

# 2019 Workshop on Gravitational Waves and High-Performance Computing

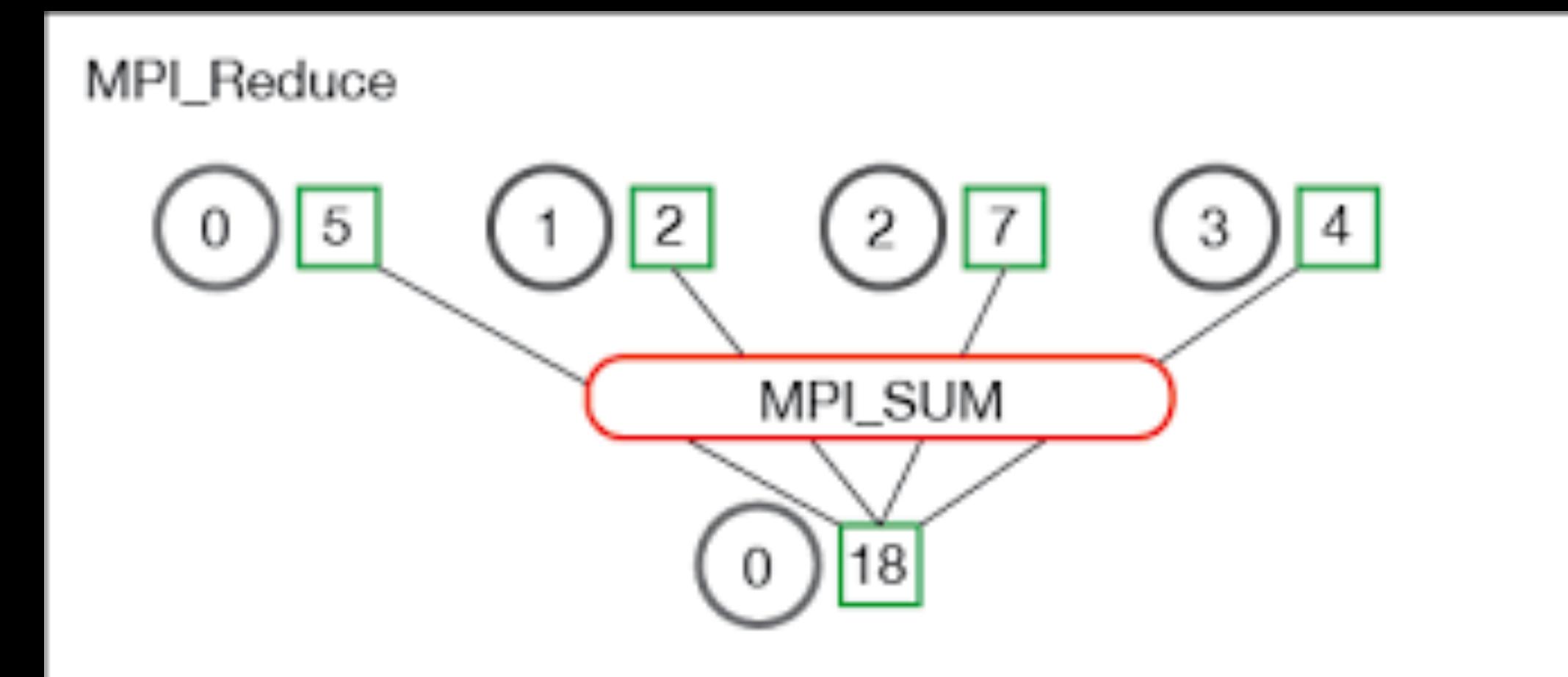
Geoffrey Lovelace

August 19, 2019 – August 23, 2019

Day 3

# Paralleizing the dartboard

- What if we combined results from the whole class's  $\pi$  dartboard?
- Even better
  - Run lots of copies of the dartboard on lots of cores
  - At the end, each copy tells the others how many hits it had
  - Each copy adds up the number of hits on all processors and computes pi



# Parallelizing the dartboard 2

- cp /home/workshopStudents2019/python\_solutions/PiDart.py .
- nano PiDart.py
- #Add the same mpi4py lines at the top

```
from mpi4py import MPI
comm = MPI.COMM_WORLD
rank = comm.Get_rank()
size = comm.Get_size()
```

# Parallelizing the dartboard 3

- nano PiDart.py
- #At the bottom, instead of getting pi, print the number of hits on each processor

```
print(str(hits)+" hits on core "+str(rank)+" out of  
"+str(throws)+" throws.")
```

- mpirun -np 10 python PiDart.py
- What happens?

# Parallelizing the dartboard 4

- nano PiDart.py
- #Divide the darts to throw among the processors, instead of each processor throwing the total

```
hits = 0
throws = 1e7 // size
i = 0
while i < throws:
    # ... rest of program
```

- mpirun -np 10 python PiDart.py
- What happens?

