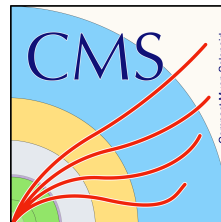


Mass fit status NTUA 21/5/2020

George Bakas



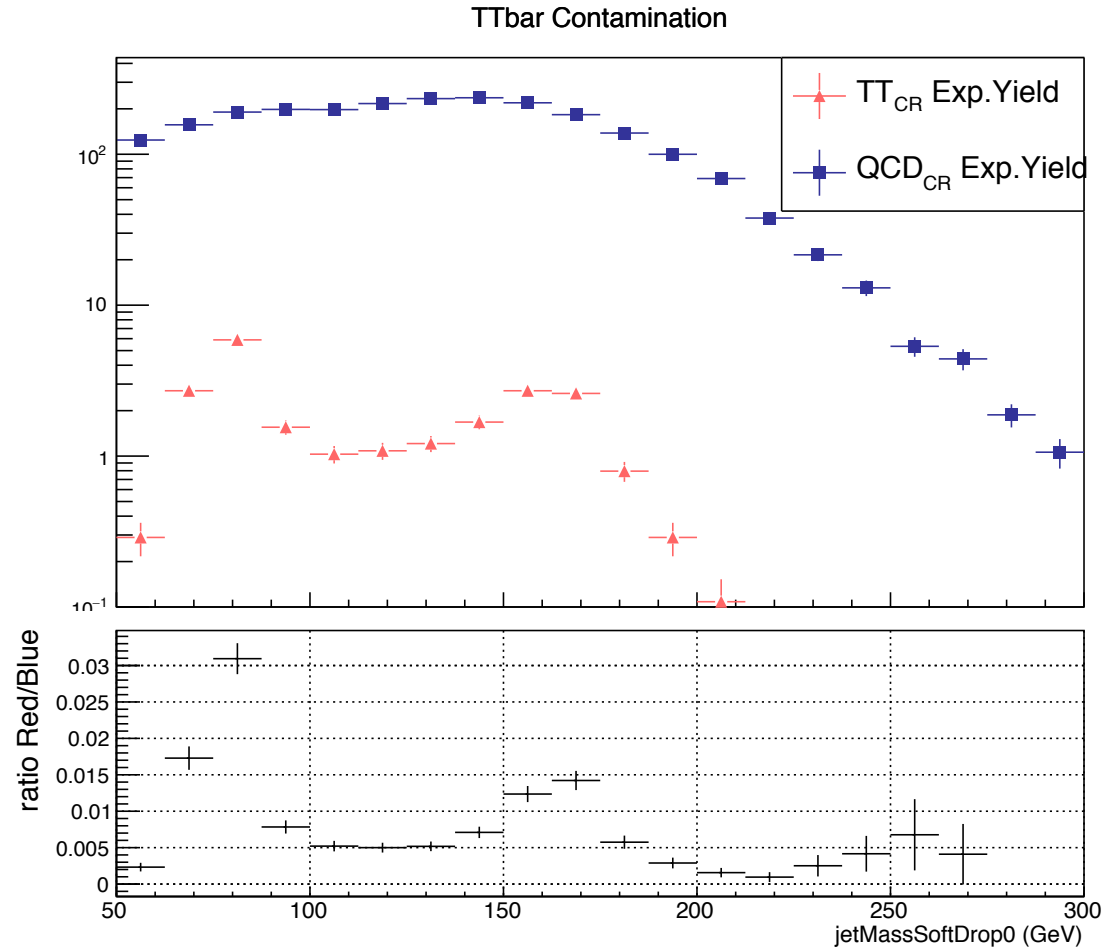
Status Report

- Training with Mass Cut (50,300)GeV @ preselection
 - Larger $t\bar{t}$ contamination vs the previous BDT that has no mass selection criteria
- Mass Fit
 - Cannot understand why the k_{slope} is so big when we implement the fit
 - Can it be due to statistics??
 - Simultaneous fit seems to have better results (qcd params are frozen)

