Optimizing Big Data Formats for Vector Data

Emilio Lahr-Vivaz FOSS4G-NA, April 17, 2019



@CCR_inc



Agenda

formats

Introduction Use case: Streaming data Use case: Spark analytics Row vs column layouts 6 Overview of big data file Use case: ETL and tiered formats storage Spatial extensions to file Use case: Data visualization 8



Introduction

- Big data requires specialized file formats
 - o ETL, messaging, archiving, visualizations, storage costs



Introduction

• Big data requires specialized file formats









CCRi DATA TO KNOWLEDGE

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- Big data requires specialized file formats
- Benefits
 - Columnar layouts
 - Dictionary encoding
 - Efficient compression
 - Structured
 - Optimized filtering on read
 - Language interoperability

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 - Language interoperability
- Problem no spatial types



- Row layout
 - All the data for a single record is contiguous
 - Easier to write and stream

- Columnar layout
 - All the data for a single column is contiguous
 - Can be compressed much more efficiently
 - Requires much less I/O for filtering and projections



	session_id	timestamp	source_ip
Row 1	1331246660	3/8/2012 2:44PM	99.155.155.225
Row 2	1331246351	3/8/2012 2:38PM	65.87.165.114
Row 3	1331244570	3/8/2012 2:09PM	71.10.106.181
Row 4	1331261196	3/8/2012 6:46PM	76.102.156.138

Source: Apache Arrow



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Apache Avro

- Row-based layout
- Schemas
 - Embedded (file format) or centralized (message format)
 - Supports versioning and evolution
- Optimal for streaming data (i.e. Apache Kafka), as each message is self-contained





Apache Parquet

- Column-based layout
- Optimized for Hadoop/Spark
- Schema is embedded in the file
- Per-column compression
- Push-down predicates during read
- Column chunking allows skipping I/O





Apache Orc

- Column-based layout
- Optimized for Hadoop/Hive
- Optimized for streaming reads
- Per-column compression
- File-level indices
- Push-down predicates during read
- Column stripes provide parallelism





Apache Arrow

- Column-based layout
- Optimized for in-memory use
- IPC file format
- Dictionary encoding
- Zero-copy reads





 GeoMesa is a suite of tools for streaming, persisting, managing, and analyzing spatio-temporal data at scale





GeoTools data store implementations for HBase, Accumulo,
 Cassandra, Bigtable, Redis, Kafka, \$3, etc





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- Spark spatial UDFs/UDTs and query integration





- GeoTools data store implementations for HBase, Accumulo, Cassandra, Bigtable, Redis, Kafka, S3, etc
- Spark spatial UDFs/UDTs and query integration
- Declarative converter library for ETL





- No native spatial types
- Geometries are built up with lists of primitive columns
- Similar to GeoJSON, can be read without special type awareness



- Points
 - Stored as two columns of type Double, one for X and one for Y
 - Arrow stored as tuples (FixedSizeList)
- Allows for push-down filtering against each dimension



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- Avro row based WKB/TWKB/WKT



Reading and Writing Spatial Formats

- Parquet
 - <u>geomesa-fs-storage-parquet</u> SimpleFeatureParquetWriter, FilteringReader
- 0rc
 - <u>geomesa-fs-storage-orc</u> OrcFileSystemReader/Writer
- Arrow
 - o geomesa-arrow-jts PointVector, LineStringVector, etc
- Avro
 - <u>geomesa-feature-avro</u> AvroFeatureSerializer,
 AvroDataFileReader/Writer

CCRI DATA TO KNOWLEDGE

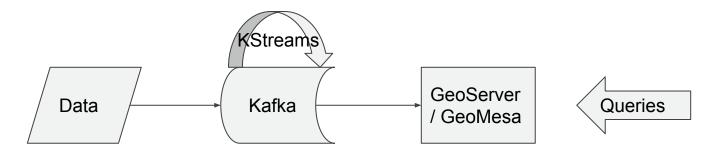
Reading and Writing Spatial Formats

- Parquet/Orc
 - GeoMesa file system data store
 - GeoMesa CLI export/ingest
- Arrow
 - WFS/WPS requests through GeoServer
 - GeoMesa CLI export
- Avro
 - WFS/WPS requests through GeoServer
 - GeoMesa CLI export/ingest
- Standard format tools



