

B4P

Beyond Former Performance.

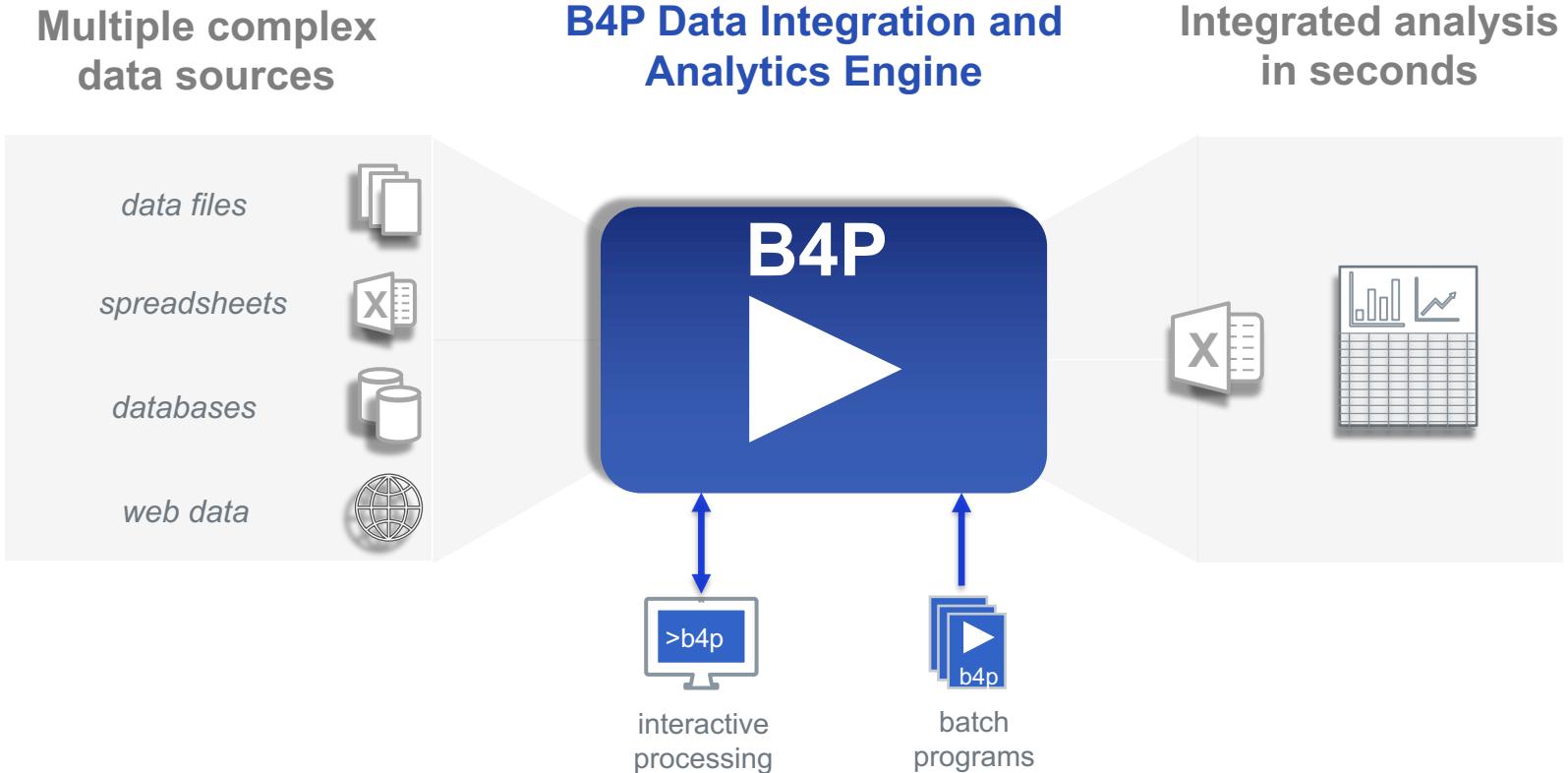
*A powerful programming language and analytics engine
enabling rapid transformation of big data into powerful insights*

Transforming Big Data into Powerful Insights



Overview

B4P Data Integration and Analytics Engine



Data Sources and Formats

data files	Excel, CSV, XML, JSON, HTML, Zip, Text (and others)
databases	Database exports (Salesforce, Oracle, SAP, FileMaker, et al)
web data	Internet sources of structured data (websites, web services)
other data	Statistical (R, SAS, SPSS, Stata), PDF (via Tabula)

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Problem Statement

Current analytics automation tools are complex, expensive, and unreliable

Write Excel Macros (Visual Basic)

- Adequate for only simple, small tasks.
- Coding becomes cumbersome if problems are more complex.
- Processing performance drops significantly when working with large data volumes.

Opaque, un-auditable, poorly performing code if tasks are not very small and simple

Write a Computer Program (C, Java, Python, SAS etc.)

- Runs fast, but takes a lot of time to program, debug and optimize.
- Others may have difficulties to understand what you have written.
- Such programs end up very large, with many functional details coded by hand.
- Good programming know-how, ideally object-oriented programming skills are needed, as well as obtaining a suitable development environment.

