

<https://intro2r.com/> Chapter 5

CSCI 297b, Spring 2023

May 1, 2023

R graphics

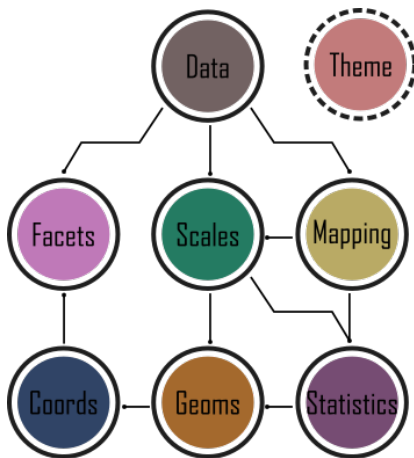
- R provides easy, quick and dirty graphics for work and exploration
- R also provides sophisticated, publication-ready graphics
- R graphics are highly customizable, feeding our creative side
- This enables better expression and communication
- Opposite of “click scatterplot button”

The grammar of graphics

- <https://link.springer.com/book/10.1007/0-387-28695-0>
- <https://www.jstatsoft.org/article/view/v017b03/v17b03.pdf>
- <https://ggplot2-book.org/>

The grammar of graphics

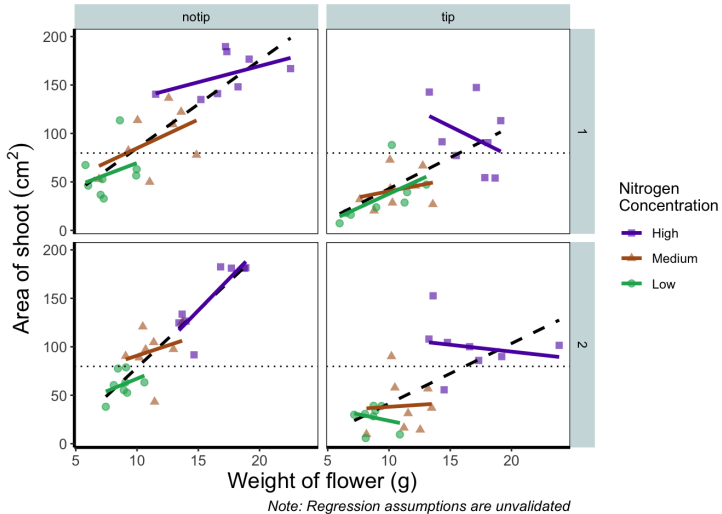
- The user should be in control of all components (i.e. layers) and produce a tailor-made figure fit for their specific needs.



ggplot2

- In 2007 ggplot2 was released by Hadley Wickham.
- By 2017 the package had reportedly been downloaded 10 million times.
- ggplot2 is not required for publication quality graphics.
- Base graphics can do the job, it's just easier with ggplot2

A final figure



- We will develop this figure step-by-step.

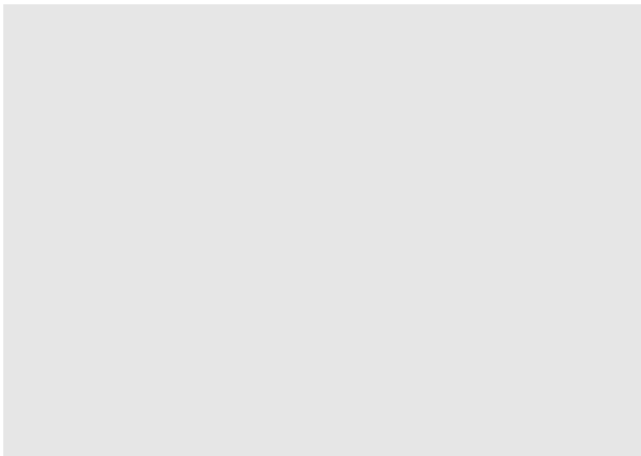
ggplot2 library

```
install.packages("ggplot2")  
library(ggplot2)
```

- Installing the package is not necessary on RStudio Workbench

The base ggplot

`ggplot()`



A reminder of the flower data set

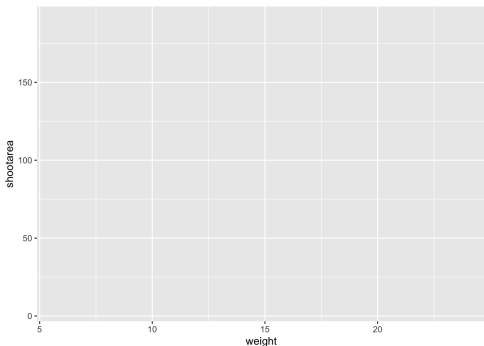
```
flower <- read.table("data/flower.csv",
                     stringsAsFactors = TRUE,
                     header = TRUE, sep = ",")

str(flower)
## 'data.frame':    96 obs. of  8 variables:
## $ treat      : Factor w/ 2 levels "notip","tip": 2 2 2 2 2 ...
## $ nitrogen   : Factor w/ 3 levels "high","low","medium": 3 ...
## $ block      : int   1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 ...
## $ height     : num   7.5 10.7 11.2 10.4 10.4 9.8 6.9 9.4 10 ...
## $ weight     : num   7.62 12.14 12.76 8.78 13.58 ...
## $ leafarea   : num   11.7 14.1 7.1 11.9 14.5 12.2 13.2 14 ...
## $ shootarea  : num   31.9 46 66.7 20.3 26.9 72.7 43.1 28.5 ...
## $ flowers    : int    1 10 10 1 4 9 7 6 5 8 ...
```

Getting started

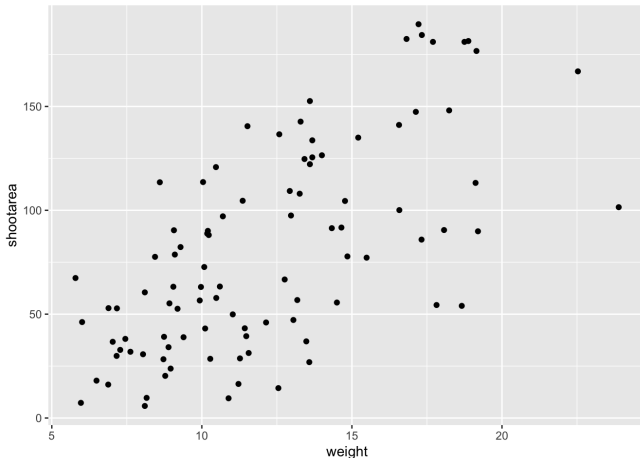
- We want shootarea on the y axis and weight on the x axis.
- To do this we specify a mapping which is an aesthetic.

