

**Problem 2.4.** (a) State the existence and uniqueness theorem for autonomous systems  $\dot{x} = f(x)$  about a point  $x_0$ .

(b) Find two solutions for

$$\dot{x} = |x|^{1/3}, \quad x(0) = 0.$$

Does this example contradict the existence and uniqueness theorem?

a) Consider the IVP  $\begin{cases} \dot{x} = f(x) \\ x(t_0) = x_0 \end{cases}$  for  $f \in C^1(\mathbb{R}^n)$ . Then

a solution exists & is unique; i.e.,  $\exists \alpha > 0$  such that

$x: (t_0 - \alpha, t_0 + \alpha) \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^n$  is unique & satisfies the IVP.

b) One solution is  $x \equiv 0$ . We can find another by splitting into left & right solutions:

$$\underline{x \geq 0} \quad \frac{dx}{dt} = x^{1/3}$$

$$x^{-1/3} dx = dt$$

$$\int x^{-1/3} dx = \int dt$$

$$\frac{3}{2} x^{2/3} = t + C$$

The initial condition forces  $C = 0$ , so

$$x^{2/3} = \frac{2}{3} t \Rightarrow x = \left(\frac{2}{3} t\right)^{3/2}$$

We can get a solution on the negative  $x$ -axis similarly.

There is no  $\downarrow$  to E&V because  $|x|^{1/3}$  is not  $C^1$ .