# Parallelizing the dartboard 5

- nano piEstimate.py
- #Have on processor add up the totals across all processors

```
print(str(hits)+" hits on processor "+str(rank)+" out of  
"+str(throws)+" throws.")
```

```
throwsAllCores = throws * size  
hitsAllCores = comm.allreduce(hits, op=MPI.SUM)
```

```
if rank == 0:  
    print(str(hitsAllCores)+" hits on all cores, with  
"+str(throwsAllCores)+" throws.)
```

-

# Parallelizing the dartboard 6

- nano PiDart.py

- #Compute pi

```
if rank == 0:  
    print(str(hitsAllProcessors)+" hits on all processors,  
with "+str(throwsAllProcessors)+" throws.")
```

```
    pi = 4.0 * float(hitsAllCores) / float(throwsAllCores)  
    print(pi)
```

-

# Parallelizing the dartboard 7

- nano piEstimate.py
- How long does it take?

- At top:

```
import time  
start = time.time()
```

- At bottom

```
print(pi)  
end = time.time()  
print("Run in "+str(end-start)+" seconds.")
```

- mpirun -np 10 python PiDart.py

# How many darts can we run on the entire cluster?

- $1e7$  on 1 core
- About 500 cores
- So in the same time, we should be able to run  
 $500e7 = 5e9$

# Parallelizing the dartboard 7

- `srun -p orca-1 --nodes=1 --tasks-per-node=20 --pty /bin/bash`
- `source /opt/ohpc/pub/apps/anaconda2/bin/activate root`  
`cd student_folders/YOUR_NAME/PiDart`
- How long does it take?

```
import time
```

- At top: `start = time.time()`

- At bottom

```
print(pi)
```

```
end = time.time()
```

```
print("Run in "+str(end-start)+" seconds.")
```

- # Try again with 1e9 darts

# Connect to ocean

- Open "PuTTY 64-bit" on the desktop
- Under "saved sessions" select "ocean"
- Click "Open"
- Username: workshopStudents2019
- Passphrase
- Some computers: workshop2019!!

# UNIX command line crash course activity

- **Commands to know**
  - ls, pwd, cd, mkdir
  - ./, ../, paths
  - cp, mv, rm, rmdir
  - cat, less
  - nano
  - whoami, date, ...
- **Play along with me...**
  - mkdir YOURNAME and cd into it
  - Navigate file system: ls, pwd, cd, ./ and ../
  - Use nano to write a text file
  - Copy, rename, remove a file
  - Cat, less, more, head, tail
  - > to redirect output
  - Grab bag: whoami, date, grep, sed, zip...

# Unix commands to know

- **Commands to know**
  - ls, pwd, cd, mkdir
  - ./, ../, paths
  - cp, mv, rm, rmdir
  - cat, less
  - nano
  - whoami, date, ...
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  - Copy, rename, remove a file
  - Cat, less, more, head, tail
  - > to redirect output
  - Grab bag: whoami, date, grep, sed, man, ...

# Clicker question #1.8

- I want to list the files in the directory I'm in. Which command would I use?

A

ls

C

pwd

B

cd

D

nano

# Clicker question #1.9

- Which command edits the file “Hello.txt” in the directory I am currently in?

A

`nano ./Hello.txt`

B

`cat ./Hello.txt`

C

`nano ../Hello.txt`

D

`cat ../Hello.txt`

# Clicker question #1.9

- Which command makes a new directory called “TestFolder”?

A

ls TestFolder

B

cd TestFolder

C

mkdir TestFolder

D

cp TestFolder

# Clicker question #1.9

- Which command removes everything in the current directory, which is not empty?

A

`rmdir .`

B

`rm -r ./*`

C

`rm -r . /*`

D

More than one of these will work

# Start your own simulation of merging black holes

- Start from rest, collide head-on
- Choose mass ratio between 1 and 1.2
- Choose spin = 0,0,0 on the smaller black hole (B)
- Choose spin = 0,0,X on the larger black hole (A),  
where X is between 0 and 0.2
- Set Omega0 = 0, adot0=0, D0=35

```
cd $HOME
cd student_folders/YOURNAME
mkdir BlackHoleMerger
cd BlackHoleMerger
source /home/workshopStudents2019/spec/MakefileRules/
this_machine.env
/home/workshopStudents2019/spec/Support/bin/PrepareID -t bbh2 -no-
reduce-ecc
nano Params.input
# Omega0 = 0.0
# adot0 = 0.0
# D0 = 35.0
# MassRatio = 1.2 #or 1.0, or something in between
# @SpinA = (0.0, 0.0, 0.0) #can make 1 component up to 0.2 instead
of 0.1
# @SpinB = (0.0, 0.0, 0.0)
nano Ev/DoMultipleRuns.input
# MaxLev = 1
./StartJob.sh
```

```
squeue  
squeue -j YOURJOBNUMBER
```