Including aesthetics for x and y axes as well as specifying the dataset
`ggplot(mapping = aes(x = weight, y = shootarea), data = flower)`



To see something we need geometry layers

```
ggplot(aes(x = weight, y = shootarea), data = flower) +  
  geom_point()      # Adding a geom to display data as point data
```



ggplot is like painting in layers

```
ggplot(aes(x = weight, y = shootarea), data = flower) +  
  geom_point()      # Adding a geom to display data as point data
```

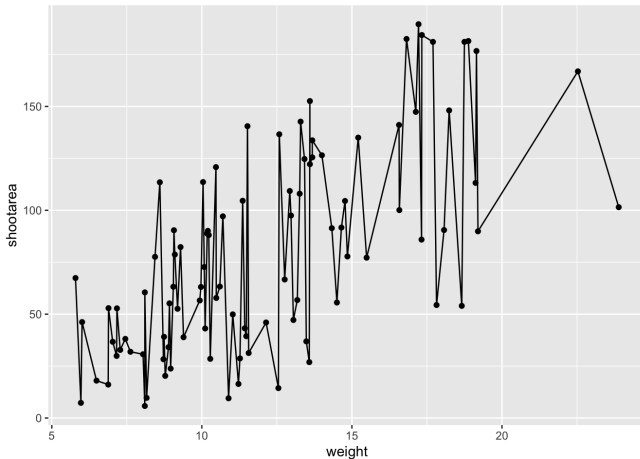
- There are three essential layers



- Other layers are optional, defaults handle most things.

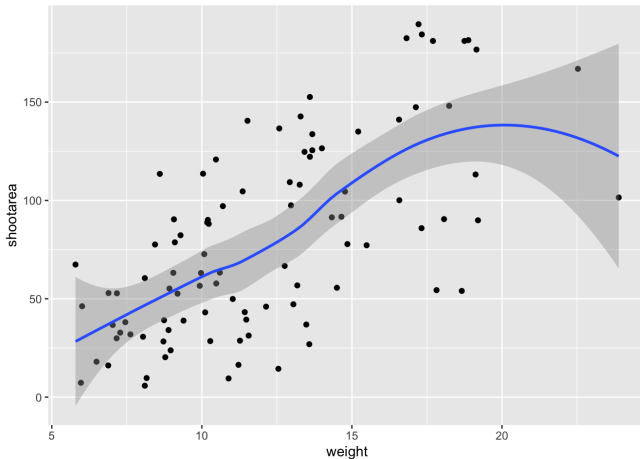
Add line geometry layer

```
ggplot(aes(x = weight, y = shootarea), data = flower) +  
  geom_point() +  
  geom_line()      # Adding geom_line
```

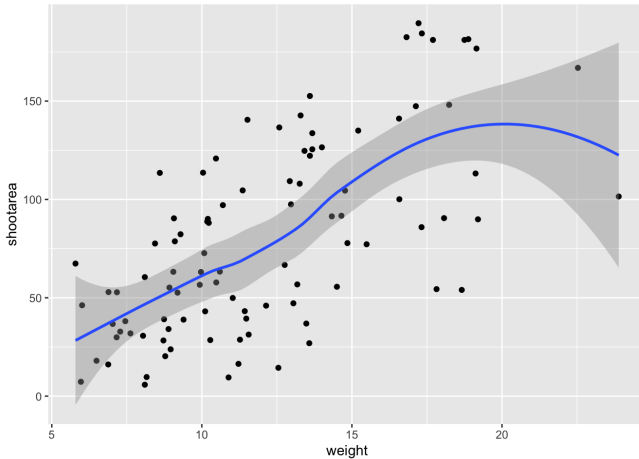


Add smooth geometry layer

```
ggplot(aes(x = weight, y = shootarea), data = flower) +  
  geom_point() +  
  geom_smooth()      # Adding geom_line
```



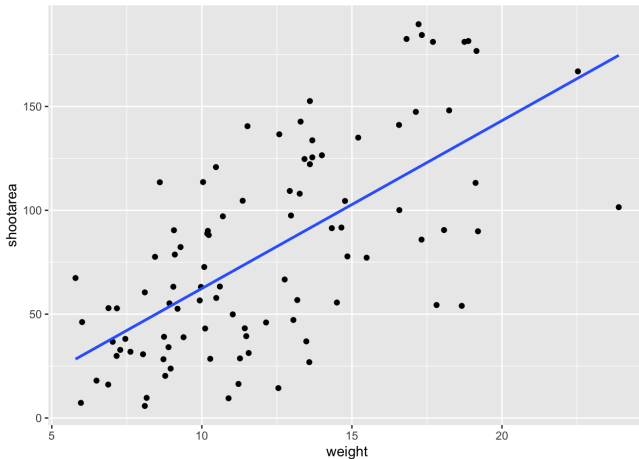
LOESS default



- locally estimated scatterplot smoothing
- We want a simple linear fit, from a linear model
- Also, remove the confidence interval

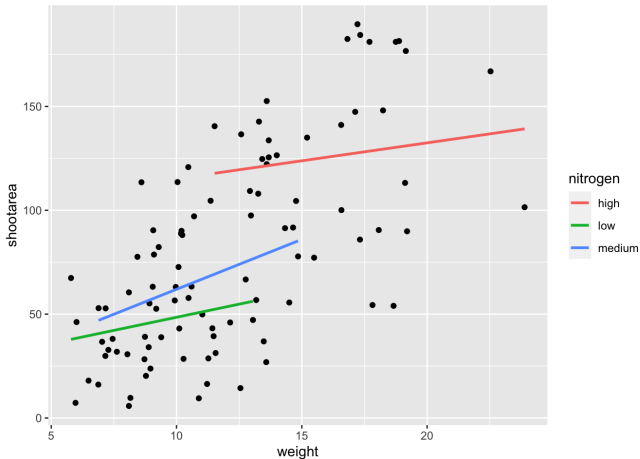
Add linear model line layer

```
ggplot(aes(x = weight, y = shootarea), data = flower) +  
  geom_point() +  
  geom_smooth(method = "lm", se = FALSE)    # method and se
```



Add linear models for each level of nitrogen

```
ggplot(aes(x = weight, y = shootarea), data = flower) +  
  geom_point() +  
  # Including colour argument in aes()  
  geom_smooth(aes(color = nitrogen), method = "lm", se = FALSE)
```



