

Problemas 1er parcial

(1) $F(t) = e^{-t}$ $T = 1$ $\omega_0 = 2\pi$

$$a_n = \frac{2}{T} \int_0^T f(t) \cos(n\omega_0 t) dt = 2 \int_0^1 e^{-t} \cos(2n\pi t) dt$$

$$\int e^{-t} \cos(2n\pi t) dt = X = \frac{e^{-t}}{2n\pi} \sin(2n\pi t) + \frac{1}{2n\pi} \int e^{-t} \sin(2n\pi t) dt$$

$$\begin{aligned} u &= e^{-t} & du &= -e^{-t} \\ dv &= \cos(2n\pi t) & v &= \frac{\sin(2n\pi t)}{2n\pi} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} u &= e^{-t} & du &= -e^{-t} \\ dv &= \sin(2n\pi t) & v &= -\frac{\cos(2n\pi t)}{2n\pi} \end{aligned}$$

$$X = \frac{e^{-t}}{2n\pi} \sin(2n\pi t) + \frac{1}{2n\pi} \left[\frac{e^{-t}}{2n\pi} \cos(2n\pi t) - \frac{1}{2n\pi} X \right] = \frac{e^{-t}}{2n\pi} \sin(2n\pi t) + \frac{e^{-t}}{4n^2\pi^2} \cos(2n\pi t) - \frac{X}{4n^2\pi^2}$$

$$X \left(1 + \frac{1}{4n^2\pi^2} \right) = \frac{e^{-t}}{2n\pi} \sin(2n\pi t) + \frac{e^{-t}}{4n^2\pi^2} \cos(2n\pi t)$$

$$X = \frac{4n^2\pi^2}{1 + 4n^2\pi^2} \left(\frac{e^{-t}}{2n\pi} \sin(2n\pi t) + \frac{e^{-t}}{4n^2\pi^2} \cos(2n\pi t) \right) = \frac{2n\pi}{1 + 4n^2\pi^2} \left(e^{-t} \sin(2n\pi t) + \frac{e^{-t}}{2n\pi} \cos(2n\pi t) \right)$$

$$a_n = \frac{4n\pi}{1 + 4n^2\pi^2} \left(\frac{\sin(2n\pi t)}{e^t} - \frac{\cos(2n\pi t)}{2n\pi e^t} \right) \Big|_0^1 - \frac{4n\pi}{1 + 4n^2\pi^2} \left(\frac{\sin(2n\pi)}{e} - \frac{\cos(2n\pi)}{2n\pi e} \right) - 0 + \frac{1}{2n\pi}$$

$$= \frac{4n\pi}{1 + 4n^2\pi^2} \left(\frac{1}{2n\pi} (e^{-1} + 1) \right) = \frac{2}{1 + 4n^2\pi^2} (1 - e^{-1}) = \frac{2 - 2e^{-1}}{1 + 4n^2\pi^2}$$

$$a_0 = \frac{1}{T} \int_0^T f(t) dt = \int_0^1 e^{-t} dt = -e^{-t} \Big|_0^1 = -e^{-1} + 1$$

$$b_n = \frac{2}{T} \int_0^T f(t) \sin(n\omega_0 t) dt = 2 \int_0^1 e^{-t} \sin(2n\pi t) dt$$

$$X = \int e^{-t} \sin(2n\pi t) dt = -\frac{e^{-t} \cos(2n\pi t)}{2n\pi} - \frac{1}{2n\pi} \int e^{-t} \cos(2n\pi t) dt = -\frac{\cos(2n\pi t)}{2n\pi e^t} - \frac{1}{2n\pi} \left[\frac{e^{-t} \sin(2n\pi t)}{2n\pi} + \frac{X}{2n\pi} \right]$$

$$\begin{aligned} u &= e^{-t} & du &= -e^{-t} \\ dv &= \sin(2n\pi t) & v &= -\frac{\cos(2n\pi t)}{2n\pi} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} u &= e^{-t} & du &= -e^{-t} \\ dv &= \cos(2n\pi t) & v &= \frac{\sin(2n\pi t)}{2n\pi} \end{aligned}$$

