Heun's method: 
$$\times_{k+1} = \times_k + \frac{h}{2} \left( f(t_k, \times_k) + f(t_{k+1}, Z_{k+1}) \right)$$

$$Z_{k+1} = \times_k + h f(t_k, \times_k)$$

Let f(tn, xn) = xxx. Then

$$x_{K+1} = x_{K} + \frac{h}{2} \left( \lambda x_{K} + \lambda (x_{K} + \lambda h x_{K}) \right)$$

$$= x_{K} + \frac{h}{2} \left( \lambda^{2} h x_{K} + 2 \lambda x_{K} \right)$$

$$= \frac{\lambda^{2} h^{2}}{2} x_{K} + \lambda h x_{K} + x_{K}$$

 $\Rightarrow$  symbol of our method is  $\frac{z^2}{z} + z + 1$ .

Let f(tx, xx) = - xxx. Then

$$x_{K+1} = x_K + \frac{h}{2} \left( -\lambda x_K - \lambda (x_K - \lambda h x_K) \right)$$

$$= x_K + \frac{h}{2} \left( \lambda^2 h x_K - 2 \lambda x_K \right)$$

$$= \frac{\lambda^2 h^2}{2} x_K - \lambda h x_K + x_K$$

 $\Rightarrow$  symbol of our method is  $\frac{z^2}{z} - z + 1$ .