[ocean.fullerton.edu/ganglia](http://ocean.fullerton.edu/ganglia)

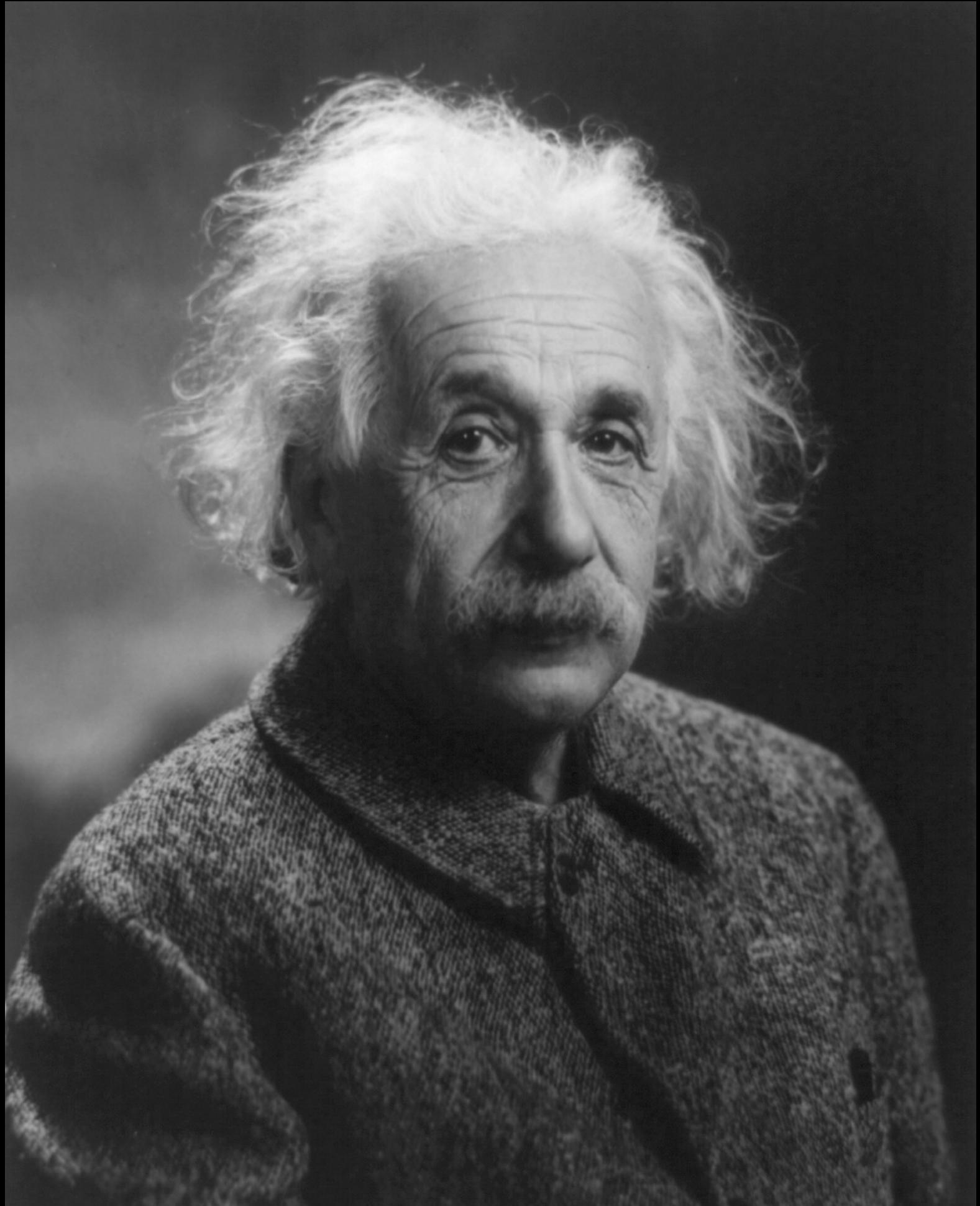
# Unix activity

- **Commands to know**
  - ls, pwd, cd, mkdir
  - ./, ../, paths
  - cp, mv, rm, rmdir
  - cat, less
  - nano
  - whoami, date, ...
- Use nano to write a bash script (each line is a command like you would enter on the command line)
  - The script should...
    - Print the current date and time
    - Print the current directory
    - Copy /proc/cpuinfo into the current directory
    - Get the first line of the copied file, and save it to a file called FirstLineOfProc.txt
    - Bonus: Use grep to only show the line with "cpu cores"
    - Bonus: use sed to remove all but the core number
    - Bonus: instead of copying the /proc/cpuinfo file, copy whatever file users specify as an argument (google bash arguments)

