Zeeman effect

Hydrogen energy levels in a weak magnetic field B are approximately

$$E = -\frac{13.6 \,\text{eV}}{n^2} \left[1 + \frac{\alpha^2}{n^2} \left(\frac{n}{j+1/2} - \frac{3}{4} \right) \right] + g_J m_j \mu_B B$$

where

$$j = \begin{cases} l \pm \frac{1}{2}, & l \ge 1 \\ \frac{1}{2}, & l = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$m_j = -j, -j + 1, \dots, j - 1, j$$

Symbol g_J is the Lande g-factor

$$g_J = 1 + \frac{j(j+1) - l(l+1) + \frac{3}{4}}{2j(j+1)}$$

For principal quantum number n=2 and magnetic field $B\neq 0$ there are eight energy levels.