

HEP NTUA Weekly Report

4/1/2021

George Bakas



Summary

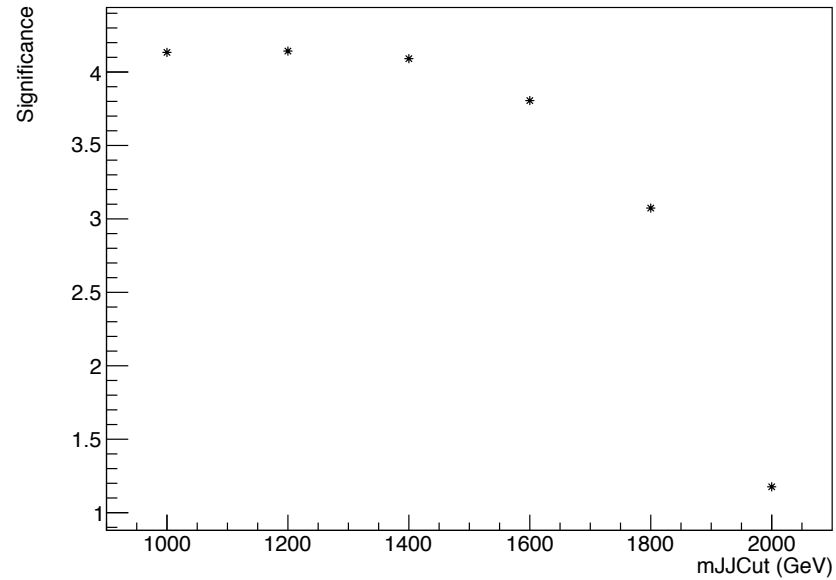
Angular Distributions, Z' analysis:

- Significance plots:
 - 1TeV – 2TeV mJJ Cut every 250GeV
 - Significance vs mJJ Cut for every Zprime mass, width pair
 - Full Run II (2016, 2017, 2018)
 - Search for the maximum significance for every mJJ Cut
- $Significance = \frac{Signal}{\sqrt{Signal+Background}}$, where signal is the Zprime events and bkg \rightarrow ttbar, qcd, subdominant