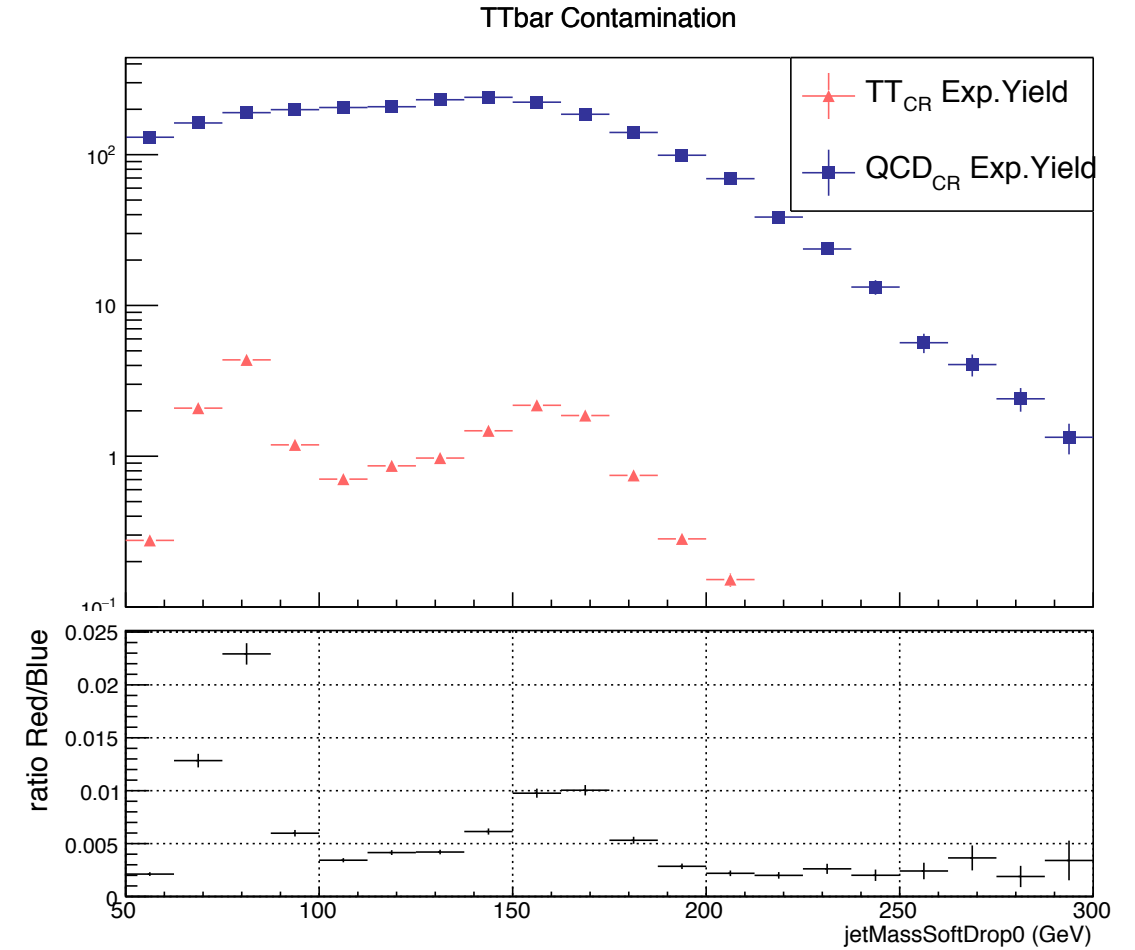


New training with mass cut: $50 < m_{\text{top}} < 300 \text{ GeV}$

With mass cut



Without mass cut

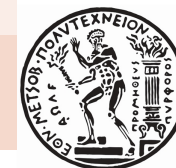


Signal Selection

Variables	Selected Cut
pT (both leading jets)	> 400 GeV
Njets	> 1
N leptons	= 0
eta (both leading jets)	< 2.4
mJJ	> 1000 GeV
jetMassSoftDrop (only for fit)	(50,300) GeV
Top Tagger	> 0.2
B tagging (2 btagged jets)	> Medium WP
Signal Trigger	

Control Region Selection

Variables	Selected Cut
pT (both leading jets)	> 400 GeV
Njets	> 1
N leptons	= 0
eta (both leading jets)	< 2.4
mJJ	> 1000 GeV
jetMassSoftDrop (only for fit)	(50,300) GeV
Top Tagger	> 0.2
B tagging (0 btagged jets)	< Loose WP
Control Trigger	