Where to put information

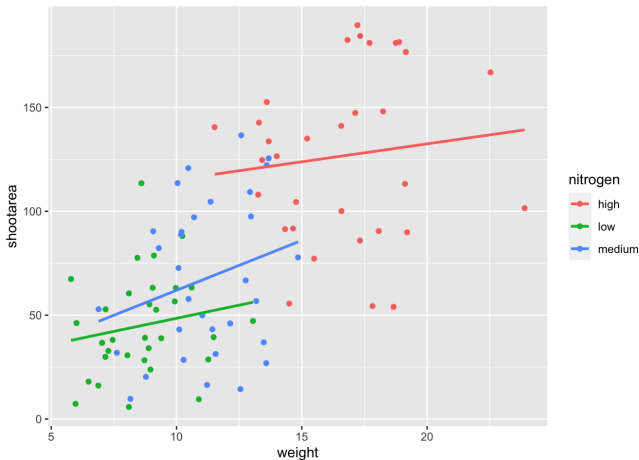
```
ggplot(aes(x = weight, y = shootarea), data = flower) +  
  geom_point() +  
  # Including colour argument in aes()  
  geom_smooth(aes(color = nitrogen), method = "lm", se = FALSE)
```

```
ggplot() +  
  # Moved aes() and data into geoms  
  geom_point(aes(x = weight, y = shootarea), data = flower) +  
  geom_smooth(aes(x = weight, y = shootarea, colour = nitrogen),  
              data = flower, method = "lm", se = FALSE)
```

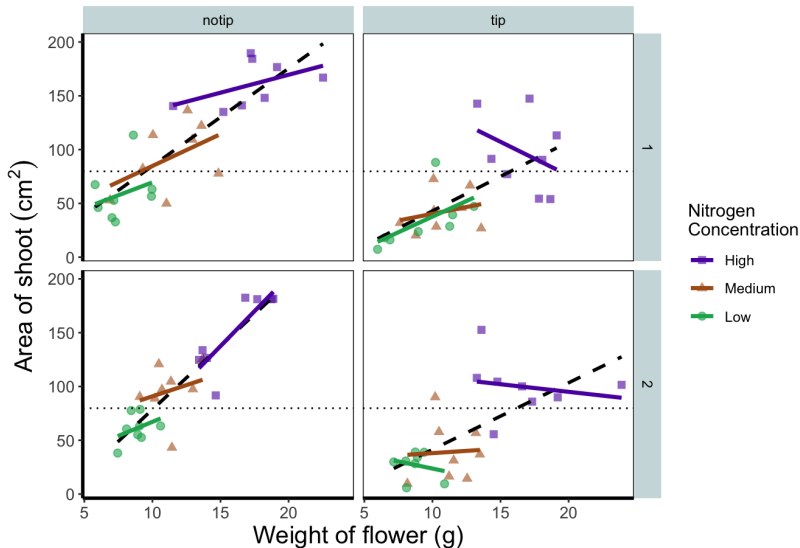
- When we include information such as `data =` and `aes()` in `ggplot()` we are setting those as the default, universal values which all subsequent geoms use.
- Whereas if we were to include that information within a geom, only that geom would use that specific information.

Moving color into ggplot colors points, too

```
# Moved colour = nitrogen into the universal ggplot()  
ggplot(aes(x = weight, y = shootarea, color = nitrogen), data = flower) +  
  geom_point() +  
  geom_smooth(method = "lm", se = FALSE)
```



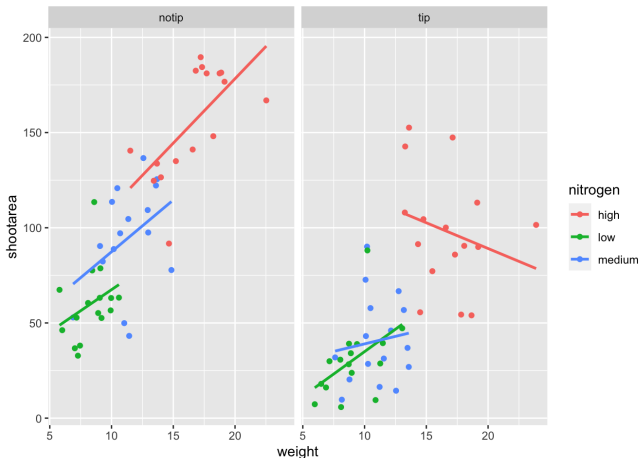
Wrapping grids



Note: Regression assumptions are unvalidated

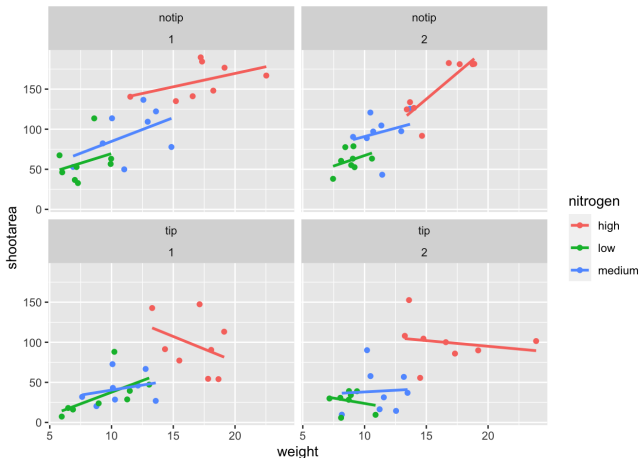
Facets

```
ggplot(aes(x = weight, y = shootarea, colour = nitrogen), data = flower) +  
  geom_point() +  
  geom_smooth(method = "lm", se = FALSE) +  
  # Splitting the single figure into multiple depending on treatment  
  facet_wrap(~ treat)
```



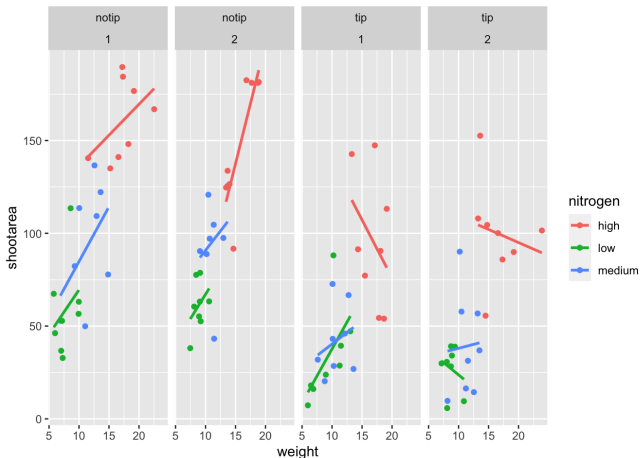
Facets

```
ggplot(aes(x = weight, y = shootarea, colour = nitrogen), data = flower) +  
  geom_point() +  
  geom_smooth(method = "lm", se = FALSE) +  
  # Adding "block" to formula  
  facet_wrap(~ treat + block)
```