$$X \left(1 + \frac{1}{(2n\pi)^2} \right) = -\frac{\cos(2n\pi t)}{2n\pi e^t} - \frac{\sin(2n\pi t)}{(2n\pi)^2 e^t}$$

$$X = \frac{-(2n\pi)^2}{1 + (2n\pi)^2} \left(\frac{\cos(2n\pi t)}{2n\pi e^t} + \frac{\sin(2n\pi t)}{(2n\pi)^2 e^t} \right) = \frac{-(2n\pi)}{1 + (2n\pi)^2} \left(\frac{\cos(2n\pi t)}{e^t} + \frac{\sin(2n\pi t)}{2n\pi e^t} \right)$$

$$b_n = \frac{-4n\pi}{1 + (2n\pi)^2} \left(\frac{\cos(2n\pi)}{e} + \frac{\sin(2n\pi)}{2n\pi e} \right) - 0 = \frac{-4n\pi}{1 + (2n\pi)^2} (e^{-1} - 1)$$

$F(t) = t^2$ $T = 1$ $\omega_0 = 2\pi$

$a_n = 2 \int_0^1 t^2 \cos(2n\pi t) dt = 2 \left[\frac{t^2 \sin(2n\pi t)}{2n\pi} - \frac{2}{2n\pi} \int t \sin(2n\pi t) dt \right]$

$u = t^2 \quad dv = \cos(2n\pi t)$
 $du = 2t \quad v = \frac{\sin(2n\pi t)}{2n\pi}$

$u = t \quad dv = \sin(2n\pi t)$
 $du = dt \quad v = -\frac{\cos(2n\pi t)}{2n\pi}$

$= \frac{t^2 \sin(2n\pi t)}{n\pi} + \frac{2}{n\pi} \left[\frac{t \cos(2n\pi t)}{2n\pi} + \frac{1}{2n\pi} \int \cos(2n\pi t) dt \right]$

$= \frac{t^2 \sin(2n\pi t)}{n\pi} + \frac{1}{n\pi} \left[\frac{t \cos(2n\pi t)}{n\pi} + \frac{1}{2n\pi} \sin(2n\pi t) \right] \Big|_0^1$

$= \frac{\sin(2n\pi)}{n\pi} - \frac{1}{n\pi} \left[\frac{\cos(2n\pi)}{n\pi} + \frac{\sin(2n\pi)}{2n\pi} \right] - 0 - \frac{1}{n\pi} \left[\frac{\cos(0)}{n\pi} + 0 \right] = \frac{1}{(n\pi)^2}$

$a_0 = \int_0^1 t^2 dt = \frac{t^3}{3} \Big|_0^1 = \frac{(1-0)}{3} = \frac{1}{3}$

$b_n = 2 \int_0^1 t^2 \sin(2n\pi t) dt = 2 \left[-\frac{t^2 \cos(2n\pi t)}{2n\pi} + \frac{2}{2n\pi} \int t \cos(2n\pi t) dt \right]$

$u = t^2 \quad dv = \sin(2n\pi t)$
 $du = 2t \quad v = -\frac{\cos(2n\pi t)}{2n\pi}$

$u = t \quad dv = \cos(2n\pi t)$
 $du = dt \quad v = \frac{\sin(2n\pi t)}{2n\pi}$

$= -\frac{t^2 \cos(2n\pi t)}{n\pi} + \frac{2}{n\pi} \left[\frac{t \sin(2n\pi t)}{2n\pi} + \frac{1}{2n\pi} \int \sin(2n\pi t) dt \right]$

$= -\frac{t^2 \cos(2n\pi t)}{n\pi} + \frac{1}{n\pi} \left[\frac{t \sin(2n\pi t)}{n\pi} - \frac{1}{(n\pi)^2} \cos(2n\pi t) \right] \Big|_0^1$

$= -\frac{\cos(2n\pi)}{n\pi} + \frac{1}{n\pi} \left[\frac{\sin(2n\pi)}{n\pi} - \frac{\cos(2n\pi)}{(n\pi)^2} \right] + 0 - \frac{1}{n\pi} \left[0 - \frac{1}{(n\pi)^2} \cos(0) \right]$

