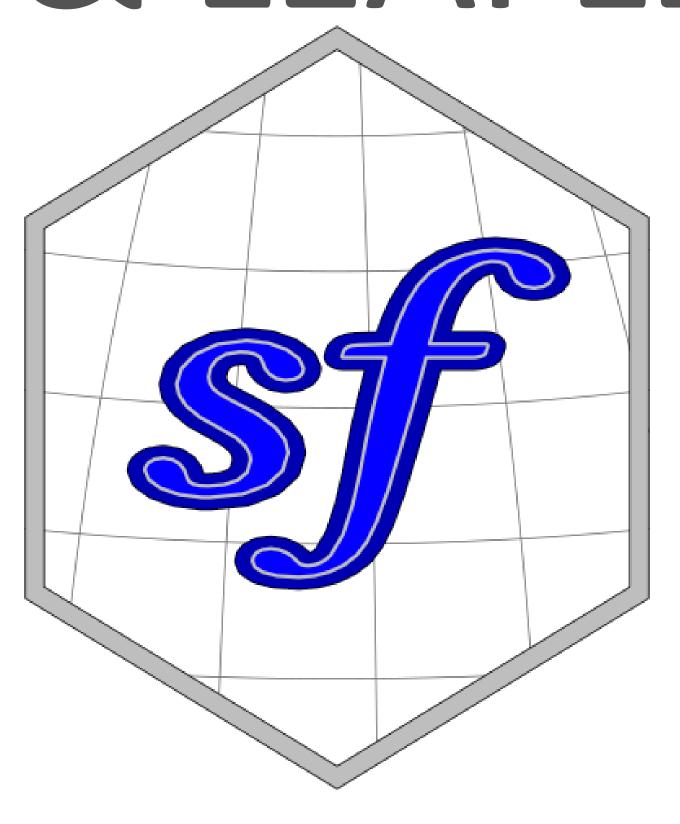
MAP DATA WITH SF & LEAFLET





OUTLINE

- Motivation
- sf
- ggmap
- Leaflet
 - Basemaps
 - Lines
 - Points
 - Shapes
 - Legends & Colors

