Classifying pulsars from radio signals HTRU2 Dataset.

By George Bennett





Classifying pulsars from radio signals, HTRU2 Dataset. By George Bennett.

Image source right:

(http://www.astronomy.com/news/2018/03/all-galaxies-rotate-once-every-billion-years)

Image source left:

(<u>https://dissolve.com/stock-photo/Satellite-dishes-field-near-mountain-royalty-free-image/101-D145-244-773</u>)

Problem Statement

My task is a classification task to distinguish radio signals that are from pulsar stars from radio signals that are not from pulsar stars.



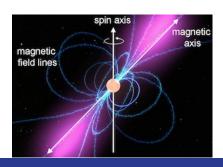
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Image source:

(https://physicsworld.com/a/magnetic-fields-put-the-brakes-on-millisecond-puls ars/)

Scientific Value

Scientists study pulsars for a variety of reasons. They are used to study space-time, the interstellar medium, and exotic states of matter. (Source: https://www.kaggle.com/pavanraj159/predicting-a-pulsar-star)



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Image source:

(https://imagine.gsfc.nasa.gov/science/objects/neutron_stars1.html)

Methodology

- I created several machine learning models to classify the radio signals. First I used a decision tree. Next I used random forest, and finally I used XGBoost.
- I used GridsearchCV to tune the hyper parameters of the models.
- During the analysis I also used Principal component analysis to reduce the dimensionality of the data.
- Since the dataset was imbalanced 9:1 I used SMOTE to upsample the data.



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Image

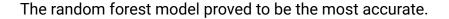
source(https://towardsdatascience.com/how-to-build-a-gender-classifier-in-python-using-scikit-learn-13c7bb502f2e)

Performance

The random forest model proved to be the most accurate.

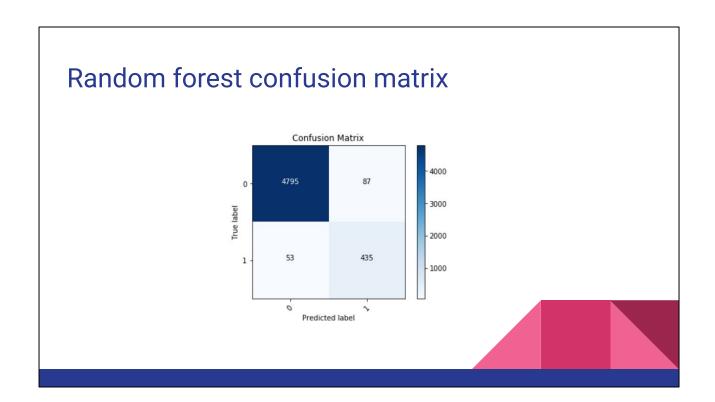
- Precision %83
- F1-score %86
- Accuracy %97

I chose Precision and f1-score as my metrics of success because I wanted to avoid false positives and false negatives, but I believe false positives are more detrimental to the astronomers then false negatives.



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Here is a confusion matrix for the random forest model.

Future Work

Data Science can be used by astronomers in many ways. Given more time and data I could classify all types of stars, galaxies and other astronomical phenomena using my skills as a data scientist.



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Image source:

(<u>https://www.businessinsider.com/hubble-telescope-galaxies-photo-legacy-wide-field-deep-universe-2019-5</u>)