Resulting code cannot be understood, shared, managed, nor adapted by business users.

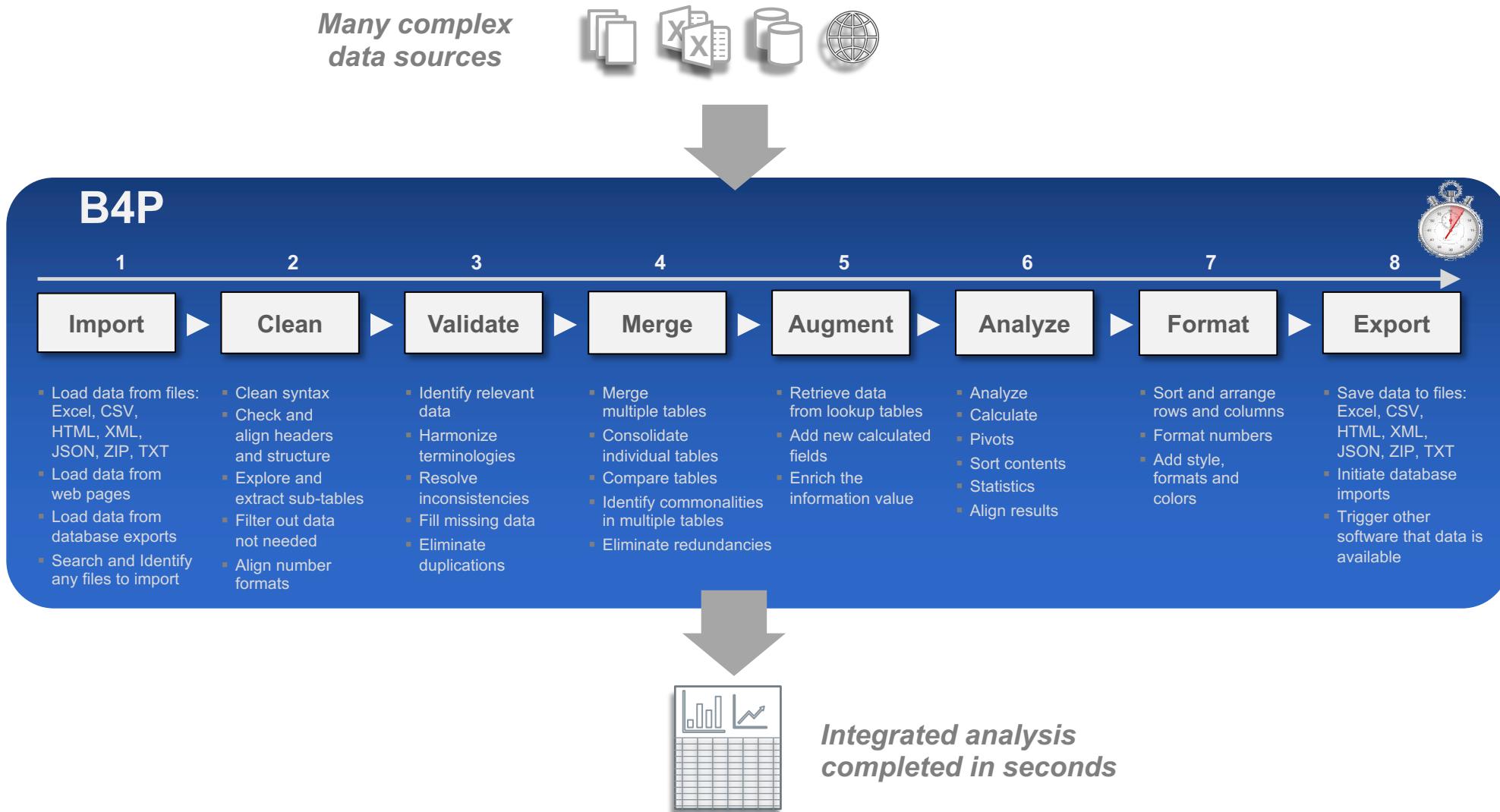
Hire a Consultant (or two)

- They are happy to solve your problems for cash. Solutions are quite decent, but ...
- ... if you need further enhancements, they will ask for more cash.
- You end up depending on them, and you need to repeatedly convince your boss that the updates are worth the money.

Expensive, external vendor dependency, no long-term sustainability

Solution

B4P Integration and Analytics Engine

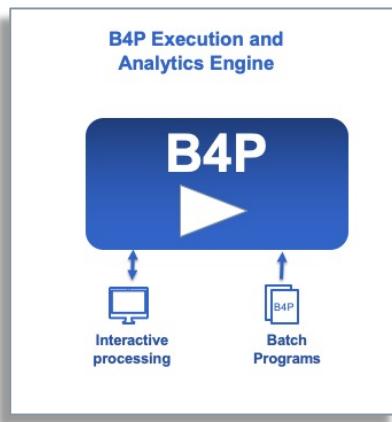


B4P Integration and Analytics Engine

Main Components

The B4P Engine

The B4P Engine is designed for extreme performance managing Big Data – processing tens of millions of rows of data in seconds on commodity personal computers.