- leaflet.extras
 - Heatmaps

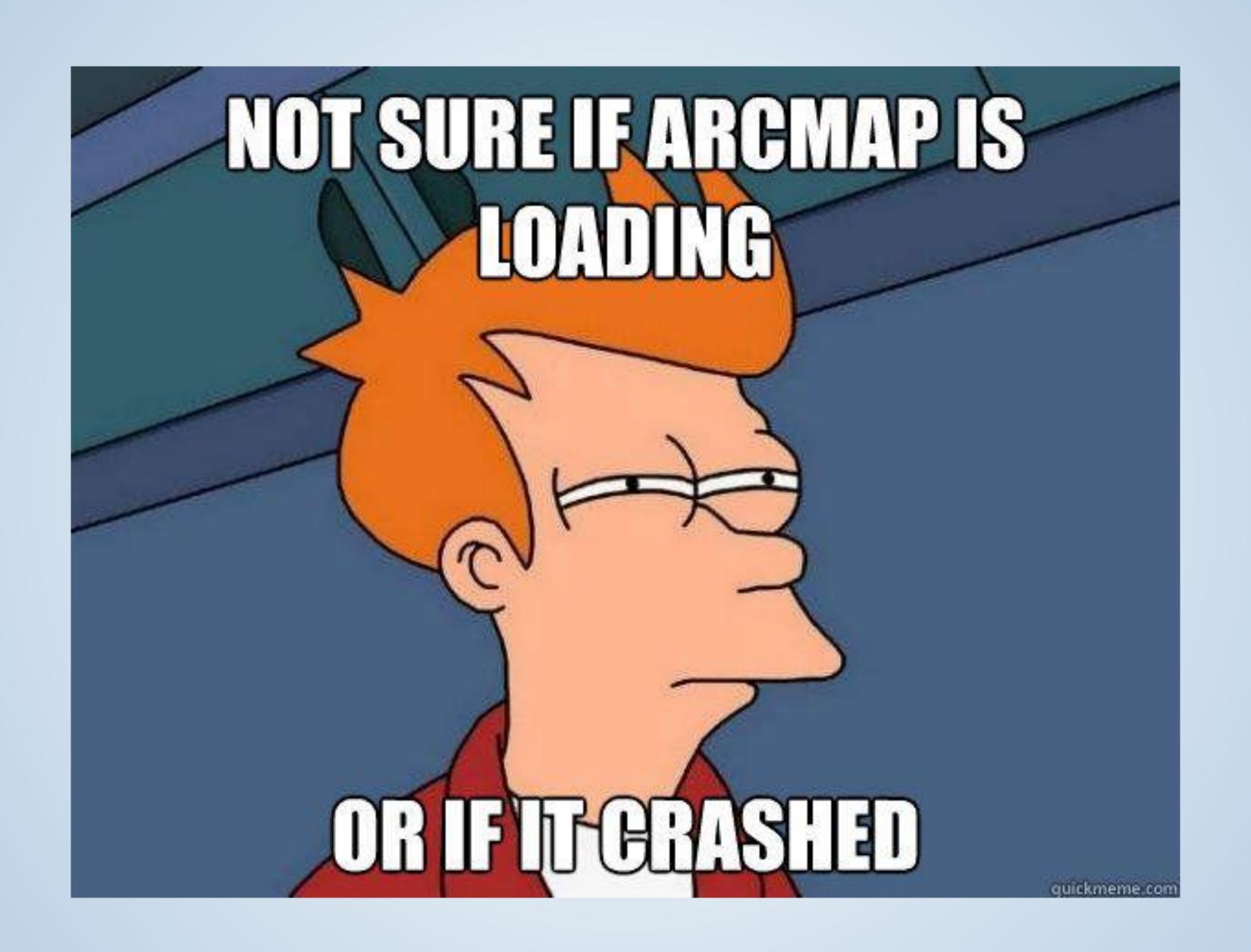
Motivation



Map of the 1854 Cholera outbreak - John Snow

"I have the same problem' is a famous last post in many forum-threads on the esri forum."

-sebastian



"R and Leaflet are free and opensource, ArcMap is very much not."

-Geoffrey Arnold

PACKAGES

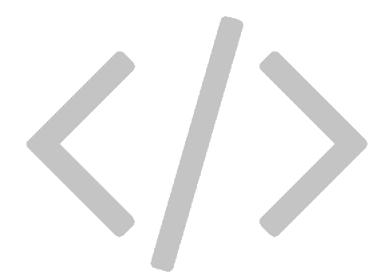
- Install these packages:
 - sf
 - leaflet
 - leaflet.extras

Spatial Data

with sf

LOADING SPATIAL DATA

- Sometimes your source data will be a data frame which you will need to join to spatial data, other times it will be included
- It may also be a CSV with coordinates, in those instances no further cleaning needs to take place



