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## Συστήματα Μικροϋπολογιστών – 5<sup>η</sup> Σειρά Ασκήσεων

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Η αναφορά για την 5<sup>η</sup> εργαστηριακή άσκηση υποβλήθηκε κανονικά από τον Τζελέπη Σεραφείμ – el18849 στο mycourses. Εγώ, Κυριακόπουλος Γιώργος – el18153, αντιμετώπιζα ένα θέμα με την υποβολή της, καθώς εμφανιζόταν στο mycourses πως είχα υποβάλει την εργασία στις 25/6 (ημέρα του μαθήματος), ενώ δεν είχα κάνει κάτι τέτοιο, συνειδητά τουλάχιστον. Απευθύνθηκα με email στον κ.Πεκμεστζή και στον κ.Μάραντο, ωστόσο δεν λύθηκε το πρόβλημα μου, το οποίο θεωρώ πως ίσως οφείλεται σε κάποια υποβολή θέματος της εξέτασης μου σε λάθος σημείο, ίσως στο τελευταίο θέμα κατά την διάρκεια της παράτασης. Έχω υποβάλει την άσκηση αυτή μέσω email, ωστόσο θα ήθελα εφόσον είναι δυνατόν να έρθετε σε επικοινωνία μαζί μου, ώστε να γνωρίζω εάν υπάρχει κάποιο πρόβλημα με την υποβολή των θεμάτων μου, καθώς, όπως θυμάμαι, τα υπέβαλα όλα και εμπρόθεσμα. Ευχαριστώ πολύ.

**macros.asm:**

**PRINT MACRO CHAR**

```
PUSH AX
PUSH DX
MOV DL, CHAR
MOV AH, 2
INT 21H
POP DX
POP AX
```

**ENDM**

**PRINT\_STR MACRO STRING**

```
PUSH AX
PUSH DX
MOV DX, OFFSET STRING
MOV AH, 9
INT 21H
POP DX
POP AX
```

**ENDM**

```
READ MACRO
    MOV AH,8
    INT 21H
ENDM
```

```
EXIT MACRO
    PUSH AX
    MOV AX,4C00H
    INT 21H
    POP AX
ENDM
```

```
PRINTLN MACRO
    PUSH AX
    PUSH DX
    MOV DL,13
    MOV AH,2
    INT 21H
    MOV DL,10
    MOV AH,2
    INT 21H
    POP DX
    POP AX
ENDM
```

```
PRINTTAB MACRO
    PUSH AX
    PUSH DX
    MOV DL,9
    MOV AH,2
    INT 21H
    POP DX
    POP AX
ENDM
```

### 1η Άσκηση:

```
INCLUDE macros.asm
```

```
DATA SEGMENT
```

```
TABLE DB 128 DUP(?)
```

```
TWO DB DUP(2)
```

```
DATA ENDS
```

```
CODE SEGMENT
```

```
ASSUME CS:CODE, DS:DATA
```

```
MAIN PROC FAR
```

```
MOV AX, DATA
```

```
MOV DS, AX
```

```
MOV DI, 0
```

```
MOV CX, 128
```

```
STORE:
```

```
MOV TABLE[DI], CL
```

```
INC DI
```

```
LOOP STORE
```

```
MOV DI, 1
```

```
MOV CX, 128
```

```
MOV AX, 0
```

```
SUM:
```

```
MOV AL, [TABLE + DI]
```

```
ADD DX, AX
```

```
ADD DI, 2
```

```
CMP DI, 129
```

```
JL SUM
```

```
MOV AX, DX
```

```
MOV BH, 0
```

```
MOV BL, 64
```

```
DIV BL
```

```
MOV AH, 0
```

```
CALL PRINT_DEC
```

```
PRINTLN
```

```
MOV AL, TABLE[0]
```

```
MOV BL, TABLE[127]
```

```
MOV DI, 0
```

```
MOV CX, 128
```

```

ISMAX:
    CMP AL, TABLE[DI]
    JC NEWMAX
    JMP ISMIN
NEWMAX:
    MOV AL, TABLE[DI]
    JMP NEXT
ISMIN:
    CMP TABLE[DI], BL
    JC NEWMIN
    JMP NEXT
NEWMIN:
    MOV BL, TABLE[DI]
NEXT:
    INC DI
    LOOP ISMAX
    CALL PRINT_HEX8
    PRINTLN
    MOV AL, BL
    CALL PRINT_HEX8

    EXIT
MAIN ENDP