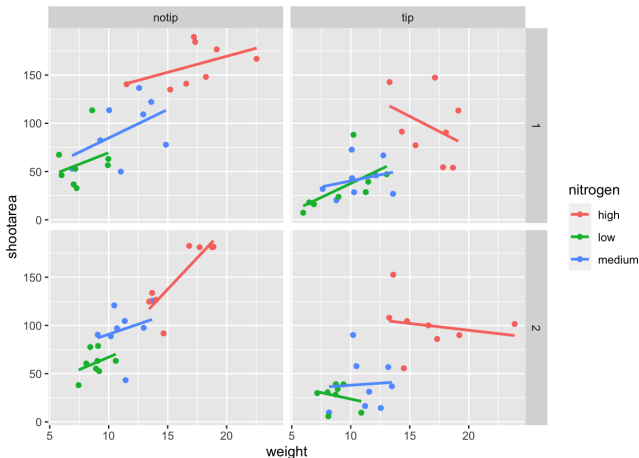
Facets

```
ggplot(aes(x = weight, y = shootarea, colour = nitrogen), data = flower) +  
  geom_point() +  
  geom_smooth(method = "lm", se = FALSE) +  
  # Changing to facet_grid  
  facet_grid(~ treat + block)
```



Facets

```
ggplot(aes(x = weight, y = shootarea, colour = nitrogen), data = flower) +  
  geom_point() +  
  geom_smooth(method = "lm", se = FALSE) +  
  # Rearranging formula, block in relation to treatment  
  facet_grid(block ~ treat)
```



Multiple figures using patchwork

```
library(patchwork)
```

- Arrange figures above and below each other with `/`
- Arrange figures side by side with `+` or `|`

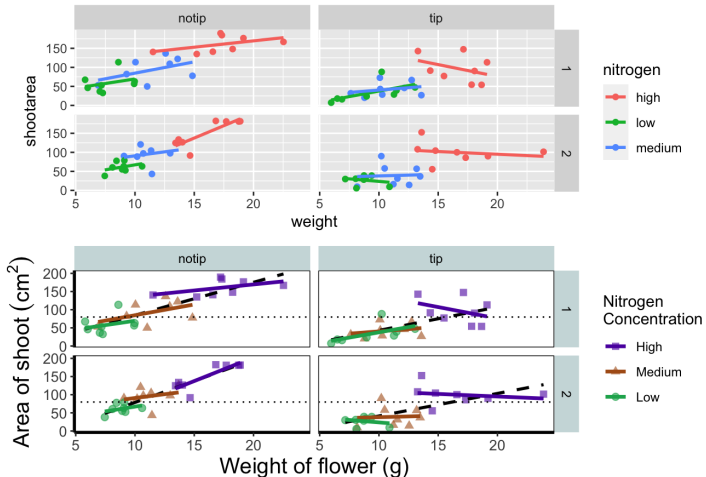
Assign plots to objects

```
rbook_figure <- ggplot(aes(x = weight,  
                           y = shootarea,  
                           colour = nitrogen), data = flower) +  
  geom_point() +  
  geom_smooth(method = "lm", se = FALSE) +  
  facet_grid(block ~ treat)
```

- The figure we just constructed
- Nothing is plotted if we assign it to an object
- To see the figure, enter its name at the console

Arrange named figures with patchwork

rbook_figure / final_figure

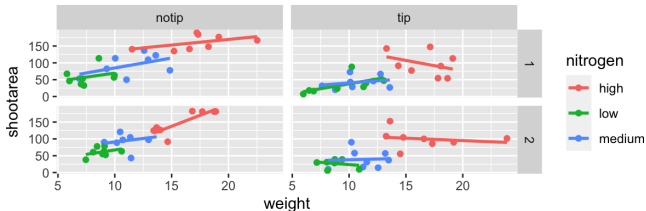


Note: Regression assumptions are unvalidated

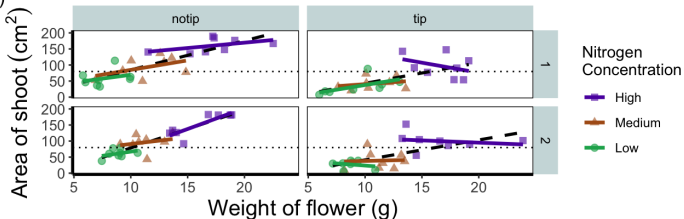
Caption individual figures with patchwork

```
nested_compare <- rbook_figure / final_figure  
nested_compare +  
  plot_annotation(tag_levels = "A", tag_suffix = ")")
```

A)



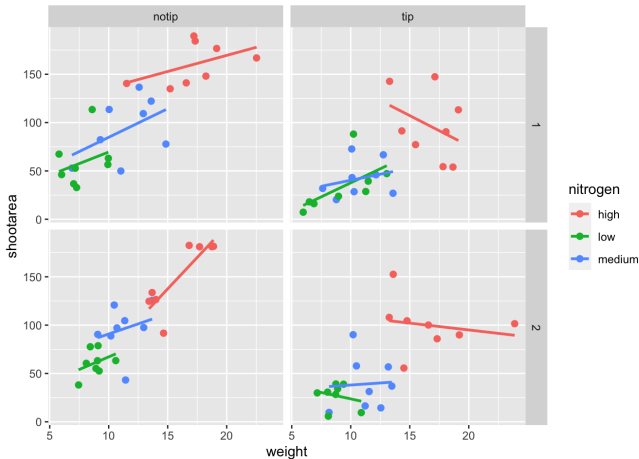
B)



Note: Regression assumptions are unvalidated

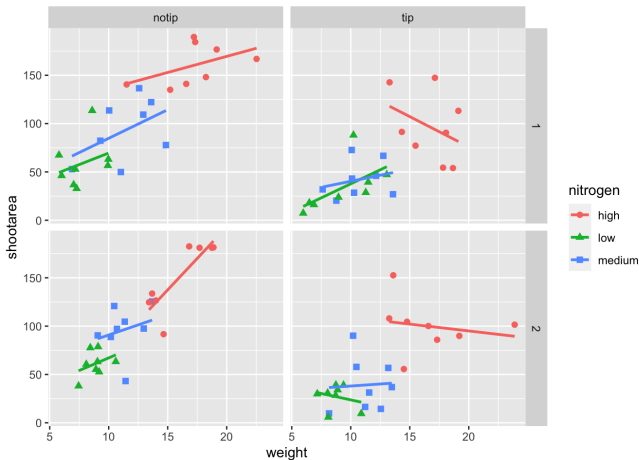
Changing point size

```
ggplot(aes(x = weight, y = shootarea, colour = nitrogen), data = flower) +  
  geom_point(size = 2) +  
  geom_smooth(method = "lm", se = FALSE) +  
  facet_grid(block ~ treat)
```



