An introduction to survival analysis

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We can measure **time** in:

- years
- months
- seconds





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The **event** could be:

- death from disease
- product failure
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yes/no

TTE data consists of (time, event) tuples.

Time-to-event (TTE) data

TTE analysis is also known as:

- survival analysis
- failure time analysis
- reliability theory (engineering)
- duration modelling (economics)
- event history analysis (sociology)





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Use cases for TTE analysis:

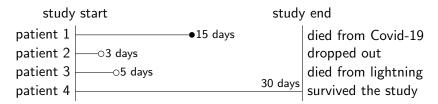
TODO

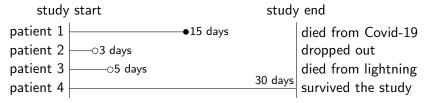


A randomised controlled trial (n = 4) was conducted to assess the efficacy of drug ABC in treating Covid-19. This is what happened to the patients:

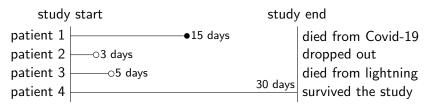
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patient	received ABC?	outcome				
1	yes	died from Covid-19 on day 15				
2	no	dropped out of the study after day 3				
3	yes	died by a lightning stroke on day 5				
4	no	survived the study (30 days)				



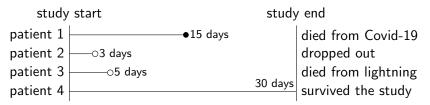


The **time** is the number of days since testing positive for Covid-19. The **event** is whether the patient died due to Covid-19.



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Time-to-event data				
	patient	time	event	
	1	15	yes	
	2	?	?	
	3	?	?	
	4	?	no	



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Time-to-event data			
	patient	time	event
	1	15	yes
	2	[0, 3]	no
	3	[0, 5)	no
	4	[0, 30]	no

Censoring

We just saw an example of right-censored data.

Survival function

Let T be a continuous random variable representing survival time. The **survival function** S(t) is the probability that an individual will survive until at least time t.

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Survival function

$$S(t) = \Pr(T > t)$$

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