```

```

PRINT_HEX8 PROC NEAR
    MOV DL, AL
    AND DL, 0F0H
    MOV CL, 4
    RCR DL, CL
    CALL PRINT_HEX;
    MOV DL, AL
    AND DL, 0FH
    CALL PRINT_HEX
    RET
PRINT_HEX8 ENDP

```

```

PRINT_HEX PROC NEAR
    CMP DL, 9
    JG ADDR1
    ADD DL, 30H
    JMP ADDR2
ADDR1:

```

```

        ADD DL,37H
ADDR2:
        PRINT DL
        RET
PRINT_HEX ENDP

PRINT_DEC proc NEAR
        MOV BL,10
        MOV CX,1                ;decades counter
LOOP_10:
        DIV BL                  ;divide number with 10
        PUSH AX                 ;save units
        CMP AL,0                ;if quotient zero I have splitted
        JE PRINT_DIGITS_10      ;the whole number into dec digits

        INC CX                  ;increase number of decades
        MOV AH,0
        JMP LOOP_10             ;if quotient is not zero I have to divide
again
PRINT_DIGITS_10:
        POP DX                  ;pop dec digit to be printed
        MOV DL,DH
        MOV DH,0                ;DX = 00000000xxxxxxx (ASCII of number t
o be printed)
        ADD DX,30H              ;make ASCII code
        MOV AH,2
        INT 21H                 ;print
        LOOP PRINT_DIGITS_10
        RET
ENDP PRINT_DEC

CODE ENDS
END MAIN

```

## 2η Άσκηση:

```
INCLUDE macros.asm
```

```
DATA SEGMENT
```

```
MSG1 DB "Z=$"  
MSG2 DB "W=$"  
MSG3 DB "Z+W=$"  
MSG4 DB "Z-W=$"  
MSG5 DB "Z-W=-$"  
Z DB 0  
W DB 0  
SPACE DB " "  
TEN DB DUP(10)
```

```
DATA ENDS
```

```
CODE SEGMENT
```

```
ASSUME CS:CODE, DS:DATA
```

```
MAIN PROC FAR
```

```
    MOV AX,DATA
```

```
    MOV DS,AX
```

```
START:
```

```
    PRINT_STR MSG1 ;print Z=
```

```
    CALL READ_DEC_DIGIT ; read the first digit(tens) of Z
```

```
    MUL TEN ; multiply it so its on ten base
```

```
    LEA DI,Z
```

```
    MOV [DI],AL ; store AL(decadal digit of Z) for in
```

```
[DI] = Z
```

```
    CALL READ_DEC_DIGIT ; read the second digit(ones) of Z
```

```
    ADD [DI],AL ; store it in [DI] = Z
```

```
    PRINT ' '
```

```
    PRINT_STR MSG2 ; same procedure with Z for W
```

```
    CALL READ_DEC_DIGIT
```

```
    MUL TEN
```

```
    LEA DI,W
```

```
    MOV [DI],AL
```

```
    CALL READ_DEC_DIGIT
```

```
    ADD [DI],AL
```

```
    PRINTLN ; print new line
```

```
    MOV AL,[DI] ; AL = W
```

```

        LEA DI,Z                ; DI points to Z
        ADD AL,[DI]             ; ADD Z + W
        PRINT_STR MSG3          ; print 'Z+W='
        CALL PRINT_HEX8         ; print the sum in hex
        PRINT ' '

        MOV AL,[DI]             ; AL = Z
        LEA DI,W
        MOV BL,[DI]             ; BL = W
        CMP AL,BL               ; compare Z with W
        JB MINUS                ; jump if Z < W
        SUB AL,BL               ; else Z - W
        PRINT_STR MSG4          ; print "Z-
W=" because the sub is positive
        JMP SHOWSUB             ; jump to address for printing the sub
MINUS:
        SUB BL,AL               ; W - Z because Z<W
        MOV AL,BL               ; keep the positive value of the sum i
n AL
        PRINT_STR MSG5          ; print "Z-W=-
" because Z<W and the sub and AL has the absolute value of it
SHOWSUB:
        CALL PRINT_HEX8         ; print sub in hex
        PRINTLN
        PRINTLN
        JMP START               ; jump to start for continuous running
MAIN ENDP

INPUT_TO_HEX PROC NEAR
    PUSHF
    SUB DH,30H
    SUB DL,30H
    MOV BL,10
    MOV AL,DH
    MUL BL
    ADD AL,DL
    MOV DL,AL
    POPF
    RET
ENDP INPUT_TO_HEX
READ_DEC_DIGIT PROC NEAR
    READ1:
        READ

