# 虚谷号WebGPIO应用(服务器端)

虚谷号和手机(App inventor)如何互动控制?

虚谷号和掌控板如何互动控制?

为了让虚谷号和其他开源硬件、编程语言快速互动,虚谷号的WebGPIO应运而生。简单的说,只要在虚谷号上运行一个python文件,就可以用WebAPI的形式来与虚谷号互动,可以获取虚谷号板载Arduino的所有引脚的电平,也可以控制所有引脚。

## 运行服务器端代码

要在虚谷号上运行下面的代码。也可以将"webgpio.py"文件更名为"main.py",复制到vvBoard的Python目录,只要一开机,虚谷号就会执行。

#### 注意:

- 如果在jupyter上运行代码,重新启动时要在"服务"中选择"重启 & 清空输出",再运行。
- 看到"Running on ....."的标识出现,说明服务启动正常。

```
#!/usr/bin/env python3
# -*- coding: utf-8 -*-
@Description: WebGPIO For vvBoard
@author: xiezuoru, james, yyp
@version: 1.1
@Date:2020.2.21
@Link: https://github.com/vvlink/vvBoard-app/tree/master/webgpio
import threading
from flask import Flask
from flask import request
from xugu import Pin
from xugu import Servo
import time
import json
import socket
app = Flask( name )
ret = None
pin = None
types = None
pin_D_list=['D2','D3','D4','D5','D6','D7','D8','D9','D10','D11','D12','D13']
pin A list=['A0','A1','A2','A3','A4','A5']
type D list=['digital','1']
type_A_list=['analog','2']
type_S_list=['servo','3']
errhtml='''<html><head><meta http-equiv="Content-Type" content="text/html; charset="
           <title>WebGPIO for vvboard</title>
           <style>.c{font-size:12px;}</style>
         </head>
         <body class="c">
         <div class="c"><b>远程感知 -->> </b></div>
       <form action="" method="get" enctype="application/x-www-form-urlencoded" tag</pre>
           <label for="tag" class="c">引脚</label><input type="text" name="pin" val</pre>
           <input type="submit" value=" 发送读取命令 " class="c">
       </form>
       <div class="c"><b>远程控制 -->> </b></div>
       <label for="pin" class="c">引脚编号</label><input type="text" name="pin"</pre>
           <label for="type" class="c">控制类型</label><input type="text" name="type"
           <label for="value" class="c">设置数值</label><input type="text" name="val</pre>
           <input type="submit" value=" 发送控制命令 " class="c">
       </form>
       <div class="c"><a href="https://github.com/vvlink/vvBoard-app/tree/master/we</pre>
       <div class="c"><b>反馈显示 -->> </b></div>
       <div class="c">
           <iframe name="result" frameborder="0" scrolling="no" class="c" src="">
       </div></body></html>'''
@app.route('/',methods=["POST","GET"])
def web gpio():
   if (request.method == 'GET'):
       return web gpio get(request)
   elif (request.method=='POST'):
       return web gpio post(request)
```

```
def web gpio get(request):
    global ret,pin
    pin=request.values.get("pin")
    if not(pin):
        return errhtml
    pin=str.upper(pin)
    print("pin = ",pin)
    if not (pin in pin D list or pin in pin A list):
        data = {"pin":pin,"error code":1, "msg":"error,invalid Pin"}
        return json.dumps(data,indent=4,ensure ascii=False,sort keys=True)
    if pin in pin D list:
        ret = 0
        time.sleep(0.5)
        data = {"pin":pin,"error code":0,"msg":str(value)}
        return json.dumps(data,indent=4,ensure ascii=False,sort keys=True)
    if pin in pin_A_list:
        ret = 1
        time.sleep(0.5)
        data = {"pin":pin,"error code":0,"msg":str(value)}
        return json.dumps(data,indent=4,ensure ascii=False,sort keys=True)
def web gpio post(request):
    global types, pin, value
    pin=request.values.get("pin")
    types=request.values.get("type")
    if not(pin) or not(types) :
        return errhtml
    pin=str.upper(pin)
    value=request.values.get("value")
