Feynman and Hibs problem 2-2 $\,$

This is the Lagrangian for a harmonic oscillator.

$$L = \frac{m}{2}(\dot{x}^2 - \omega^2 x^2)$$

Let $T = t_b - t_a$. Show that the classical action is

$$S_{cl} = \frac{m\omega}{2\sin\omega T} \left((x_b^2 + x_a^2)\cos(\omega T) - 2x_b x_a \right)$$

This is the equation of motion.

$$x(t) = x_a + \frac{x_b - x_a}{2}\sin(\omega t)$$

From equation 2.1

$$S_{cl} = \frac{m}{2} \int_{t_c}^{t_b} (\dot{x}^2 - \omega^2 x^2) \, dt$$

Rewrite as two integrals.

$$S_{cl} = \frac{m}{2} \int_{t_a}^{t_b} \dot{x}^2 dt - \frac{m}{2} \int_{t_a}^{t_b} \omega^2 x^2 dt$$