

Annihilation DESY data

See www.hepdata.net/record/ins191231, Table 2, 14.0 GeV.

| x | y |
|--------|---------|
| 0.0502 | 0.09983 |
| 0.1505 | 0.10791 |
| 0.2509 | 0.12026 |
| 0.3512 | 0.13002 |
| 0.4516 | 0.17681 |
| 0.5521 | 0.19570 |
| 0.6526 | 0.27900 |
| 0.7312 | 0.33204 |

For columns x and y we have

$$x = \cos \theta, \quad y = \frac{d\sigma}{d\Omega}$$

The cross section formula is

$$\frac{d\sigma}{d\Omega} = \frac{\alpha^2}{2s} \left(\frac{1 + \cos \theta}{1 - \cos \theta} + \frac{1 - \cos \theta}{1 + \cos \theta} \right) \times (\hbar c)^2$$

Let \hat{y} be predicted values. The factor 10^{37} converts square meters to nanobarns.

$$\hat{y}_i = \left. \frac{d\sigma}{d\Omega} \right|_{\cos \theta = x_i} = \frac{\alpha^2}{2s} \left(\frac{1 + x_i}{1 - x_i} + \frac{1 - x_i}{1 + x_i} \right) \times (\hbar c)^2 \times 10^{37}$$

The following table shows predicted values for $s = (14.0 \text{ GeV})^2$.

| x | y | \hat{y} |
|--------|---------|-----------|
| 0.0502 | 0.09983 | 0.106325 |
| 0.1505 | 0.10791 | 0.110694 |
| 0.2509 | 0.12026 | 0.120005 |
| 0.3512 | 0.13002 | 0.135559 |
| 0.4516 | 0.17681 | 0.159996 |
| 0.5521 | 0.19570 | 0.198562 |
| 0.6526 | 0.27900 | 0.262745 |
| 0.7312 | 0.33204 | 0.348884 |

The coefficient of determination R^2 measures how well predicted values fit the data.

$$R^2 = 1 - \frac{\sum (y - \hat{y})^2}{\sum (y - \bar{y})^2} = 0.98$$

The result indicates that $d\sigma$ explains 98% of the variance in the data.

Eigenmath code