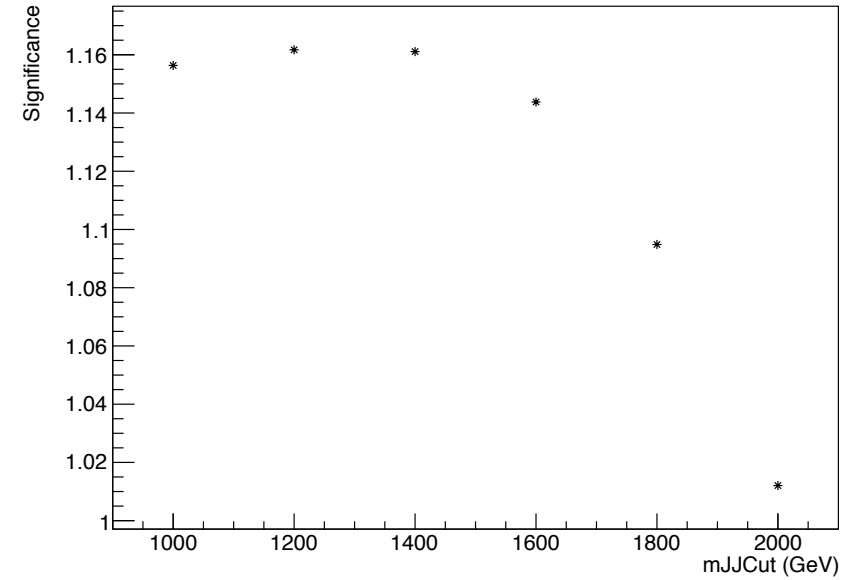


Significance Plots 2016, width 1%

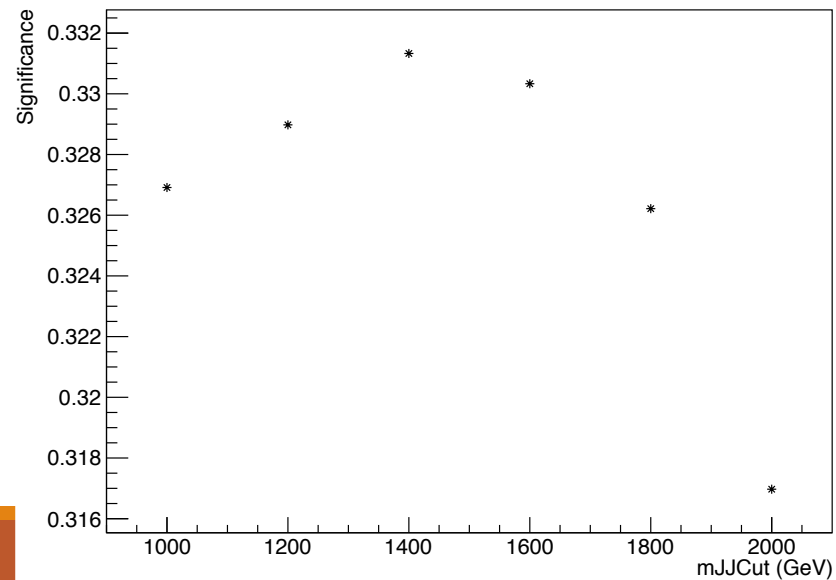
Significance_M2000_W20



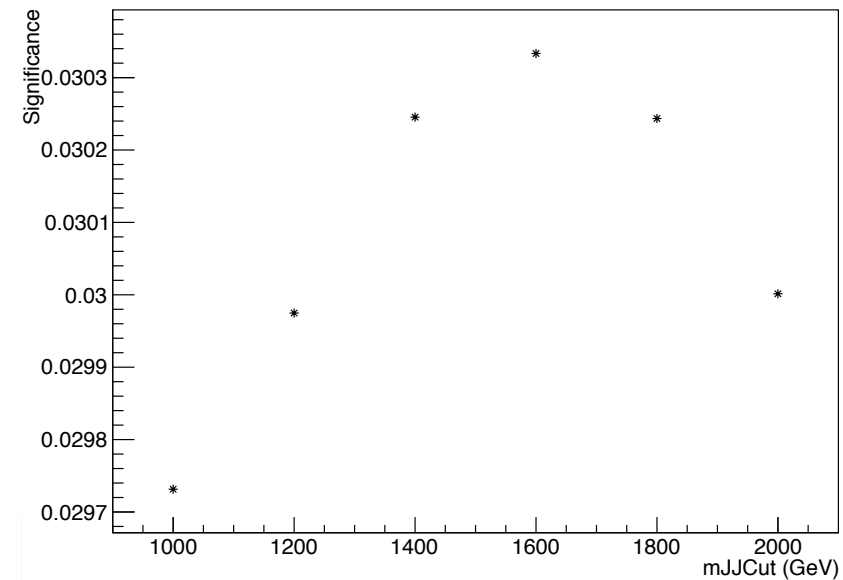
Significance_M2500_W25



Significance_M3000_W30

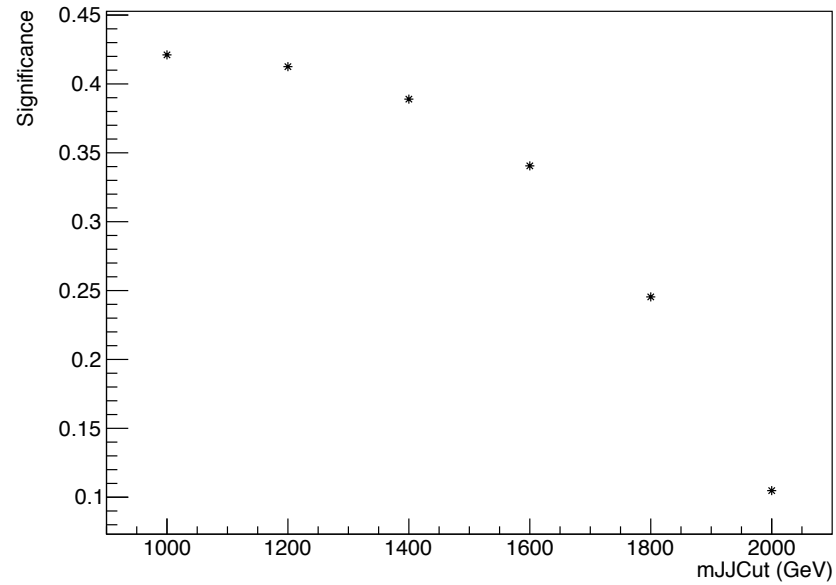


Significance_M4000_W40

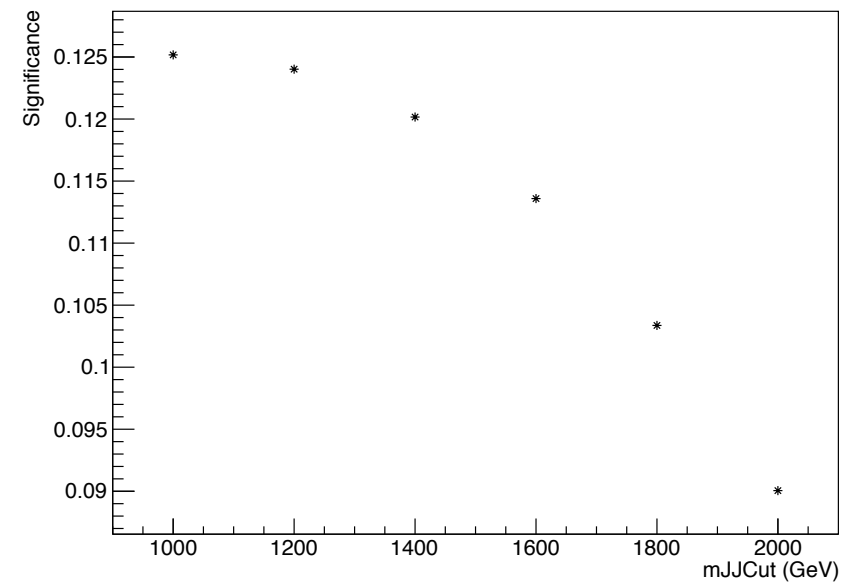


Significance Plots 2016, width 10%

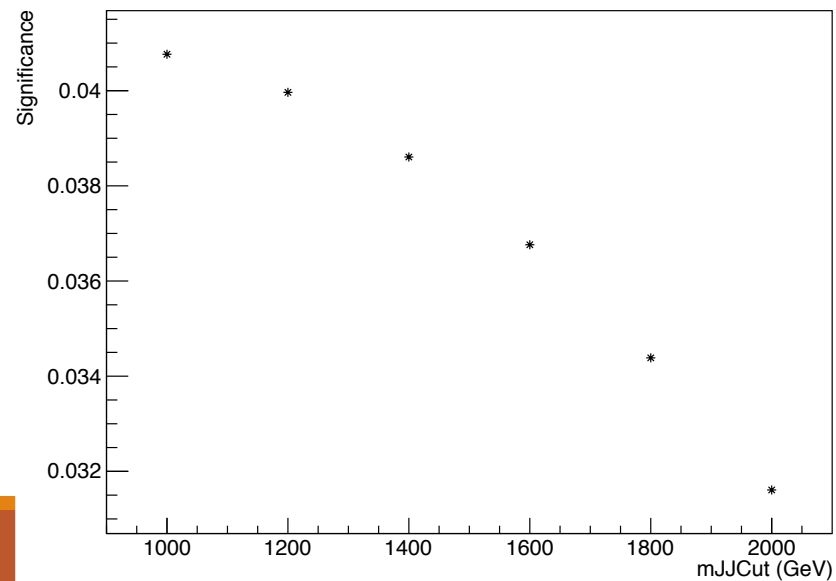
Significance_M2000_W200



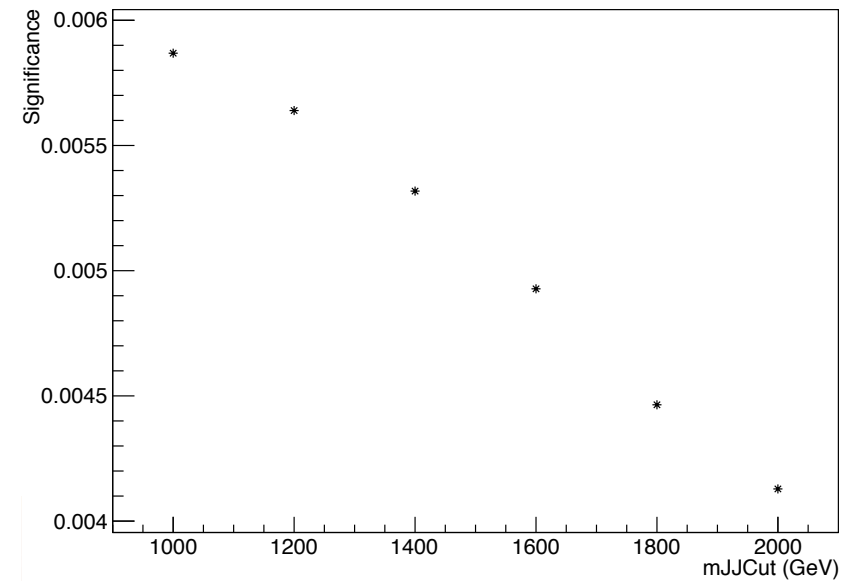
Significance_M2500_W250