- **Extremely Fast:** Compiled and runs ‘on the metal’ to the peak performance of the very latest 8-core and 12-core processors from Intel and Apple (M1).
- **Extremely Light weight** (< 3 MB installation footprint).
- **Extremely Secure.** No connection to any ‘cloud service’. Runs 100% on standalone personal computer fully isolated within the corporate network, thus allowing safe use on highly confidential corporate and financial information.
- **Extreme Reliability.** No Dependencies. Once installed there is no means for software to ‘break’ as it has no dependencies.
- **Many data formats supported**
(Excel, HTML, XML, JSON, text files, etc., full UNICODE)

The B4P Language

The B4P Language is a Low-Code, Domain-specific Language designed specifically for tabular data, and has over 800 functions built in.

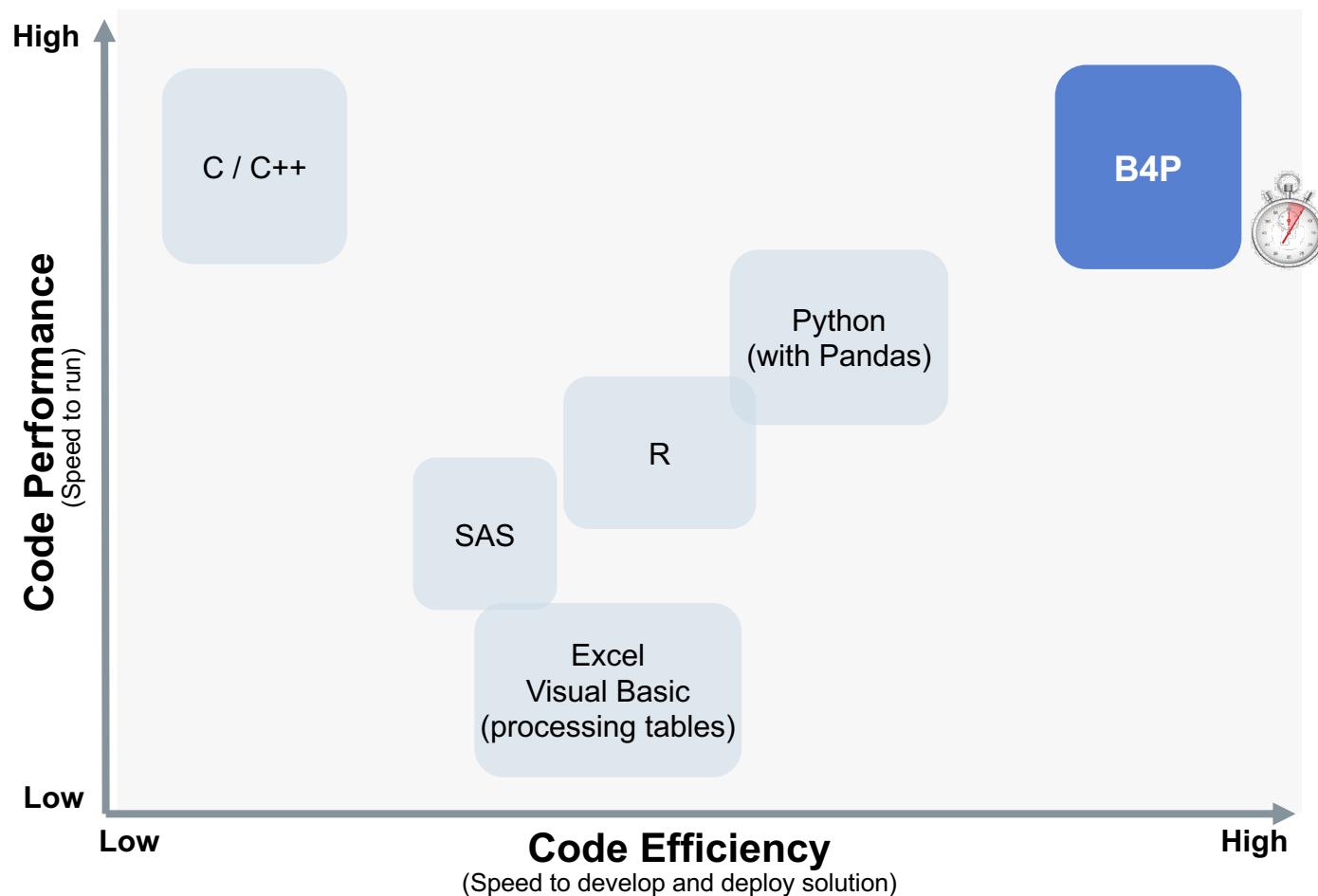
```
table load excel file
table load
table rename column headers
table process selected rows
table merge
table sort rows
table rearrange columns
table save excel file
```

Principle of Low-Code Approach: Few statements suffice

- **Simple syntax:** Easy to read, learn, understand and run
- **Extensive library:** Over 800 powerful functions built-in, with easy extensibility for new functions.
- **Compact methods** for powerful processing steps eliminates need for complex code, loops, or other administrative overhead.

B4P Language

Provides Highest Efficiency and Performance



B4P is highest in both Code Performance and Code Efficiency, providing complete solutions with less than 10-20 lines of code

The B4P Language is a Low-Code, Domain-specific Language for tabular data, and has over 800 functions built in.

