File Input-Output I

Model 1 Writing to a File

The following example creates a new file (in the current/default folder) named out.txt and writes several lines of output to it. The instructor will run the code with you. Examine the contents of the resulting out.txt file. In the space below, write the contents of out.txt to the right of the code.

```
1 def main() -> None:
       outfile = open("out.txt", "w")
                                               out.txt
       outfile.write("Example ")
3
       outfile.write("output ")
       outfile.write("text file\n")
       outfile.write("xyz Coordinates\n")
       outfile.write("MODEL\n")
       outfile.write("ATOM\t1")
8
       seq = "n\t0\t1\t2"
       outfile.write(seq)
       outfile.write("\n")
       outfile.close()
13 main()
```

1. Based on the Python code:

- a) How many arguments are passed to open? What are their types?
- b) What variable stores the *file object* returned by the open function?
- c) Identify the names of all methods used on this file object in the code.
- d) What type of data does the write method require for its argument?
- 2. Based on the out.txt file:
 - a) How many times was the write method called to create the first line of text?
 - b) How many times was the write method called to create the second line of text?
 - c) What do the "\n" and "\t" characters do?
 - d) How is the write method different from the print function?
- 3. Write a program that creates a file named lines.txt and writes 100 lines like this:

```
Line #1
Line #2
Line #3
```

Model 2 Appending to a File

The second argument of open specifies the *mode* in which the file is opened. When writing output to a file, there are two basic modes:

- The write ("w") mode will overwrite/replace the file contents.
- The append ("a") mode will add new data to the end of the file.

Either mode will create the file automatically if it does not already exist.

4. Evaluate the following statements in the order that they are listed:

Python code	Output
afile.write("new line\n")	
afile = open("out.txt", "a")	
<pre>print(afile.write("new line\n"))</pre>	
afile.write(2.0)	
afile.write("2.0")	
afile.close()	
afile.write("new line\n")	

- 5. Explain what happens as a result of the line: afile = open("out.txt", "a")
- **6**. How do the arguments passed to the open function differ for writing a new file in comparison to appending an existing file?
- 7. What does the write method return? Run help(afile.write) to check your answer.
- **8**. Explain the reason for the error observed after entering:
 - a) the first line of code: afile.write("new line\n")
 - b) the last line of code: afile.write("new line\n")
 - c) the statement: afile.write(2.0)

Model 3 Reading from a File

Programs often require input data from an external file source. Not surprisingly, there are methods for reading the contents of files.

9. Evaluate the following statements in the order that they are listed (assuming out.txt has the content from Model 1):

Python code	Output
<pre>infile = open("out.txt", "r")</pre>	
infile.readline()	
infile.readline()	
infile.readlines()	
infile.readline()	
infile.close()	
<pre>infile = open("out.txt", "r")</pre>	
<pre>for line in infile: print(line)</pre>	
infile.close()	
<pre>infile = open("out.txt", "r")</pre>	
<pre>for i in range(3): infile.readline()</pre>	
line = infile.readline()	
line	
<pre>print(line[0])</pre>	
<pre>print(line[0:5])</pre>	
<pre>words = line.split()</pre>	
words	
<pre>print(words[0])</pre>	
infile.close()	

- **10**. Based on the output above:
 - a) What type of data does the readline method return?
 - b) What type of data does the readlines method return?

12. What happens if you try to read past the end of the file? Justify your answer.
13. What is the difference between the two for loops in the table?
14 . Consider the output of the first for loop:
a) Why does the program display the file as if it were double spaced?
b) How would you change the code to avoid printing extra blank lines?
15. Based on the second half of the table:
a) Why was it necessary to open the file again?
b) Write code that would output 1.0 using line
c) Write code that would output 1.0 using words
16. Consider a file names.txt that contains first and last names of 100 people, with one name per line (e.g., "Anita Borg"). Write a program that prints all the last names (the second word of each line) in the file.

11. Why did the readline method return different values each time?