Figure 3: Genome-wide association mapping results from analyses of the mouse data for the single-locus method FaST-LMM and the multiple-locus method Eagle. Eagle was run under two settings; its default setting (Eagle  $^{default}$ ) and where the model selection criterion had been optimised for a false discovery rate of 5% (Eagle  $^{optimal}$ ). The number of SNP-trait associations found are reported. The bar plots framed by boxes are for those traits where using Eagle (default and optimal) resulted in more findings than with single-locus analysis.