$= \frac{1}{n\pi} - \frac{1}{(n\pi)^3} + \frac{1}{(n\pi)^3} = \frac{1}{n\pi}$

$f(t) = \frac{1}{3} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left[\frac{1}{(n\pi)^2} \cos(2n\pi t) + \left(-\frac{1}{n\pi}\right) \sin(2n\pi t) \right]$

$f(t) = 2t$ $T = 1$ $\omega_0 = 2\pi$

$a_n = \frac{2}{T} \int_0^T f(t) \cos(n\omega_0 t) dt = 2 \int_0^1 2t \cos(2\pi n t) dt = 4 \left[\frac{t \sin(2\pi n t)}{2\pi n} + \frac{-1}{2\pi n} \int \sin(2\pi n t) dt \right]$

$= 2 \left[\frac{t \sin(2\pi n t)}{\pi n} + \frac{1}{2\pi n} \cos(2\pi n t) \right] \Big|_0^1 = 2 \left[\frac{\sin(2\pi n)}{\pi n} + \frac{\cos(2\pi n)}{2\pi n} - 0 - \frac{\cos(0)}{2\pi n} \right] = 0$

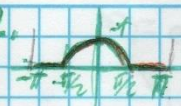
$a_0 = \frac{1}{T} \int_0^T f(t) dt = \int_0^1 2t dt = t^2 \Big|_0^1 = 1 - 0 = 1$

$b_n = \frac{2}{T} \int_0^T f(t) \sin(n\omega_0 t) dt = 2 \int_0^1 2t \sin(2\pi n t) dt = 4 \left[\frac{-t \cos(2\pi n t)}{2\pi n} + \frac{1}{2\pi n} \int \cos(2\pi n t) dt \right]$

$= 2 \left[\frac{-t \cos(2\pi n t)}{\pi n} + \frac{1}{2\pi n} \sin(2\pi n t) \right] \Big|_0^1 = 2 \left[\frac{-\cos(2\pi n)}{\pi n} + \frac{\sin(2\pi n)}{2\pi n} + 0 - \frac{\sin(0)}{2\pi n} \right]$

$= \frac{-2}{\pi n}$

$f(t) = 1 + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(-\frac{2}{\pi n} \right) \sin(2\pi n t)$

2.  $T=2\pi$ $\omega_0=1$ $b_n=0$

$$F(t) = \begin{cases} A \cos t & 0 < t < \pi/2 \\ 0 & \pi/2 < t < \pi \end{cases}$$

$$Q_n = \frac{4}{T} \int_0^{\pi/2} F(t) \cos(n\omega_0 t) dt = \frac{4A}{2\pi} \int_0^{\pi/2} \cos t \cos(nt) dt = \frac{2A}{\pi} \int_0^{\pi/2} \frac{1}{2} (\cos[(1+n)t] + \cos[(1-n)t]) dt$$


$$= \frac{A}{\pi} \left[\frac{\sin[(1+n)t]}{1+n} + \frac{\sin[(1-n)t]}{1-n} \right] \Big|_0^{\pi/2} = \frac{A}{\pi} \left[\frac{\sin[(1+n)\pi/2]}{1+n} + \frac{\sin[(1-n)\pi/2]}{1-n} + 0 \right]$$

$$= \frac{A}{\pi} \left[\frac{\sin[(1+n)\pi/2]}{1+n} + \frac{\sin[(1-n)\pi/2]}{1-n} \right]$$

$$Q_0 = \frac{2}{T} \int_0^{\pi/2} F(t) dt = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_0^{\pi/2} A \cos t dt = \frac{A}{\pi} \int_0^{\pi/2} \cos t dt = \frac{A}{\pi} [\sin t]_0^{\pi/2} = \frac{A}{\pi} (\sin \pi/2 - \sin 0) = \frac{A}{\pi}$$

$$Q_1 = \frac{4A}{2\pi} \int_0^{\pi/2} \frac{1}{2} [\cos(1+1)t + \cos(1-1)t] dt = \frac{A}{\pi} \int_0^{\pi/2} [\cos 2t + \cos 0] dt = \frac{A}{2\pi} \int_0^{\pi/2} [\cos 2t + 1] dt$$

$$= \frac{A}{\pi} \left[\frac{\sin(2t)}{2} + t \right]_0^{\pi/2} = \frac{A}{\pi} \left[\frac{\sin(\pi)}{2} + \frac{\pi}{2} - \frac{\sin 0}{2} - 0 \right] = \frac{A}{2}$$