High Performance and Scalability

- Processes extremely large data (tens of millions of rows) in seconds

High Efficiency and Simplicity

- Single statements replace need for 10-50 lines of code in other languages.

Low Code

- **Delivers solution with minimal coding**
- Maximum functionality with fewest lines of code

Optimized for Simplicity of Coding

- Function library and semantics allow for flexible and powerful operations without loops and variables
- Example: **table process (...)**

Programs are Portable across all Platforms

- B4P programs are fully portable, sharable, and executable across all operating systems (Windows, Linux, MacOS) and all computer architecture (Intel x32, x64; ARM M1), assuring maximum re-use across the enterprise.

B4P Language

Key Features

Simplicity

Easy to read und understand

- Close to natural language.
- Clear syntax easy to read.
- Compact and powerful semantics.

Big Tables are the DNA

- Language semantics are built on processing tables easily.
- No external libraries needed.

Low Code - Very Compact

- Achieve the most with few lines of code in step-by-step approach.
- No hassle with declaring variables, memory management, etc.

High Power Density

- High coding density translates into maximum machine performance.

Performance

Rich Function Library

- More than 800 functions available and growing.
- Many functions process very large tables, sets, matrices and other structures.
- Broad spectrum of other general purpose and file system functions.
- Advanced flow control functions going far beyond *for*, *while* and *if*.

Code in Function Parameters

- B4P supports code passed as parameters to functions which are then executed when needed.
- Makes operations possible without using variables and loops.

Colorful & Formatted Output

- B4P supports a rich library to create Excel and HTML files with rich formatting, auto filters, etc.

Flexibility

Freedom of Naming

- Full naming flexibility (all characters, incl. space) for variables, tables and headers.
- Create variable names from other data, e.g. table header names.
- Multiple word function names

Flexible Variable Structure

- Create and work with simple variables, parameter sets, structures and arrays.
- Supports complex variable tree structures in a simple way.

Libraries

- Import libraries or create your own libraries to optimize your programming efficiency.

Portability

Cross Platform Portability

- B4P programs run under Windows, LINUX and MacOS (incl. M1) without adaptations.
- No need to change path names to run on other OS environments.

File and Data Formats

- Supports CSV, HTML, Excel (with formats), JSON, etc. transparently.

UNICODE

- B4P is fully UNICODE compatible, and accepts all UTF character formats on top of legacy formats.

Standard I/O

- GUI intentionally not supported to preserve cross-platform portability.
- Same console I/O feature set across platforms, incl. text colors.
- Embed B4P in batch programs

The B4P Language allows one to solve complex problems with minimal, simple, clear code
Focus on the *what*, not the *how*.

B4P Examples

B4P Example #1

Merging Two Soccer Clubs

Football Membership List

First Name	Family Name	City	Level
Abel	Amberstone	Amsterdam	Beginner
Beata	Berghill	Barcelona	Experienced
Corinne	Carlson	Copenhagen	Beginner
Dietmar	Davis	Dublin	Beginner
Ellen	Evans	Essen	Beginner
Fred	Fisher	Frankfurt	Experienced
Gregory	Green	Gaza City	Experienced
Henry	Hansson	Hamburg	Experienced
Ida	Ingelberg	Ingolstadt	Beginner
John	Janssen	Johannesburg	Beginner
Karl	Karlsson	Kansas City	Experienced

Soccer Membership List

Level	Town	Last Name	First Name
Questionable	Kyoto	Karlsson	Karl
Novice	London	Lee	Linda
Experienced	Morristown	Miller	Mike
Experienced	New York	Nguyen	Nathali
Experienced	Oslo	Oliveiro	Oscar
Novice	Phoenix	Paulsson	Petra
Novice	Quebec City	Quarles	Quincy
Experienced	Riga	Richardson	Richard
Experienced	San Diego	Stewart	Sandra
Experienced	Tahoma	Turner	Tim
Questionable	Ulm	Ufford	Uwe
Novice	Venice	Viking	Victor

Merged Membership List

Level	First Name	Last Name	Town
Beginner	Abel	Amberstone	Amsterdam
Beginner	Corinne	Carlson	Copenhagen
Beginner	Dietmar	Davis	Dublin
Beginner	Ellen	Evans	Essen
Beginner	Ida	Ingelberg	Ingolstadt
Beginner	John	Janssen	Johannesburg
Beginner	Linda	Lee	London
Beginner	Petra	Paulsson	Phoenix
Beginner	Quincy	Quarles	Quebec City
Beginner	Victor	Viking	Venice
Experienced	Beata	Berghill	Barcelona
Experienced	Fred	Fisher	Frankfurt
Experienced	Gregory	Green	Gaza City
Experienced	Henry	Hansson	Hamburg
Experienced	Mike	Miller	Morristown
Experienced	Nathali	Nguyen	New York
Experienced	Oscar	Oliveiro	Oslo
Experienced	Richard	Richardson	Riga
Experienced	Sandra	Stewart	San Diego
Experienced	Tim	Turner	Tahoma
Questionable	Uwe	Ufford	Ulm
Questionable or Experienced	Karl	Karlsson	Kyoto or Kansas City



