subseting elements selected_elementr = my-matrix Dmy-motrix > so ccessing elements moutrix[,3] 3rd column | matrix[2,3] second row, 3rd Kolum transpose t (my moutrix) multiplication addition my-matrix 1. + 1. another matrix. matrixs + matrix 2 Combine Vertically combined_matrix = rolled (matrix 1, matrix 2) Selecting elements based on requence matrix [, m[1,]>2] # select columns for which 1 th row 15 72 diag(A) , diag(n). dim(mortnix) - c(2,3) Reshape matrix: (Multi dimensional dura Houseurs create away: my away a array (1:18, dlm=c(3,3,2)) accessing elements: element - my-array (2,3,1) Subarray: Subarray - my-array[1:2, 1:2,1] transpore: transpored army - aperm (my army, (3,21)) dimension set: dim (array) 6 ((2,3,3) * names to array: dimnamer (my array) - WALCC "ROWS", "ROWS", "ROWS" c ("Cols", "Col2", "Col3" reshaping: reshaped-array - aperm (array, (3.2.1)) (("Depth 1", "Deph 2")) Data frames datal - duta [dota # age > 25,] : Select column with condition. columns = data [, c('orge', 'nome')]: Select multiple columns sorted dona - data Corder (data A age, decreasing = TRUE),] , decreasing = FALSE,)] 70 Turofenon Subsex - Subset data = subset (dota, age >25) *- Rood Hun 624 hr. new_data = transform (dota, new_col = age * 2)

Telde	
	- Dio repropriétion, ear Sidernfia:
	selected_rows - data [(data \$1 income <100) &
	(data fl Income >1000),]
	Booter 10
	Rm (Not = ls()) = callage(6)ics ms R
	- save image (file = "Af-RDown")
	- Recycle R: Edv 00068864 Evar vector pe 10 600/18/0 68 Eva
	SUNVUENCE DE 5, ESTE Da ADOGREDOUN MOND GRA 5 ADOSEG.
	- dotal-c(X,Y)) rodovu ta un NAN. 6201/8/a
	- 67a aprnzuid seg bdjw -0,5.
	n . / C . 1/
	Apply family
agoly:	operate functions in wealfix cares of an array.
45	Sugcose we want to find median for every column
-	opply (State X17, 2, median)
	- apply (data, 2, median, ((0,25, 0,75)).
	Acunen
	column-sums = apply (data, E, sum)
Files	- new-data (- rbind (bata, column-sums)
lapply:	applies a function to every element in a lift and notions a line
-10	applies a function to every element in a list and returns a list. my_list \leftarrow list $(a = 1:3, b = 7:6, c = 7:9)$
	result - logely (my. UH, meon)
	result - lapply (atoframe, sum) # Same to data frame
-	
Soldern:	returns a vector or matrix. '5' - simplify Addde for n
	data means a sapply (data, means). sympanen
A	apply (state. x77,2, quantile, (0,25, 0.75))
	(C) Charles 1, 5, qualities (CC), 0,75 1)

```
Le vide addays is unodogreps pera is now me naptibles lagues """
  * Diagraph low correlated variables
     cors - sapply (pred, cor, y = response) # calculate correlations.
     mask - (rank (- abs(cors)) <= 10)
   * - Eupreu uspähnr eugystnens: cor-valuer - sapply (data, function (col),
     Selected_cols = names(cor-values(cor.) cor(col, data $7) >0.75)
topply: operation you undayifu torapriser 62 data frames boson Exist
      factor. Dx. tapply (x, F) fun) f=factor 6000, X= vector
       chickwis: weight = numeric, feed = factor.
       topply (chickwis I weight, chickwis & feed, mean, sd, length etc.)
                          Apalpron canhor
      for Tobacos:
      remove_col = (("X1", "X2"
      new of a df[,!(namer(sf) /in/ remove col)]
      Las Zphase
      clear_bora - Subsect (data, select = - ("cols", "cole"))
                        Yno Logistis statistics pe apply
      descriptives of a data frame (
       min = sopply ( of, function(x), min(x, na.rm=TRUE)),
       quantile = sapply (df, function(x), quantile(x, 0, 25, na. rm = TRUE)),
       meman = sopply ( of ..., median (x, narm = TRUE)) )
                                                  vanteer.
      rnorm (n, mu, sigma) (generate) tolon
                                       rbinom (b, n ge) - week
                                           phinom (x, n, p)
      pnorm (X, mu, sigma) (simus 4(x))
     dnorm (x, ww , sigma) (shape)
                                            dolnom (x, n, p)
                                           gbinom (0,95, n, p)
     gnorm (0.35, mu, signa) (giren 35%)
                         con rapigraph critical
```

	seq (from = value, to = value, by = value, length out = value)
	seq (0, 20, 4)
	eq (20,1,-1)
-	replicated_seg <- rep (1:3, times = 3)
+ (paste ("no", 1:5) -> névre no pe aprofic Sinla
1	caste ("no", 1:5, sep = "") queis usvo 620 strings
	Діабгирага Ерпівговойня
	X + Z1-0/2 6/5n , X - Y + Z5-0/2 \ 6x2/n + 6x2/m.
Papa Surport	E67W Evor data sample
U	conf_Interval c- + + est (sample data) \$ conf. Int. default 95%
	conf-in+ 90 - ttest (sample-data, conf-level = 0,90) & conf. In+
	print (conf-int)
Ropa Segual	Ledeuw i dizw Ejw za pierpa.
Y	1= 175
N	nean - mean (data), sd_value - (sqrt (sum (x-mean)2)/(n-1))
	t_value = qt(Z1-4/2, df=n-1)
	1-lower - mean - t value + (sd-value / sqrt(n))
C	1-upper - mean + t_value . (sd_value / sgrt(n))
P	rint (paste (, co lower, a upper))
	Abunon]
7	E62W to UKDrivers deaths dataset. No Bow to 95% CI yea zov
ME	60 zwr Davazur arg priva zia udde georia
	renion zus opply ovofiation data zo ret.
X	bars - apply (data, 2, mean), sols - apply (data, 2, sd)
	- prow (data), Z = 1.96
	andar-error & sdr/sgrt(n)

```
lia va unofoplou pla redavoznea
Bafu anda gnorm (0.975) = 1,96
     lower_ (1 ← Xbars - Z. Standard-error.
     upper_ C1 - x6ars + 2. standard error.
     print (onge ( ..., lower_CI, upper_CI))
      022 WE Z = 9norm (0.975) aves va fixonfre spete tor aprilpis
      [Abun6n]
      Esta Era dataset per 1 numeric une factor. Na lordei co Sidernia
      95% yea row fistour row 9 opiasar.
     Xbars - tapply (data & scores, doit aft teams, mean)
      sar - topply (...) n - topply (...)
      z - gnorm (0,975)
      Standard - error & sdr / sgr (n)
      lower- (1 - xbars - (z. st.) Upper (1 - xbarr+ (z. st.)
      erint (passe (lower-(1, upper-(1))
205: Yesult - tapply ( numeric factor, function(x) + test(x) $ confint)
      print (result)
     · Acobospa apxilor: dec=',' Edv Eye voppa piéa to volver textea
                        EREXXUL YNODE GEWY test
      ttest: ttest (sample data, mu = expected mean). #1 sample
                tter (group1, group2)
    +test(x, y=null, alternative = ("two sided", "less", "greater"), mu=0,
            paired = FAISE, var. equal = FAISE, conf. level = 0.95)
     And default bu Demper to t test on Exorpie 1625 Scampar 6215, allq:
      var. test (groups, groups) Eligroupes he F-test
      tter (groups, groups, var equal = TRUE)
     paired = FALSE To Suggesta Elvar avegaenta
      paired = TRUE ENOU OUGETHERENA & gaired.
```