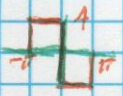
 $F(t) = A(-t+1)$ $0 < t < \pi$ $b_n=0$

$$Q_0 = \frac{2}{T} \int_0^{\pi} F(t) dt = \frac{A}{\pi} \int_0^{\pi} (-t+1) dt = \frac{A}{\pi} \left[-\frac{t^2}{2} + t \right]_0^{\pi} = \frac{A}{\pi} \left[-\frac{\pi^2}{2} + \pi - 0 + 0 \right] = \frac{-\pi^2 + 2\pi}{2}$$

$$Q_n = \frac{4A}{2\pi} \int_0^{\pi} (-t+1) \cos(nt) dt = \frac{-2A}{\pi} \left[t \cos nt - \int \cos nt dt \right] = \frac{-2A}{\pi} \left[\frac{t \sin nt}{n} - \frac{1}{n} \sin nt \right]_0^{\pi}$$

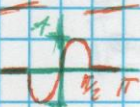
$$= \frac{-2A}{n\pi} \left[t \sin nt + \frac{\cos nt}{n} - \sin nt \right]_0^{\pi} = \frac{-2A}{n\pi} \left[\pi \sin(n\pi) + \frac{\cos(n\pi)}{n} - \sin(n\pi) - 0 - \frac{1}{n} + 0 \right]$$

$$= \frac{-2A}{n\pi} [(-1)^n - 1]$$


 $f(t) = -1 \quad 0 < t < \pi \quad T = 2\pi \quad U_0 = 1 \quad q_n = q_0 = 0$

$$b_n = \frac{4}{T} \int_0^T f(t) \sin(n\omega_0 t) dt = \frac{4A}{2\pi} \int_0^\pi \sin(nt) dt = \frac{2A}{\pi} \left[-\cos(nt) \right]_0^\pi$$

$$= \frac{2A}{\pi} [\cos(n\pi) - \cos(0)] = \frac{2A}{\pi} [(-1)^n - 1]$$


 $f(t) = \begin{cases} 2\sin(2t) & 0 < t < \pi/2 \\ 0 & \pi/2 < t < \pi \end{cases} \quad q_n = q_0 = 0$


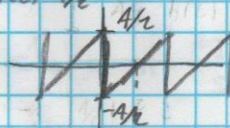
$$b_n = \frac{4A}{T} \int_0^{\pi/2} \sin(2t) \sin(nt) dt = \frac{2A}{\pi} \int_0^{\pi/2} [\cos(2t-nt) - \cos(2t+nt)] dt = \frac{A}{\pi} \int_0^{\pi/2} [\cos(2t-nt) - \cos(2t+nt)] dt$$

$$= \frac{A}{\pi} \left[\frac{\sin(2t-nt)}{2-n} - \frac{\sin(2t+nt)}{2+n} \right]_0^{\pi/2} = \frac{A}{\pi} \left[\frac{\sin(\frac{2\pi-n\pi}{2})}{2-n} - \frac{\sin(\frac{2\pi+n\pi}{2})}{2+n} - \frac{\sin 0}{2-n} + \frac{\sin 0}{2+n} \right]$$

$$= \frac{A}{\pi} \left[\frac{\sin(\frac{2\pi-n\pi}{2})}{2-n} - \frac{\sin(\frac{2\pi+n\pi}{2})}{2+n} \right]$$