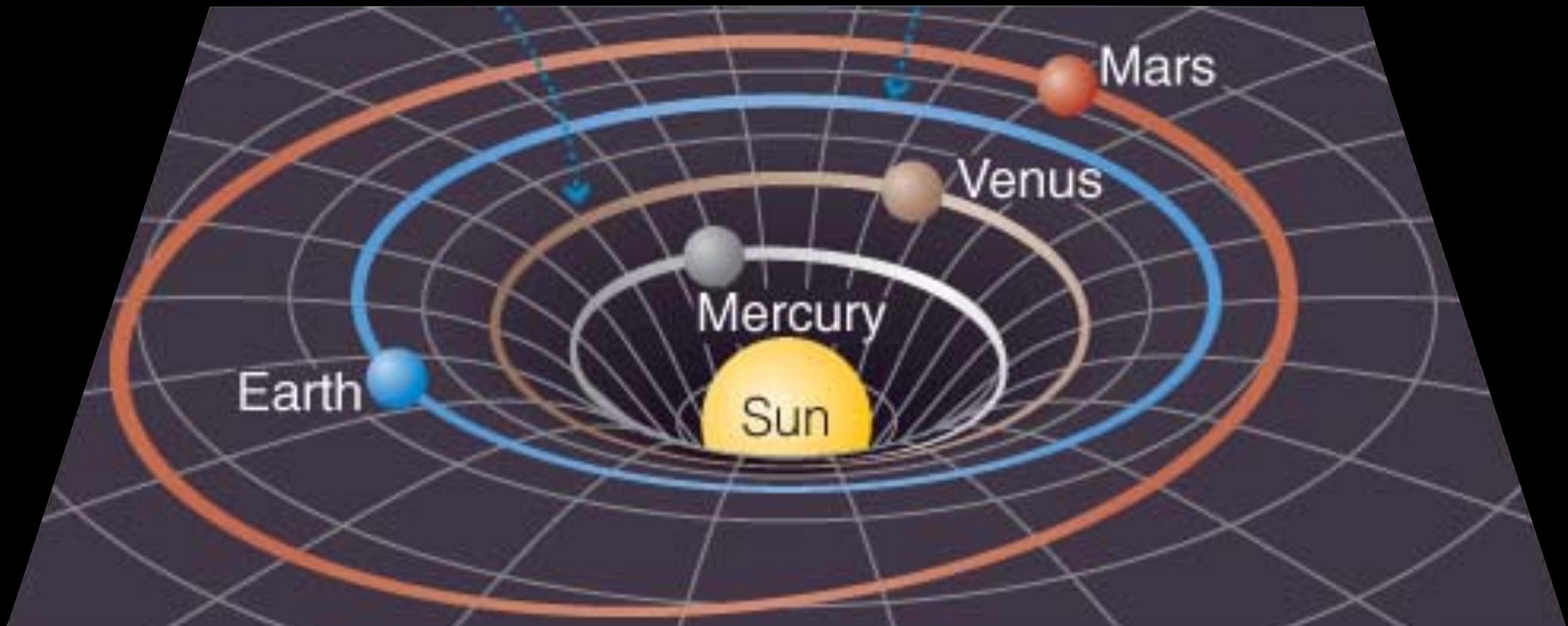


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\$600	\$600	\$600	\$600	\$600	\$600
	\$800	\$800	\$800	\$800	\$800
\$1000	\$1000	\$1000	\$1000	\$1000	\$1000

