Rutherford scattering data

The following data is from Geiger and Marsden's 1913 paper where y is the number of scattering events.

This is the differential cross section for Rutherford scattering.

$$\frac{d\sigma}{d\Omega} \propto \frac{1}{(1-\cos\theta)^2}$$

Let f(k) be the following probability mass function.

$$f(k) = \Pr(\theta = \theta_k) \propto \left. \frac{d\sigma}{d\Omega} \right|_{\theta = \theta_k}$$

Hence

$$f(k) = \frac{C}{(1 - \cos \theta_k)^2}$$

where C is a normalization constant. To find C let

$$x_k = \frac{1}{(1 - \cos \theta_k)^2}$$

By total probability

$$\sum f = C \sum x = 1$$

It follows that

$$C = \frac{1}{\sum x}$$

Hence the scattering probability for angle θ_k is

$$f(k) = \frac{x_k}{\sum x}$$

Let \hat{y}_k be predicted number of scattering events such that

$$\Pr(y = \hat{y}_k) = \Pr(\theta = \theta_k)$$

It follows that

$$\frac{\hat{y}_k}{\sum y} = f(k)$$

Hence

$$\hat{y}_k = f(k) \sum y = \frac{x_k \sum y}{\sum x}$$

The following table shows the predicted values.

θ	y	\hat{y}
150	22.2	34.1
135	27.4	40.7
120	33.0	52.7
105	47.3	74.9
75	136	216
60	320	474
45	989	1383
37.5	1760	2778
30	5260	6608
22.5	20300	20471
15	105400	102162