

## Spherical harmonics

Verify that

$$r^2 \nabla^2 Y_{lm}(\theta, \phi) = -l(l+1)Y_{lm}(\theta, \phi)$$

for selected spherical harmonic functions  $Y_{lm}(\theta, \phi)$ .

Since  $Y_{lm}(\theta, \phi)$  is independent of  $r$  we have

$$r^2 \nabla^2 Y = \frac{1}{\sin \theta} \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} \left( \sin \theta \frac{\partial Y}{\partial \theta} \right) + \frac{1}{\sin^2 \theta} \frac{\partial^2 Y}{\partial \phi^2}$$