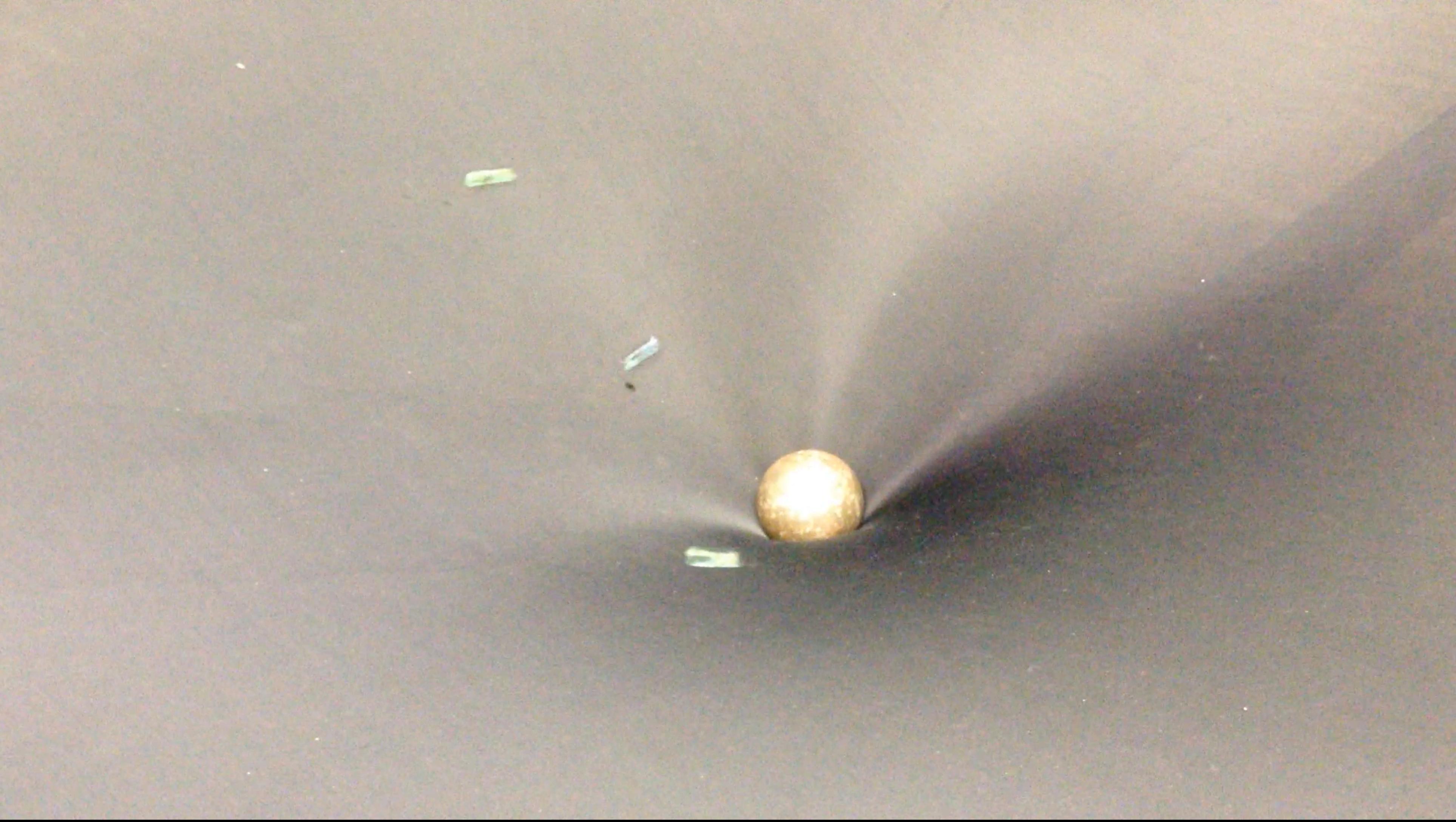
# Curved spacetime



“Matter tells space-time how to curve and space-time tells matter how to move.”  
— John A. Wheeler