    types=str.lower(types)
    if not (pin in pin D list or pin in pin A list):
        data = {"pin":pin,"error code":1,"msg":"error,invalid Pin"}
        return json.dumps(data,indent=4,ensure_ascii=False,sort_keys=True)
    try:
        value=int(value)
    except Exception:
        data = {"pin":pin,"error code":1,"msg":"error, Value is wrong"}
        return json.dumps(data,indent=4,ensure_ascii=False,sort_keys=True)
    if not (types in type D list or types in type A list or types in type S list):
        data = {"pin":pin,"error code":1,"msg":"error,Type is wrong"}
        return json.dumps(data,indent=4,ensure ascii=False,sort keys=True)
    data = {"pin":pin,"error code":0,"msg":"success,set "+pin+" to "+str(value)+" will
    return json.dumps(data,indent=4,ensure ascii=False,sort keys=True)
def xugu():
    global value,ret,types
    while True:
        if ret == 0:
            xugu_pin=Pin(pin,Pin.IN)
            value=xugu pin.read digital()
            ret = None
        if ret == 1:
            xugu pin=Pin(pin,Pin.ANALOG)
            value=xugu_pin.read_analog()
            ret = None
        if types in type_D_list:
            xugu pin=Pin(pin,Pin.OUT)
            if value == 0:
                xugu pin.write digital(value)
            else:
```

```
value = 1
                xugu_pin.write_digital(value)
            types=None
        if types in type A list:
            xugu pin=Pin(pin,Pin.OUT)
            xugu pin.write analog(value)
            types=None
        if types in type S list:
            xuqu servo=Servo(pin)
            xugu servo.write angle(value)
            types=None
def get host ip():
    try:
        s = socket.socket(socket.AF INET, socket.SOCK DGRAM)
        s.connect(('8.8.8.8', 80))
        ip = s.getsockname()[0]
    finally:
        s.close()
    return ip
def run():
    app.run(host=get host ip(),port=1024,debug=False)
t=threading.Thread(target=run)
t.start()
xugu()
pymata aio Version 2.28 Copyright (c) 2015-2018 Alan Yorinks All right
s reserved.
Using COM Port:/dev/ttyS1
Initializing Arduino - Please wait...
Arduino Firmware ID: 2.5 StandardFirmata.ino
Auto-discovery complete. Found 20 Digital Pins and 6 Analog Pins
 * Serving Flask app " main " (lazy loading)
 * Environment: production
   WARNING: Do not use the development server in a production environm
ent.
   Use a production WSGI server instead.
 * Debug mode: off
 * Running on http://192.168.3.42:1024/ (http://192.168.3.42:1024/) (P
ress CTRL+C to quit)
192.168.3.42 - - [21/Feb/2020 22:08:35] "POST /?pin=D13&type=1&value=1
HTTP/1.1" 200 -
192.168.3.42 - - [21/Feb/2020 22:09:02] "POST /?pin=D13&type=1&value=1
HTTP/1.1" 200 -
192.168.3.42 - - [21/Feb/2020 22:09:26] "POST /?pin=D13&type=1&value=1
HTTP/1.1" 200 -
pin = D13
192.168.3.42 - - [21/Feb/2020 22:10:20] "GET /?pin=D13 HTTP/1.1" 200 -
```

pin = D13

```
192.168.3.42 -- [21/Feb/2020 22:11:28] "GET /?pin=D13 HTTP/1.1" 200 -- 
192.168.3.14 -- [21/Feb/2020 22:12:52] "POST /?pin=D13&value=1&type= 
1 HTTP/1.1" 200 -- 
192.168.3.14 -- [21/Feb/2020 22:21:48] "POST /?pin=D13&value=1&type= 
1 HTTP/1 1" 200
```

访问程序中提示的网址,将会看到这样的页面。接下来就开始自由控制虚谷号吧。

#### 远程感知 -->>

引脚 A0 (如D2-D13, A0-A5)

发送读取命令

### 远程控制 -->>

引脚编号 d13 (如D2-D13) 控制类型 1 (可以输入1、2、3,分别指: digital、analog和servo三种)

设置数值 1 发送控制命令

#### 点击这里得到详细介绍

反馈显示 -->>

In [ ]: