

Exercise 17

Chapter 7, Page 320

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Introduction to Electrodynamics

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[Table of contents](#)**Solution** Verified**Step 1**

1 of 3

a)

Refer to the Figure 7.28). To counteract the increasing flux to the right, the induced current in the loop will be **anticlockwise** (to the right). By Faraday's law:

$$\mathcal{E} = -\frac{d\Phi}{dt} = -\frac{d}{dt}\mu_0 n I a^2 \pi = -\mu_0 n k$$

$$\Rightarrow I = \frac{\mathcal{E}}{R} = -\frac{\mu_0 n a^2 \pi k}{R}$$

b)

Again, by Faraday's law:

$$\mathcal{E} = IR = \frac{dQ}{dt}R = -\frac{d\Phi}{dt} \implies dQ = -\frac{d\Phi}{R}$$

$$\implies \Delta Q = -\frac{\Delta\Phi}{R} = \boxed{-\frac{\mu_0 a^2 \pi n I}{R}}$$

, since at the start the flux is $\mu_0 n I a^2 \pi$, and zero far away.

Result

3 of 3

a) $I = -\frac{\mu_0 n a^2 \pi k}{R}$

b) $\Delta Q = -\frac{\mu_0 a^2 \pi n I}{R}$

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