Significance_M3000_W300

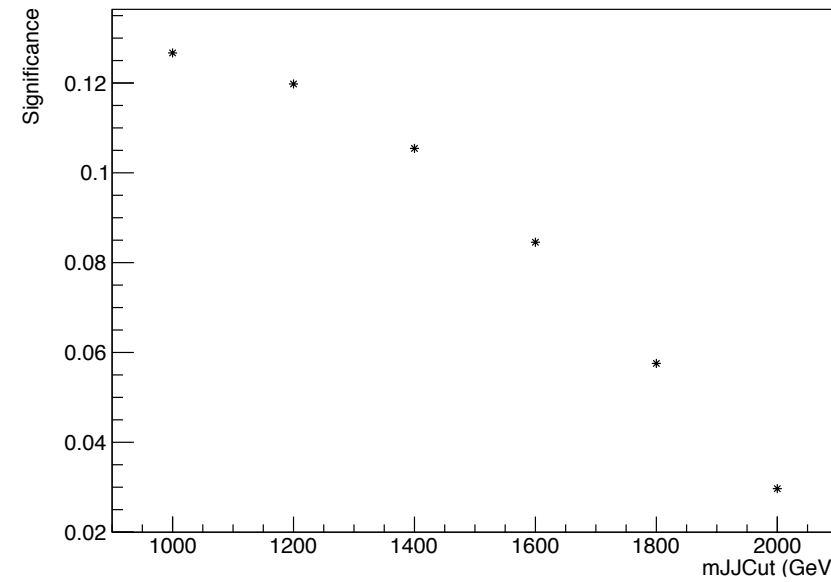


Significance_M4000_W400

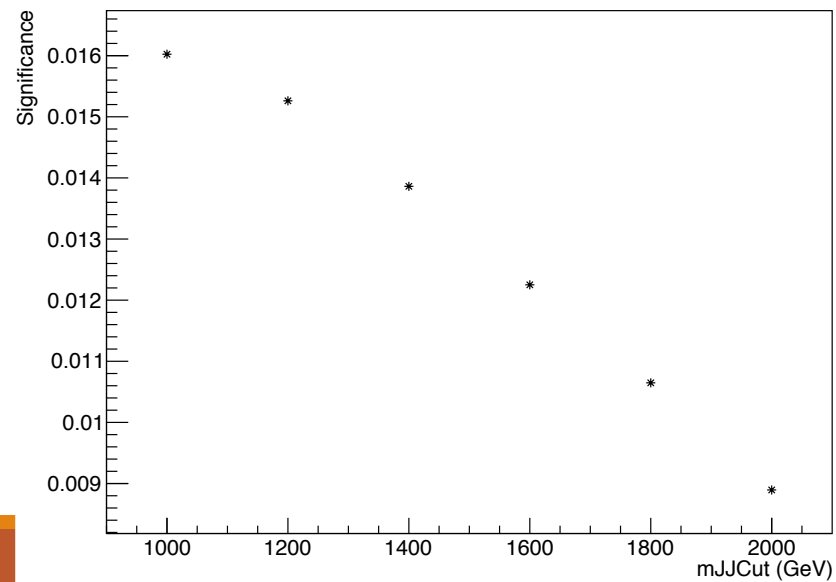


Significance Plots 2016, width 30%

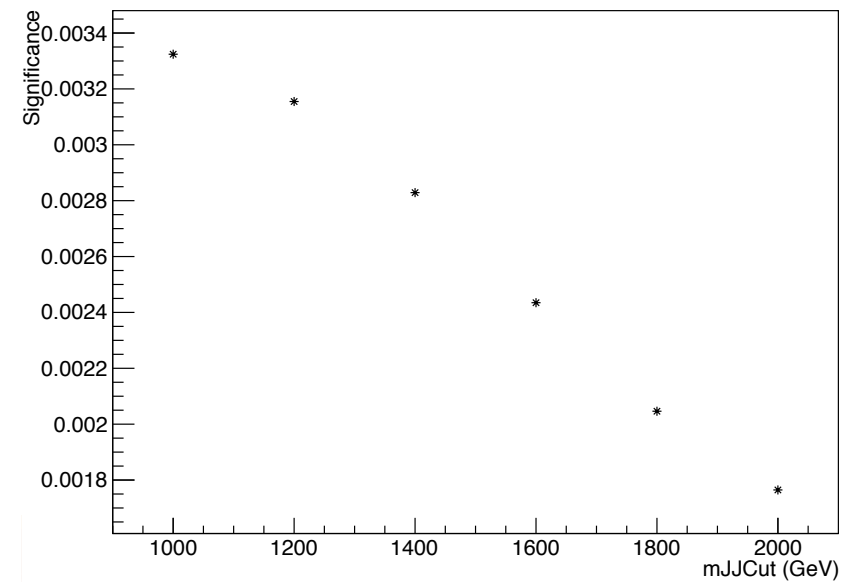
Significance_M2000_W600



Significance_M3000_W900

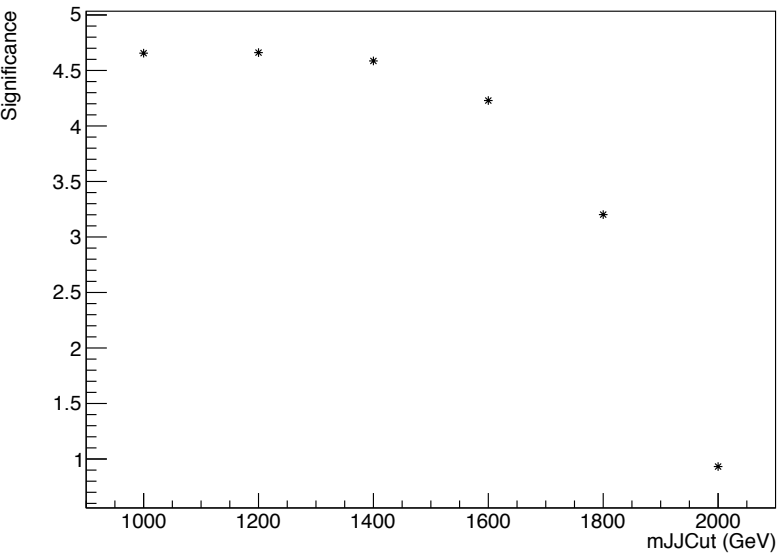


Significance_M4000_W1200

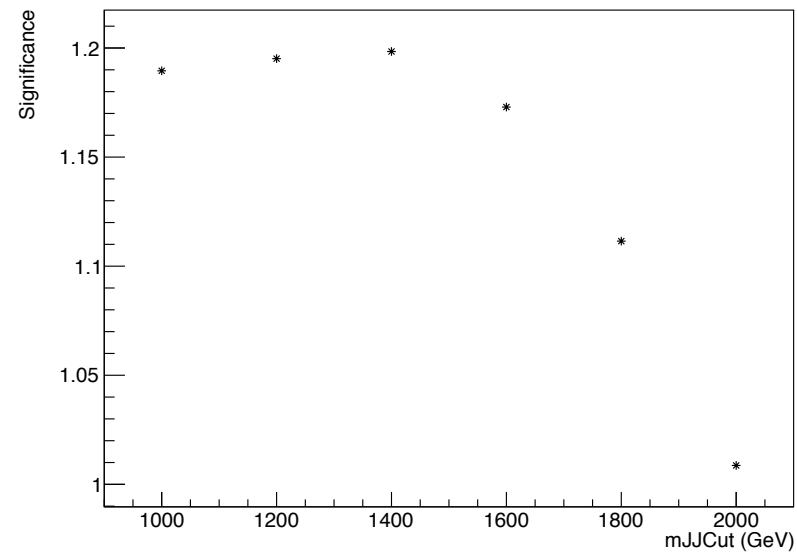


Significance Plots 2017, width 1%

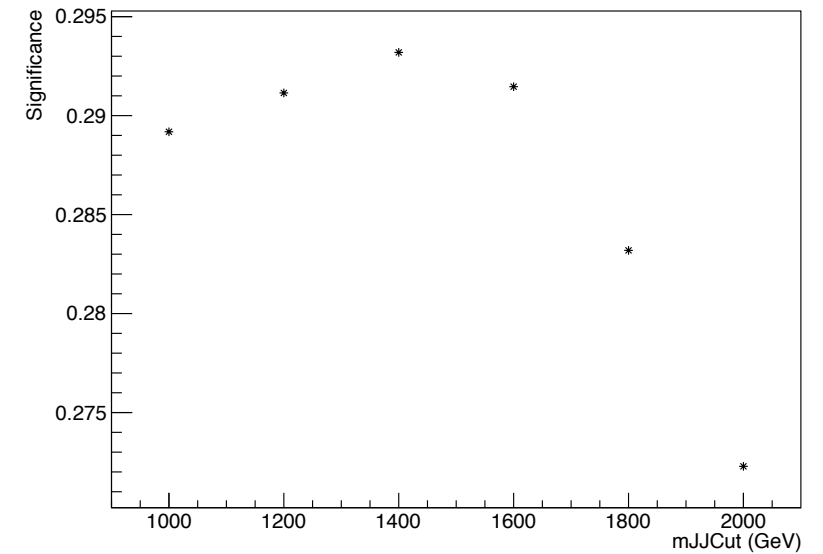
Significance_M2000_W20



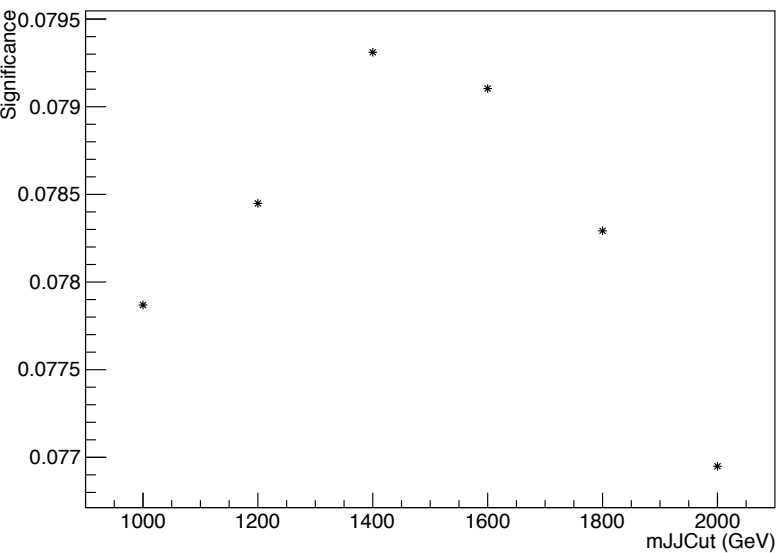
