## Schrodinger from free-particle propagator

Consider the free-particle propagator

$$K_0(x, t, x_a, t_a) = \left(\frac{m}{2\pi i \hbar (t - t_a)}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}} \exp\left(\frac{i m(x - x_a)^2}{2\hbar (t - t_a)}\right)$$

Let  $\psi(x,t)$  be a free-particle wave function. Then

$$\psi(x,t) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} K_0(x,t,x_a,t_a)\psi(x_a,t_a) dx_a$$
 (1)

Apply  $\partial/\partial t$  to both sides of (1) to obtain

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial t}\psi(x,t) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{\partial K_0}{\partial t} \psi(x_a, t_a) \, dx_a \tag{2}$$

Apply  $\partial^2/\partial x^2$  to both sides of (1) to obtain

$$\frac{\partial^2}{\partial x^2}\psi(x,t) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{\partial^2 K_0}{\partial x^2} \psi(x_a, t_a) \, dx_a \tag{3}$$

By computer algebra

$$\frac{\partial K_0}{\partial t} = \frac{i\hbar}{2m} \frac{\partial^2 K_0}{\partial x^2} \tag{4}$$

Multiply both sides of (4) by  $\psi(x_a, t_a)$  and integrate over  $x_a$ .

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{\partial K_0}{\partial t} \psi(x_a, t_a) \, dx_a = \frac{i\hbar}{2m} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{\partial^2 K_0}{\partial x^2} \psi(x_a, t_a) \, dx_a \tag{5}$$

Substitute (2) and (3) into (5) to obtain

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial t}\psi(x,t) = \frac{i\hbar}{2m}\frac{\partial^2}{\partial x^2}\psi(x,t)$$

Multiply both sides by  $i\hbar$  to obtain the free-particle Schrodinger equation

$$i\hbar \frac{\partial}{\partial t}\psi(x,t) = -\frac{\hbar^2}{2m}\frac{\partial^2}{\partial x^2}\psi(x,t)$$