DEMO

08-Maps-Exercises.Rmd
Go to loading code chunk

IMPORTING DATA

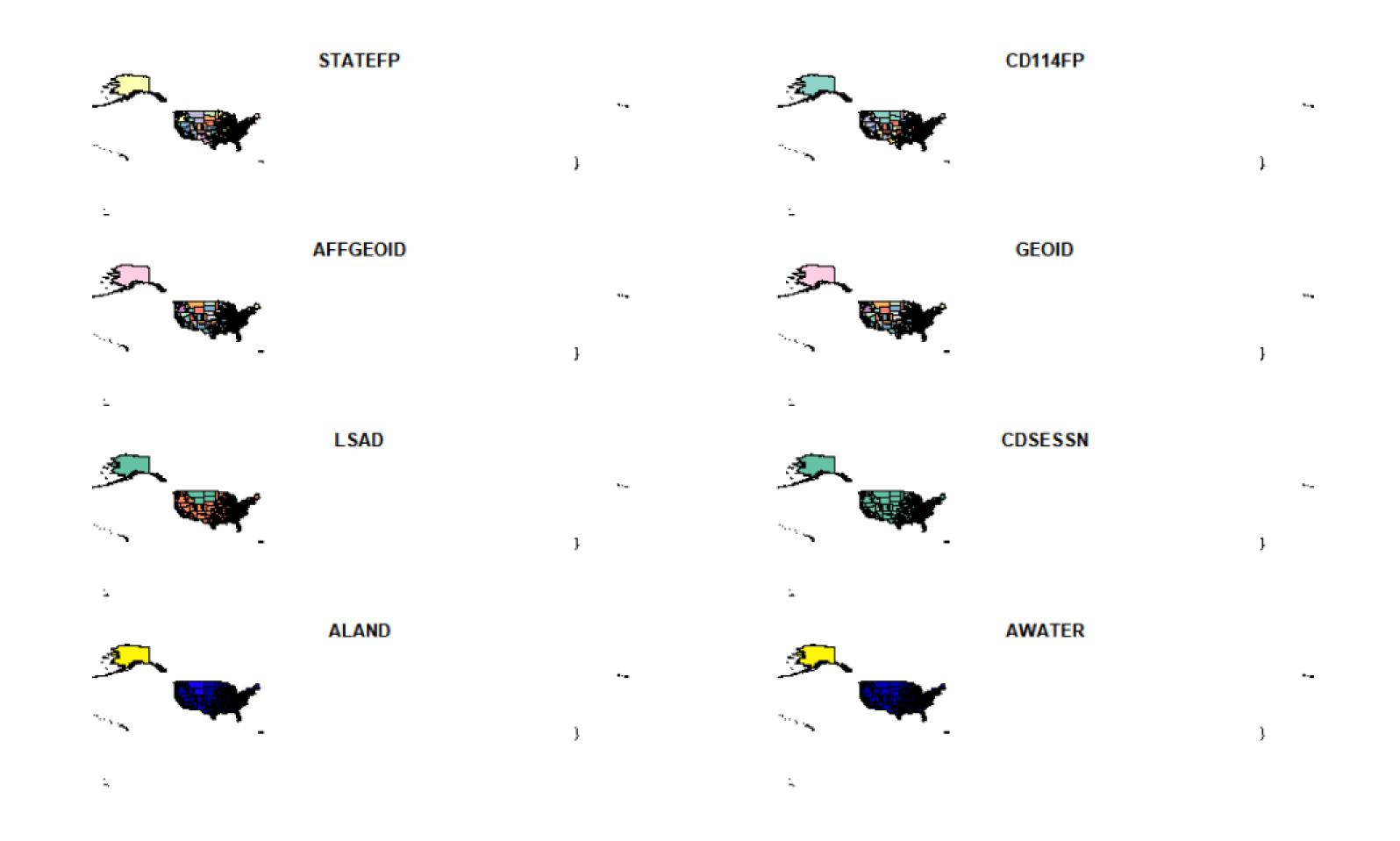
```
polls <- st_read("Allegheny_County_Polling_Place_Locations_November_2016.geojson")

cds.load <- st_read("./cb_2015_us_cd114_500k/cb_2015_us_cd114_500k.shp")

plot(cds.load)
```