Significance_M2500_W25



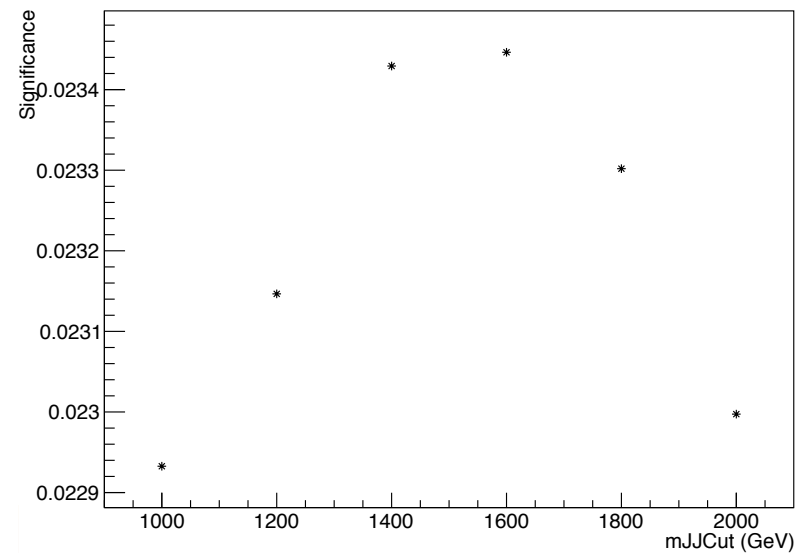
Significance_M3000_W30



Significance_M3500_W35

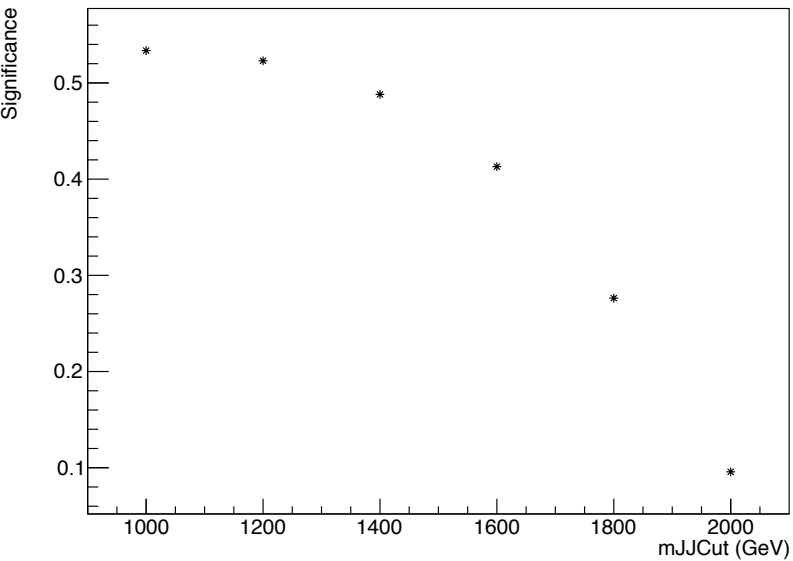


Significance_M4000_W40

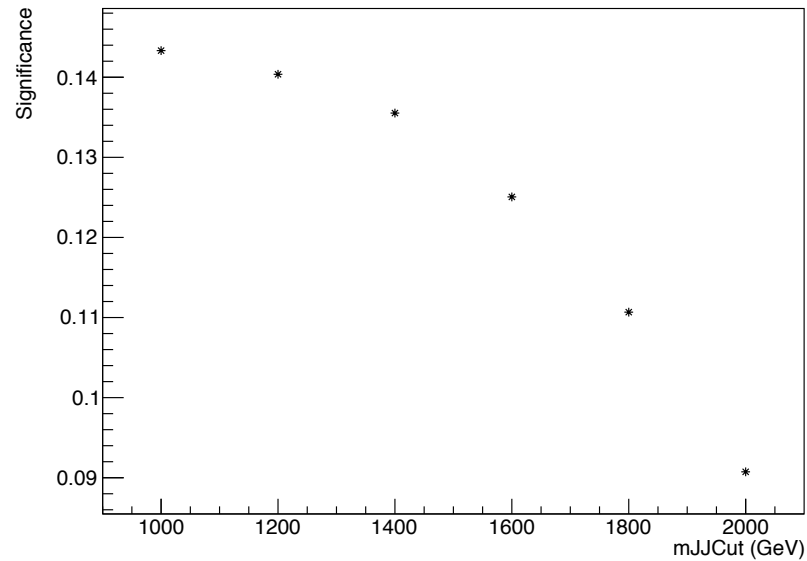


Significance Plots 2017, width 10%

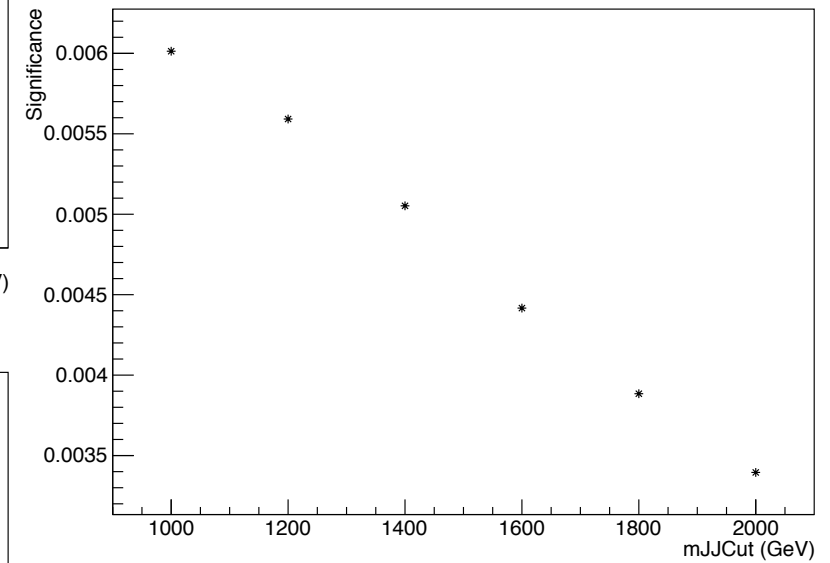
Significance_M2000_W200



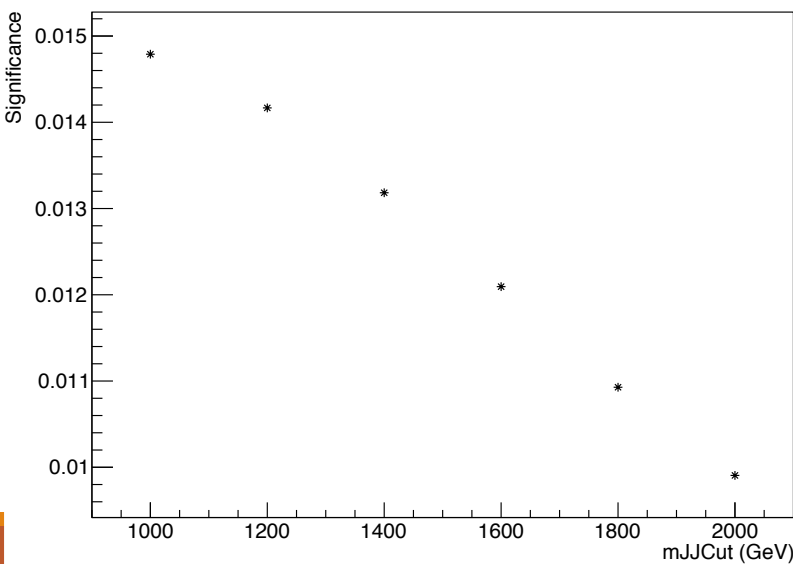
Significance_M2500_W250



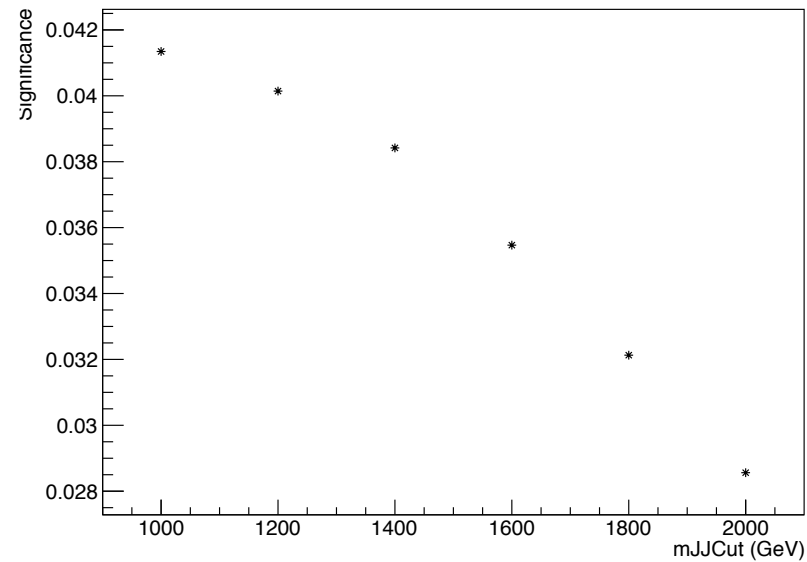
Significance_M4000_W400



Significance_M3500_W350