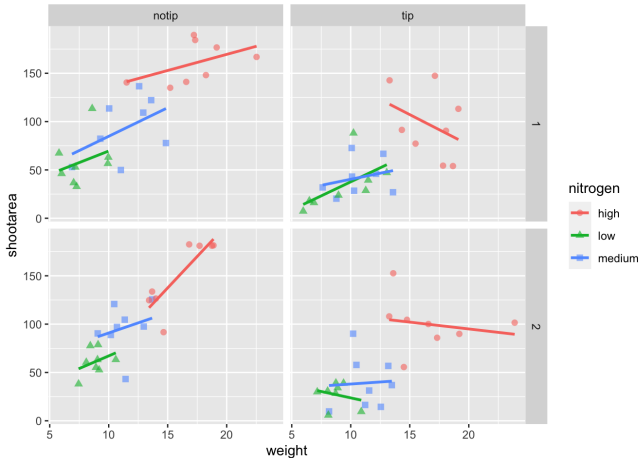
Changing point shape

```
ggplot(aes(x = weight, y = shootarea, colour = nitrogen), data = flower) +  
  geom_point(aes(shape = nitrogen), size = 2) +  
  geom_smooth(method = "lm", se = FALSE) +  
  facet_grid(block ~ treat)
```



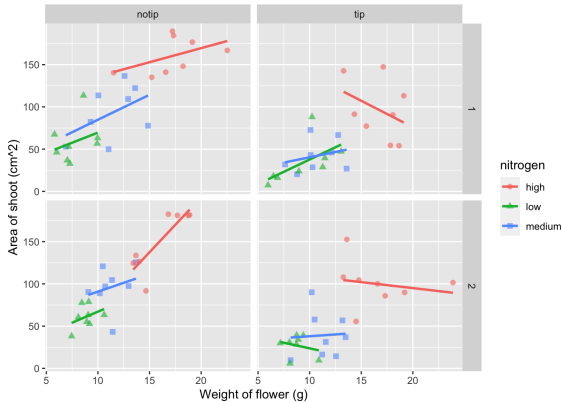
Changing point transparency

```
ggplot(aes(x = weight, y = shootarea, colour = nitrogen), data = flower) +  
  geom_point(aes(shape = nitrogen), size = 2, alpha = 0.6) +  
  geom_smooth(method = "lm", se = FALSE) +  
  facet_grid(block ~ treat)
```



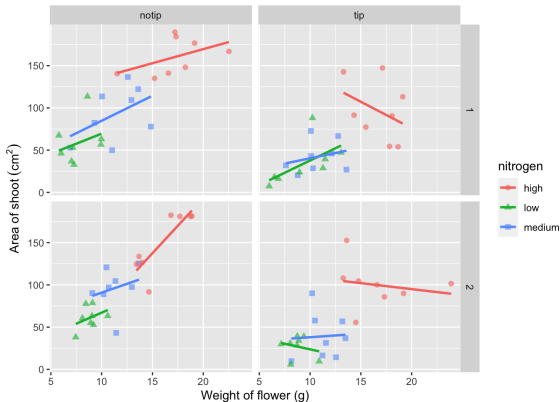
Changing axis labels

```
ggplot(aes(x = weight, y = shootarea, colour = nitrogen), data = flower) +  
  geom_point(aes(shape = nitrogen), size = 2, alpha = 0.6) +  
  geom_smooth(method = "lm", se = FALSE) +  
  facet_grid(block ~ treat) +  
  xlab("Weight of flower (g)") +  
  ylab("Area of shoot (cm^2)")
```



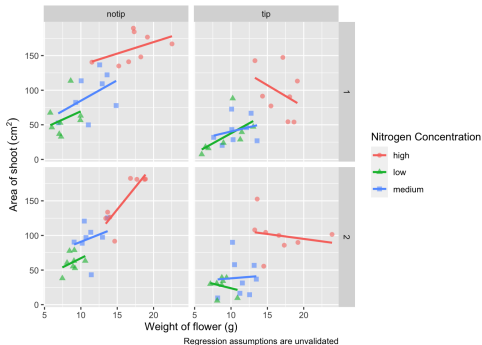
Special character interpretation with bquote

```
ggplot(aes(x = weight, y = shootarea, colour = nitrogen), data = flower) +  
  geom_point(aes(shape = nitrogen), size = 2, alpha = 0.6) +  
  geom_smooth(method = "lm", se = FALSE) +  
  facet_grid(block ~ treat) +  
  xlab("Weight of flower (g)") +  
  ylab(bquote("Area of shoot"~(cm^2)))
```



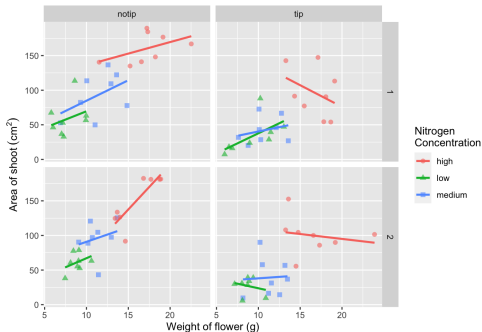
Fix some labels

```
ggplot(aes(x = weight, y = shootarea, colour = nitrogen), data = flower) +  
  geom_point(aes(shape = nitrogen), size = 2, alpha = 0.6) +  
  geom_smooth(method = "lm", se = FALSE) +  
  facet_grid(block ~ treat) +  
  xlab("Weight of flower (g)") +  
  ylab(bquote("Area of shoot"~(cm^2))) +  
  labs(shape = "Nitrogen Concentration", color = "Nitrogen Concentration",  
       caption = "Regression assumptions are unvalidated")
```