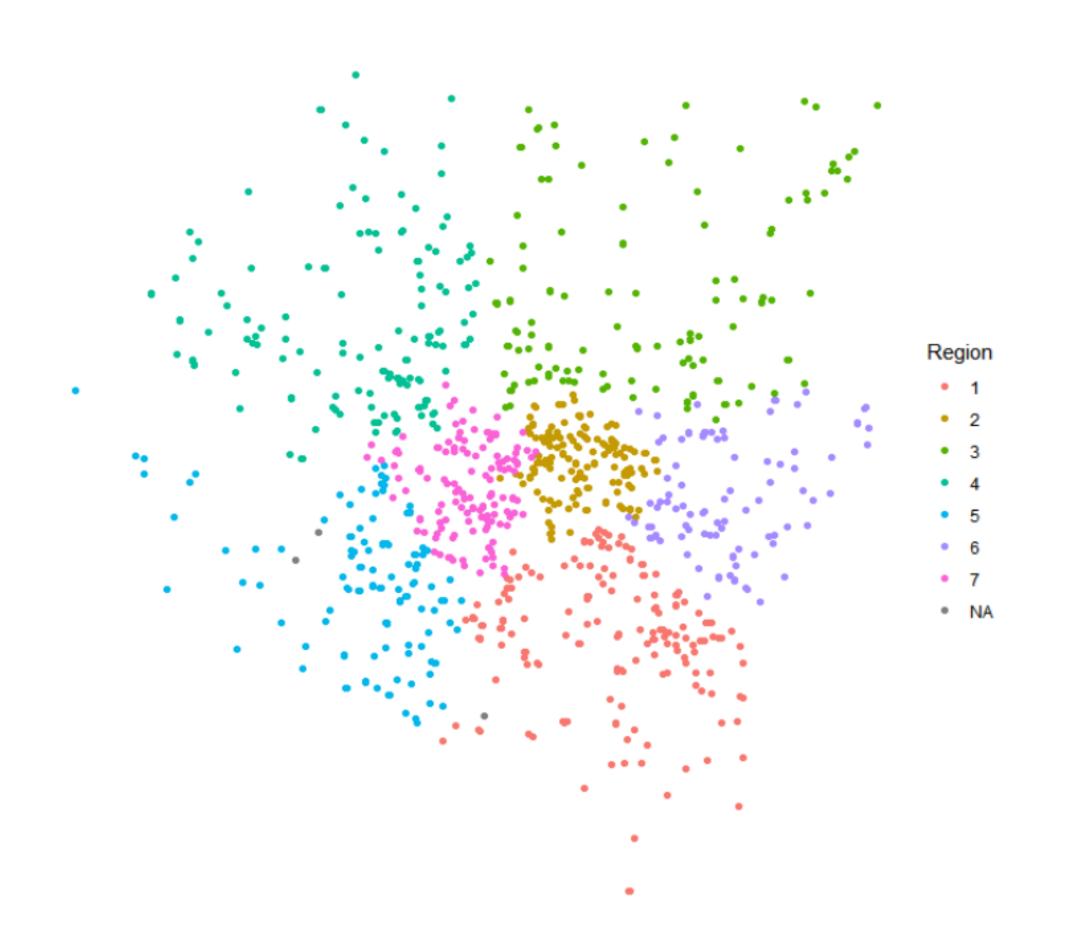
BASIC PLOT

plot(cds.load)



BASIC GGPLOT

```
ggplot(data=polls, aes(color = Region)) +
  geom_sf() +
  theme_void()
```



ADDING A BASEMAP

- Request an API Key here: https://client.stadiamaps.com/signup/
- Check your email and enter the API key into the code below and run in the Console

register_stadiamaps("Your-API-Key-here", write = TRUE)

GET A STAMEN API KEY

```
# Get the boundaries of your file to get the basemap
bbox <-st_bbox(polls) %>% setNames(c("left", "bottom", "right", "top"))
# Get the API Key from the .Renviron
ggmap::register_stadiamaps(Sys.getenv("GGMAP_STADIAMAPS_API_KEY"))
# Load API Basemap
map <- get_stadiamap(bbox, maptype = "stamen_toner_lite")
# Add map info to basemap
map %>%
   ggmap() +
   coord_sf(crs = st_crs(3857)) +
   geom_sf(data=polls, aes(color = Region), inherit.aes = FALSE) +
   theme_map()
```



Leaflet

WHAT IS LEAFLET?

