MATH3431 Machine Learning and Neural Networks III

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## Exercise sheet

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## Part I

## Stochastic learning

**Exercise 1.**  $(\star)$ Let  $f: \mathbb{R}^d \to \mathbb{R}$  such that  $f(w) = g(\langle w, x \rangle + y)$  or some  $x \in \mathbb{R}^d$ ,  $y \in \mathbb{R}$ . If g is convex function then f is convex function.

Solution. Let  $u, v \in \mathbb{R}^d$  and  $a \in [0, 1]$ . It is

$$\begin{split} f\left(\alpha u + (1 - \alpha)\,v\right) &= g\left(<\,\alpha u + (1 - \alpha)\,v, x > + y\right) \\ &= g\left(<\,\alpha u, x > + < (1 - \alpha)\,v, x > + y\right) \\ &= g\left(\alpha\left(<\,u, x > + y\right) + (1 - \alpha)\left(<\,v, x > + y\right)\right) \qquad y = \alpha y + (1 - \alpha)\,y \\ &\leq &\alpha g\left(<\,u, x > + y\right) + (1 - \alpha)\,g\left(<\,v, x > + y\right) \\ &= &\alpha f\left(u\right) + (1 - \alpha)\,f\left(v\right) \end{split} \tag{$g$ is convex}$$