```

```
        CMP AL,48
        JB READ1
        CMP AL,57
        JA READ1
        PRINT AL
        SUB AL,48
        RET
READ_DEC_DIGIT ENDP
```

```
PRINT_HEX8 PROC NEAR
    MOV DL,AL
    AND DL,0F0H
    MOV CL,4
    RCR DL,CL
    CALL PRINT_HEX;
    MOV DL,AL
    AND DL,0FH
    CALL PRINT_HEX
    RET
PRINT_HEX8 ENDP
```

```
PRINT_HEX PROC NEAR
    CMP DL,9
    JG ADDR1
    ADD DL,30H
    JMP ADDR2
ADDR1:
    ADD DL,37H
ADDR2:
    PRINT DL
    RET
PRINT_HEX ENDP
```

```
CODE ENDS
END MAIN
```



### 3η Άσκηση:

```
INCLUDE macros.asm
```

```
CODE SEGMENT
```

```
    ASSUME CS:CODE
```

```
MAIN PROC FAR
```

```
    START:
```

```
        CALL HEX_KEYB        ; read first hex
        CMP AL, 'T'
        MOV BH, AL           ; store it in BH
        CALL HEX_KEYB        ; read second hex number
        CMP AL, 'T'          ; check for T to terminate
        JE FINISH
        MOV BL, AL           ; store second hex in BL
        ROL BL, 4            ; rotate it to 4 msb of BL
        CALL HEX_KEYB        ; read third hex number
        CMP AL, 'T'          ; check for T to terminate
        JE FINISH
        OR BL, AL            ; store AL in 4 lsb of BL
```

```
        PRINT '='
        CALL PRINT__DEC
        PRINT '='
        CALL PRINT_OCT
        PRINT '='
        CALL PRINT_BIN
```

```
        PRINTLN
        JMP START
```

```
    FINISH:
```

```
        EXIT
```

```
MAIN ENDP
```

```
HEX_KEYB PROC NEAR
```

```
    READ1:
```

```
        READ
        CMP AL, 'T'          ; check for T
        JE RETURN
```

```

        CMP AL,48                ; check if <0
        JL READ1
        CMP AL,57                ; check if >9
        JG LETTER
        PRINT AL
        SUB AL,48                ; turn it to binary number
        JMP RETURN
LETTER:
        CMP AL,'A'              ; check if <A
        JL READ1
        CMP AL,'F'              ; check if >F
        JG READ1
        PRINT AL
        SUB AL,55                ; turn hex ASCII to number
RETURN:
        RET
HEX_KEYB ENDP

PRINT__DEC PROC NEAR
        PUSH BX

        MOV AX,BX               ; store BX in AX
        MOV BX,10               ; BX = 10 for divisions
        MOV CX,0                ; digits counter

GETDEC:
        MOV DX,0                ; clear previous reminder
        DIV BX                  ; divide by 10
        PUSH DX                 ; push reminder to stack
        INC CX                  ; increment digit counter
        CMP AX,0                ; check if we finished with div being
0
        JNE GETDEC

PRINTDEC:
        POP DX                  ; pop from stack
        ADD DX,48               ; add 48 for the ASCII code
        PRINT DL                ; print ASCII
        LOOP PRINTDEC           ; print CX times

        POP BX
        RET
PRINT__DEC ENDP

```

```

PRINT_OCT PROC NEAR                                ; same with dec but we divide with 8
now
    PUSH BX

    MOV AX,BX
    MOV BX,8
    MOV CX,0

GETOCT:
    MOV DX,0
    DIV BX
    PUSH DX
    INC CX
    CMP AX,0
    JNE GETOCT
PRINTOCT:
    POP DX
    ADD DX,48
    PRINT DL
    LOOP PRINTOCT

    POP BX
    RET
PRINT_OCT ENDP

```

```

PRINT_BIN PROC NEAR                                ; same with dec but we divide with 2
now
    PUSH BX

    MOV AX,BX
    MOV BX,2
    MOV CX,0

GETBIN:
    MOV DX,0
    DIV BX
    PUSH DX
    INC CX
    CMP AX,0
    JNE GETBIN
PRINTBIN:
    POP DX
    ADD DX,48