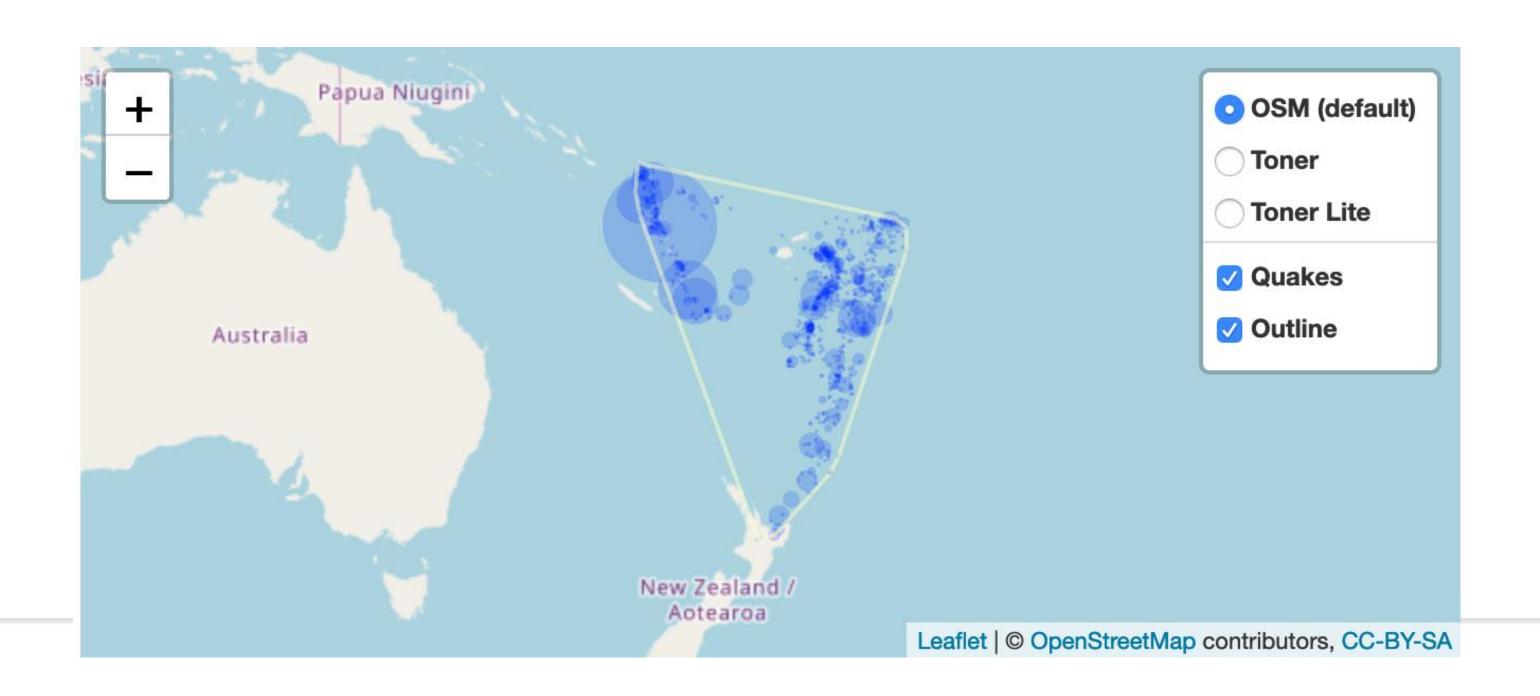
- R version of the Javavscript API of Leaflet
- One of the ways to get interactive maps
 - Others include: tmap, mapview and plotly
- Documentation: https://rstudio.github.io/leaflet/

GROUP CONTROLS

In leaflet you can add groups and give them a name.

