

From problem 2-3 we have for the action S

$$S(b, a) = \frac{m(x_b - x_a)^2}{2T} + \frac{fT(x_b + x_a)}{2} - \frac{f^2T^3}{24m} \quad (1)$$

where $T = t_b - t_a$.

Consider equation (3.51).

$$K(b, a) = F(T) \exp \left(\frac{iS(b, a)}{\hbar} \right) \quad (3.51)$$

Substitute (1) into (3.51).

$$K(b, a) = F(T) \exp \left(\frac{im(x_b - x_a)^2}{2\hbar T} + \frac{ifT(x_b + x_a)}{2\hbar} - \frac{if^2T^3}{24\hbar m} \right) \quad (2)$$

We now proceed to solve for $F(T)$. Consider equation (2.31).

$$K(b, a) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} K(b, c) K(c, a) dx_c \quad (2.31)$$

Substitute (3.51) into (2.31) to obtain

$$K(b, a) = F(t_b - t_c) F(t_c - t_a) \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \exp \left(\frac{iS(b, c)}{\hbar} + \frac{iS(c, a)}{\hbar} \right) dx_c \quad (3)$$

Substitute (1) into (3) and rewrite the result as powers of x_c .

$$K(b, a) = F(t_b - t_c) F(t_c - t_a) \exp \left(-\frac{if^2(t_b - t_c)^3}{24\hbar m} - \frac{if^2(t_c - t_a)^3}{24\hbar m} \right) \times \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \exp (Ax_c^2 + Bx_c + C) dx_c \quad (4)$$

where

$$A = \frac{im}{2\hbar} \left(\frac{1}{t_b - t_c} + \frac{1}{t_c - t_a} \right) \quad (5)$$

$$B = \frac{ifT}{2\hbar} - \frac{im}{\hbar} \left(\frac{x_b}{t_b - t_c} + \frac{x_a}{t_c - t_a} \right) \quad (6)$$

$$C = \frac{if}{2\hbar} (x_b(t_b - t_c) + x_a(t_c - t_a)) + \frac{im}{2\hbar} \left(\frac{x_b^2}{t_b - t_c} + \frac{x_a^2}{t_c - t_a} \right) \quad (7)$$

Note that the exponential involving f^2 is independent of x_c and is factored out of the integrand in (4).

Solve the integral in (4).

$$\begin{aligned} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \exp(Ax_c^2 + Bx_c + C) dx_c &= \left(-\frac{\pi}{A}\right)^{1/2} \exp\left(-\frac{B^2}{4A} + C\right) \\ &= \left(-\frac{2\pi\hbar(t_b - t_c)(t_c - t_a)}{imT}\right)^{1/2} \\ &\quad \times \exp\left(\frac{im(x_b - x_a)^2}{2\hbar T} + \frac{ifT(x_b + x_a)}{2\hbar} - \frac{if^2T(t_b - t_c)(t_c - t_a)}{8\hbar m}\right) \end{aligned} \quad (8)$$

Substitute (8) into (4) to obtain

$$\begin{aligned} K(b, a) &= F(t_b - t_c)F(t_c - t_a) \exp\left(-\frac{if^2(t_b - t_c)^3}{24\hbar m} - \frac{if^2(t_c - t_a)^3}{24\hbar m}\right) \\ &\quad \times \left(-\frac{2\pi\hbar(t_b - t_c)(t_c - t_a)}{imT}\right)^{1/2} \\ &\quad \times \exp\left(\frac{im(x_b - x_a)^2}{2\hbar T} + \frac{ifT(x_b + x_a)}{2\hbar} - \frac{if^2T(t_b - t_c)(t_c - t_a)}{8\hbar m}\right) \end{aligned} \quad (9)$$

Note that

$$T^3 = (t_b - t_c)^3 + (t_c - t_a)^3 + 3T(t_b - t_c)(t_c - t_a) \quad (10)$$

Use (10) to combine exponentials involving f^2 in (9).

$$\begin{aligned} K(b, a) &= F(t_b - t_c)F(t_c - t_a) \left(-\frac{2\pi\hbar(t_b - t_c)(t_c - t_a)}{imT}\right)^{1/2} \\ &\quad \times \exp\left(\frac{im(x_b - x_a)^2}{2\hbar T} + \frac{ifT(x_b + x_a)}{2\hbar} - \frac{if^2T^3}{24\hbar m}\right) \end{aligned} \quad (11)$$

Equating (2) with (11) cancels the exponentials and leaves

$$F(T) = F(t_b - t_c)F(t_c - t_a) \left(-\frac{2\pi\hbar(t_b - t_c)(t_c - t_a)}{imT}\right)^{1/2} \quad (12)$$

From problem 3-7, let

$$F(t) = \left(\frac{m}{2\pi i\hbar t}\right)^{1/2} g(t) \quad (13)$$

Substitute (13) into (12) to obtain

$$\begin{aligned} \left(\frac{m}{2\pi i\hbar T}\right)^{1/2} g(T) &= \left(\frac{m}{2\pi i\hbar(t_b - t_c)}\right)^{1/2} g(t_b - t_c) \\ &\quad \times \left(\frac{m}{2\pi i\hbar(t_c - t_a)}\right)^{1/2} g(t_c - t_a) \left(-\frac{2\pi\hbar(t_b - t_c)(t_c - t_a)}{imT}\right)^{1/2} \end{aligned}$$

The coefficients cancel leaving

$$g(T) = g(t_b - t_c)g(t_c - t_a) \quad (14)$$

Hence

$$g(t) = 1$$

and

$$F(T) = \left(\frac{m}{2\pi i \hbar T} \right)^{1/2} \tag{15}$$

Substitute (15) into (2).

$$K(b, a) = \left(\frac{m}{2\pi i \hbar T} \right)^{1/2} \exp \left(\frac{im(x_b - x_a)^2}{2\hbar T} + \frac{ifT(x_b + x_a)}{2\hbar} - \frac{if^2T^3}{24\hbar m} \right)$$