## Fun trick

Show that

$$[p^2, \mathbf{r}] = -2i\hbar\mathbf{p}$$

where

$$\mathbf{r} = \otimes(x, y, z), \quad \mathbf{p} = -i\hbar\nabla, \quad p^2 = \mathbf{p} \cdot \mathbf{p} = -\hbar^2\nabla^2$$

We have

$$[p^{2}, \mathbf{r}] = p^{2}\mathbf{r} - \mathbf{r}p^{2}$$

$$= \mathbf{p} \cdot \mathbf{p}\mathbf{r} - \mathbf{r}\mathbf{p} \cdot \mathbf{p}$$

$$= [\mathbf{p}\mathbf{p}\mathbf{r} - \mathbf{p}\mathbf{r}\mathbf{p}]_{1,2} + [\mathbf{p}\mathbf{r}\mathbf{p} - \mathbf{r}\mathbf{p}\mathbf{p}]_{2,3} \qquad \text{trick!}$$

$$= [\mathbf{p}(\mathbf{p}\mathbf{r} - \mathbf{r}\mathbf{p})]_{1,2} + [(\mathbf{p}\mathbf{r} - \mathbf{r}\mathbf{p})\mathbf{p}]_{2,3}$$

$$= [\mathbf{p}(-i\hbar\mathbf{I})]_{1,2} + [(-i\hbar\mathbf{I})\mathbf{p}]_{2,3}$$

$$= \mathbf{p}(-i\hbar) + (-i\hbar)\mathbf{p}$$

$$= -2i\hbar\mathbf{p}$$

where  $[]_{i,j}$  means contract on indices i and j and I is the  $3 \times 3$  identity matrix.

Verify the following formulas.

$$[p^2, \mathbf{r}] = -2i\hbar\mathbf{p} \tag{1}$$

$$[p^2, \mathbf{r}] = [\mathbf{ppr} - \mathbf{prp}]_{1,2} + [\mathbf{prp} - \mathbf{rpp}]_{2,3}$$
 (2)

$$\mathbf{pr} - \mathbf{rp} = -i\hbar \mathbf{I} \tag{3}$$

$$\mathbf{p} \cdot \mathbf{p} = [\mathbf{p}\mathbf{p}]_{1,2} \tag{4}$$