

Homework 3: Delta method

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Exercise 1

(★★) Consider an M -way contingency table and consider the quantities obs. cell counts, cell probabilities, cell proportions in their vectorised forms as

$$\underline{n} = (n_1, \dots, n_N)^T; \quad \underline{\pi} = (\pi_1, \dots, \pi_N)^T; \quad \underline{p} = (p_1, \dots, p_N)^T$$

where $n = \sum_{j=1}^N n_j$, and $p_j = n_j/n$.

1. Consider a constant matrix $C \in \mathbb{R}^{k \times N}$, and show that

$$\sqrt{n}(C \log(\underline{p}) - C \log(\underline{\pi})) \xrightarrow{D} N(0, C \text{diag}(\underline{\pi})^{-1} C^T - C 1 1^T C^T) \quad (1)$$

2. Consider a 3×3 contingency table with probabilities $(\pi_{i,j})$. Find the joint asymptotic distribution of the vector of different log odd ratios

$$\log(\underline{\theta}^C) = \begin{bmatrix} \log\left(\frac{\pi_{11}\pi_{22}}{\pi_{21}\pi_{12}}\right) \\ \log\left(\frac{\pi_{22}\pi_{33}}{\pi_{23}\pi_{32}}\right) \end{bmatrix}$$

Exercise 2

(★★) Consider an IID sample X, X_1, X_2, \dots with $EX = 0$, $EX^4 < \infty$. Consider that

$$\sqrt{n} \frac{S_n^2 - \sigma^2}{\sqrt{EX^4 - \sigma^4}} \xrightarrow{D} N(0, 1) \quad (2)$$

where $S_n^2 = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n (X_i - \bar{X})^2$.

1. Find the asymptotic distribution of $\log(S_n^2)$.
2. Produce the $1 - \alpha$ asymptotic confidence interval for $\log(\sigma_n^2)$; by performing suitable calculations, so that the boundaries of the confidence interval do not depend on any unknown moments of the real distribution.

Exercise 3

(★★) Consider random sample X, X_1, X_2, \dots IID from a Bernoulli distribution with probability of success p . Find the variance stabilization transformation for the estimator average $\hat{p}_n = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n X_i$.