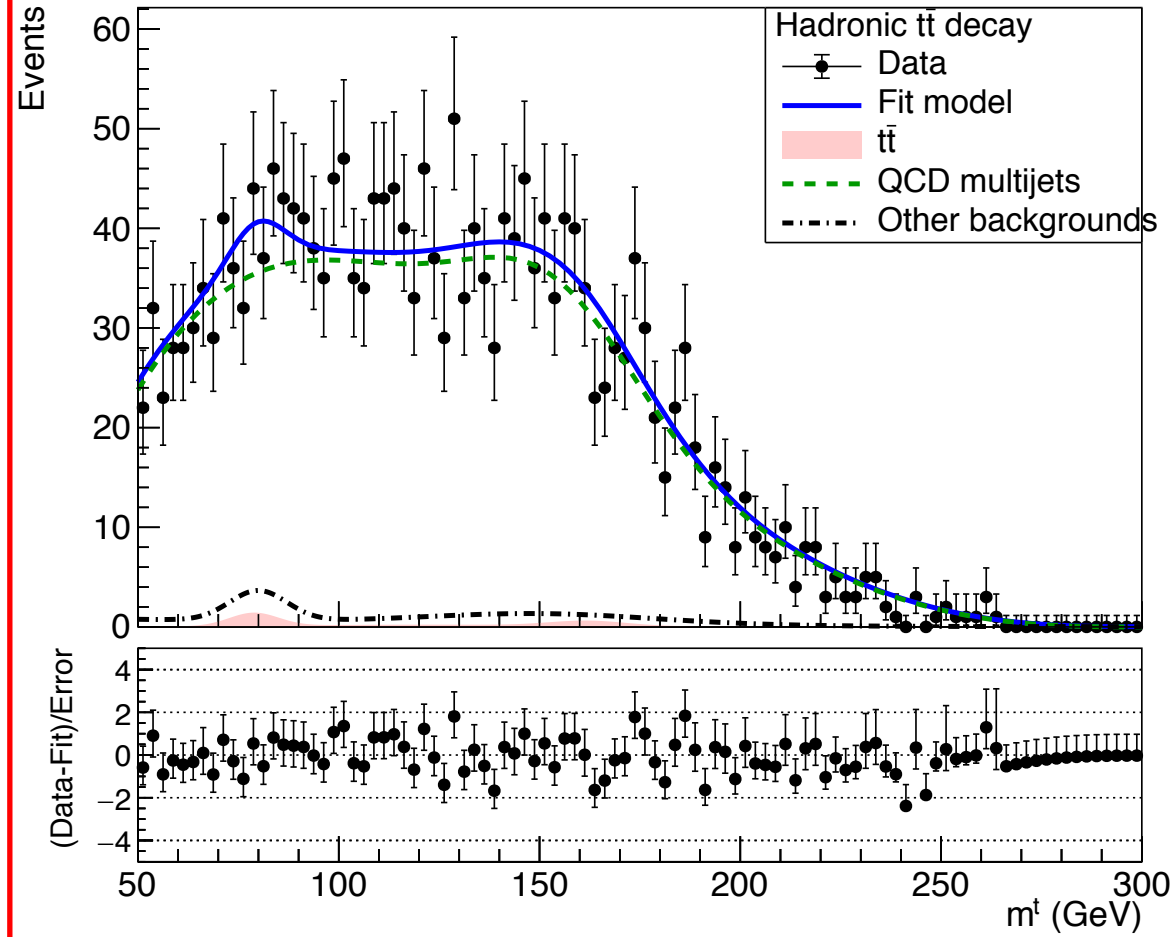


Simultaneous Mass Fit

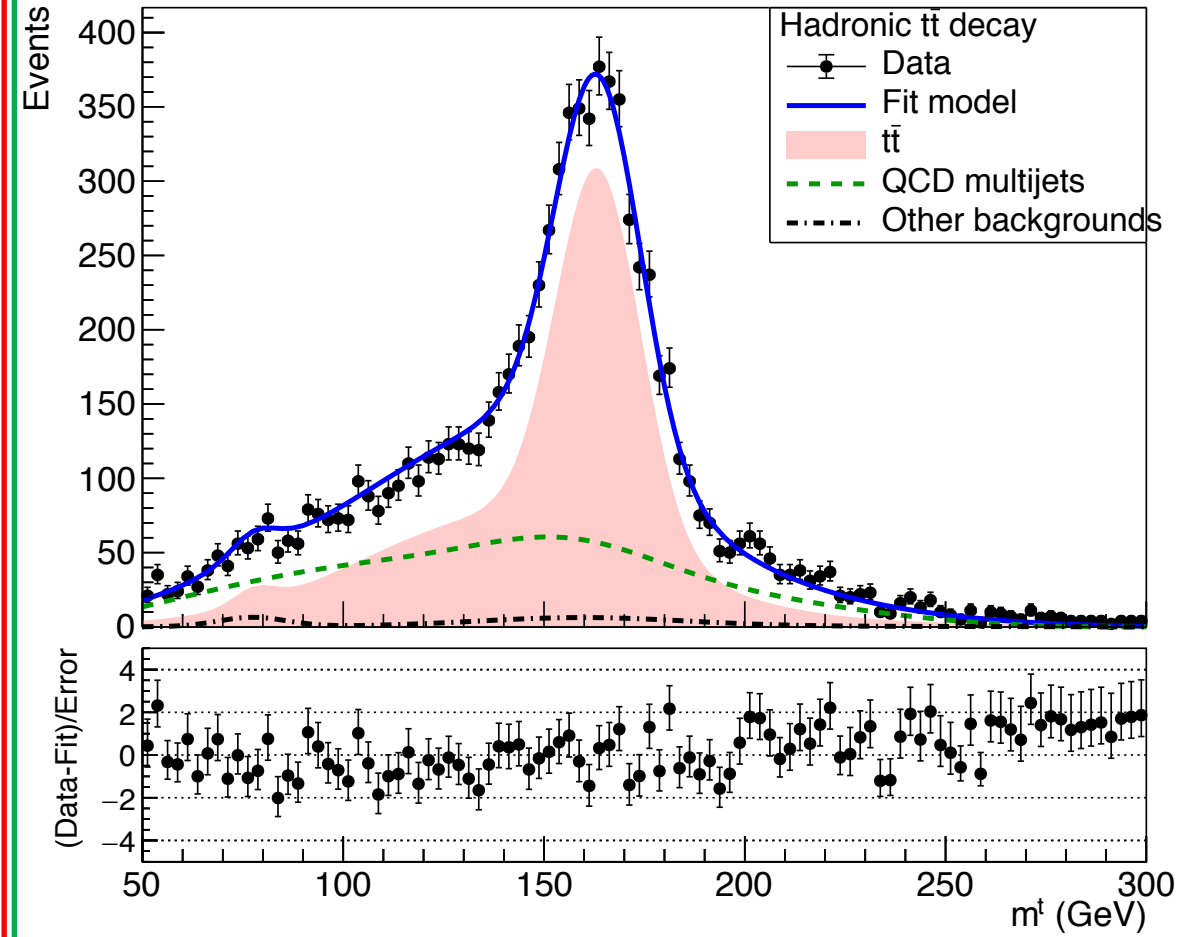
0-btag

2-btag

A RooPlot of "mTop"



A RooPlot of "mTop"



Simultaneous Mass Fit Result

Floating Parameter	FinalValue	+/-	Error
btagEff_0	9.5471e-01	+/-	5.62e-02
btagEff_2	7.2228e-01	+/-	7.93e-02
kMassResol	9.5237e-01	+/-	2.74e-02
kMassScale	1.0003e+00	+/-	2.02e-03
kQCD_2b	9.4207e-01	+/-	1.73e+00
nFitBkg_0b	7.8461e+01	+/-	1.22e+01
nFitBkg_2b	2.3596e+02	+/-	2.28e+01
nFitQCD_0b	2.0016e+03	+/-	6.98e+01
nFitQCD_2b	2.8212e+03	+/-	1.43e+02
nFitSig	1.0452e+04	+/-	2.10e+03

$N_{0_observed} = 21.4402$, $N_{2_observed} = 5452.96$

$N_{tt \text{ observed (all regions)}} = 5474.4$

$N_{tt \text{ expected (all regions)}} = 7872.02$

Signal strength r : 0.695426 (both 2 and 0 btag regions)

Signal strength r in 2btag: 0.69463 (only for 2btag region)

Signal strength r in 0btag: 0.981499 (only from 0btag region)



To be noted:

- In general we define btag efficiency such as that:

$$N_{sig}^{(0)} = (1 - e_{btag})^2 N_{sig} \quad \text{and} \quad N_{sig}^{(2)} = e_{btag}^2 N_{sig}$$

- Now we are using two different b-tagging WP's → have different btagEfficiency for every WP
- $e_{btag}^{(0)}$ and $e_{btag}^{(2)}$

$$N_{sig}^{(0)} = (1 - e_{btag}^{(0)})^2 N_{sig} \quad \text{and} \quad N_{sig}^{(2)} = (e_{btag}^{(2)})^2 N_{sig}$$

