

HOMEWORK #4:

My First Lisp Program

Due Date: [Friday, May the 13th, 11:59:59pm](#)

Write a collection of LISP function definitions.

Submission Guidelines:

Submit via 'csubmit 3500 a 4' a single file called "**myhw4.lisp**". Your file should include your **name**.

Description:

Using [only](#) the functional forms described in the LISP notes class [document](#), or other forms of this homework, write the following lisp functional forms:

- `(myLast L)`
Evaluates to the last element of list L.
eg. `(myLast '(p a e g)) → g`
- `(myCount X L)`
Evaluates to the number of occurrences of X in list L.
eg. `(myCount 'a '(p k a t p a e g)) → 2`
- `(myMember X L)`
Evaluates to 'true' if X is in list L, 'false' otherwise.
eg. `(myMember 'a '(p a e g)) → t`
- `(myPurge L)`
Evaluates to a list with all elements of L without repetition.
eg. `(myPurge '(p a c e p c)) → (a e p c)`

- (myCommon L1 L2)

Evaluates to a list of elements that are common in both lists L1 and L2.
Assume L1 and L2 have no repeated elements.

eg. (myCommon '(p a e g) '(a q r e)) → (a e)

- (myGen X Y Z)

Given integers X, Y and Z, evaluates to the list of increasing integers, between X and Y inclusive, with Z as the increment (or to nil if such list does not exist)

eg. (myGen 3 11 1) → (3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11)

eg. (myGen 4 20 4) → (4 8 12 16 20)

eg. (myGen 3 10 3) → (3 6 9)

eg. (myGen 4 4 5) → (4)

eg. (myGen 11 3 1) → ()

- (myMap F L)

Evaluates to the list which results from applying function F to every element of list L.

eg. (myMap (lambda (x) (* 2 x)) '(1 2 3 4)) → (2 4 6 8)

- (myReduce F L)

Evaluates to the the results of applying aggregate function F to the elements of L. L will be of size >= 2. F will be a commutative function.

eg. (myReduce (lambda (x y) (+ x y)) '(1 2 3 4 5)) → 15

The functions all start with 'my' to prevent any conflict with existing forms.

Use **only** the functional forms described in the LISP notes class [document](#).

Do **not use** other Common Lisp pre-defined forms.

END.