## Spin flip

Consider an electron at rest in the following magnetic field.

$$\mathbf{B} = B_0 \cos(\omega t) \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

Find the minimum  $B_0$  such that the sign of  $\langle S_x \rangle$  flips periodically.

Start with the Hamiltonian for the electron.

$$H = \frac{ge}{2m} \mathbf{B} \cdot \mathbf{S} = \frac{ge}{2m} B_0 \cos(\omega t) S_z$$

Let  $|s\rangle$  be the following spin state.

$$|s\rangle = \begin{pmatrix} c_1(t) \\ c_2(t) \end{pmatrix}$$

Consider the Schrödinger equation for spin state  $|s\rangle$ .

$$i\hbar \frac{\partial}{\partial t} |s\rangle = H|s\rangle$$

By the Schrodinger equation we have for  $c_1(t)$  and  $c_2(t)$ 

$$i\hbar \frac{\partial}{\partial t}c_1(t) = \frac{ge\hbar}{4m}B_0\cos(\omega t)c_1(t)$$
$$i\hbar \frac{\partial}{\partial t}c_2(t) = -\frac{ge\hbar}{4m}B_0\cos(\omega t)c_2(t)$$

The solutions for  $c_1(t)$  and  $c_2(t)$  are

$$c_{1}(t) = C_{1} \exp\left(-\frac{ige}{4m\omega}B_{0}\sin(\omega t)\right)$$

$$c_{2}(t) = C_{2} \exp\left(\frac{ige}{4m\omega}B_{0}\sin(\omega t)\right)$$
(1)

where  $C_1$  and  $C_2$  are complex coefficients

$$C_1 = a_1 \exp(i\theta_1), \quad C_2 = a_2 \exp(i\theta_2), \quad |C_1|^2 + |C_2|^2 = a_1^2 + a_2^2 = 1$$

For  $\langle S_x \rangle$  we have

$$\langle S_x \rangle = \langle s | S_x | s \rangle = a_1 a_2 \hbar \cos \left( \frac{ge}{2m\omega} B_0 \sin(\omega t) - \theta_1 + \theta_2 \right)$$
 (2)

Assume  $\theta_1 = \theta_2$  for this problem so that

$$\langle S_x \rangle = a_1 a_2 \hbar \cos \left( \frac{ge}{2m\omega} B_0 \sin(\omega t) \right)$$

Note that if the sign of  $\langle S_x \rangle$  is constant in time then

$$-\frac{\pi}{2} \le \frac{ge}{2m\omega} B_0 \sin(\omega t) \le \frac{\pi}{2}$$

For t such that  $\sin(\omega t) = 1$  we have

$$\frac{ge}{2m\omega}B_0 \le \frac{\pi}{2}$$

Hence the sign of  $\langle S_x \rangle$  changes periodically for

$$B_0 > \frac{\pi m \omega}{ge}$$

See exercise 10.6 of Quantum Mechanics (Lulu edition) by Richard Fitzpatrick.