Group names are what show up in the layer control

```
addProviderTiles(providers$Stamen.Toner, group = "Toner") %>%
addLayersControl(
  baseGroups = c("OSM (default)", "Toner", "Toner Lite"),
  overlayGroups = c("Quakes", "Outline"),
  options = layersControlOptions(collapsed = FALSE)
)
```





EXERCISE

- Create a map with layer controls
 - Get basemap provider names from here: https://leaflet-extras.github.io/leaflet-providers/preview/
 - Create 3 named basemap groups
 - Add a layer control that has the named base groups

5_m 00_s

Shapes

TYPICAL ARGUMENTS

- Ing (if a column)
- lat (if a column)
- layerId
- group (for layerControls)
- stroke (boolean, shape outline)
- color (outline color, hex values)

- weight (outline width)
- opacity (alpha of the line)
- fill (boolean)
- fillColor (hex color)
- fillOpacity (alpha of fill)
- And more!



EXERCISE

- Using the example cds to create a polygon layer
 - Make sure to include a basemap

5_m 00_s



SOLUTION

```
leaflet(data = cds) %>%
  addProviderTiles("Stamen.Toner") %>%
  addPolygons()
```

PALETTES

- palette (color brewer palette)
- domain (values to be colored)
- na.color
- alpha
- reverse (values of palette)
- bins

- pretty
- right (for cutting)
- n (number of quanitites)
- probs
- levels
- ordered

LEGENDS

- position ("bottomright" etc...)
- pal (palette from colorBrewer)
- values (domain from data)
- na.labels
- bins (buckets)
- colors
- labFormat (separate function labelFormat)

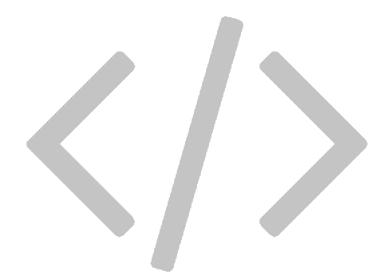
- title
- className (for custom CSS to apply)
- layerId (for input usage)
- group (for layerControls)
- digits
- big.mark
- transform (function to be applied to labels)



EXERCISE

- Choropleth Polygon map with
 - Create a color palette for Life Expectancy at Birth (years) column in the merged Congressional District data.
 - addPolygons to a leaflet map and apply palette to column
 - Stretch goal: Add a legend

5_m 00_s



DEMO

08-Maps-Exercises.Rmd Go to polygon code chunk

CLUSTERS

```
leaflet(quakes) %>%
addTiles() %>%
addMarkers(
  clusterOptions = markerClusterOptions()
)
```



WHY CLUSTERS?

Sometimes there's just a ton of data to show and trying to visualize them will bring any browser window it a crawl.



EXERCISE

- Go to 08-Maps-Exercises.Rmd clusters code chunk
 - Use 311 data to create a cluster map
 - Create a factor palette
 - Create a legend
 - Make sure to include a basemap

