

Ftp server in a datadiode

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November 1, 2017

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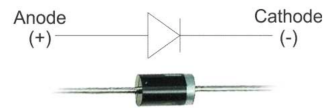


Figure 1: A diode schema in electronics.

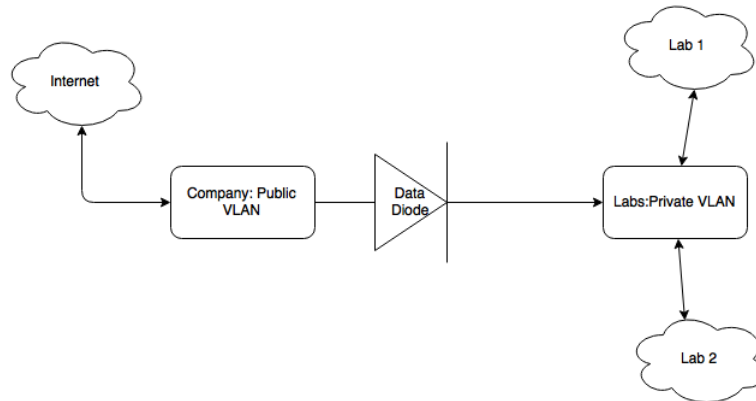


Figure 2: The schema of the usage of a data diode in a company network.

1 Concept of operations

1.1 Introduction to the problem

Our client would want to prevent his research and development labs against industrial espionage. He wants to divide the company network in order to maintain every lab in an isolated environment. Thus, the critical data could not leave the company labs using the network. One problem related is assuring that all the operating systems are up to date. This could be achieved using a manual operation where an employee would manually update every node in the isolated network using a mass-storage device¹. However, this is not the most optimized way and for sure it is not cost less and timeless for the company without mentioning that there could be dependency problems, this is prone to human errors and this could generate security vulnerabilities.

1.2 Our solution

In order to address this problem we are going to implement a data diode. In electronics as shown in Figure 1, a diode is a component which conduct the current in one direction. Thus the term of data diode is a set of components that only let the data to travel in an unidirectional way. An example of use case is illustrated in Figure 2, letting the data pass from a low risk VLAN² to a high risk VLAN but not the way around.

A data diode is made using a transmitter and a receiver both linked using one fiber cable. Thus, when a digital data want to be send trough, every bit will be converted³ into an electrical pulse that the transmitter will convert in light pulse using a LED⁴. Then, the output light will pass trough the fiber cable and as soon as the photons are reaching the receiver, they will be converted firstly into an electrical pulse by a photo diode and then in bits⁵.

One major problem is the network transport protocols(layer 4 in the OSI model) that applications are using. The most used transportation protocol nowadays is TCP. However, TCP is a bi-directional protocol which means that in order to start a connection there must be at least two fiber cables (the 3 ways handshake). In contradiction, UDP does not require a handshake process in order to provide reliability, ordering, data integrity and does not set up a dedicated end-to-end connection automatically and thus does not require a bi-directional data transfer. Therefore, the use of such a protocol is recommended

¹A USB-key for instance.

²IEEE 802.1Q.

³using a Digital to analog converter (DAC).

⁴Light Emitting Diode.

⁵using an analog to digital converter (ADC).

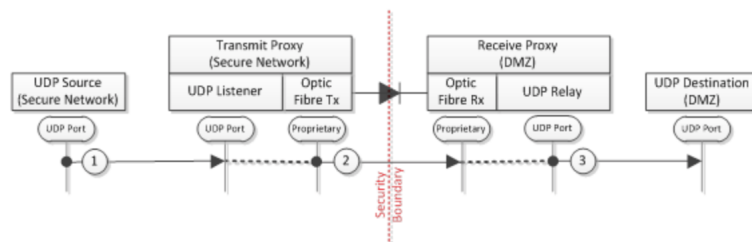


Figure 3: UDP over a data diode.

when dealing with applications that are not sensitive to data loss or that implements an error checking system. Hence, the UDP protocol is used within the data diode.

Furthermore, this brings multiple problems. One of the problems is how to be able to use applications that requires TCP. TO BE CONTINUED

1.3 Our System description

The data diode concept is well orchestrated combination between hardware and software. The data diode is composed by 2 server. We can consider one as a *low server*, wich is connected to the Internet, and one as a *high sever* wich is connected to the secure environnement of the entreprise. The transmission of the information will be from the low side to the high side, and blocked in the other direction (*Bell-LaPadula security model*(pas sur)).

1.3.1 Hardware

Component	Description
2 Server "type"	
Unidirectional optical fiber ⁶	This optical fiber allows communication between the low server the high server.
Fiber Optic Sensor	Placed on the high server to receive the data through the optical fiber

1.3.2 Software

OS Linux will be used for the both sever.

Web interface will be used for the administration of the data diode.

BlindFTP⁷ is a simple and portable tool for transferring files over a unidirectional network link (without acknowledgment), wich is perfect for our data diaode.

1.3.3 Objectives

1.4 Users

The only authorized person to interact with the data diode must be one (or two) *administrator* designated by the company. He will have to know how it works and be able to use the administration interface??.

1.5 User Interface

1.6 System implementation

1.7 General usage

References

- [1] NIST, *SHA-3 Standard: Permutation-Based Hash and Extendable-Output Functions*, FEDERAL INFORMATION PROCESSING STANDARDS PUBLICATION, 2015.

⁷<https://www.decorage.info/fr/python/blindftp>