	· Extract pralue: produce = result of produce
U	
esoll	Ho: Q= 75, H1: µ= 75.
	t_test_result = t.test (sample, mu=75), alternative="less")
	Déroups a = 0.05
	If (a>p-value) {
	cat ("reject null hypothesis)
	S else {
	cat ("fail to reject mull hypothest") }.
	- Wilcox. test (group 1, groups)
	Regression
	Stepwise AIC Influence, measures (model)
	$lm(Y^{\sim}, dara = data)$ [confint(fit)]
	- Step AIC (model, direction = "forward") uas queis to AIC
	- step ALC (model, direction = "backward")
-	- stepAll (model, direction = "both")
a die	Francis Die
-	Stepwise BIC
	+ stee (model, K= log (length(x)), blrection = "backward")
7	- step (model, K = log (length (X)), direction = "forward")
-	direction = "both")
	0-11 1 00
	Credictions, Clots and style
	Predictions
	confirm (fit) = pridgres sidernya y a ra coefficients.
	muhat - predict (flt, interval = "confidence")
	pron refus zwr predictions.
	yhat ← predict (fit, inerval = "prediction")
	y cranièro pre Scaropa

A location on view genderar) confunction he
Theoretions on view desoferent buforcast opply for varo runn (1, xbar, sd) - bune video union junovit could
1 101 m (1, 10ar, 50) - 8 4ne viseo - uara qua nontres 674xes.
pridyru éva véo data framé. N beied-row man ro baja
62a predict apply (data, 2 mean, sd.
explanations days = days frame
oply XI = rnorm (1) xbarr [1], sds [1],) two application over of conditions applications applications and open of the conditions are set of the con
tous applications of the second of the secon
predict (moser, express tony - 801700 -> 20 VEO 9.
Clots.
par(
par(, c(22) 60 = "") pch = 16 xin fill.
Plot every explanatory vs fitted. [fitted = fitted (model)]
clot every explanatory vs fitted. [+11+60 (model)]
- plot (data #X1, model #seriduals, movin = "fitted vs predicted X1") - abdine (h=0, col= "red")
- plot (data #XI model \$ residuals, moun = fitted vs predicted XI")
- abline (h=0, col= "red")
firsted or residuals: plot (model fresiduals, fitted-values)
1 17 CON A TOTAL AND THE TALLES
Acidezapia 95%. You and regression coefficients. (1 — confint (model, level = 0.95)
Cl — confint (model, level = 0.35)
Diagraph Euronwr upw influence - dotaframe, order -> Sungagen
ra prepodurrea coocks distance
Extract Re: Summary (model) & r. squared
New predictions HE CL 95%:
prioxvu to vio data new predictions - predict (model, explanatory,
interval = " confidence", level = 0.95)
New predictions gre C1 35 Y. you to response:
observed predictions - predict (model, explanatory,
Interval = "prediction", level = 0,95)
metras president , perce - 0,35)
© cook - influence \$ cooks distance
threshold - 9/new (data) (20 47 to addispu)
In Fluenceal obs - which (cook > threshold)
clean_data - dota Cook = threshold,]
men-model - lm (Yr., data = clean-data)
) out a - Creating and

	Marrices (five dimensional data structures)
-	Construct matrix
	matrix (1:9, nrow=, ncol=)
	matrix (rnorm (6 * 4 mean=0, 5d=1, nrow= ,ncol= , byrow = True)
	Combine Vectors
	vec+1 ← C()
	Vect 2 ← C()
	mymatrix = c(vect), vect2, vect3) pefine us matrix mostrix = mostrix (mymatrix byson = TPU (Toro = 21)
	matrix = matrix (mymatrix, byrow = TRUE, nrow = 3) mymotrix = chind (vect 1, vect 2, vect 3) # 2 624285.
	colnames (my matrix) - c("varl", "var?",
	rownames (my-matrix) - ((x", "x", "z")