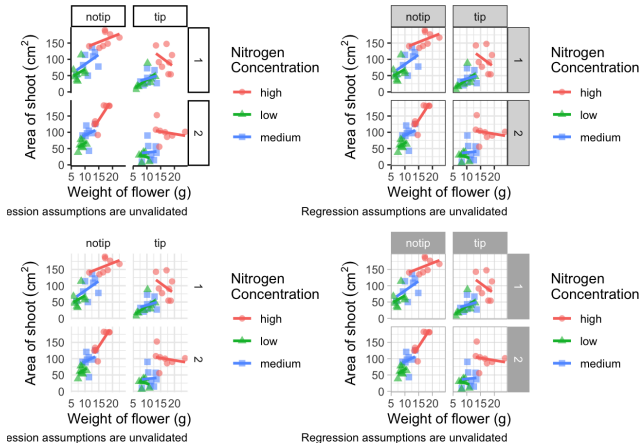
Using `\n` for newlines

```
ggplot(aes(x = weight, y = shootarea, color = nitrogen), data = flower) +  
  geom_point(aes(shape = nitrogen), size = 2, alpha = 0.6) +  
  geom_smooth(method = "lm", se = FALSE) +  
  facet_grid(block ~ treat) +  
  xlab("Weight of flower (g)") +  
  ylab(bquote("Area of shoot" ~ (cm^2))) +  
  labs(shape = "Nitrogen\nConcentration", color = "Nitrogen\nConcentration",  
       caption = "Regression assumptions are unvalidated")
```



Themes

```
classic <- rbook_figure + theme_classic()
bw <- rbook_figure + theme_bw()
minimal <- rbook_figure + theme_minimal()
light <- rbook_figure + theme_light()
(classic | bw) / (minimal | light)
```

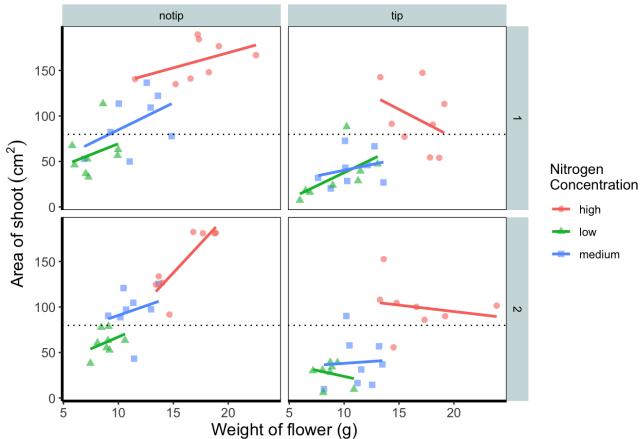


More themes

- Package ggthemes
- Write your own theme (see text)

Add horizontal line

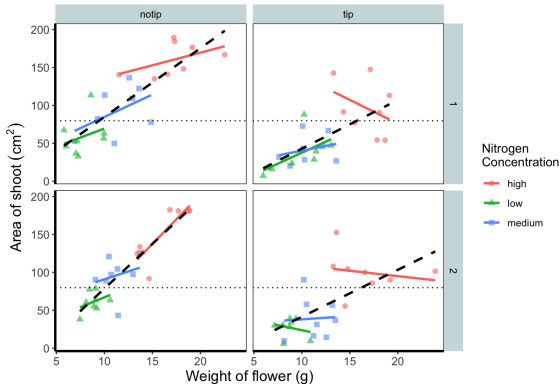
```
rbook_figure +  
  geom_hline(aes(yintercept = mean(shootarea)),  
    linewidth = 0.5, colour = "black", linetype = 3)
```



Regression assumptions are unvalidated

Adding a second geom_smooth

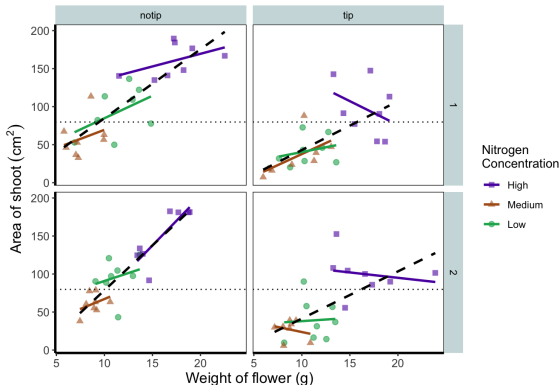
```
ggplot(aes(x = weight, y = shootarea, color = nitrogen), data = flower) +  
  geom_point(aes(shape = nitrogen), size = 2, alpha = 0.6) +  
  geom_smooth(method = "lm", se = FALSE) +  
  # Adding a SECOND geom_smooth :0  
  geom_smooth(method = "lm", se = FALSE, linetype = 2, alpha = 0.6,  
              color = "black") # overrides the default  
....
```



Regression assumptions are unvalidated

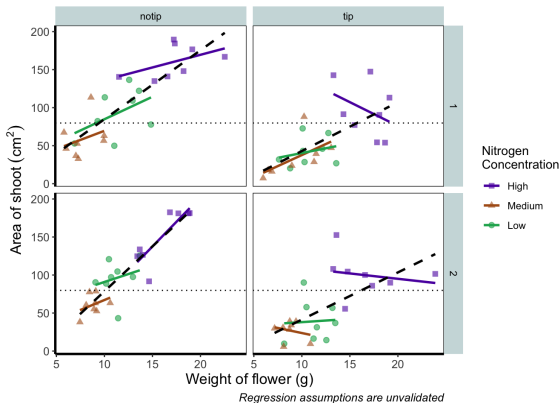
Changing colors and scale labels manually

```
ggplot(aes(x = weight, y = shootarea, colour = nitrogen), data = flower) +  
  ...  
  # Setting colour and associated labels  
  scale_colour_manual(values = c("#5C1AAE", "#AE5C1A", "#1AAE5C"),  
    labels = c("High", "Medium", "Low")) +  
  # Setting shape and associated labels  
  scale_shape_manual(values = c(15,17,19),  
    labels = c("High", "Medium", "Low"))
```



Regression assumptions are unvalidated

Labels are incorrect



- High, Medium and Low were arbitrary
- Fix with:

```
flower$nitrogen <- factor(flower$nitrogen, levels = c("high", "medium", "low"))
```

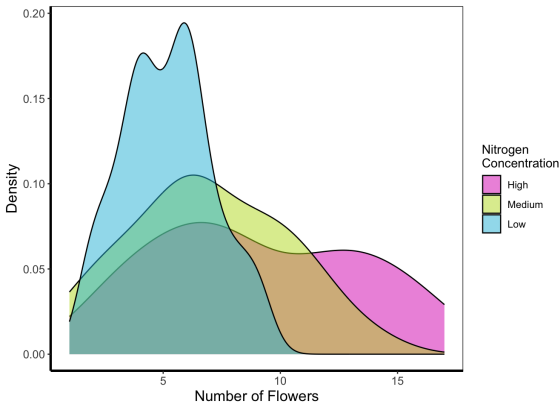
Saving ggplots

```
ggsave(filename = "areashoot_weight_facet.pdf",  
        plot = rbook_figure,  
        device = "pdf",  
        path = "output",  
        width = 250,  
        height = 150,  
        units = "mm",  
        dpi = 500,  
        limitsize = TRUE)
```

- If plot is not specified, last thing plotted is saved.