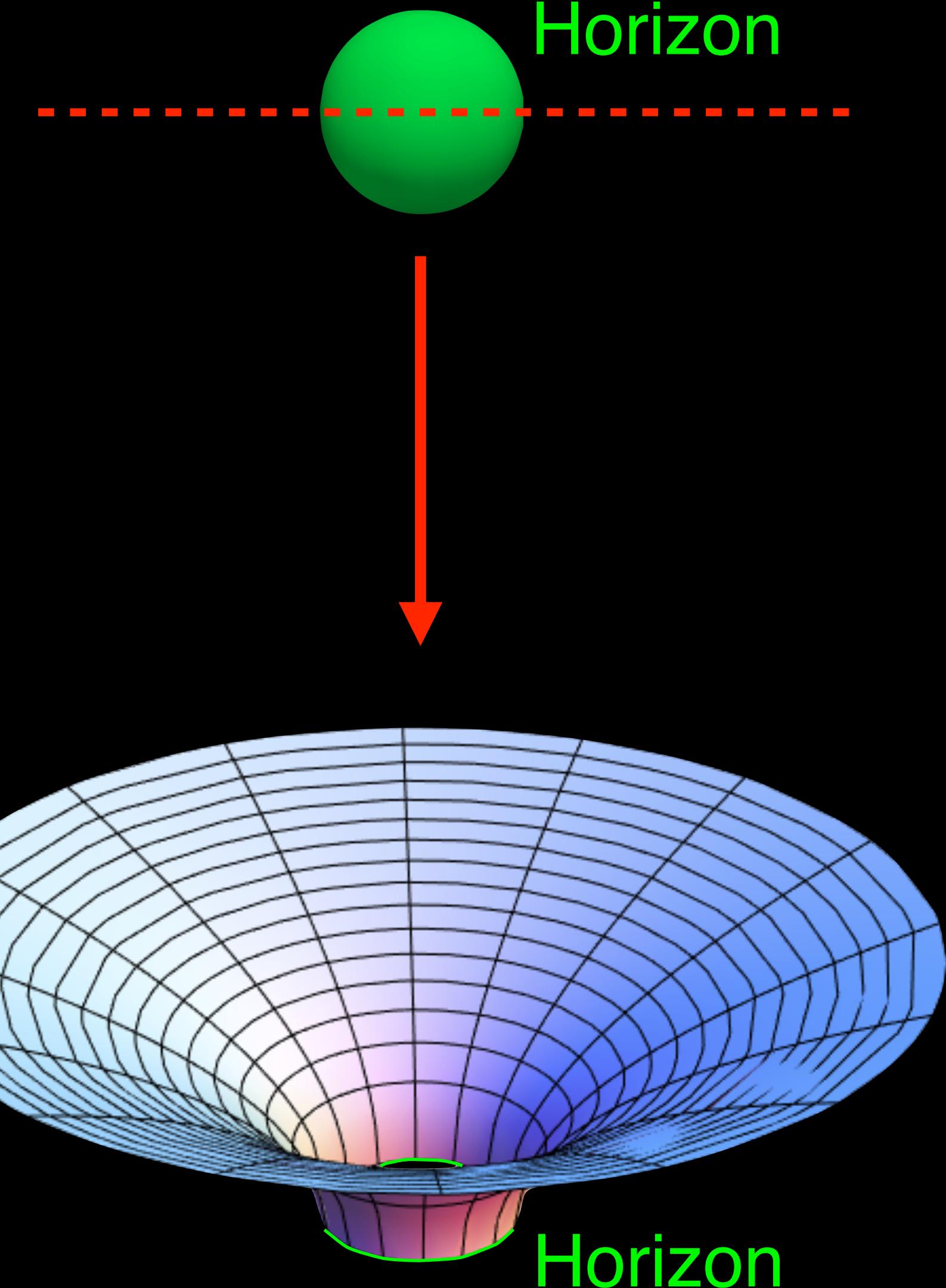
Credit: The Library of Congress



Larry Kiwano, Astrocamp, November 7, 2013

# What are black holes?

- Gravity so strong...
  - Nothing (even light) can escape from inside hole's **horizon** (surface)
- Formed when the most massive stars die



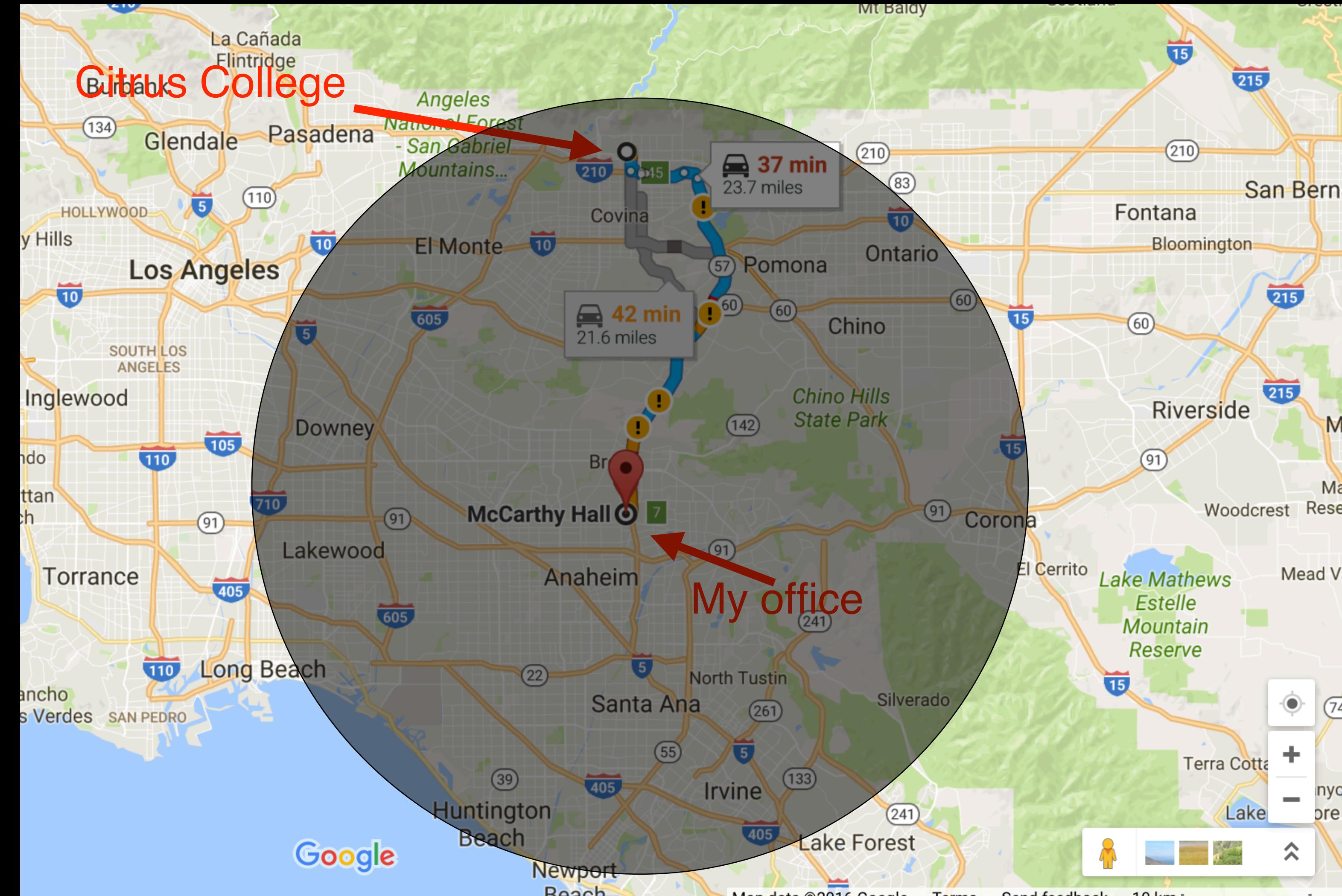
# How big are black holes?

