

By equation (7.20) to first order we have

$$F(j(\mathbf{r}, t) + \eta(\mathbf{r}, t)) - F(j(\mathbf{r}, t)) = \iint \frac{\delta F}{\delta j(\mathbf{x}, s)} \eta(\mathbf{x}, s) d^3\mathbf{x} ds$$

Let

$$I(f_1, f_2) = \frac{1}{2} \iiint f_1(\mathbf{r}_1, t_1) f_2(\mathbf{r}_2, t_2) R(\mathbf{r}_2 - \mathbf{r}_1, t_2 - t_1) d^3\mathbf{r}_2 dt_2 d^3\mathbf{r}_1 dt_1$$

Then

$$F(j(\mathbf{r}, t) + \eta(\mathbf{r}, t)) = F(j(\mathbf{r}, t)) \exp(I(j, \eta)) \exp(I(\eta, j)) \exp(I(\eta, \eta))$$

Use the approximation $\exp(x) = 1 + x$ to obtain to first order in η

$$F(j(\mathbf{r}, t) + \eta(\mathbf{r}, t)) = F(j(\mathbf{r}, t)) (1 + I(j, \eta) + I(\eta, j))$$

Then by equation (7.20)

$$F(j(\mathbf{r}, t)) I(j, \eta) + F(j(\mathbf{r}, t)) I(\eta, j) = \iint \frac{\delta F}{\delta j(\mathbf{x}, s)} \eta(\mathbf{x}, s) d^3\mathbf{x} ds \quad (1)$$

Substitute (7.27) into (1). The $F(j(\mathbf{r}, t))$ cancel leaving

$$\begin{aligned} I(j, \eta) + I(\eta, j) &= \frac{1}{2} \iiint j(\mathbf{r}, t) R(\mathbf{r} - \mathbf{x}, t - s) \eta(\mathbf{x}, s) d^3\mathbf{r} dt d^3\mathbf{x} ds \\ &\quad + \frac{1}{2} \iiint j(\mathbf{r}, t) R(\mathbf{x} - \mathbf{r}, s - t) \eta(\mathbf{x}, s) d^3\mathbf{r} dt d^3\mathbf{x} ds \end{aligned}$$

which is easily verified.