```

```
PRINT DL  
LOOP PRINTBIN
```

```
POP BX  
RET
```

```
RET
```

```
PRINT_BIN ENDP
```

```
CODE ENDS
```

```
END MAIN
```

#### 4η Άσκηση:

```
INCLUDE macros.asm
```

```
DATA SEGMENT
```

```
CHARS DB 20 DUP(?)
```

```
DATA ENDS
```

```
CODE SEGMENT
```

```
ASSUME CS:CODE, DS:DATA
```

```
MAIN PROC FAR
```

```
    MOV AX, DATA
```

```
    MOV DS, AX
```

```
    MOV CL, 0                ; digits counter
```

```
START:
```

```
    MOV DI, 0                ; array pointer
```

```
NEXTCHAR:
```

```
    READ
```

```
    CMP AL, 61                ; check for "="
```

```
    JE FINISH                 ; if input is "=" then terminate the prog
```

```
ramm
```

```
    CMP AL, 13                ; if input is ENTER
```

```
    JE OUTPUT                 ; stop reading and go to the output
```

```
    CMP AL, 48                ; check if input<0
```

```
    JB NEXTCHAR
```

```
    CMP AL, 122               ; check if input>z
```

```
    JA NEXTCHAR
```

```
    CMP AL, 57                ; check if input<=9
```

```
    JBE SAVECHAR              ; then in addition with the previous chec
```

```
ks our character is acceptable
```

```
    CMP AL, 97                ; check if input<a
```

```
    JB NEXTCHAR
```

```
SAVECHAR:
```

```
    PRINT AL                  ; print the accepted input
```

```
    MOV CHARS[DI], AL         ; save it on the array chars
```

```
    INC DI
```

```
    INC CL
```

```
    CMP CL, 20
```

```
    JB NEXTCHAR
```

```
OUTPUT:
```

```
    PRINTLN                   ; print new line
```

```
    CMP CL, 0
```

```
    JE NEXTCHAR               ; check for empty area
```

```

        MOV CX,20           ; array size
        MOV DI,0           ; index to start of the array
LETTERS:
        MOV AL,CHARS[DI]
        CMP AL,97          ; check if it is lower case letter
        JB SKIP
        CMP AL,122         ; check if it is lower case letter
        JA SKIP
        SUB AL,32          ; lower case to upper case
        PRINT AL           ; print the upper case letter
SKIP:
        INC DI             ; proceed to the next element of the array
ay
        LOOP LETTERS      ; loop through the whole array printing only letters
        PRINT "-"         ; print "-"
        MOV CX,20         ; counter of array size
        MOV DI,0          ; index to start of the array
NUMBERS:
        MOV AL,CHARS[DI]
        CMP AL,48         ; check if it is a number
        JB SKIP2
        CMP AL,57         ; check if it is a number
        JA SKIP2
        PRINT AL          ; if its is number print it
SKIP2:
        INC DI            ; go the next element
        LOOP NUMBERS      ; loop through the whole array printing only numbers
        PRINTLN           ; print new line
        JMP START         ; jump to start
FINISH:
        EXIT
MAIN ENDP
CODE ENDS
END MAIN

```

### 5η Άσκηση:

(input bits) = 4095/4000 mv => mv = 4000/4095 (input bits)

Για τις θερμοκρασίες:

$$1: mv = 2000t/400 \Rightarrow t = 0.2mv$$

$$2: mv = 1000t/800 + \beta$$

Για  $t=400$ :

$$2000 = 1000 \cdot 400 / 800 + \beta \Rightarrow \beta = 1500$$

$$\text{Άρα: } mv = 1000t/800 + 1500 \Rightarrow t = 0.8mv - 1200$$

Για τις περιοχές:

$$1: 0 < mv < 2000 \Rightarrow 0 < (\text{input bits}) < 2047.5$$

$$2: 2000 < mv < 3000 \Rightarrow 2047.5 < (\text{input bits}) < 3071.25$$

Τελικά:

$$1: t = 4000 / (5 \cdot 4095) \cdot (\text{input bits}) = 800 / 4095 \cdot (\text{input bits})$$

