This is the Dirac equation.

$$i\hbar\left(\frac{1}{c}\gamma^0\frac{\partial}{\partial t}+\gamma^1\frac{\partial}{\partial x}+\gamma^2\frac{\partial}{\partial y}+\gamma^3\frac{\partial}{\partial z}\right)\psi=mc\psi$$

The following set of gamma matrices are known as the "Dirac representation."

$$\gamma^0=\begin{pmatrix}1&0&0&0\\0&1&0&0\\0&0&-1&0\\0&0&0&-1\end{pmatrix}\quad\gamma^1=\begin{pmatrix}0&0&0&1\\0&0&1&0\\0&-1&0&0\\-1&0&0&0\end{pmatrix}\quad\gamma^2=\begin{pmatrix}0&0&0&-i\\0&0&i&0\\0&i&0&0\\-i&0&0&0\end{pmatrix}\quad\gamma^3=\begin{pmatrix}0&0&1&0\\0&0&0&-1\\-1&0&0&0\\0&1&0&0\end{pmatrix}$$

Let

$$F(x,y,z,t)=p_xx+p_yy+p_zz-Et$$

where

$$E=\sqrt{p_x^2c^2+p_y^2c^2+p_z^2c^2+m^2c^4}$$

The four positive wave solutions to the Dirac equation are

$$\psi_1=\begin{pmatrix}E+mc^2\\0\\p_zc\\p_xc+ip_yc\end{pmatrix}\exp\left(\frac{iF}{\hbar}\right)\quad\psi_2=\begin{pmatrix}0\\E+mc^2\\p_xc-ip_yc\\-p_zc\end{pmatrix}\exp\left(\frac{iF}{\hbar}\right)$$

$$\psi_3=\begin{pmatrix}p_zc\\p_xc+ip_yc\\E-mc^2\\0\end{pmatrix}\exp\left(\frac{iF}{\hbar}\right)\quad\psi_4=\begin{pmatrix}p_xc-ip_yc\\-p_zc\\0\\E-mc^2\end{pmatrix}\exp\left(\frac{iF}{\hbar}\right)$$

The four negative wave solutions are

$$\psi_5=\begin{pmatrix}E-mc^2\\0\\p_zc\\p_xc+ip_yc\end{pmatrix}\exp\left(-\frac{iF}{\hbar}\right)\quad\psi_6=\begin{pmatrix}0\\E-mc^2\\p_xc-ip_yc\\-p_zc\end{pmatrix}\exp\left(-\frac{iF}{\hbar}\right)$$

$$\psi_7=\begin{pmatrix}p_zc\\p_xc+ip_yc\\E+mc^2\\0\end{pmatrix}\exp\left(-\frac{iF}{\hbar}\right)\quad\psi_8=\begin{pmatrix}p_xc-ip_yc\\-p_zc\\0\\E+mc^2\end{pmatrix}\exp\left(-\frac{iF}{\hbar}\right)$$

The negative wave solutions flip the sign of the mc^2 term.

The following solutions are used by quantum electrodynamics.

ψ_1	Fermion, spin up
ψ_2	Fermion, spin down
ψ_7	Anti-fermion, spin up
ψ_8	Anti-fermion, spin down