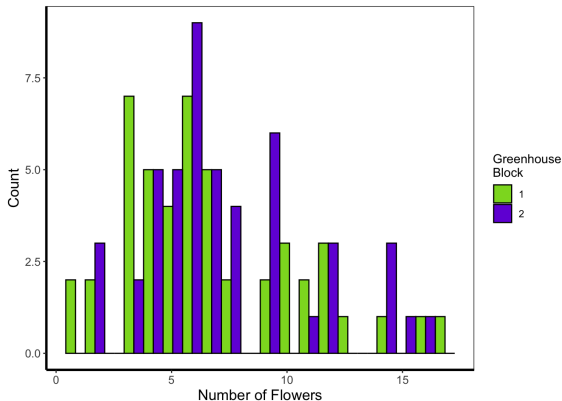
Density plot

```
ggplot(flowers) +  
  geom_density(aes(x = flowers, fill = nitrogen), alpha = 0.5) +  
  labs(y = "Density", x = "Number of Flowers", fill = "Nitrogen\nConcentration") +  
  scale_fill_manual(labels = c("High", "Medium", "Low"),  
    values = c("#DB24BC", "#BCDB24", "#24BCDB")) +  
  theme_rbook()
```



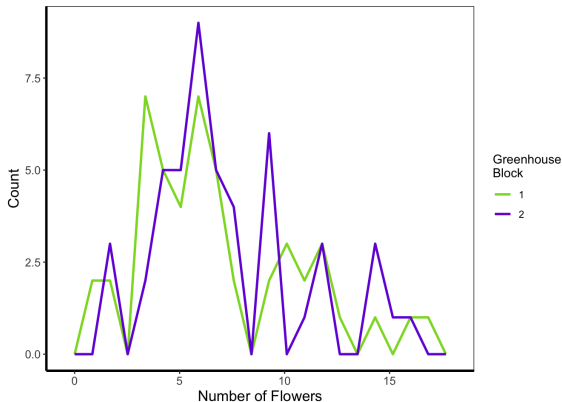
Histogram

```
ggplot(flowers) +  
  geom_histogram(aes(x = flowers, fill = factor(block)), colour = "black", binwidth = 1,  
    position = "dodge") +  
  labs(y = "Count", x = "Number of Flowers", fill = "Greenhouse\nBlock") +  
  scale_fill_manual(labels = c("1", "2"),  
    values = c("#8CD926", "#7326D9")) +  
  theme_rbook()
```



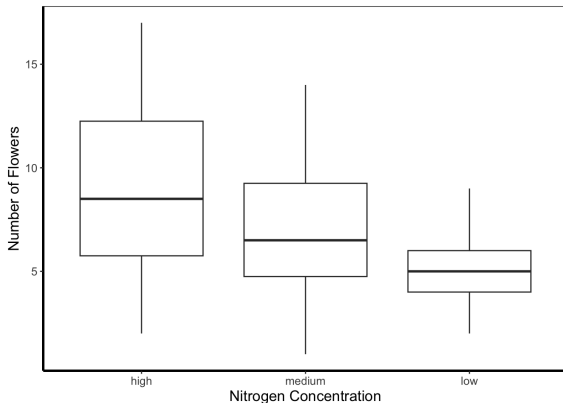
Frequency polygons

```
ggplot(flower) +  
  geom_freqpoly(aes(x = flowers, colour = factor(block)), size = 1, bins = 20  
  labs(y = "Count", x = "Number of Flowers", colour = "Greenhouse\nBlock") +  
  scale_colour_manual(labels = c("1", "2"),  
    values = c("#8CD926", "#7326D9")) +  
  theme_rbook()
```



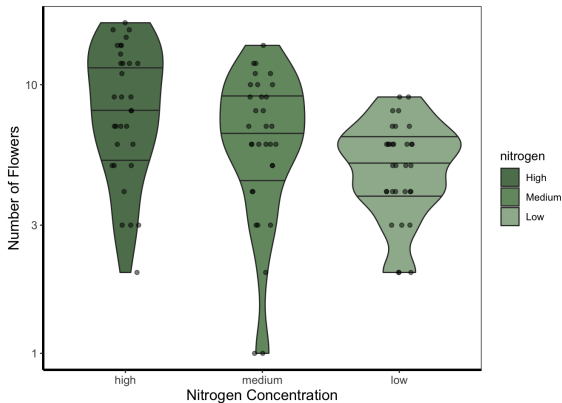
Boxplot

```
ggplot(flowers) +  
  geom_boxplot(aes(y = flowers, x = nitrogen)) +  
  labs(y = "Number of Flowers", x = "Nitrogen Concentration") +  
  theme_rbook()
```



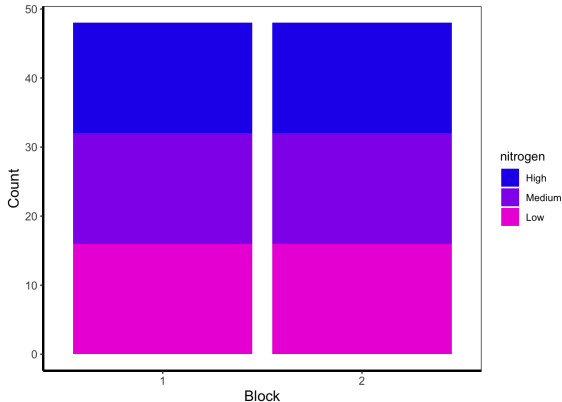
Violin plots

```
ggplot(flowers) +  
  geom_violin(aes(y = flowers, x = nitrogen, fill = nitrogen),  
    draw_quantiles = c(0.25, 0.5, 0.75)) +  
  geom_jitter(aes(y = flowers, x = nitrogen), colour = "black", height = 0,  
    width = 0.1, alpha = 0.5) +  
  scale_fill_manual(labels = c("High", "Medium", "Low"),  
    values = c("#5f7f5c", "#749770", "#9eb69b")) +  
  labs(y = "Number of Flowers", x = "Nitrogen Concentration") + scale_y_log10
```



