(distinct t3.course_id) as ct
            From Teaches t3, Instructor p3
            Where t3.id = p3.id Group by p3.dept_name, t3.id, p3.name) as tct2
        Where tct1.dept_name = tct2.dept_name and tct1.ct < tct2.ct)
```

Dept_name	ID	Name	
Elec. Eng.	98345	Kim	
History	32343	El Said	
Biology	76766	Crick	
Finance	12121	Wu	
Comp. Sci.	10101	Srinivasan	
Physics	22222	Einstein	
Music	15151	Mozart	

```
Instructor (<u>id</u>, name, dept-name, salary)
Students (<u>id</u>, name, dept, year)
Courses (<u>course_id</u>, title, dept_name, credits)
Enrollment (<u>semester, year, student_id, course_id, grade</u>)
Teaches (<u>id, course_id, sec_id, semester, year</u>)
```

For each department, find the name and pid of professors who teach the maximum number of courses, and list the dept., pid, pname of each such professor, together with the number of courses professor teaches.

```
(Select p1.dept_name, p1.id, p1.name, count(distinct t1.course_id)
         From Teaches t1, Instructor p1
• SQL
         Where t1.id = p1.id
         Group by p1.dept_name, p1.id, p1.name)
         EXCEPT
         (Select tct1.dept_name, tct1.id, tct1.name, tct1.ct From
             (Select p2.dept name, t2.id, p2.name, count(distinct t2.course id) as ct
                     From Teaches t2, Instructor p2
             Where t2.id = p2.id
             Group by p2.dept_name, t2.id, p2.name) as tct1,
             (Select p3.dept_name, t3.id, p3.name, count(distinct t3.course_id) as ct
                     From Teaches t3, Instructor p3
             Where t3.id = p3.id Group by p3.dept name, t3.id, p3.name) as tct2
         Where tct1.dept_name = tct2.dept_name and tct1.ct < tct2.ct)
```

Dept_name	ID	Name	Count
Elec. Eng.	98345	Kim	1
History	32343	El Said	1
Biology	76766	Crick	2
Finance	12121	Wu	1
Comp. Sci.	10101	Srinivasan	3
Physics	22222	Einstein	1
Music	15151	Mozart	1