Let

$$f = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 + \left(\frac{\alpha}{A + \sqrt{B^2 - \alpha^2}}\right)^2}}$$

Expand f as a Taylor series.

$$f = 1 - \frac{\alpha^2}{2(A+B)^2} - \frac{\alpha^4}{2B(A+B)^3} + \frac{3\alpha^4}{8(A+B)^4} + \mathcal{O}(\alpha^6)$$

Substitute A = n - (j + 1/2) and B = j + 1/2 to obtain A + B = n and

$$f = 1 - \frac{\alpha^2}{2n^2} - \frac{\alpha^4}{2n^3(j+1/2)} + \frac{3\alpha^4}{8n^4}$$
 (1)

Hence

$$E_{nj} = mc^{2}(f-1) = mc^{2} \left(-\frac{\alpha^{2}}{2n^{2}} - \frac{\alpha^{4}}{2n^{3}(j+1/2)} + \frac{3\alpha^{4}}{8n^{4}} \right)$$

Factor out $-\alpha^2/(2n^2)$.

$$E_{nj} = -\frac{mc^2\alpha^2}{2n^2} \left(1 + \frac{\alpha^2}{n(j+1/2)} - \frac{3\alpha^2}{4n^2} \right)$$
 (2)

Rewrite as

$$E_{nj} = -\frac{mc^2\alpha^2}{2n^2} \left[1 + \frac{\alpha^2}{n^2} \left(\frac{n}{j+1/2} - \frac{3}{4} \right) \right]$$