$$2: t = (8 \cdot 4000) / (10 \cdot 4095) \cdot (\text{input bits}) - 1200 = (3200 / 4095) \cdot (\text{input bits}) - 1200$$

```
INCLUDE macros.asm
```

```
DATA SEGMENT
```

```
STARTPROMPT DB "START(Y,N):$"; Starting message
```

```
ERRORMSG DB "ERROR$"; Error message
```

```
ENDS
```

```
CODE SEGMENT
```

```
ASSUME CS:CODE, DS:DATA
```

```
MAIN PROC FAR
```

```
    MOV AX, DATA
```

```
    MOV DS, AX
```

```
    PRINT_STR STARTPROMPT
```

```
START:                                ; Read Y or N
```

```
    READ
```

```
    CMP AL, 'N'                       ; = N ?
```

```

        JE FINISH                ; End program
        CMP AL, 'Y'              ; = Y ?
        JE CONT                  ; Continue program
        JMP START

CONT:
        PRINT AL                 ; Print starting character
        PRINTLN
        PRINTLN

NEWTEMP:
        MOV DX, 0
        MOV CX, 3                ; 3 HEX digits
READTEMP:
        CALL HEX_KEYB            ; Read input
        CALL HEX_KEYB            ; Read first bit
        CMP AL, 'N'              ; Check if it is N
        JE FINISH

        ; Get digits to DX

        PUSH CX
        DEC CL                   ; For the shift
        ROL CL, 2
        MOV AH, 0
        ROL AX, CL               ; Shift left 8, 4, 0 digits
        OR DX, AX               ; Add digit to the number
        POP CX
        LOOP READTEMP

        PRINTTAB
        MOV AX, DX
        CMP AX, 2047             ; V <= 2 ?
        JBE BRANCH1
        CMP AX, 3071             ; V <= 3 ?
        JBE BRANCH2
        PRINT_STR ERRORMSG       ; V > 3
        PRINTLN
        JMP NEWTEMP

BRANCH1:
        ; 1st branch: V <= 2, T = (800 * V) d
iv 4095
        MOV BX, 800
        MUL BX
        MOV BX, 4095
        DIV BX
        JMP SHOWTEMP

```



```

        BRANCH2:                                ; 2nd branch: 2 < V <= 3, T = ((3200
* V) div 4095) - 1200
        MOV BX,3200
        MUL BX
        MOV BX,4095
        DIV BX
        SUB AX,1200
SHOWTEMP:
        CALL PRINT_DEC16                        ; Print integer part stored on AX
                                                ; Decimal part = (remainder * 10) div
4095
        MOV AX,DX
        MOV BX,10
        MUL BX
        MOV BX,4095
        DIV BX

        PRINT '.'                               ; Dot for decimal part
        ADD AL,48                               ; ASCII code
        PRINT AL                               ; Print decimal part
        PRINTLN
        JMP NEWTEMP

FINISH:
        PRINT AL
        EXIT
MAIN ENDP

HEX_KEYB PROC NEAR                            ; Insert HEX bit into AL
                                                ; see: mP11_80x86_programs.pdf pg. 20
-21
        READ:
        READ
        CMP AL,'N'                             ; = N ?
        JE RETURN
        CMP AL,48                              ; < 0 ?
        JL READ
        CMP AL,57                              ; > 9 ?
        JG LETTER
        PRINT AL
        SUB AL,48                              ; ASCII code
        JMP RETURN
LETTER:
                                                ; A ... F
        CMP AL,'A'                             ; < A ?

```

```

        JL READ
        CMP AL,'F'           ; > F ?
        JG READ
        PRINT AL
        SUB AL,55            ; ASCII code
RETURN:

        RET
HEX_KEYB ENDP

PRINT_DEC16 PROC NEAR      ; Print 16-bit decimal number from AX
-27                          ; see: mP11_80x86_programs.pdf pg. 26
        PUSH DX

        MOV BX,10           ; Decimal -> divide by 10
        MOV CX,0           ; Digits counter
GETDEC:                      ; Get digits
        MOV DX,0           ; Number mod 10 (remainder)
        DIV BX             ; Divide by 10
        PUSH DX            ; Store it temporarily
        INC CL
        CMP AX,0           ; Number div 10 = 0 ? (quotient)
        JNE GETDEC
PRINTDEC:                    ; Print digits
        POP DX
        ADD DL,48          ; ASCII code
        PRINT DL
        LOOP PRINTDEC

        POP DX
        RET
PRINT_DEC16 ENDP
CODE ENDS
END MAIN

```