Task:

Create a new soccer club based on merging two existing sports clubs

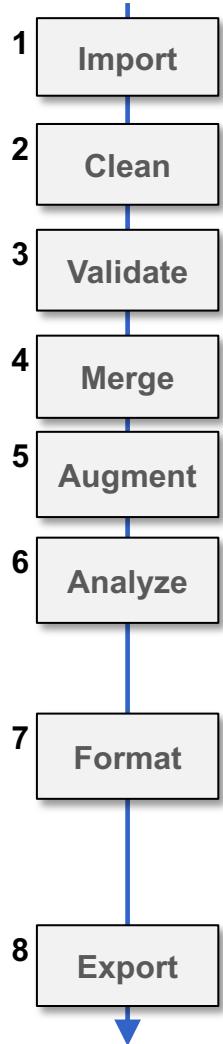
- The tables of the two clubs are arranged differently and use different naming schemes (e.g. qualification levels)
- Some people are members in both clubs and need to be resolved properly.
- Highlight possible inconsistencies (red text color)

B4P Example #1

Merging Two Soccer Clubs

Solution: 8 Statements

(Optional formatting: 5 Statements)



```
table load excel file      ( football club, Football Membership List.xlsx );
table load                  ( soccer club, Soccer Membership List.csv );

table rename column headers. ( football club, { Family Name, City }, { Last Name, Town } );

table process selected rows. ( soccer club, [Level]==Novice, [Level]=Beginner );

table merge                  ( football club, soccer club,
                                {Last Name,First Name},{Level,Town},append," or " );

table sort rows               ( soccer club, { Level, Last Name, First Name });
table rearrange columns        ( soccer club, { Level, First Name, Last Name } );

table style table              ( soccer club, sheet, freeze rows, 1, autofilter, 0 );
table style auto width         ( soccer club );
table style rows                ( soccer club, 0, sheet, boldface, true, fill color, gray 15 );

table process selected rows    ( soccer club, ([Level] = '*Questionable*'),
                                ( soccer club, Level, row(), single, text color, red ) );

table save excel file          ( soccer club, Soccer Club, New Soccer Club Membership.xlsx );
```

Plain English multi-word names

- Functions, variables, tables, etc.