- Mass: huge!
  - Two kinds
  - 3 to 70
  - Millions+
- Radius: small!

$$r = \frac{2G}{c^2} M = 3 \text{ km} \left( \frac{\text{mass}}{\text{sun}} \right)$$



Size of earth-mass black hole



## Clicker question #3.1

- A black hole's circumference has doubled. The hole's mass has \_\_\_\_\_.

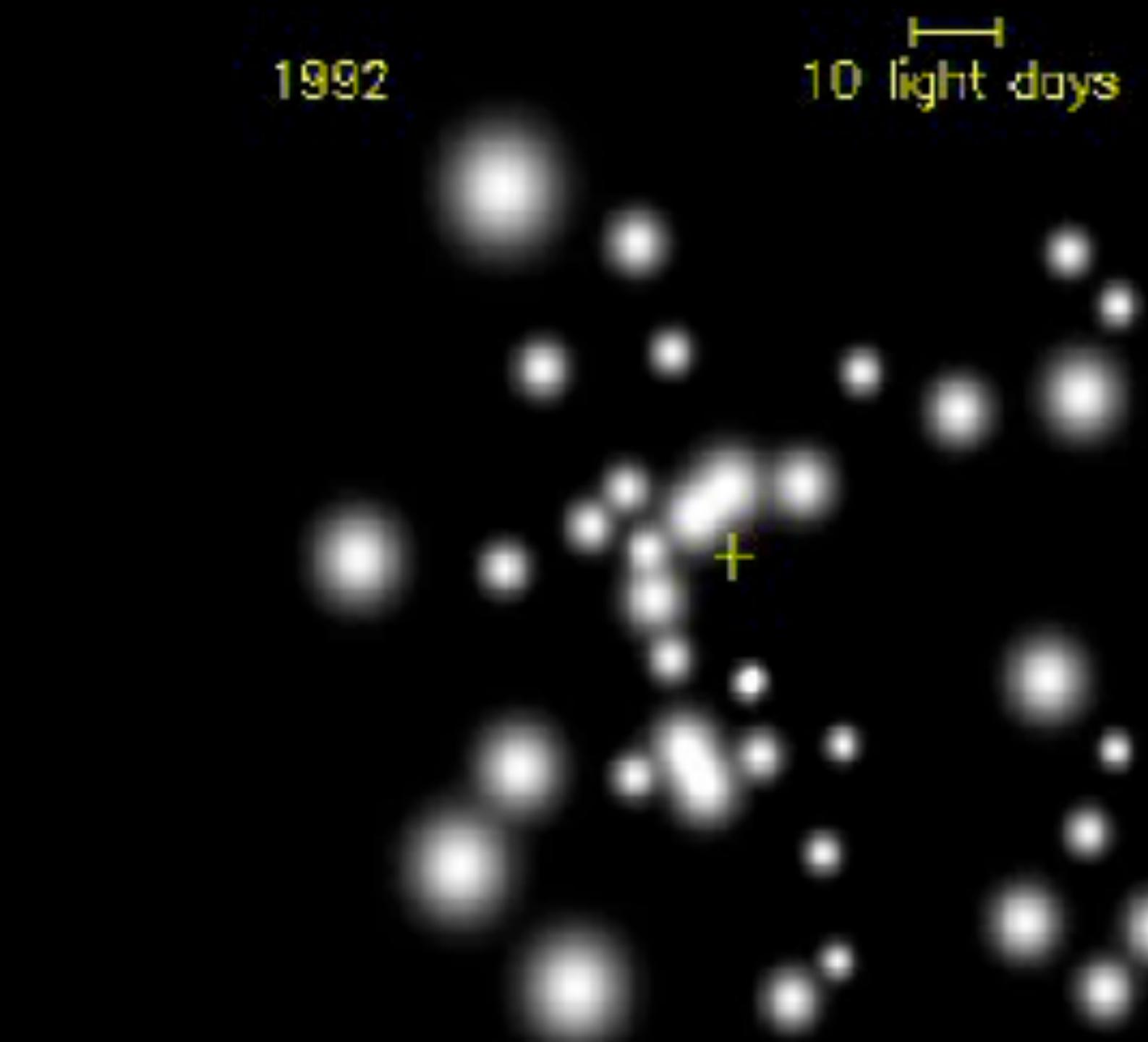
- A halved
- B not changed
- C doubled
- D quadrupled

# How to observe black holes?

- Indirectly
  - Gravity affects motion of objects nearby: infer mass
  - Gas heats up & glows as it falls in: infer spin (uncertain!)

