

REAL ANALYSIS FINAL
FALL 2021
RAÚL CURTO

1. (12 points) Define:
 - (a) (2 points) Uniform convergence of a sequence of functions on a set $E \subseteq \mathbb{R}$.
 - (b) (3 points) Variation of a function f on a closed, bounded interval $[a, b]$, with respect to a partition P of $[a, b]$.
 - (c) (2 points) Point of closure of a subset E of a metric space X .
 - (d) (2 points) Equicontinuity for a collection \mathcal{F} of real-valued functions on a metric space X .
 - (e) (3 points) State the Cantor intersection theorem.
2. (8 points) Let f be a continuous function on a closed, bounded, nondegenerate interval $[a, b]$ such that
 - (i) f is of bounded variation on $[a, b]$; and
 - (ii) f maps sets of measure zero to sets of measure zero; that is, for E a measurable subset of $[a, b]$, $m(E) = 0 \implies m(f(E)) = 0$.Prove that f is absolutely continuous on $[a, b]$.