Barchart

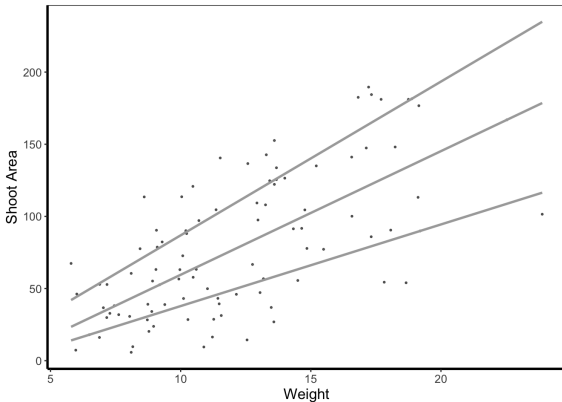
```
ggplot(flower) +  
  geom_bar(aes(x = factor(block), fill = nitrogen)) +  
    scale_fill_manual(labels = c("High", "Medium", "Low"),  
      values = c("#2613EC", "#9313EC", "#EC13D9")) +  
  labs(y = "Count", x = "Block") +  
  theme_rbook()
```



Quantile lines

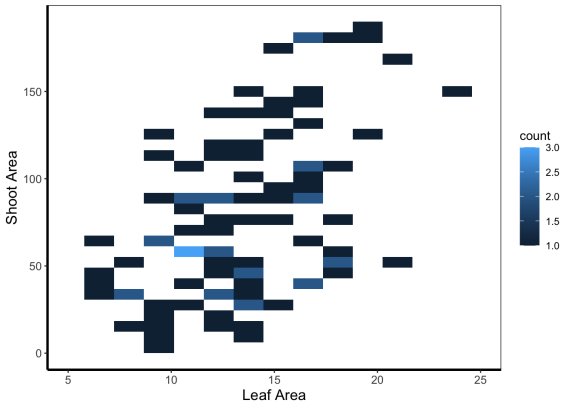
```
library(quantreg)
```

```
ggplot(aes(x = weight, y = shootarea), data = flower) +  
  geom_point(size = 0.5, alpha = 0.6) +  
  geom_quantile(colour = "darkgrey", size = 1) +  
  labs(y = "Shoot Area", x = "Weight") +  
  theme_rbook()
```



Heatmap

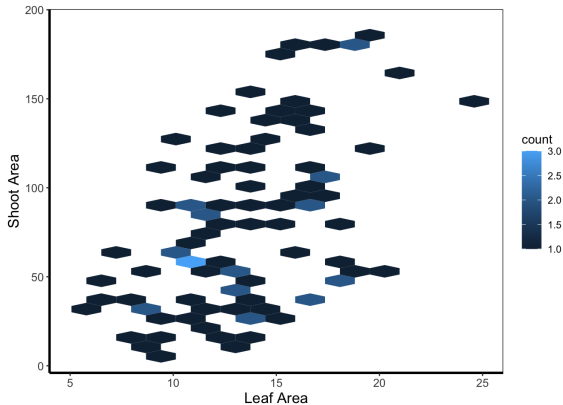
```
ggplot(aes(x = leafarea, y = shootarea), data = flower) +  
  geom_bin2d() +  
  labs(y = "Shoot Area", x = "Leaf Area") +  
  coord_cartesian(xlim = c(5,25)) +  
  theme_rbook()
```



Hex map

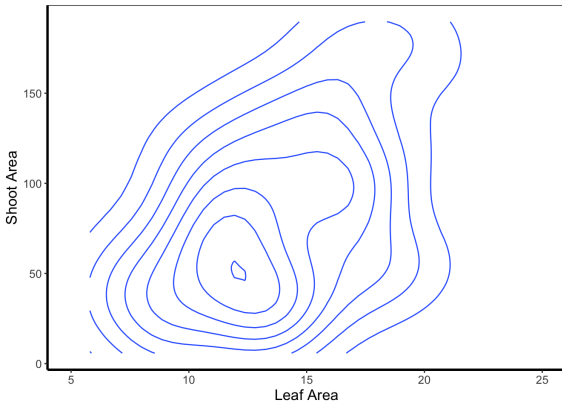
```
library(hexbin)
```

```
ggplot(aes(x = leafarea, y = shootarea), data = flower) +  
  geom_hex() +  
  labs(y = "Shoot Area", x = "Leaf Area") +  
  coord_cartesian(xlim = c(5,25)) +  
  theme_rbook()
```



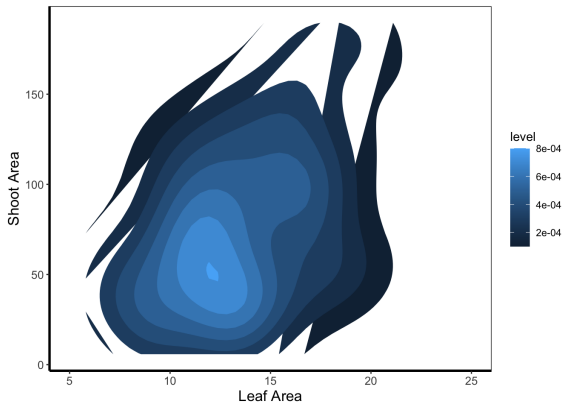
Contour map

```
ggplot(aes(x = leafarea, y = shootarea), data = flower) +  
  geom_density2d() +  
  labs(y = "Shoot Area", x = "Leaf Area") +  
  coord_cartesian(xlim = c(5,25)) +  
  theme_rbook()
```



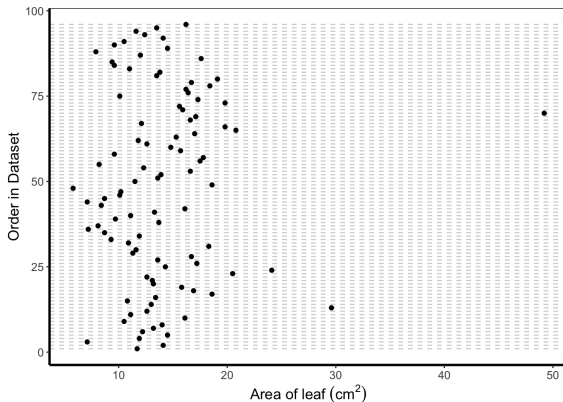
Contour map

```
ggplot(aes(x = leafarea, y = shootarea), data = flower) +  
  stat_density_2d(aes(fill = stat(level)), geom = "polygon") +  
  labs(y = "Shoot Area", x = "Leaf Area") +  
  coord_cartesian(xlim = c(5,25)) +  
  theme_rbook()
```



Cleveland dotplot

```
ggplot(flower) +  
  geom_hline(aes(yintercept = as.numeric(rownames(flower)))), linetype = 2,  
    colour = "lightgrey") +  
  geom_point(aes(x = leafarea, y = as.numeric(rownames(flower)))) +  
  labs(y = "Order in Dataset", x = bquote("Area of leaf"~(cm^2))) +  
  theme_rbook()
```



Pairs plot

```
library(GGally)
flower$block <- factor(flower$block)
ggpairs(flower, aes(colour = nitrogen))
```