Cygnus X-1

First black hole discovered  
 $M/M_{\text{sun}} \approx 15$   
 $\chi \gtrsim 0.983$  – Gou *et al.* (2014)

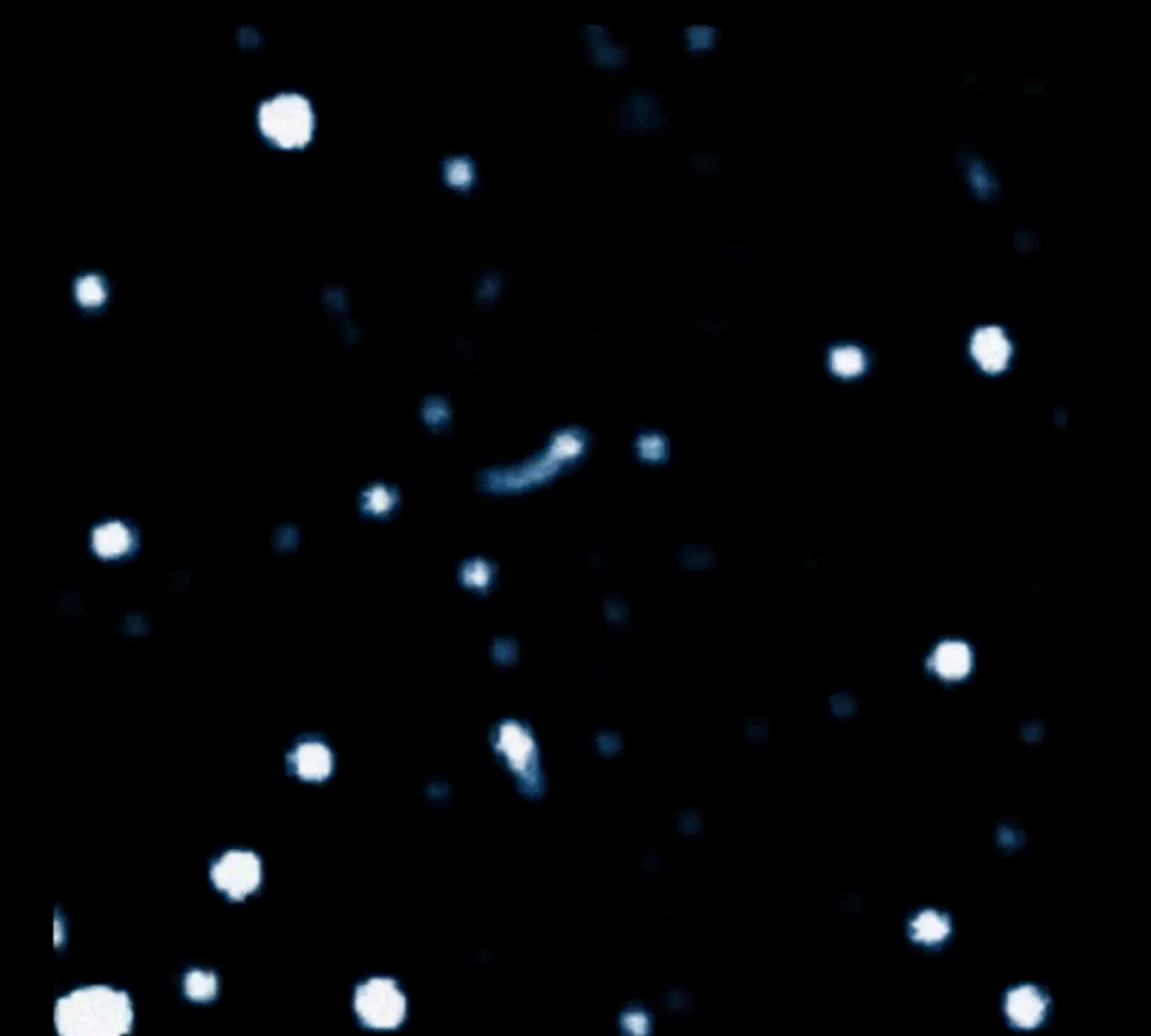


Sagittarius A\*

Black hole at center of our galaxy  
 $M/M_{\text{sun}} \approx 4 \times 10^6$   
 $\chi \approx 0$  – Broderick *et al.* (2010)

20-year time lapse

ESO very large telescope



Movie courtesy ESO...2 weeks ago