

APA Referencing

THIS IS A QUICK GUIDE TO THE APA REFERENCING STYLE (6TH EDITION)

See APA Guide for more examples at <https://www.dcu.ie/sites/default/files/library/pdfs/apacitingreferencingguide2017.pdf>

- The American Psychological Association reference style uses the Author-Date format.
- Refer to the *Publication Manual of the American Psychological Association* (6th ed.) for more information.
- When quoting directly or indirectly from a source, **the source must be acknowledged in the text** by author name and year of publication.

IN-TEXT

To cite information directly or indirectly, there are two ways to acknowledge citations:

- 1) Make it a part of a sentence **or** 2) put it in parentheses at the end of the sentence.

Direct quotation – use quotation marks around the quote and **include page numbers**

- 1) Cohen and Lotan (2014) argue that "many different kinds of abilities are essential for any profession" (p.151).
- 2) "Many different kinds of abilities are essential for any profession" (Cohen & Lotan, 2014, p.151).

N.B. See the Library's APA webpage for a quotation of 40 or more words.

Indirect quotation/paraphrasing/summarising – no quotation marks

- 1) Professional knowledge alone does not make someone a very capable professional (Cohen & Lotan, 2014).
- 2) According to Cohen and Lotan (2014), professional knowledge alone does not make someone a very capable professional.

N.B. Page numbers are optional when paraphrasing, although it is useful to include them (Publication Manual, p. 171).

Citations from a secondary source

- 1) Gould's (1981) research "raises fundamental doubts as to whether we can continue to think of intelligence as unidimensional" (as cited in Cohen & Lotan, 2014, pp. 151-152).
- 2) Intelligence cannot be believed to consist of one single entity any more (Gould, 1981, as cited in Cohen & Lotan, 2014).

N.B. To cite a source you found in another source, you must acknowledge all the authors.

- The author(s) of the source referred to *i.e. Gould, 1981*
- The author(s) of the work which contains the original source *i.e. Cohen & Lotan, 2014*

In the reference list, only the book by Cohen & Lotan should be acknowledged. Do not list Gould.

- At the end of your assignment, you are required to provide the full bibliographic information for each source. References must be listed in alphabetical order by author.

EXAMPLES OF REFERENCES BY TYPE

In a reference list

1. Book with one author

King, M. (2000). *Wrestling with the angel: A life of Janet Frame*. Auckland, New Zealand: Viking.

N.B. The first letter of the first word of the main title, subtitle and all proper nouns have capital letters.

2. Book with two authors

Dancey, C. P., & Reidy, J. (2004). *Statistics without maths for psychology: Using SPSS for Windows* (3rd ed.). Harlow, England: Pearson/Prentice Hall.

N.B. Before "&" between authors, do not forget to put a comma.

3. Book with three to five authors (see Library APA referencing webpage for six or more authors)

Krause, K.-L., Bochner, S., & Duchesne, S. (2006). *Educational psychology for learning and teaching* (2nd ed.). Melbourne, Australia: Thomson.

N.B. Use & between authors' names, except when paraphrasing in text. When a work has three, four or five authors, cite all authors the first time, and in subsequent citations include only the first author followed by et al.

In-text citation

(King, 2000) **or**
King (2000) compares Frame ...

(Dancey & Reidy, 2004) **or**
Dancey and Reidy (2004) said...
When paraphrasing in text, use and, not &.

(Krause, Bochner, & Duchesne, 2006)
then
(Krause et al., 2006)