Streaming Data - Apache Avro

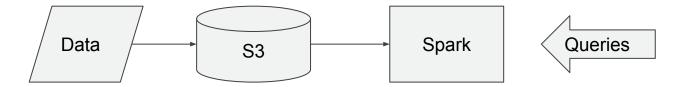
- Each message is a single record (row based)
- Apache Kafka/Streams for data exchange
- Confluent schema registry is used for managing schemas
 - Small header per message uniquely identifies schema
 - Schema evolution for adding/removing fields
- GeoMesa Kafka data store for in-memory indexing





Spark Analytics - Apache Parquet and Orc

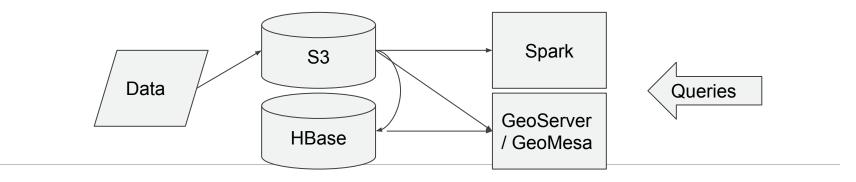
- GeoMesa Spark integration adds spatial UDFs/UDTs
 st_contains, st_point, etc
- Native input formats provide high throughput
- Relational projections take advantage of columnar layouts
- Predicates are pushed down into the file reads





Tiered Storage and ETL - Apache Parquet and Orc

- Data is pre-processed into S3 using the GeoMesa converter library to create Parquet or Orc
- Processed files are ingested directly from S3 into HBase
- Processed files are accessed with the GeoMesa file system data store for large-scale analytics
- Data age-off is used to keep your HBase cluster small
- Merged view data store shows combined HBase + S3



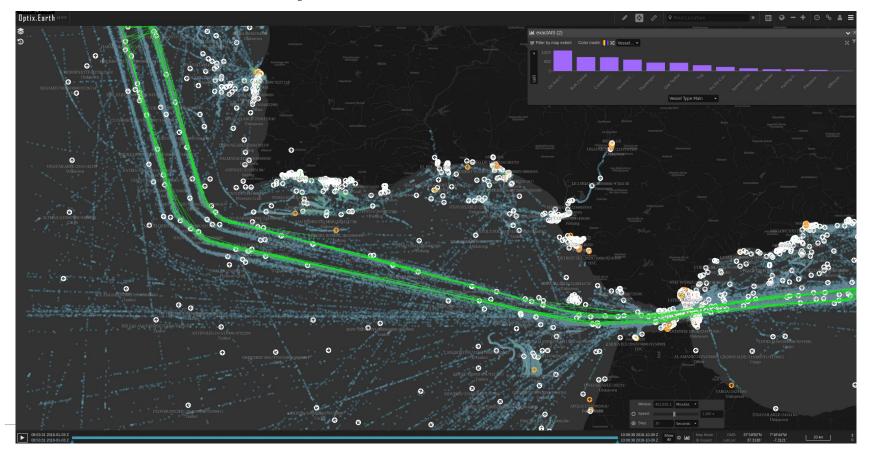


Data Visualization - Apache Arrow

- Query Arrow IPC data through WFS/WPS
 - o Distributed aggregation used where possible
- Arrow-js wraps the raw bytes and exposes the underlying data
- Can efficiently filter, sort, count, etc to display maps, histograms, timelapses



Data Visualization - Apache Arrow





Thank you

- geomesa.org
- github.com/locationtech/geomesa
- gitter.im/locationtech/geomesa
- ccri.com
- @CCR_inc