Simple business logic

- No or minimal loops or variables needed for coding

Portability ensured

- Statements are independent from platform and output format

Powerful formatting functions

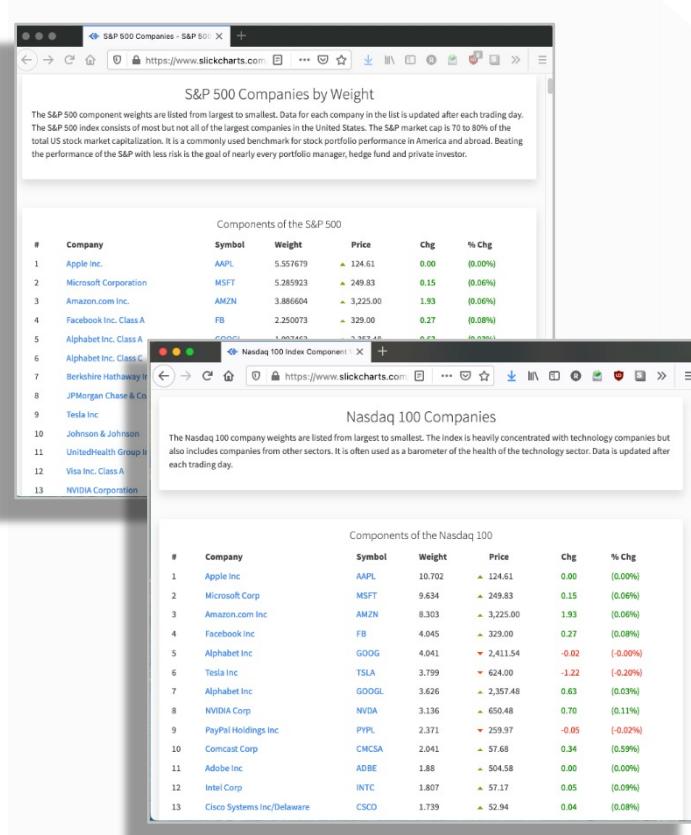
- Small number of statements suffice

Full Excel support

- Loading and saving
- Full data transparency

B4P Example #2

Combining Stock Data: S&P 500 and NASDAQ 100



#	Company	Symbol	Price	Chg	% Chg	Weight sp500	Weight nasdaq100
1	3M Company	MMM	175	0.21	0.12%	0.318459	
2	A. O. Smith Corporation	AOS	54.82	0	0.00%	0.023472	
3	ABIOMED Inc.	ABMD	326.6	2.4	0.74%	0.046276	
4	AES Corporation	AES	23.7	0.2	0.85%	0.049417	
5	AMETEK Inc.	AME	120.94	0	0.00%	0.087884	
6	ANSYS Inc.	ANSS	363.8	0	0.00%	0.098729	0.258
7	ASML Holding NV	ASML	486.99	-0.73	-0.15%		0.305
8	AT&T Inc.	T	28.76	0	0.00%	0.647313	
9	AbbVie Inc.	ABBV	107.15	0	0.00%	0.597494	
10	Abbott Laboratories	ABT	109.49	0	0.00%	0.612924	
11	Accenture Plc Class A	ACN	261.21	0	0.00%	0.522713	
12	Activision Blizzard Inc.	ATVI	92.85	0	0.00%	0.226706	0.593
13	Adobe Inc.	ADBE	500.1	-0.02	0.00%	0.757774	1.984
14	Advance Auto Parts Inc.	AAP	157.51	0	0.00%	0.033788	
15	Advanced Micro Devices Inc.	AMD	91.66	-0.05	-0.05%	0.348385	0.912
16	Aflac Incorporated	AFL	44.47	0	0.00%	0.091757	
17	Agilent Technologies Inc.	A	118.49	0	0.00%	0.114563	
18	Air Products and Chemicals Inc.	APD	273.22	0	0.00%	0.190791	

Task:

Import the real-time online S&P 500 and NASDAQ 100 stock information merge them

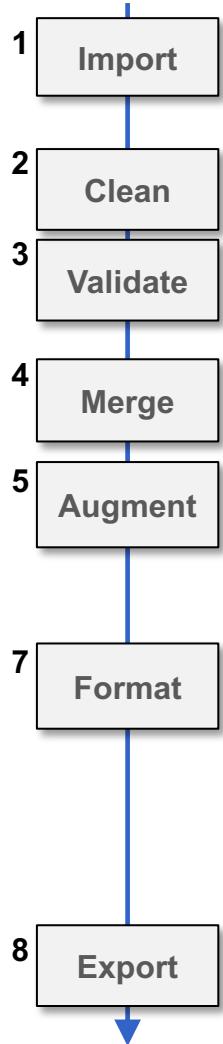
- Data source1: <https://www.slickcharts.com/nasdaq100>
- Data source2: <https://www.slickcharts.com/sp500>
- Some companies are listed in only one of them, others are listed in both.
- Combine the information, show the weighting in the two listings and color the stock price developments

B4P Example #2

Combining Stock Data: S&P 500 and NASDAQ 100

Solution: 12 Statements

(Optional formatting: 6 Statements)



```
for all parameters ( {nasdaq100, sp500} , listing[] )
{
    file download overwrite ( "https://www.slickcharts.com/" + listing[], listing[] + .html);
    table load
        ( listing[], listing[] + .html, HTML, "Components of the" );
    table clean
        ( listing[], trim spaces );
    table process
        ( listing[], [% Chg]=smart numeral( middle( [% Chg], '(,)' )); [Price]=clean numeral([Price]) );
    table rename column headers ( listing[], "Weight", "Weight " + listing[] ); // Weights are specific to Nasdaq and S&P
}

table merge extend columns ( nasdaq100, sp500, Symbol );
table rename
    ( sp500, stocks );

table sort rows
    ( stocks, Company );
table process
    ( stocks, ['#'] = row() ); // Number the items

table rearrange columns
    ( stocks, { '#', Company, Symbol, Price, Chg, '% Chg' } ); // Weightings follow afterwards

table style auto width
table style theme
table process
    table style cells
        ( stocks );
    table style columns
        ( stocks, Zebra Vertical Lines, pattern, 2, table, "gridlines, false" );
    table style table
        ( stocks, // Negative numbers: red; positive numbers: navy blue
        ( stocks, { 'Chg', '% Chg' }, { 2: row() }, single, text color, select if ( [Chg]>0, navy, red ) ) );
        ( stocks, '% Chg', sheet, number format, "0.00%" ); // Value to show as percent.
        ( stocks, sheet, freeze rows, 1, autofilter, 0);

table save excel file
    ( stocks, "NASDAQ and SP500", Stocks.xlsx );
```

B4P Example #3

Analyzing all Presidents in Wikipedia

destroy the fragile unity holding the nation together, Washington remained unaligned with any political faction or party throughout his eight-year presidency.

Contents [hide]

- 1 Presidents
- 1.1 President-elect
- 2 Subsequent public office
- 3 See also
- 4 Notes
- 5 References
- 6 External links

Presidents

Presidency ^[a]	President	Party ^[b]	Election	Vice President
1 April 30, 1789 – March 4, 1797	George Washington	Unaffiliated	1788–89 1792	John Adams ^[c]
2 March 4, 1797 – March 4, 1801	John Adams	Federalist	1796	Thomas Jefferson ^[d]