$$b_1 = \frac{A}{\pi} \left[\frac{\sin(\frac{2\pi-\pi}{2})}{2-1} - \frac{\sin(\frac{2\pi+\pi}{2})}{2+1} \right] = \frac{A}{\pi} \left[\frac{\sin(\pi/2)}{1} - \frac{\sin(3\pi/2)}{3} \right] = \frac{A}{\pi} \left[1 + \frac{1}{3} \right] = \frac{4A}{3\pi}$$

$$b_2 = \frac{A}{\pi} \int_0^{\pi/2} \cos 0 - \cos 4t dt = \frac{A}{\pi} \left[t - \frac{\sin 4t}{4} \right]_0^{\pi/2} = \frac{A}{\pi} \left[\frac{\pi}{2} - \frac{\sin(4\pi/2)}{4} - 0 + \frac{\sin 0}{4} \right] = \frac{A}{\pi} \left[\frac{\pi}{2} - 0 + 0 \right] = \frac{A}{2}$$


 $f(t) = h(t) + U_0$

 $h(t) = \frac{A}{2}(t-1) \quad 0 \leq t \leq 2 \quad q_0 = q_n = 0$
 Impar $T = 2 \quad U_0 = \frac{2\pi}{2} = \pi$

$$b_n = \frac{4}{T} \int_0^T h(t) \sin(n\omega_0 t) dt = \frac{4}{2} \int_0^1 \frac{A}{2}(t-1) \sin(n\pi t) dt = A \int_0^1 (t-1) \sin(n\pi t) dt$$

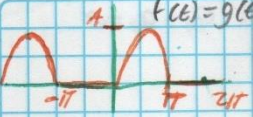
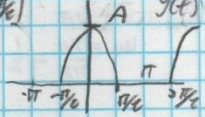
$$= A \left[\frac{t}{n\pi} \cos(n\pi t) - \frac{1}{n\pi} \int \cos(n\pi t) dt + (-1) \frac{1}{n\pi} \cos(n\pi t) \right]$$

$$= \frac{A}{n\pi} \left[\cos(n\pi t) (t-1) - \frac{1}{n\pi} \sin(n\pi t) \right]_0^1$$

$$= \frac{A}{n\pi} \left[\cos(n\pi)(1-1) - \frac{1}{n\pi} \sin(n\pi) + \cos(0)(-1) + \frac{1}{n\pi} \sin(0) \right] = \frac{A}{n\pi} [-1]$$

$$h(t) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(-\frac{A}{n\pi} \right) \sin(n\pi t)$$

$$f(t) = 1 + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(-\frac{A}{n\pi} \right) \sin(n\pi t)$$

$f(t) = g(t - \frac{\pi}{2})$

 $g(t) = A \cos(t)$

 $b_n = 0$
 $T = 2\pi$ $\omega_0 = 1$

$$a_n = \frac{4}{T} \int_0^{\frac{T}{2}} g(t) \cos(n\omega_0 t) dt = \frac{4A}{2\pi} \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \cos(t) \cos(nt) dt = \frac{4A}{2\pi} \frac{1}{2} \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} [\cos(n+1)t + \cos(n-1)t] dt$$

$$= \frac{A}{\pi} \left[\frac{1}{n+1} \sin(n+1)t + \frac{1}{n-1} \sin(n-1)t \right]_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} = \frac{A}{\pi} \left[\frac{1}{n+1} (\sin(n+1)\frac{\pi}{2} - \sin(n+1) \cdot 0) + \frac{1}{n-1} (\sin(n-1)\frac{\pi}{2} - \sin(n-1) \cdot 0) \right]$$

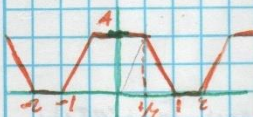
$$= \frac{A}{\pi} \left[\frac{1}{n+1} \sin(n+1)\frac{\pi}{2} + \frac{1}{n-1} \sin(n-1)\frac{\pi}{2} \right]$$

$$a_0 = \frac{2}{T} \int_0^{\frac{T}{2}} g(t) dt = \frac{2}{2\pi} \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} A \cos(t) dt = \frac{A}{\pi} \sin(t) \Big|_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} = \frac{A}{\pi} (\sin(\frac{\pi}{2}) - \sin(0)) = \frac{A}{\pi}$$