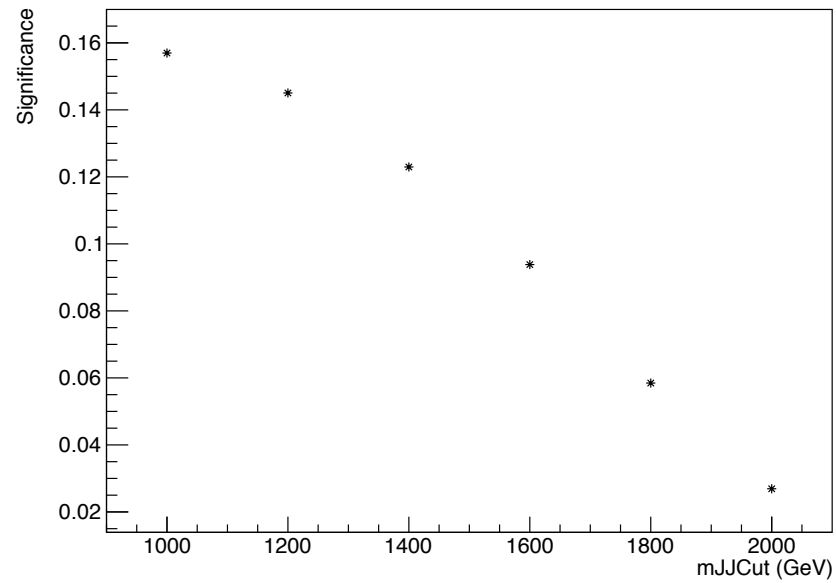


Significance_M3000_W300

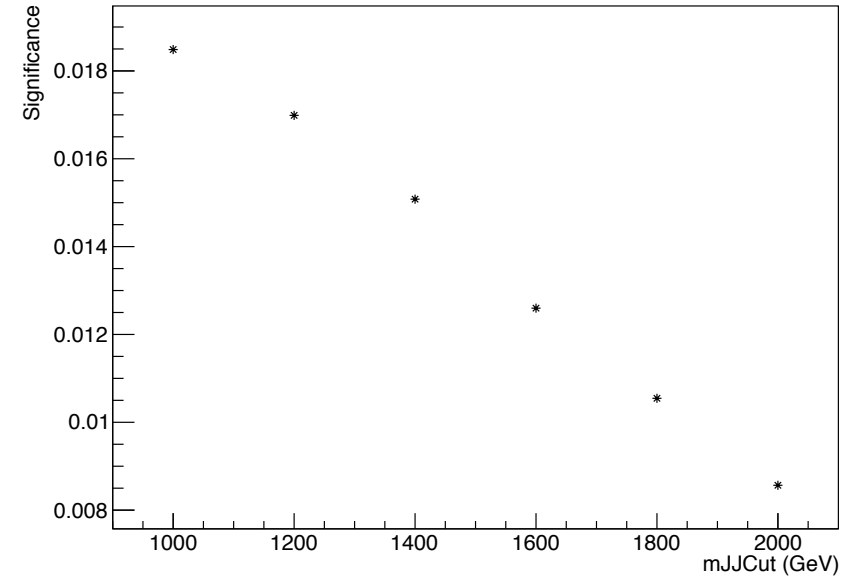


Significance Plots 2017, width 30%

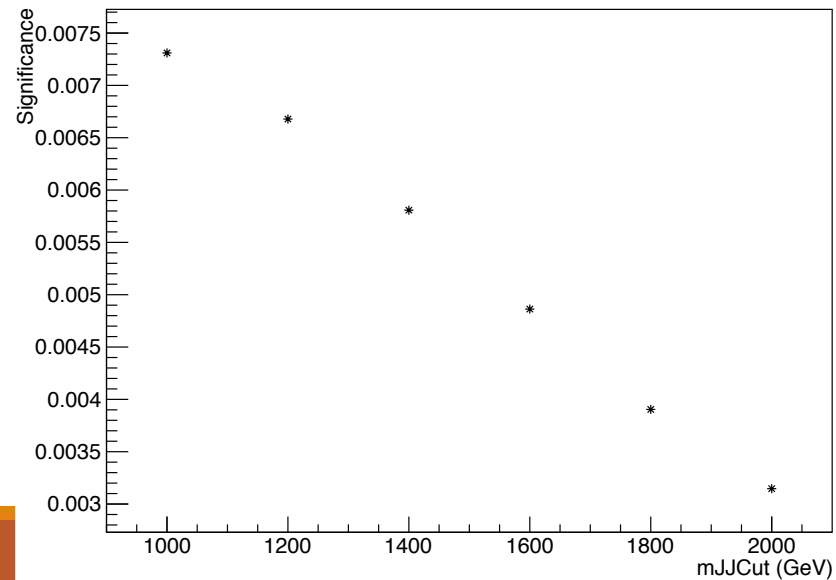
Significance_M2000_W600



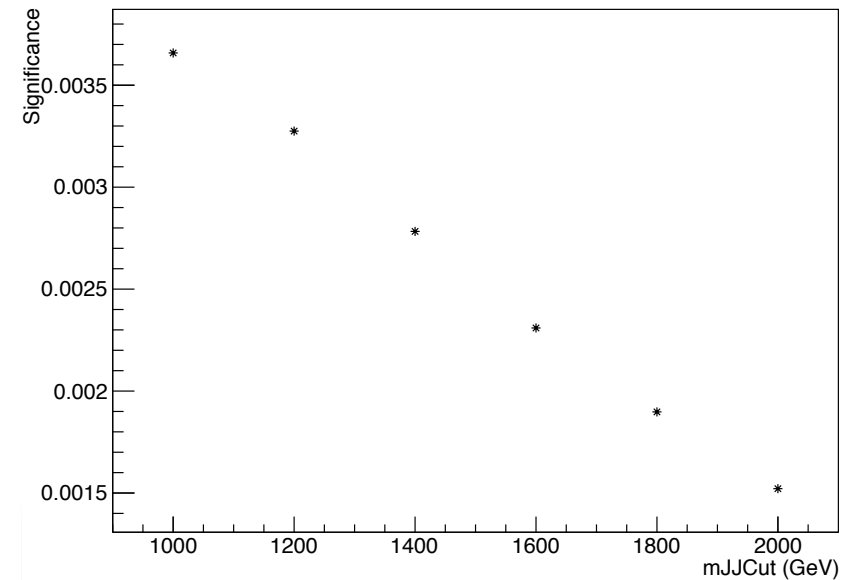
Significance_M3000_W900



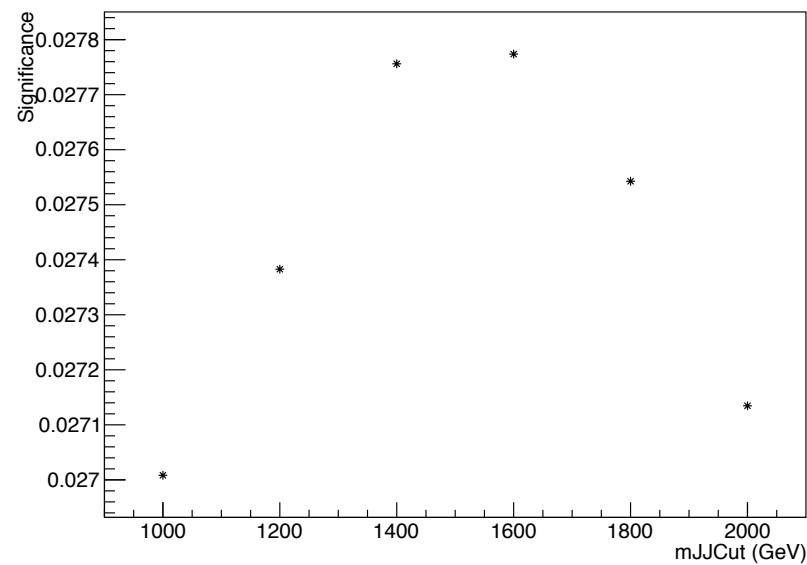
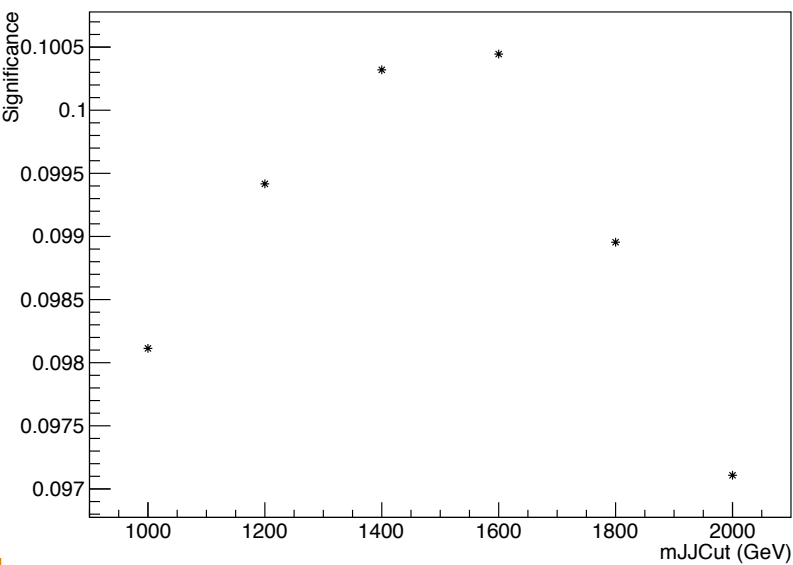
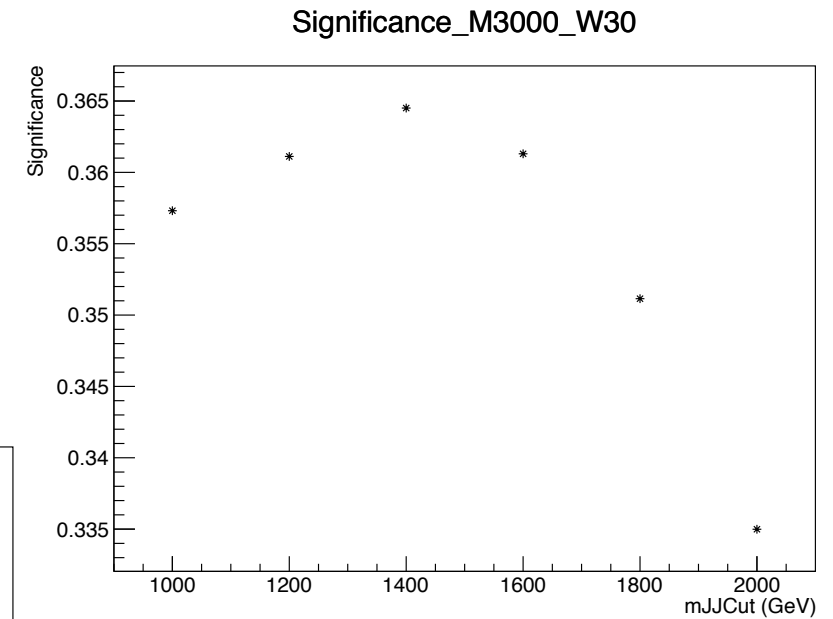
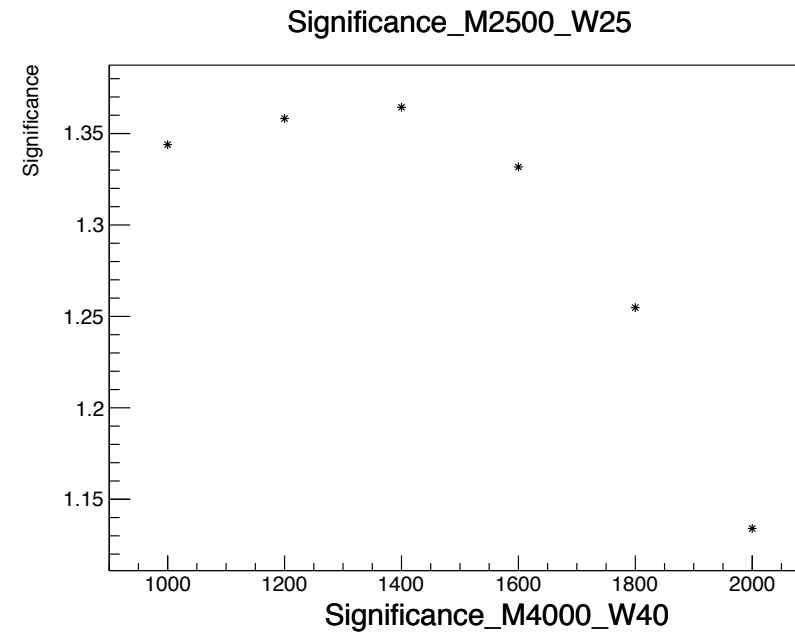
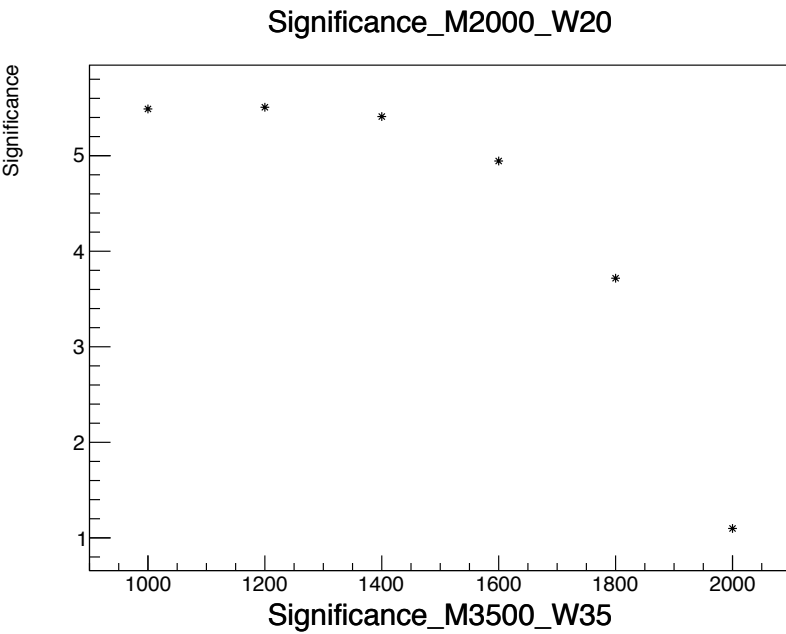
Significance_M3500_W1050



