20. (Review MT 1 - Chifan) Let E be the subset of all elements in [0,1] which do not contain the digits 3 and 9 in their decimal expansion. Is E Lebesgue measurable? If yes, find its measure.

Let 
$$F_n = \left\{ \begin{array}{c} x \mid n^{\text{th}} \text{ digit of decimal expansion} \\ \text{of } x \text{ is not } 3 \text{ or } 9 \end{array} \right\}$$
 and  $F_0 = [0, 1]$ .

Then  $E = \bigcap_{n=0}^{\infty} F_n$  is measurable as it is a countable intersection of

half open intervals. Let  $E_n = \bigcap_{k=0}^{n} F_k$ .

$$(E_{k} \setminus E_{k+1} \text{ highlighted})$$

Note  $E_{K+1}$  is constructed by removing  $8^{K-1} \cdot 2$  intervals of length  $\frac{1}{10^K}$  from  $E_K$ , so  $M(E) = \lim_{n \to \infty} M(E_n)$ 

$$= M(E_0) - \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} 8^k \cdot \frac{2}{10^{k+1}}$$

$$= 1 - \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \left(\frac{2}{10}\right) \left(\frac{8}{10}\right)^k$$

$$= 1 - \frac{2/10}{1 - 8/10}$$