

ODE MIDTERM II  
FALL 2021  
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1. (20 points) Consider

$$\begin{aligned}\dot{x} &= x^2 - y^2 \\ \dot{y} &= y\end{aligned}\tag{1}$$

- (a) Use the power series method to find the quadratic approximation for  $U$ , the unstable manifold of the equilibrium  $(0, 0)$ .
- (b) Sketch  $U$  and a few other solutions of this system in the  $xy$ -plane. (Hint:  $y = 0$  is invariant under the flow.)
- (c) Write down the linearization of (1) at  $(0, 0)$ . Find its equilibrium points and draw the phase portrait.
- (d) Compare solutions of the nonlinear system and its linearization. Is there a conjugacy between the two systems in a neighborhood of  $(0, 0)$ ? If yes, construct a conjugacy. If no, explain why this does not violate the Hartman-Grobman theorem.

2. (20 points) Let

$$g(x) := \frac{f(x)}{1 + |f(x)|},$$

where  $f : E \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^n$  is locally Lipschitz and  $E$  is an open subset in  $\mathbb{R}^n$  containing  $x_0$ . Prove the solution of

$$x' = g(x), \quad x(0) = x_0\tag{2}$$

exists on  $(-\infty, \infty)$  by showing the following:

- (a) For  $g(x)$  locally Lipschitz, if there exists  $M > 0$  such that  $|g(x)| \leq M$  for all  $x \in E$ , then the solution to  $x' = g(x)$ ,  $x(0) = x_0$  exists on  $(-\infty, \infty)$ .
- (b) Show  $g(x) = \frac{f(x)}{1 + |f(x)|}$  is locally Lipschitz.
- (c) Combine (a) and (b) to prove the solution to (2) exists for all  $t$  in  $(-\infty, \infty)$ .

3. (10 points) Consider

$$\begin{aligned}\dot{x} &= -x + 2y^3 - 2y^4 \\ \dot{y} &= -x - y + xy\end{aligned}$$

Determine the stability (stable but not asymptotically stable, unstable, or asymptotically unstable) of the equilibrium point  $(0, 0)$  by finding an appropriate Liapunov function. Hint: Consider  $L(x, y) = x^m + y^n$ . Determine  $m$  and  $n$  based on the conditions of the Liapunov theorem.

4. (20 points) The following system is a Hamiltonian system:

$$\begin{aligned}\dot{x} &= y \\ \dot{y} &= -x^2 - x\end{aligned}$$

- (a) Find a Hamiltonian function  $H(x, y)$  and its critical points.
- (b) Consider

$$\begin{aligned}\dot{x} &= -\frac{\partial H}{\partial x} \\ \dot{y} &= -\frac{\partial H}{\partial y}\end{aligned}$$

where  $H$  is the function you found in part (a). Use an appropriate Liapunov function to determine the stability of the origin in the above system. (Hint: You can't directly use the properties of the Hamiltonian or gradient systems.)