$$a_1 = \frac{4A}{2\pi} \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \cos(t) \cos(t) dt = \frac{2A}{\pi} \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \cos^2 t dt = \frac{A}{\pi} \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} (1 + \cos(2t)) dt = \frac{A}{\pi} \left(t + \frac{1}{2} \sin(2t) \right) \Big|_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}}$$

$$= \frac{A}{\pi} \left(\left(\frac{\pi}{2} - 0 \right) + \frac{1}{2} (\sin \pi - \sin 0) \right) = \frac{A}{\pi} \cdot \frac{\pi}{2} = \frac{A}{2}$$

$$g(t) = \frac{A}{\pi} + \frac{A}{\pi} \cos(t) + \frac{A}{\pi} \sum_{n=2}^{\infty} \left(\frac{1}{n-1} \sin(n+1)\frac{\pi}{2} + \frac{1}{n-1} \sin(n-1)\frac{\pi}{2} \right) \cos(nt)$$

$F(t) = g(t - \frac{\pi}{2})$


$$F(t) = \begin{cases} 2A(t+1) & -2 \leq t \leq -1 \\ A & -1 \leq t \leq \frac{1}{2} \\ -2A(t-1) & \frac{1}{2} \leq t \leq 1 \\ 0 & 1 \leq t \leq 2 \end{cases}$$
 Par. $\therefore b_n = 0$
 $T = 4$
 $\omega_0 = \frac{2\pi}{4} = \frac{\pi}{2}$

$$a_n = \frac{4}{T} \int_0^{\frac{T}{2}} F(t) \sin(n\omega_0 t) dt = \int_0^{\frac{1}{2}} A \sin(n\omega_0 t) dt + \int_{\frac{1}{2}}^1 -2A(t-1) \sin(n\omega_0 t) dt$$

$$= \frac{A}{n\omega_0} \cos(n\omega_0 t) \Big|_0^{\frac{1}{2}} - 2A \left[\int_{\frac{1}{2}}^1 t \sin(n\omega_0 t) dt - \int_{\frac{1}{2}}^1 \sin(n\omega_0 t) dt \right]$$

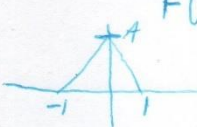
$u = t$ $du = dt$ $dv = \sin(n\omega_0 t)$ $v = -\frac{1}{n\omega_0} \cos(n\omega_0 t)$

$$= \frac{A}{n\omega_0} \cos(n\omega_0 t) \Big|_0^{\frac{1}{2}} - 2A \left[\left(-\frac{t}{n\omega_0} \cos(n\omega_0 t) - \frac{1}{n\omega_0} \int \cos(n\omega_0 t) dt \right) - \left(-\frac{1}{n\omega_0} \cos(n\omega_0 t) \right) \right] \Big|_{\frac{1}{2}}^1$$

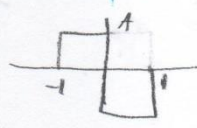
$$= \frac{A}{n\omega_0} \cos(n\omega_0 t) \Big|_0^{\frac{1}{2}} + \frac{2A}{n\omega_0} \left[-t \cos(n\omega_0 t) - \frac{1}{n\omega_0} \sin(n\omega_0 t) - \cos(n\omega_0 t) \right] \Big|_{\frac{1}{2}}^1$$

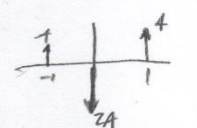
$$= \frac{2A}{n\pi} \left(\cos\left(\frac{n\pi}{4}\right) - \cos(0) \right) + \frac{4A}{n\pi} \left[-\cos\left(\frac{n\pi}{2}\right) - \frac{2}{n\pi} \sin\left(\frac{n\pi}{2}\right) - \cos\left(\frac{n\pi}{2}\right) + \frac{1}{2} \cos\left(\frac{n\pi}{4}\right) + \frac{2}{n\pi} \sin\left(\frac{n\pi}{4}\right) + \cos\left(\frac{n\pi}{4}\right) \right]$$

$$= \frac{2A}{n\pi} \left(\cos\left(\frac{n\pi}{4}\right) - 1 \right) + \frac{4A}{n\pi} \left[-2 \cos\left(\frac{n\pi}{2}\right) \right]$$



$$F(w) = \begin{cases} A(w+1) & -1 < w < 0 \\ -A(w-1) & 0 < w < 1 \end{cases}$$

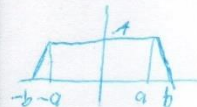
$$F = A\delta(w+1) + 2A\delta(w) + A\delta(w-1)$$


