Conditions and Logic II

1. What is the output of the following program? Draw the control flow chart. Provide different test values in order to get different outcomes.

```
def mystery(people: int, bikes: int, cars: int) -> None:
      if (bikes + cars > people):
2
          print("no need of walking...")
3
          if cars > bikes:
4
              print("too many cars")
          else:
              print("bikes may work")
      if bikes > people:
8
          print("bikes are cool")
      else:
          print("let's stay home then")
  def main() -> None:
      mystery(30, 28, 10) # test 1
  main()
```

```
no need of walking...
bikes may work
let's stay home then
```

2. What is the output of the following program? Draw the control flow chart. Provide different test values in order to get different outcomes.

```
def mystery(students: int, desks: int, professors: int) -> None:
2
       if (students + professors) > desks:
           print( "There are not enough desks!")
       else:
4
           print("There are enough desks for everyone to have their own.")
           leftover = desks - (students + professors)
6
           if leftover >= students:
               print("There will be A LOT of empty desks.")
8
           elif leftover >= professors:
9
               print("There will be exactly",leftover, "empty desks.")
           elif leftover >= 1:
               print("There will be at least one empty desk.")
13
           else:
               print("There will not be any empty desks." )
14
   def main() -> None:
15
       mystery(28, 100, 5) # test 1
  main()
```

```
There are enough desks for everyone to have their own.

There will be A LOT of empty desks.
```

3. What is the output of the following program? Draw the control flow chart. Provide different test values in order to get different outcomes.

```
def mystery(temperature: int, thickness: float) -> None:
2
       if (temperature >= -9 and temperature <= -5):</pre>
           print(temperature, "C is good for speed skating")
3
           if (thickness < 2.5):</pre>
4
                more = 2.5 - thickness
5
                print("The ice needs to be", more, "cm thicker")
6
           else:
                print(thickness, "cm is thick enough ice")
8
           print("According to Mark Messer")
9
       elif (temperature < -3):</pre>
           print(temperature, "C is good for figure skating")
11
           if (thickness >= 4.5 and thickness <= 5):</pre>
                print(thickness, "cm ice is good")
13
       else:
14
           print("The ice is all wrong")
15
   def main() -> None:
17
       mystery(-7, 2.0) #test 1
18 main()
```

```
-7 C is good for speed skating
The ice needs to be 0.5 cm thicker
According to Mark Messer
```

4. Rewrite the program below to have only a single if statement. Your solution must have exactly one if, zero or more elif branches, and zero or one else branch. (In your solution, you need only rewrite the part below the comment.) Draw the control flow chart and use it in the simplification.

```
def main() -> None:
2
       response = input("Is it raining out? ")
       rainy = response == 'yes'
       wind = int(input("What is the wind speed? "))
4
       # rewrite the program from here down...
5
       if rainy:
6
           if wind > 30:
               print ("Wear your rain slicker!")
8
9
               print ("Bring your umbrella!")
11
       else:
           if wind > 30:
12
               print ("Wear your windbreaker!")
  main()
```

```
if rainy and wind > 30:
    print ("Wear your rain slicker!")
elif rainy:
    print ("Bring your umbrella!")
elif wind > 30:
    print ("Wear your windbreaker!")
```

5. Rewrite the program below to have only a single if statement. Your solution must have exactly one if, zero or more elif branches, and zero or one else branch. (In your solution, you need only rewrite the part below the comment.) Draw the control flow chart and use it in the simplification.

```
def main() -> None:
       response = input("Is it raining out? ")
2
       rainy = response == 'yes'
       month = int(input("Enter the month: "))
4
       A = "Ride your snowmobile to class."
5
       B = "Take the shuttle."
6
       C = "Ride your bike to class."
8
       # rewrite the program from here down...
9
       if month > 10:
11
            print(A)
       if month < 3:</pre>
12
            print(A)
13
       else:
14
            if rainy:
15
                print(B)
16
            else:
17
                print(C)
18
19
   main()
```

```
if month < 3:</pre>
       print (A)
   elif month > 10 and rainy:
       print (A)
4
       print (B)
5
   elif month > 10 and not rainy:
6
7
       print (A)
       print (C)
8
   elif rainy:
9
       print (B)
11
   else:
       print (C)
12
```