Jumbled up thoughts

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Abstract

Stray thoughts of a stray man. This is a collection of things that I thought was fun to do and also things that I always come back to after forgetting it:) There's no order or structure here just whatever my mind facies at the moment.

The second book on number theory that I use is ntb v2 by Victor Shoup, I'm reading it concurrently with William Stein's ent.pdf.

Theorem 1.5. He said that by "Applying Theorem 1.4 with $a - \lceil x \rceil$ in place of a we obtain"

Theorem 1.4 is the statement that for $a, b \in \mathbb{Z}$, a = bq + r. Although it is somewhat obvious there are a few things to consider.

First the range of x is [x, x + b), here b is not included because otherwise we will have too many integers in the range. This only happens if x coincides with an integer, e.g. x = 1, b = 1, if the range is [x, x + b] then there will be two integers in the range, 1 and 2. By excluding x + b we only have one integer in the range, which is x = 1.

Second, substituting $a \to a - \lceil x \rceil$ is not so straightforward in practice, e.g. say we want a = 5, b = 3, and x = 7. What we want to calculate is then

$$5-7 = 3q + r$$

 $-2 = 3q + r$
 $-2 = 3 \cdot 0 + -2$
 $5 = 3 \cdot 0 + 5$

which is wrong since 5 is not between [7,7+5) Although merely substituting $a - \lceil x \rceil$ into a seems like a good idea at first, *i.e.*

$$a - \lceil x \rceil = bq + r$$

 $a = bq + (r + \lceil x \rceil)$

and also $0 \le r < b \to x \le r + \lceil x \rceil < x + b$ everything seems ok. However, the quotient q is $\lfloor a - \lceil x \rceil / b \rfloor$, *i.e.* the quotient of $a - \lceil x \rceil$ instead of a.

The right way to do it is

$$\lceil x \rceil = bq' + r'$$

$$a - \lceil x \rceil = bq + r$$

$$a = bq + r + \lceil x \rceil$$

$$= bq + r + bq' + r'$$

$$a = b(q + q') + (r + r')$$