Presidency	Presidency (1)	President	Party	Election	Vice President
1	April 30, 1789 – March 4, 1797	George Washington	Unaffiliated	1788–89, 1792	John Adams, Thomas Jefferson
2	March 4, 1797 – March 4, 1801	John Adams	Federalist	1796	Thomas Jefferson
	March 4, 1801 – March 4, 1809	Thomas Jefferson	Democratic-Republican	1800, 1804	Aaron Burr, George Clinton
	March 4, 1809 – March 4, 1817	James Madison	Democratic-Republican	1808, 1812	, Vacant after Apr. 20, 1812, Elbridge Gerry, Vacant after Nov. 23, 1814
	March 4, 1817 – March 4, 1825	James Monroe	Democratic-Republican	1816, 1820	Daniel D. Tompkins, John C. Calhoun,
	March 4, 1825 – March 4, 1829	John Quincy Adams	Democratic-Republican	1824,	, Vacant after Dec. 28, 1832, Martin Van Buren
	March 4, 1829 – March 4, 1837	Andrew Jackson	Democratic	1828, 1832	Martin Van Buren
	March 4, 1837 – March 4, 1841	Martin Van Buren	Democratic	1836	Richard Mentor Johnson
	March 4, 1841 – April 4, 1841	William Henry Harrison	Whig	1840	John Tyler
	April 4, 1841 – March 4, 1845	John Tyler	Whig		Vacant throughout presidency,
	March 4, 1845 – March 4, 1849	James K. Polk	Democratic	1844	George M. Dallas

Task:

Download the list of Presidents and generate Excel table with one president per row.

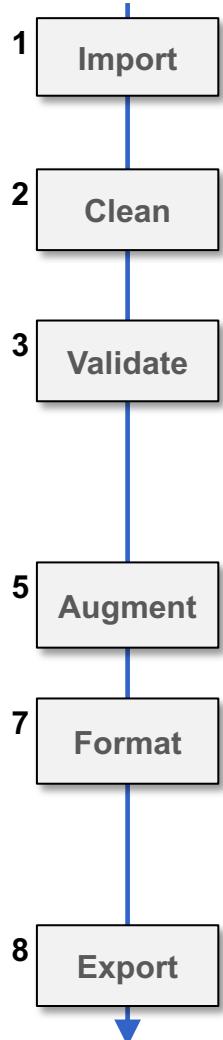
- Data source: https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/List_of_presidents_of_the_United_States
- Some Presidents won multiple election terms
- Ignore the portraits
- Some vice presidents had deviating terms
- Remove redundant artefacts, e.g. cross-referencing symbols
- Generate a nice table with **parties colored differently**

B4P Example #3

Analyzing all Presidents in Wikipedia

Solution: 9 Statements

(Optional formatting: 7 Statements)



```
include ( Style Library );
file download overwrite      ( "https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/List_of_presidents_of_the_United_States", presidents.html );
table load                  ( presidents, presidents.html, HTML, 'id="Presidents"' );

// Strip all footnote references and new lines in the fields, and the last table row with footnotes inside
table delete rows          ( presidents, table length( presidents ) -1 ); // -1 = Last Row (negative indexing)
table process all cells     ( presidents, [.] = replace all( literal([.]), { '[?]' , new line, '- ' }, { '' , '' , '-' } ) );

// Remove the blank column originally containing portraits and put president name into all rows
table delete columns        ( presidents, {Portrait, Party} );
table rename column headers ( presidents, {"Presidency (1)", "Party (1)"}, {Period, Party} );
table fill vertically       ( presidents, President );
table consolidate           ( presidents, President, { Election, Vice President }, append, ", " );

// Define party colors
table initialize             ( party colors, {{ Party Name, Colors },
    { Party Name, Colors }, { Democratic, azur }, { Republican, imperial red },
    { Federalist, coral }, { Whig, yellow }, { "Democratic-Republican", excel light green },
    { National Union, ocre }, { Unaffiliated, gray 15 } } );

// Add some colors and styles
table process                ( presidents, table style cells( presidents, Party, row(), single,
    fill color, [ party colors : Party Name, [Party], Colors ] ) );
table style columns          ( presidents, { "Presidency (1)", "President", "Vice President" }, sheet, column width, 30 );
table style columns          ( presidents, { Party, Election }, sheet, column width, 20, horizontal align, middle );
table style rows              ( presidents, 0, table, boldface, true );
table style table             ( presidents, sheet, wrap text, true, autofilter, 0, freeze rows, 1 );

table save excel file        ( presidents, All U.S. Presidents, presidents.xlsx );
```

B4P

Real-World

Use Cases

Strategic and Operational Use Cases

B4P

Strategic Use Cases

Business and Market Analytics

- Processing big data collected from (empirical) market assessments to derive market trends, value-adding conclusions and outlooks.
- Powerful analysis of financial and market data for your investment decisions.

Mergers and Acquisitions

- Providing joint information analysis from both parties which (still) maintain two different databases and ways of working, ready for presentation.
- Swift generation of new data structures and database based on multiple legacy databases helpful for the business integration process

Big Data

- Extract the most essential information from raw big data collections

Data Integrity Verification

- Analyze financial, logistics, operational and CRM data for integrity and validity. Generate lists of suspected shortcomings and correct them.

Engineering and Technical Applications

- Analyze simulation results and identify information patterns of interest.
- Analyze commonalities of multiple bills of material.
- Automatic documentation compilation and staging of software projects (Example: Complete B4P online documentation created with B4P)

Operational (Everyday Life) Use Cases

Efficient Reporting

- Collect and condense large base data in order to extract essential information required for periodic reporting and presentation.
- Validation: Compare the data with rules, best practice patterns, etc.
- Identify all potential deviations and help to explain abnormalities effectively towards senior management.
- Complement or enrich the data with supporting information.
- Provide the data in a form so using Excel is the final step to do the creativity work, e.g. making convincing charts.