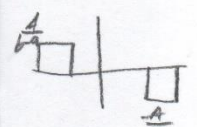
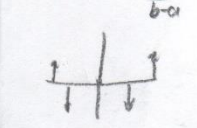
$$f = \frac{A}{2\pi} (e^{it} + e^{-it}) - \frac{A}{\pi}$$


$$= \frac{A}{\pi w} (\cos t - 1)$$

$\delta(t) \leftrightarrow 1$ $\frac{1}{2\pi} \leftrightarrow \delta(w)$ $\frac{A}{2\pi} e^{it} \leftrightarrow A\delta(w-1)$	$\delta(t) \leftrightarrow 1$ $\frac{1}{2\pi} \leftrightarrow \delta(w)$ $\frac{A}{2\pi} e^{-it} \leftrightarrow A\delta(w+1)$
-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------	--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------

$\delta(t) \leftrightarrow 1$ $\frac{1}{2\pi} \leftrightarrow \delta(w)$ $-\frac{2A}{2\pi} \leftrightarrow -2A\delta(w)$



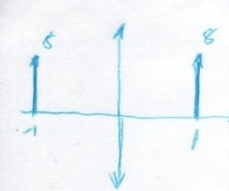
$$F(w) = \begin{cases} \frac{A}{b-a}(w+b) & -b < w < -a \\ \frac{A}{b-a} & -a < w < a \\ \frac{A}{b-a}(w-b) & a < w < b \end{cases}$$



$$-w^2 F = \frac{A}{b-a} \delta(w-b) - \frac{A}{b-a} \delta(w-a) - \frac{A}{b-a} \delta(w+a) + \frac{A}{b-a} \delta(w+b)$$

$$= \frac{A}{b-a} \frac{1}{2\pi} (e^{ibt} - e^{iat} - e^{-iat} + e^{-ibt})$$

$$= \frac{A}{\pi(b-a)} (\cos(bt) - \cos(at))$$

$$F = \frac{A}{\pi(b-a)w^2} (\cos(bt) - \cos(at))$$



$$f(w) = \delta(w-1) + \delta(w+1)$$

$$f = 8(e^{it} + e^{-it}) = 16 \cos(t)$$

<p>8) $F(z-t) \leftrightarrow ?$</p> <p>$F(t+z) \leftrightarrow F(w) e^{+2i\pi w}$</p> <p>$F(-t+z) \leftrightarrow F(-w) e^{2i\pi w}$</p>	<p>$F(t-s) \leftrightarrow ?$</p> <p>$F(t) \leftrightarrow F(w)$</p> <p>$F(t-s) \leftrightarrow F(w) e^{-i\pi w}$</p>	<p>$F'(t) \sin t \leftrightarrow ?$</p> <p>$F(t) \leftrightarrow F(w)$</p> <p>$F'(t) \leftrightarrow i\pi F(w)$</p> <p>$F'(t) \sin t \leftrightarrow \frac{-w}{2} [F(w+1) - F(w-1)]$</p>
<p>$F'(-zt) \leftrightarrow ?$</p> <p>$F(t) \leftrightarrow F(w)$</p> <p>$F(-zt) \leftrightarrow \frac{1}{z} F(w/z)$</p> <p>$F'(-zt) \leftrightarrow \frac{i\pi}{z} F(w/z)$</p>	<p>$t F(3t) \leftrightarrow ?$</p> <p>$F(t) \leftrightarrow F(w)$</p> <p>$F(3t) \leftrightarrow F(w/3)$</p> <p>$t F(3t) \leftrightarrow \frac{F(w/3)}{3i}$</p>	<p>$(t-s) F(t) \leftrightarrow ?$</p> <p>$F(t) \leftrightarrow F(w)$</p> <p>$F(t+s) \leftrightarrow F(w) e^{i\pi w}$</p> <p>$t F(t+s) \leftrightarrow \frac{d}{dw} (F(w) e^{i\pi w})$</p> <p>$(t-s) F(t) \leftrightarrow \frac{d}{dw} (F(w) e^{i\pi w}) e^{-i\pi w}$</p>
<p>$t F'(t) \leftrightarrow ?$</p> <p>$F(t) \leftrightarrow F(w)$</p> <p>$F'(t) \leftrightarrow i\pi F(w)$</p> <p>$t F'(t) \leftrightarrow \frac{d}{dw} [w F(w)]$</p>	<p>$F(6-t) \leftrightarrow ?$</p> <p>$F(t) \leftrightarrow F(w)$</p> <p>$F(6-t) \leftrightarrow F(w) e^{6i\pi w}$</p> <p>$F(-t+6) \leftrightarrow F(-w) e^{-6i\pi w}$</p>	<p>$f(8-t) \cdot (t-t) \leftrightarrow ?$</p> <p>$f(t) \leftrightarrow F(w)$</p> <p>$f(t) \cdot (t-t) \leftrightarrow 0$</p> <p>$(t-t) \leftrightarrow 0$</p>

