Linear algebra

Function dot returns the product of vectors, matrices, and higher rank tensors. Also known as the matrix product and inner product.

Example 1. Compute AX for

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12} \\ a_{21} & a_{22} \end{pmatrix}, \quad X = \begin{pmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{pmatrix}$$

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A = ((a11,a12),(a21,a22))
X = (x1,x2)
dot(A,X)
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$$\begin{bmatrix} a_{11}x_1 + a_{12}x_2 \\ a_{21}x_1 + a_{22}x_2 \end{bmatrix}$$

Example 2. Solve for vector X in AX = B.

$$X = \begin{bmatrix} -\frac{5}{17} \\ \frac{41}{17} \end{bmatrix}$$

Example 3. Show that

$$A^{-1} = \frac{\operatorname{adj} A}{\det A}$$

$$A = ((a,b),(c,d))$$

inv(A) == adj(A) / det(A)

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