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1 # coding: utf-8
2 __author__ = 'Geoffrey Nyaga'
3
4 # KENYA ONE PROJECT #
5 # Python code to solve for CL of the wing and elliptical#
6 # lift distribution without flaps .#
7
8 import sys
9 sys.path.append('../')
10 from API.db_API import write_to_db, read_from_db
11 from API.lifting_line_theory import llt, llt_with_plots, llt_subplots
12
13 import numpy as np
14 import math
15 import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
16
17 N = 9 # (number of segments - 1)
18 S = read_from_db('S') # m^2
19 AR = read_from_db('AR') # Aspect ratio
20 taper = read_from_db('taper') # Taper ratio
21 alpha_twist = 0 # Twist angle (deg)
22 i_w = 0 # wing setting angle (deg)
23 a_2d = 6.8754 # lift curve slope (1/rad)
24 alpha_0 = -4.2 # zero-lift angle of attack (deg)
25 clc = read_from_db('clc')
26
27 y = llt(N, S, AR, taper, alpha_twist, i_w, a_2d, alpha_0)
28
29 print(y[2])
30
31 def lifting_line_theory_combinations():
32
33     myans = clc #AAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAA
34     alpha_twist = np.arange(0, -4, -.01)
35     # print(alpha_twist)
36     i_w = np.arange(0, 5, .1)
37
38     x = []
39     for i in alpha_twist:
40         for j in i_w:
41             lst = (i, j)
42             x.append(lst)
43
44     finalvals = []
45     for alpha_twist, i_w in x:
46         final = llt(N, S, AR, taper, alpha_twist, i_w, a_2d, alpha_0)
47         # print (final)
48         if abs( (final[2]/myans) - 1 ) <= 0.00005:
49             # print ("Calculated CL", final[2], "possible combination", alpha_twist, i_w, "match")
50             instant = [alpha_twist, i_w]
51             finalvals.append(instant)
52             llt_with_plots(N, S, AR, taper, alpha_twist, i_w, a_2d, alpha_0)
53         else:
54             pass
55     last = np.array(finalvals).shape
56     finalval = last[0]
57     return finalval
58
59 lifting_line_theory_combinations()
60
61 def lifting_line_theory_subplots():
62
63     myans = clc
64     alpha_twist = np.arange(0, -4, -.01)
65     i_w = np.arange(0, 5, .1)
66
67     x = []
68     for i in alpha_twist:
69         for j in i_w:
70             lst = (i, j)
71             x.append(lst)
72
73     finalyy = []
74     finalxx = []
75     mycombination = []
76     for alpha_twist, i_w in x:
77         final = llt(N, S, AR, taper, alpha_twist, i_w, a_2d, alpha_0)

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78
79     if abs( (final[2]/myans) - 1 ) <= 0.00005:
80         if __name__ == '__main__':
81             print ("Calculated CL", final[2], "possible combination", alpha_twist, i_w, "match")
82             mycombination.append((alpha_twist, i_w))
83             myx = (final[0])
84             myy = (final[1])
85             finalyy.append(myy)
86             yy = (np.asarray(finalyy))
87         else:
88             pass
89         # plt.tight_layout()
90     last = np.array(finalyy).shape
91     finalval = last[0]
92     m = math.ceil(finalval/2) #used below to define number of subplots
93     fig, axes = plt.subplots(nrows=m, ncols=2)
94
95     for ax, row in zip(axes.flatten(), finalyy):
96         ax.plot(myx, row, 'r-' )
97         # ax.set_label('Label via method')
98         # ax.legend()
99         # turn remaining axes off
100     for i in range(len(finalyy), m):
101         axes.flatten()[i].axis("off")
102         # ax.legend()
103         # ax.title(i)
104     plt.tight_layout()
105     if __name__ == '__main__':
106         plt.show()
107     return mycombination
108
109 x = lifting_line_theory_subplots()
110 def final_subplot():
111     num = 1
112     # num = int(input('Select the graph:')) #AAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAA
113     return x[num-1]
114
115 y = final_subplot()
116 if __name__ == '__main__':
117     print(y[0], "this is twist", y[1], "and this is the wing incidence")
118 write_to_db('alpha_twist', y[0])
119 write_to_db('wing_incidence', y[1])
120

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