<p>9) $S\delta(t-1)$</p> <p>$\delta(t) \rightarrow 1$</p> <p>$\delta(t-1) \rightarrow e^{-i\pi}$</p> <p>$S\delta(t-1) \rightarrow S e^{-i\pi}$</p>	<p>$\delta\delta(w+1) + \delta\delta(w-1)$</p> <p>$\delta(t) \rightarrow 1$</p> <p>$\frac{1}{2\pi} \rightarrow \delta(w)$</p> <p>$\frac{e^{-it}}{2\pi} \rightarrow \delta(w+1)$</p> <p>$\frac{4e^{-it}}{\pi} \rightarrow \delta\delta(w+1)$</p>	<p>$\frac{4}{\pi} (e^{it} + e^{-it}) \rightarrow \delta\delta(w+1) + \delta\delta(w-1)$</p> <p>$\frac{8}{\pi} \cos(t) \rightarrow \delta\delta(w+1) + \delta\delta(w-1)$</p>
<p>t</p> <p>$\delta(t) \rightarrow 1$</p> <p>$1 \rightarrow 2\pi \delta(w)$</p> <p>$t \rightarrow -2i\pi \delta'(w)$</p>	<p>t^2</p> <p>$1 \rightarrow 2\pi \delta(w)$</p> <p>$t^2 \rightarrow 2\pi \delta''(w)$</p>	<p>$2C_2(t) \cos 1000t$</p> <p>$AC_2(t) \rightarrow Ad S_2(\frac{1000}{2})$</p> <p>$2C_2(t) \rightarrow 4 S_2(w)$</p> <p>$2C_2(t) \cos(1000t) \rightarrow 2(S_2(w+1000) + S_2(w-1000))$</p>
<p>$\cos(1000w)$</p> <p>$\delta(t) \rightarrow 1$</p> <p>$1 \rightarrow 2\pi \delta(w)$</p> <p>$\cos(1000t) \rightarrow 2\pi (\delta(w+1000) + \delta(w-1000))$</p> <p>$\delta(t+1000) + \delta(t-1000) \rightarrow 4\pi \cos(1000w)$</p> <p>$\frac{1}{4\pi} (\delta(t+1000) + \delta(t-1000)) \rightarrow \cos(1000w)$</p>	<p>S_w</p> <p>$\delta(t) \rightarrow 1$</p> <p>$\delta'(t) \rightarrow i\pi$</p> <p>$-i\delta'(t) \rightarrow w$</p> <p>$-S_i \delta'(t) \rightarrow S_w$</p>	<p>$\delta(w) e^{-iS_w}$</p> <p>$F(t) \rightarrow 1$</p> <p>$k_{1\pi} \rightarrow \delta(w)$</p>