5_m 00_s

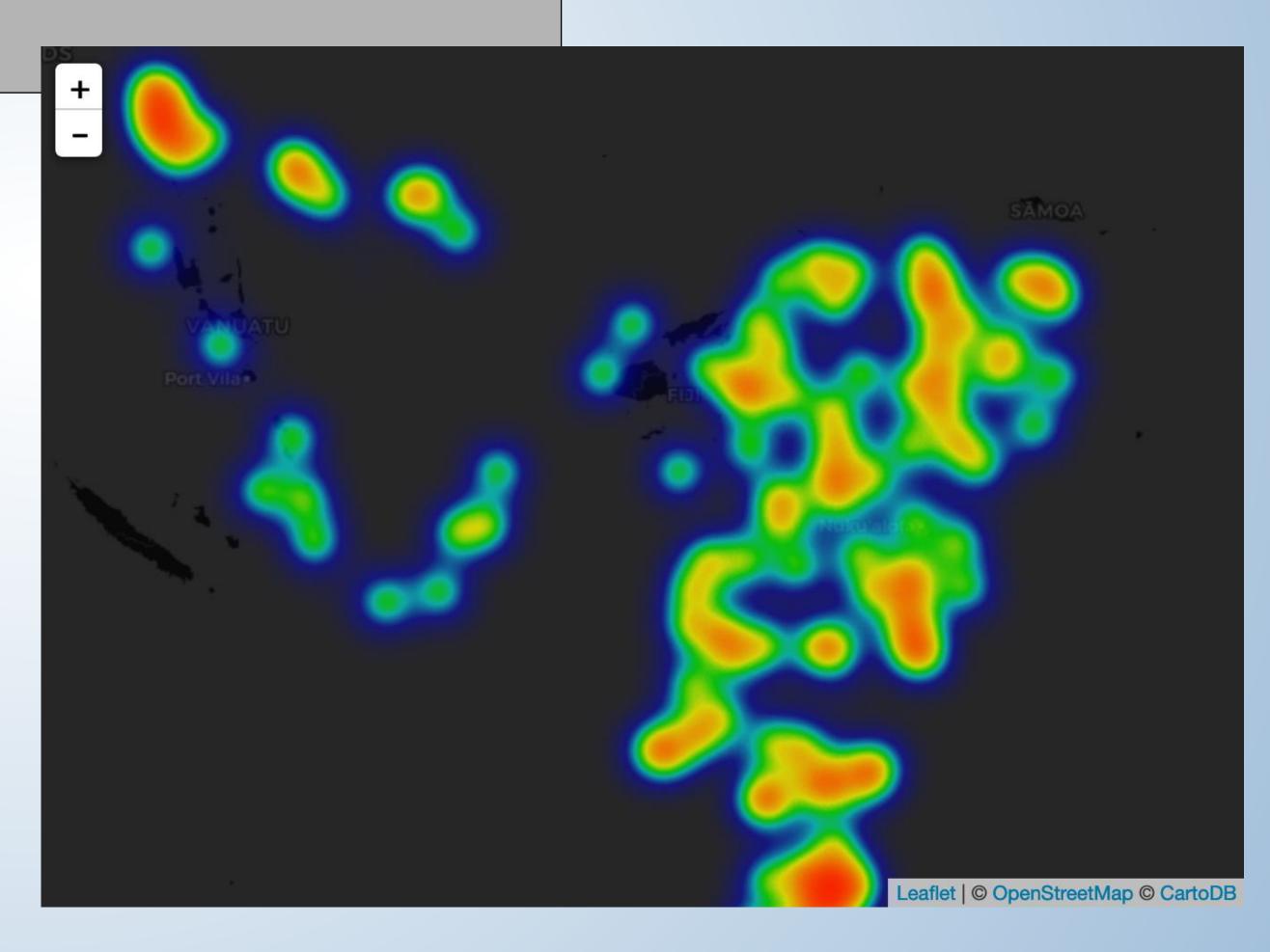
leaflet

.extras

LEAFLET.EXTRAS

- Adds some pretty nice functions to complement leaflet
 - Tile caching: http://rpubs.com/bhaskarvk/TileLayer-Caching
 - weather icons: http://rpubs.com/bhaskarvk/leaflet-weather
 - Pulse icons: http://rpubs.com/bhaskarvk/leaflet-pulseIcon
 - and heat maps!

leaflet(quakes) %>%
addProviderTiles(providers\$CartoDB.DarkMatter) %>%
setView(178, -20, 5) %>%
addHeatmap(lng = ~long, lat = ~lat, intensity = ~mag,
blur = 20, max = 0.05, radius = 15)





EXERCISE

- Using the pothole data create a heat map
 - This won't be very different from your cluster map from before.
 - Play around with the arguments for heat maps and find a radius that looks good.
- Compare your outcome with your neighbor

5_m 00_s