Significance_M4000_W1200

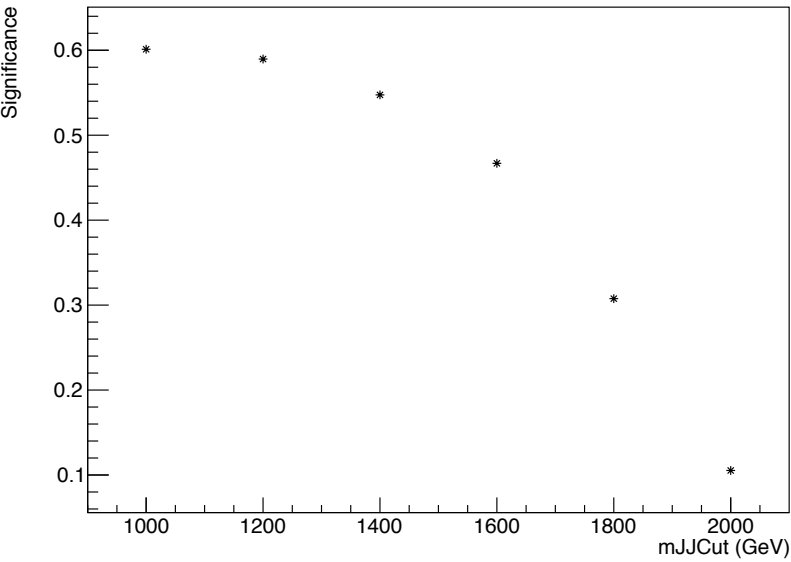


Significance Plots 2018, width 1%

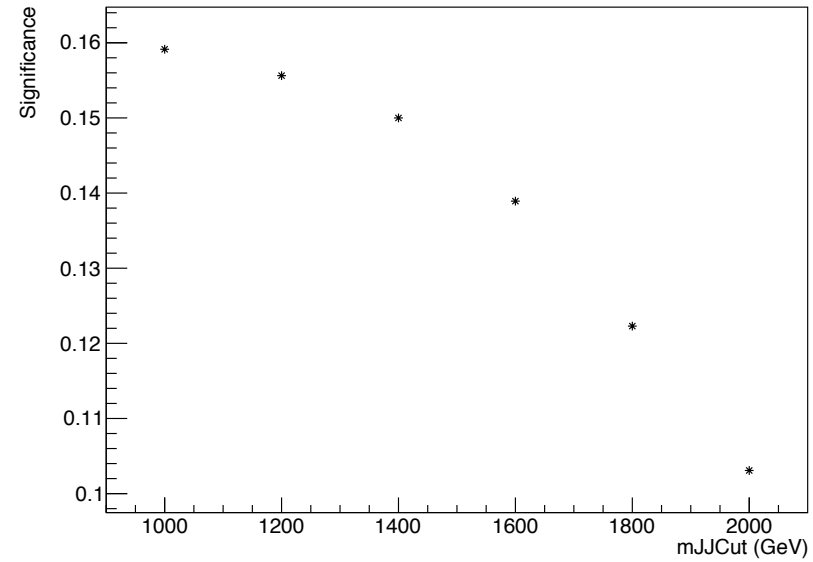


Significance Plots 2018, width 10%

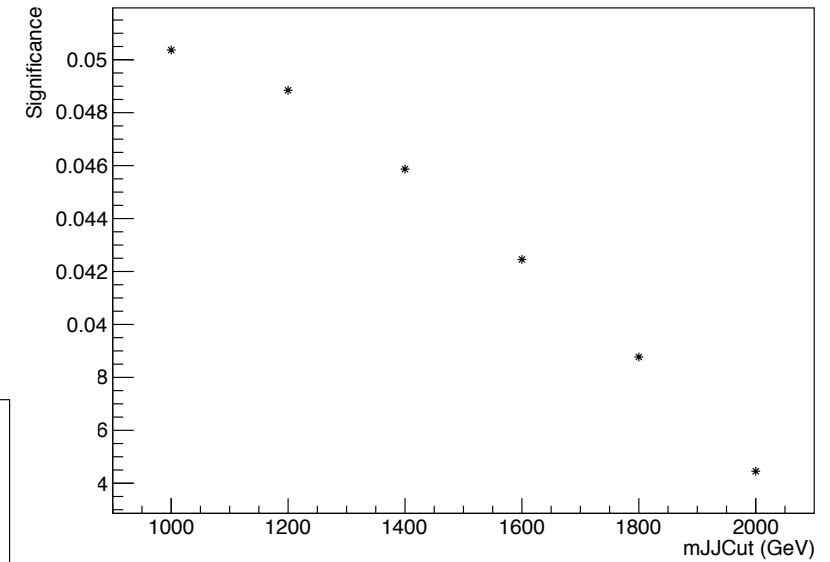
Significance_M2000_W200



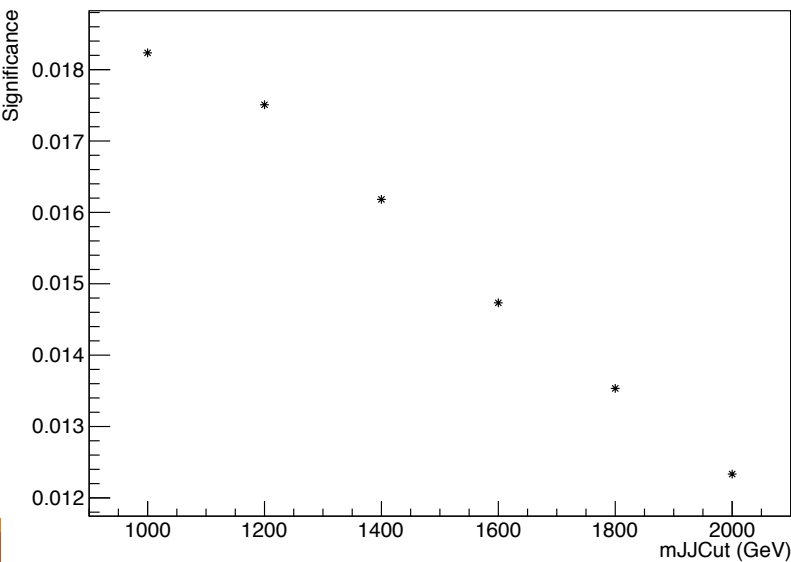
Significance_M2500_W250



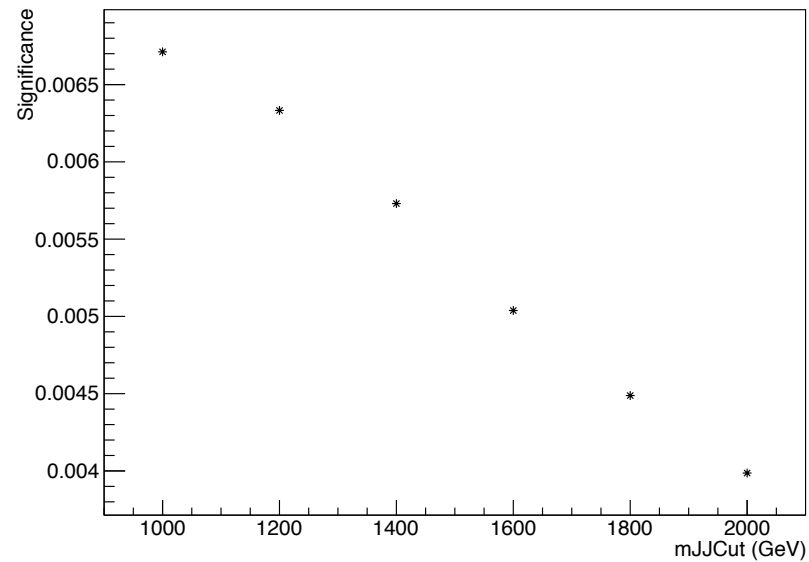
Significance_M3000_W300



Significance_M3500_W350

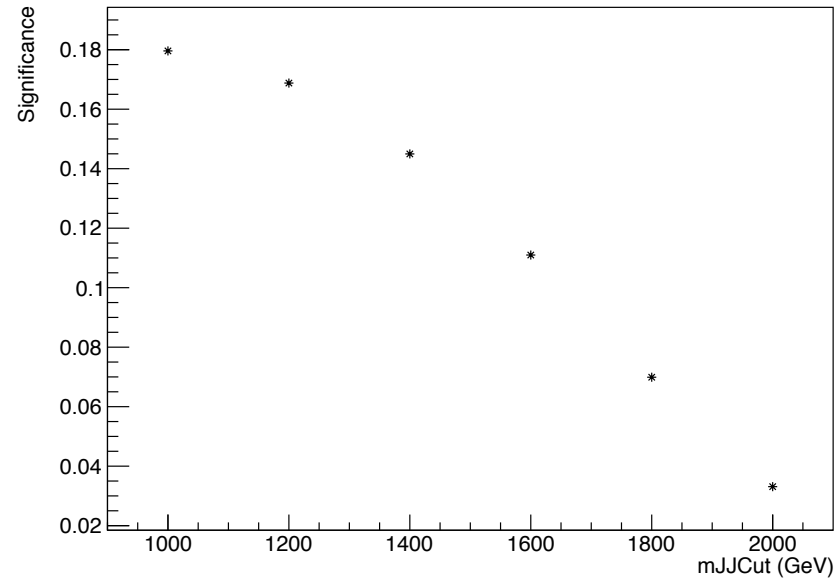


Significance_M4000_W400

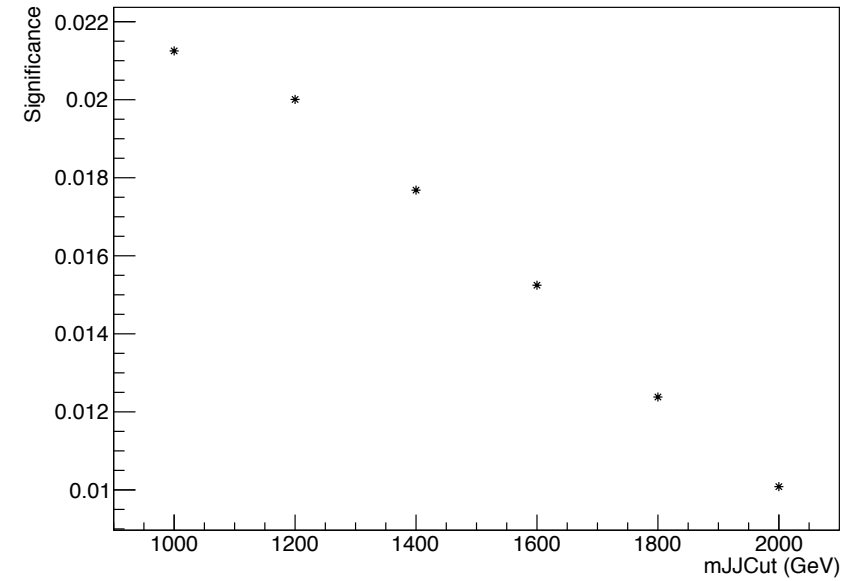


Significance Plots 2018, width 30%

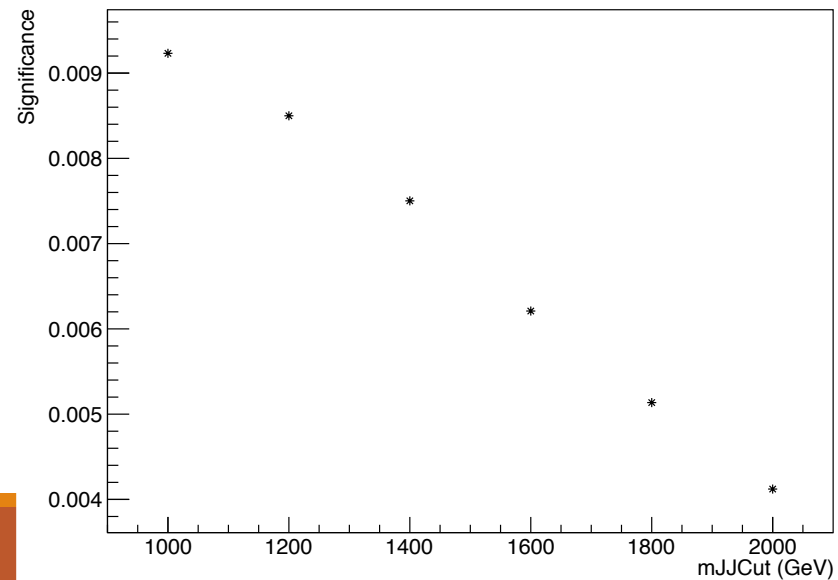
Significance_M2000_W600



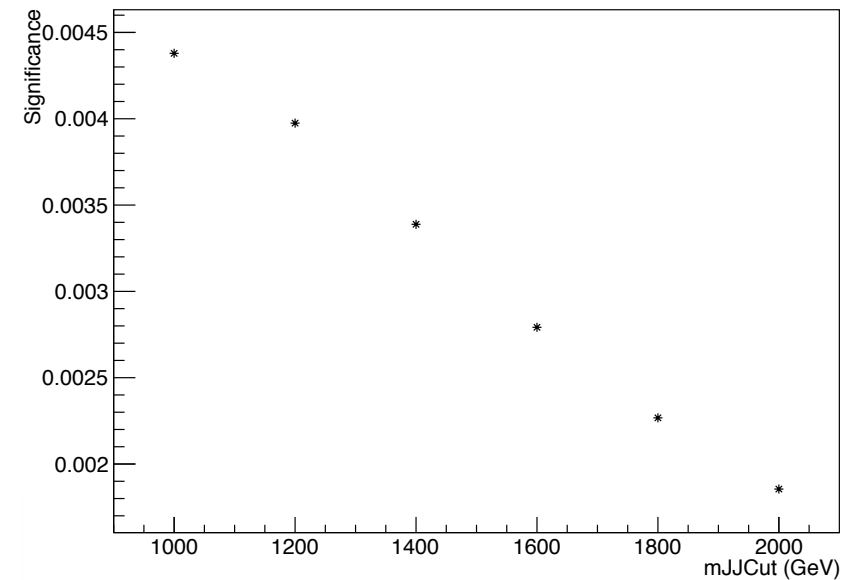
Significance_M3000_W900



Significance_M3500_W1050



Significance_M4000_W1200



BACKUP



Summary

Angular Distributions, Z' analysis:

- New Signal Region:
 - $SR_C = SR + m_{JJ} > 1.5\text{TeV}$
- Stack histograms for SR_C
- Asymptotic Limits (Brazilian plots) for 2016, 2017, 2018
 - Total Cross section x BR
 - Total Cross section = $\sum_{i=1}^N S_i$, where S_i is the signal yield in the reconstructed level
- X distributions show a different slope than the B2G-16-015
 - Recreated Brazilian plot using m_{JJ} variable (only for 2016 and Zprime 1% width)
 - Tried to increase mass cut from 1.5 TeV to 2 TeV to improve sensitivity → not enough events coming from signal extraction
 - If I use $t\bar{t}$ MC (χ dists) as input, the shape is the same as with the 1.5 TeV cut
 - Maybe sliding mass cuts? For each Z' use a different m_{JJ} cut