<p>4. Book or report by a corporate author e.g. organisation, association, government department International Labour Organization. (2007). <i>Equality at work: Tackling the challenges</i> (International Labour Conference report). Geneva, Switzerland: Author.</p> <p><i>N.B. When the author and the publisher are the same, use Author in the publisher field. In text, some group authors may be abbreviated in subsequent citations if they are readily recognisable</i></p>	<p>(International Labour Organization, 2007) or (International Labour Organization [ILO], 2007), then (ILO, 2007)</p>
<p>5. Book chapter in edited book Kestly, T. (2010). Group sandplay in elementary schools. In A. A. Drewes & C. E. Shaefer (Eds.), <i>School-based play therapy</i> (2nd ed., pp. 257-282). Hoboken, NJ: John Wileys & Sons.</p> <p><i>N.B. Include the page numbers of the chapter after the book title.</i></p>	<p>(Kestly, 2010) or Kestly (2010) compares educational settings of ...</p>
<p>6. Electronic book (eBook) Nydegger, R. (2018). <i>Clocking in: The psychology of work</i>. Retrieved from https://ebookcentral.proquest.com</p> <p><i>N.B. Use the URL of the eBook's homepage or the DOI (Digital Object identifier).</i></p>	<p>(Nydegger, 2018) or Nydegger (2018) examines...</p>
<p>7. Course handout/Lecture notes (electronic version) Archard, S., Merry, R., & Nicholson, C. (2011). <i>Karakia and waiata</i> [Powerpoint slides]. Retrieved from TEPS757-11B (NET): Communities of Learners website: http://elearn.waikato.ac.nz/mod/resource/view.php?id=174650</p> <p><i>N.B. Put format in square brackets - e.g. [Lecture notes] [Panopto video]. This referencing format should be used only for your assignments.</i></p>	<p>(Archard, Merry, & Nicholson, 2011) then subsequently, if 3-5 authors (Archard et al., 2011)</p>
<p>8. Video (e.g. YouTube) University of Waikato Library. (2017, September 18). <i>APA referencing</i> [Video file]. Retrieved from https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=8nhWZ_RumSE&list=PLV6rcj47rsw8LffYhAwLlv37MQDARyFNw</p> <p><i>N.B. Use the uploader's name as the author.</i></p>	<p>(University of Waikato Library, 2017) or University of Waikato Library (2014) demonstrates...</p>
<p>9. Journal article (academic/scholarly) with DOI Cavenagh, N., & Ramadurai, R. (2017). On the distances between Latin squares and the smallest defining set size. <i>Journal of Combinatorial Designs</i>, 25(4), 147–158. https://doi.org/10.1002/jcd.21529</p> <p><i>N.B. DOI (Digital Object Identifier) is a unique code assigned to a scholarly/academic publication, which links to the article online. Note: Many journals in Psychology and other disciplines use continuous pagination, so the issue number is not required</i></p>	<p>(Cavenagh & Ramadurai, 2017) or Cavenagh and Ramadurai (2017) recommend...</p>
<p>9a. Journal article with no DOI Germann, F., Ebbes, P., & Grewal, R. (2015). The chief marketing officer matters! <i>Journal of Marketing</i>, 79(3), 1-22.</p> <p><i>N.B. Retain original punctuation of titles. A capital letter is used for key words in the journal title. The journal title and volume number are italicised, followed by the issue number in brackets (not italicised).</i></p>	<p>Germann, Ebbes, and Grewal (2015) claim that “there have been ...” (p. 19). then subsequently, if 3-5 authors Germann et al. (2015) argue ...</p>
<p>10. Magazine – popular/trade/general interest Goodwin, D. K. (2002, February 4). How I caused that story. <i>Time</i>, 159(5), 69.</p> <p><i>N.B. Full date is used if published weekly; month and year if monthly.</i></p>	<p>(Goodwin, 2002) or Goodwin (2002) defends ...</p>
<p>11. Newspaper article Coster, D. (2017, June 12). Driver who caused man's death is placed into dementia care. <i>Stuff</i>. Retrieved from http://www.stuff.co.nz/</p> <p><i>N.B Use the URL of the newspaper's homepage, as a direct link to an online article in a newspaper website is not a persistent link.</i></p>	<p>(Coster, 2017) or Coster (2017) reports ...</p>
<p>12. Personal Communication</p> <p><i>N.B. Information such as Letters, telephone conversations, emails, interviews, and private social networking is called “Personal Communication”, and no reference list entry is required</i></p>	<p>(W. Bush, personal communication, March 19, 2017)</p>
<p>13. Reference book – dictionary or encyclopedia entry Cervený, R. S., & Haines-Young, R. (2016). Climate change. In D. S. G. Thomas & A. Goudie (Eds.), <i>The dictionary of physical geography</i> (4th ed.). Oxford, United Kingdom: Blackwell.</p> <p><i>N.B. If no author stated, the entry's title takes the author position. For online dictionaries and encyclopedias, a retrieval statement takes the place of publisher location / name</i></p>	<p>(Cervený & Haines-Young, 2016) or Cervený and Haines-Young (2016) state ...</p>
<p>14. Webpage New Zealand Trade and Enterprise. (n.d.). <i>Agribusiness</i>. Retrieved from https://www.nzte.govt.nz</p> <p><i>N.B. (n.d.) = no date. The basic format is: (1) Author (could be organisation). (2) Date (either date of publication or latest update). (3) Title. (4) URL.</i></p>	<p>(New Zealand Trade and Enterprise, n.d., para. 1) For direct quote, cite the paragraph number in text</p>