

17. (Dr. Ayati: S13 Midterm – Victoria and Fatemeh) Given $x \in \mathbb{R}^n$, prove the equivalence relation for the vector norm

(a) $\|x\|_1 \leq \|x\|_2 \leq \sqrt{n}\|x\|_1$

(b) $\|x\|_\infty \leq \|x\|_2 \leq \sqrt{n}\|x\|_\infty$ This is a repetition. Problem 2 of 5800 Module 1.

(c) $\|x\|_\infty \leq \|x\|_1 \leq n\|x\|_\infty$

a) This is not true. For example, if $x = \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 3 \\ 6 \end{bmatrix}$, then

$$\|x\|_1 = 2 + 3 + 6 = 11 \quad \text{and}$$

$$\|x\|_2 = \sqrt{4 + 9 + 36} = \sqrt{49} = 7$$

So $\|x\|_1 > \|x\|_2$ which contradicts the left inequality.

However, we can prove $\|x\|_2 \leq \|x\|_1 \leq \sqrt{n}\|x\|_2$.

LHS: We have

$$\begin{aligned} \|x\|_1^2 &= \left(\sum_i |x_i| \right)^2 \\ &= \sum_i |x_i|^2 + \sum_{\substack{i,j \\ i < j}} 2|x_i||x_j| \\ &\geq \sum_i |x_i|^2 \\ &= \|x\|_2^2 \end{aligned}$$

So $\|x\|_2 \leq \|x\|_1$, after taking the square root of both sides.

RHS: We have

$$\begin{aligned}\|x\|_1 &= \sum_{i=1}^n |x_i| \\&= \sum_{i=1}^n |x_i| \cdot 1 \\&\leq \left(\sum_{i=1}^n |x_i|^2 \right)^{1/2} \left(\sum_{i=1}^n 1^2 \right)^{1/2} \\&= \sqrt{n} \|x\|_2\end{aligned}$$

b) LHS: $\|x\|_\infty = \max_i |x_i| = |x_k| \quad k < n$

$$= \sqrt{|x_k|^2}$$

$$\leq \sqrt{\sum_{i=1}^n |x_i|^2}$$

$$= \|x\|_2$$

RHS: $\|x\|_2^2 = \sum_{i=1}^n |x_i|^2$

$$\leq \sum_{i=1}^n |x_k|^2 \quad \text{where } |x_k| = \max_i |x_i|$$

$$= n \|x\|_\infty^2 \Rightarrow \|x\|_2 \leq \sqrt{n} \|x\|_\infty$$

$$c) \text{ LHS: } \|x\|_{\infty} = \max_i |x_i| = |x_k| \quad k < n$$

$$\leq \sum_i |x_i|$$

$$= \|x\|_1$$

$$\text{RHS: } \|x\|_1 = \sum_{i=1}^n |x_i|$$

$$\leq \sum_{i=1}^n |x_k| \quad \text{where } |x_k| = \max_i |x_i|$$

$$= n \|x\|_{\infty}$$