Signal Selection

Variables	Selected Cut
pT (both leading jets)	> 400 GeV
Njets	> 1
N leptons	= 0
eta (both leading jets)	< 2.4
mJJ	> 1000 GeV
jetMassSoftDrop (only for fit)	(50,300) GeV
Top Tagger	> 0.2, 0, 0.1
B tagging (2 btagged jets)	> Medium WP
Signal Trigger	

Control Region Selection

Variables	Selected Cut
pT (both leading jets)	> 400 GeV
Njets	> 1
N leptons	= 0
eta (both leading jets)	< 2.4
mJJ	> 1000 GeV
jetMassSoftDrop (only for fit)	(50,300) GeV
Top Tagger	> 0.2, 0, 0.1
B tagging (0 btagged jets)	< Medium WP
Control Trigger	



Signal Extraction

$$S_{1.5TeV}(x_{reco}) = D_{1.5TeV}(x_{reco}) - QCD_{1.5TeV}(x_{reco}) - Sub_{1.5TeV}(x_{reco}) \rightarrow$$

$$\text{Where } QCD_{1.5TeV}(x_{reco}) = D_{1.5TeV,shape}^{0-btag}(x_{reco}) \times N_{SR(1.5TeV)} \times C_{closure}^{shape SF}$$

$$\text{and } N_{SR(1.5TeV)} = R_{yield}^{1TeV \rightarrow 1.5TeV} \times N_{SR(1TeV)}^{QCD} = R_{yield}^{1TeV \rightarrow 1.5TeV} \times R_{yield}^{SRA \rightarrow SR} \times N_{SRA}^{QCD}$$

- The variable of interest here: $x_{reco} \rightarrow \chi$
- 1.5 TeV refers to the mJJ cut
- We deploy a fit in the Signal Region (2btag) to extract the N_{QCD}^{fit} in SRA (mJJ > 1TeV)

$$D(m^t)^{(i)} = N_{tt}^{(i)} T^{(i)}(m^t, k_{MassScale}, k_{MassResolution}) + N_{bkg}^{(i)} B(m^t)(1 + k_1 x) + N_{sub}^{(i)} O^{(i)}(m^t)$$



Top Angular Distributions

- We employ the dijet angular variable χ from the rapidities of the two leading jets
- Why χ ?
 - The distributions associated with the final states produced via QCD interactions are relatively flat in comparison with the distributions of the BSM models or new particles, which typically peak at low values of χ
- We can measure the variable χ in two ways

1. By measuring the difference of the rapidities of the two leading jets such as the corresponding rapidity in the ZMF is:

$$y^* = \frac{1}{2}(y_1 - y_2)$$

χ is defined as $\chi = e^{|y^*|} = e^{|y_1 - y_2|}$ (1) and can be measured by creating the TLorentzVector, boost it to the ZMF and find the rapidity difference of the two leading jets

2. By measuring the scattering angle θ^* (angle between top quark and z-axis in the Zero Momentum Frame)

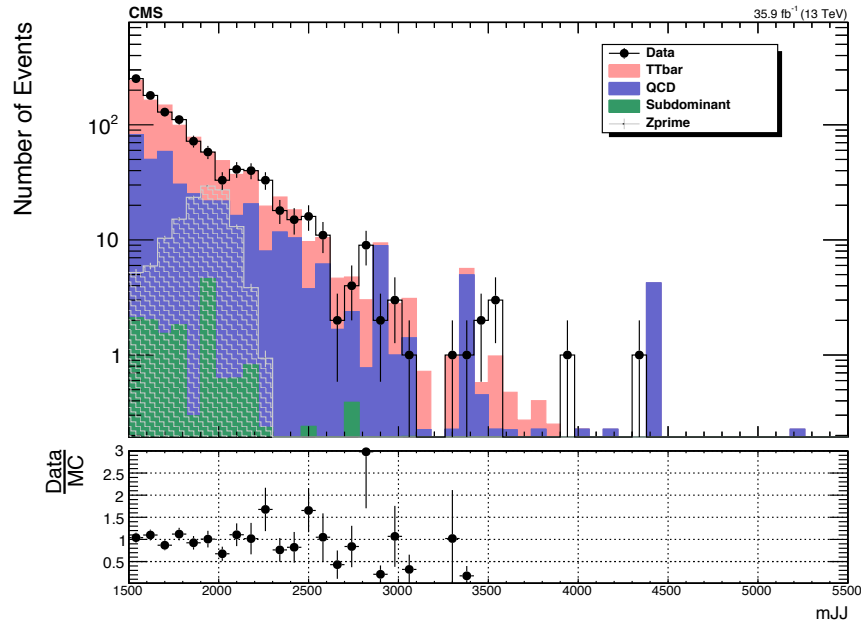
We define as $y^* = \frac{1}{2} \ln\left(\frac{1+|\cos\theta^*|}{1-|\cos\theta^*|}\right)$ and from (1) we can find that:

$$\chi = \frac{1 + |\cos\theta^*|}{1 - |\cos\theta^*|}$$

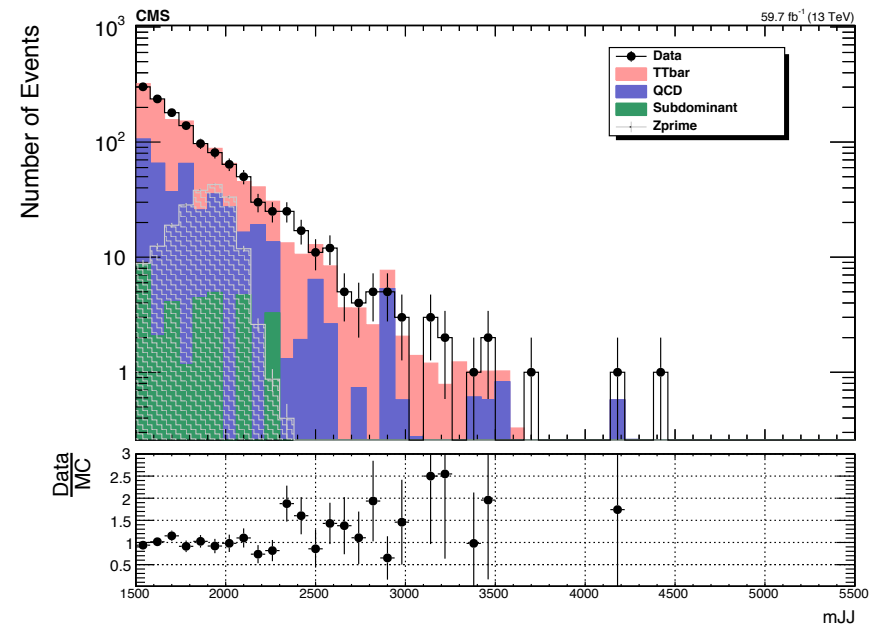


Stack Distributions vs B2G-16-015 $M_{Z'}=2\text{TeV}$, w 1%

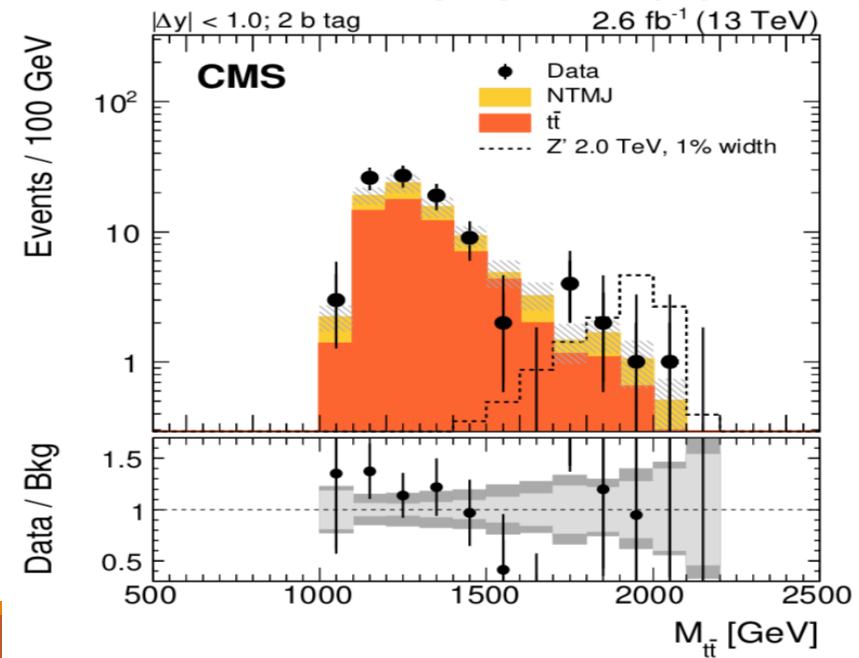
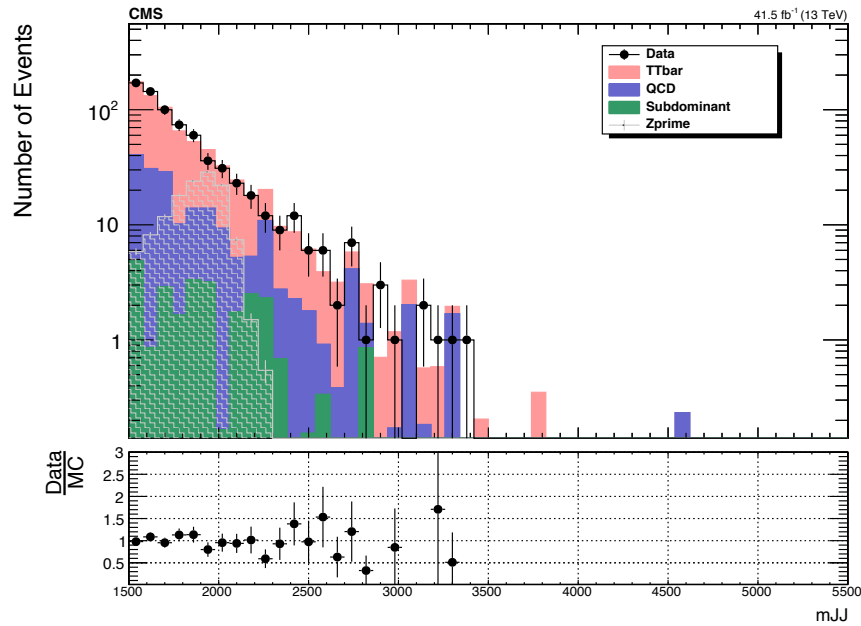
2016



2018

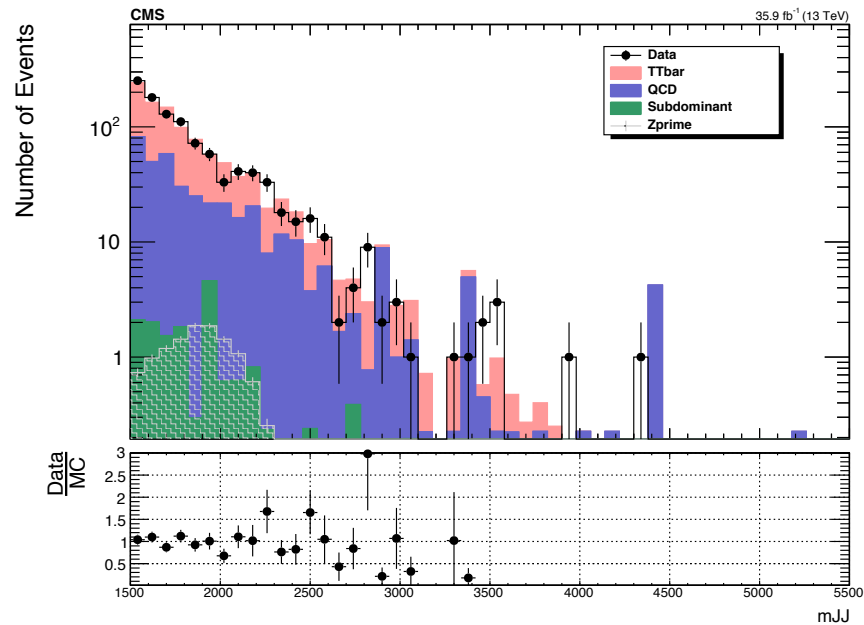


2017

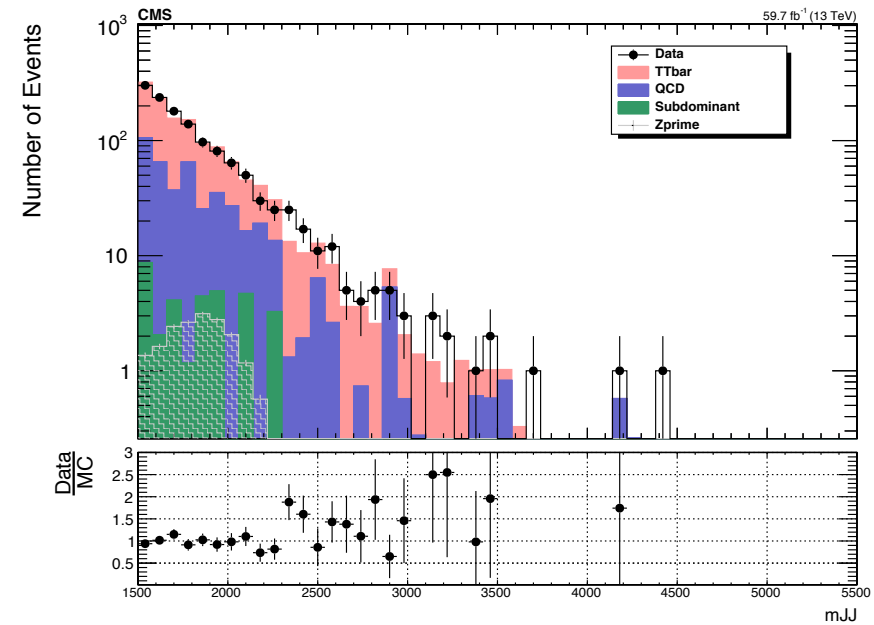


Stack Distributions vs B2G-16-015 $M_{Z}=2\text{TeV}$, w 10%

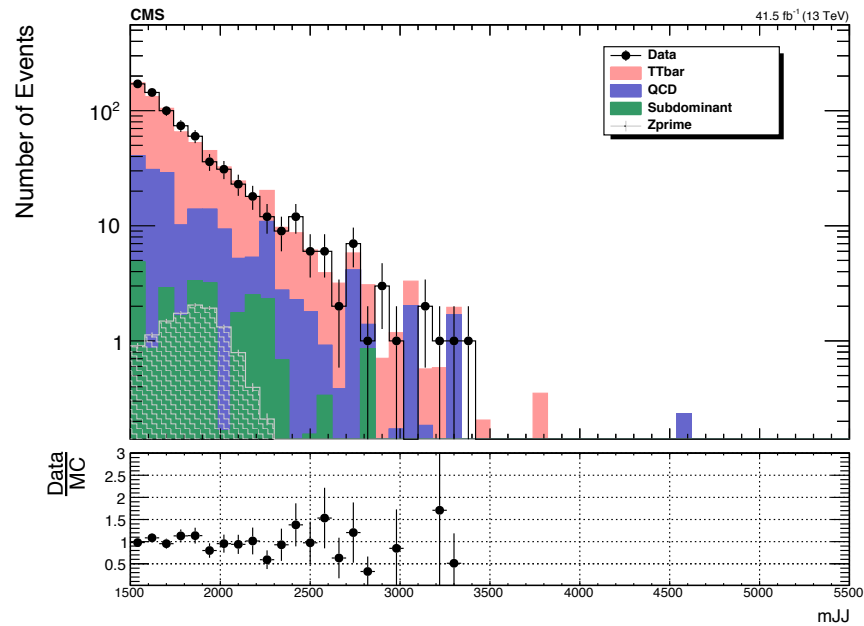
2016



2018

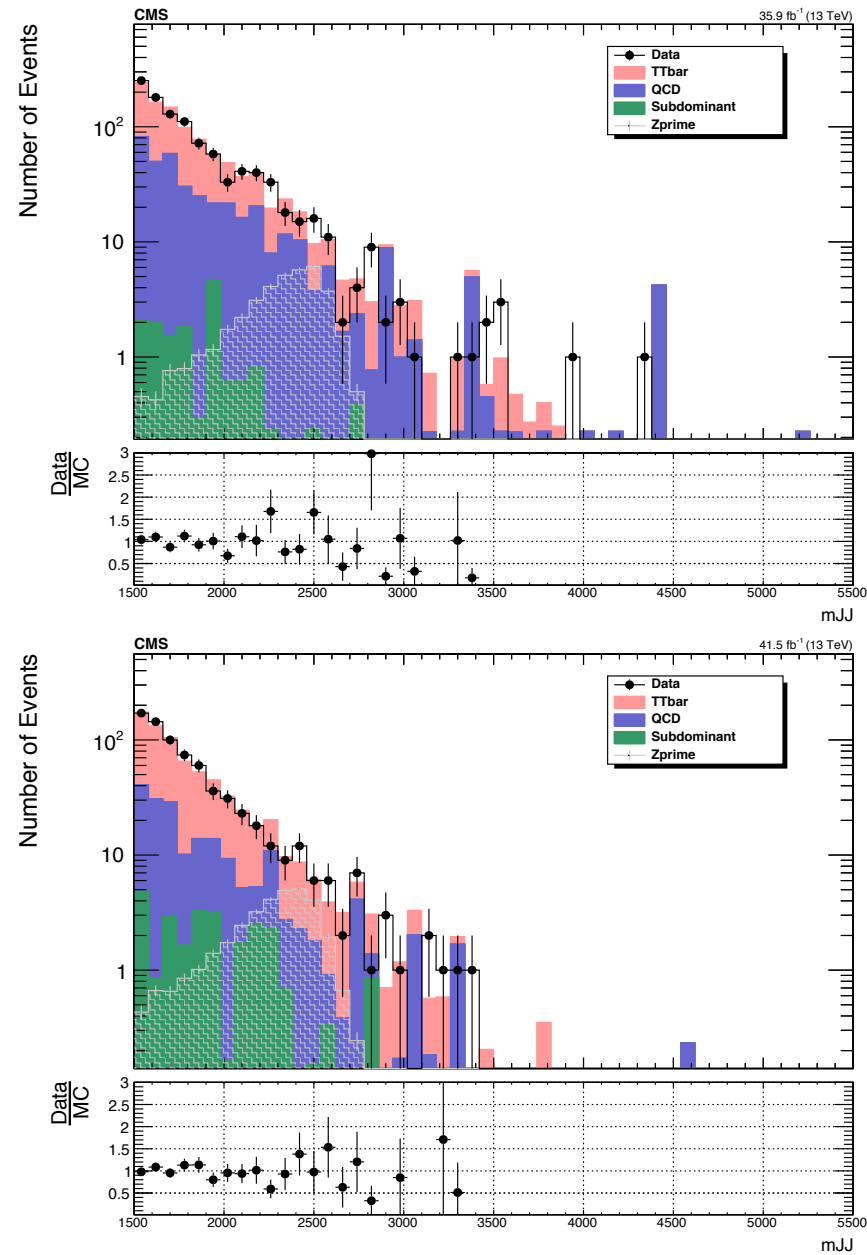


2017

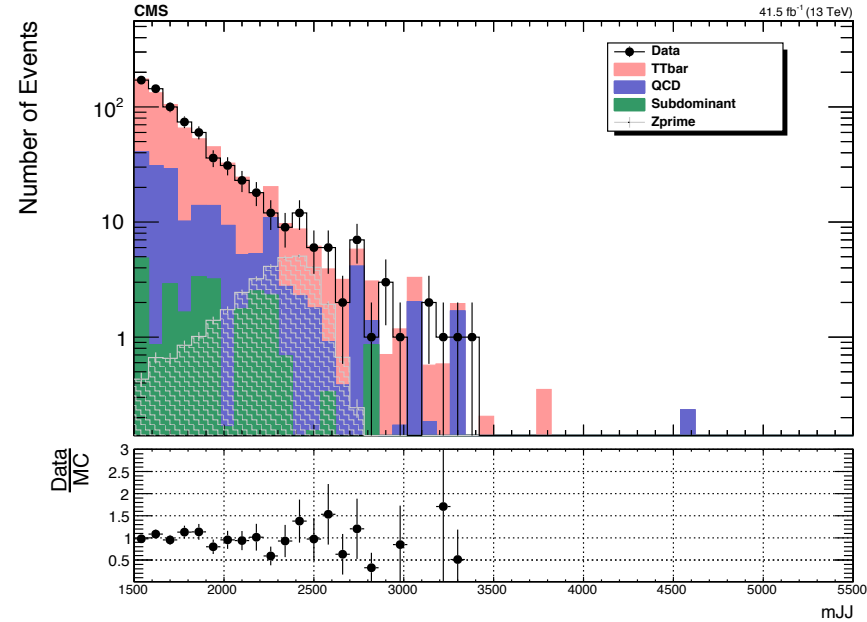


Stack Distributions $M_Z = 2.5\text{TeV}$, w 1%

2016



2017



2018