Repeating Procedures

- Save significant working time by automating repeating work patterns where Excel is used to collect, compile and analyze data.
- Benefit: Saving time and making significantly less mistakes

Gather and Track Key Performance Indicators (KPI)

- Gather data from different sources, validate and provide updated KPI's
- Highlight root causes of possible abnormalities (e.g. discontinuities)

Leverage Information Awareness

- Create an information environment where you are alerted in an early phase in case of any abnormalities or changes of particular interest.

**Reliable data analytics generates the correct conclusions
giving your business the critical competitive advantage**

B4P Real-world Use Case #1

Integrate corporate data from 20 branch offices worldwide

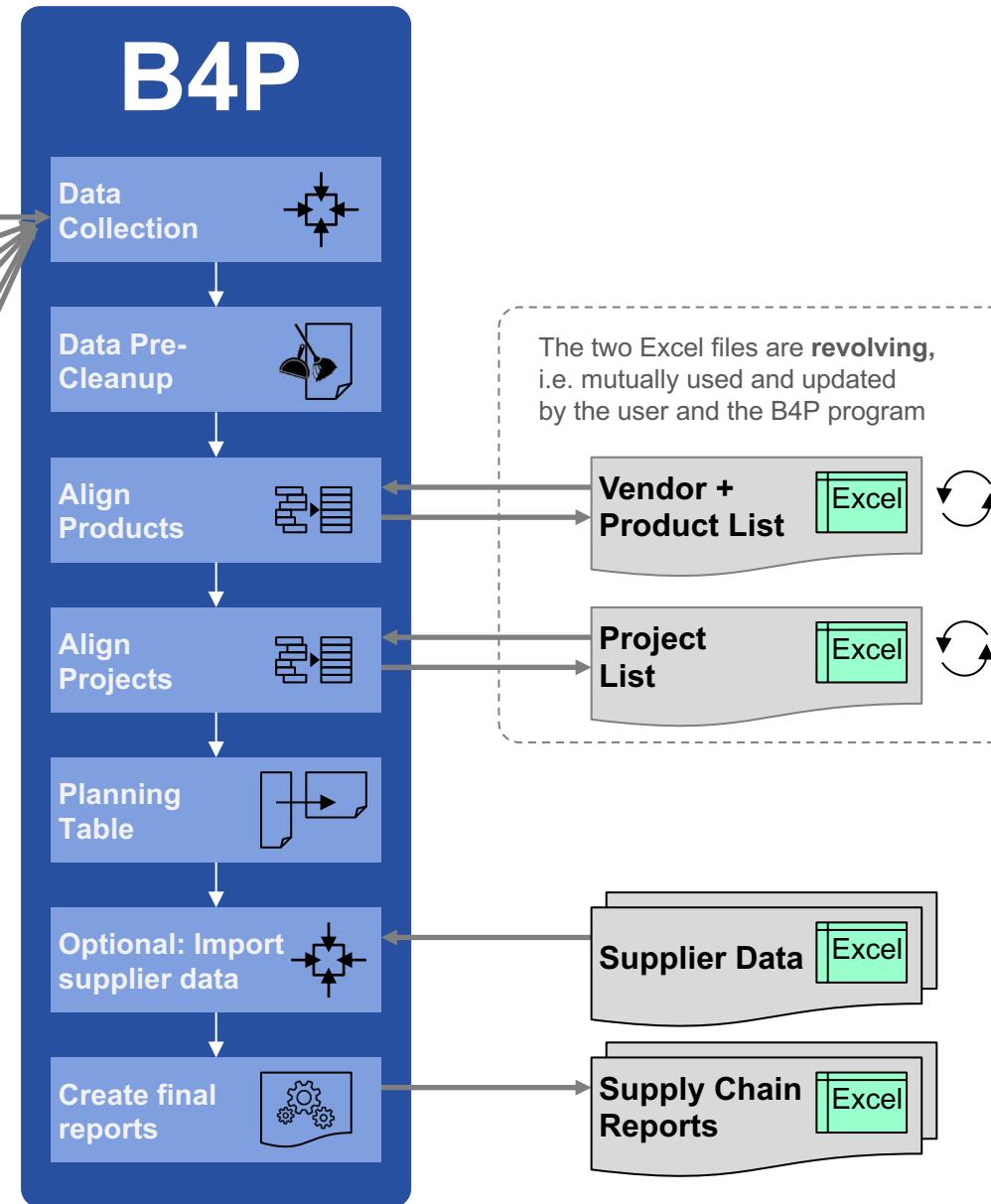
Each region manages their own data in different database systems or manually with Excel



⋮
⋮



More than 20 different files!



1. Load Data from all Sources

- The data from different sites originate from 20 different database exports or manually prepared Excel files

2. Clean-Up and Harmonize

- Harmonize data formats to week numbers and years

3. Align Product Information

- The revolving table manages the products to include and allow for using harmonized product names.
- Orientation is by common product identification number.

4. Align Project Information

- Different project names and/or abbreviations are used by the sites. They will be aligned.

5. Project Name Alignment

- The sequential list of individual demands is transformed to a horizontal planning table with weekly schedule.
- Information consolidation and summing up

6. Import supplier planning data

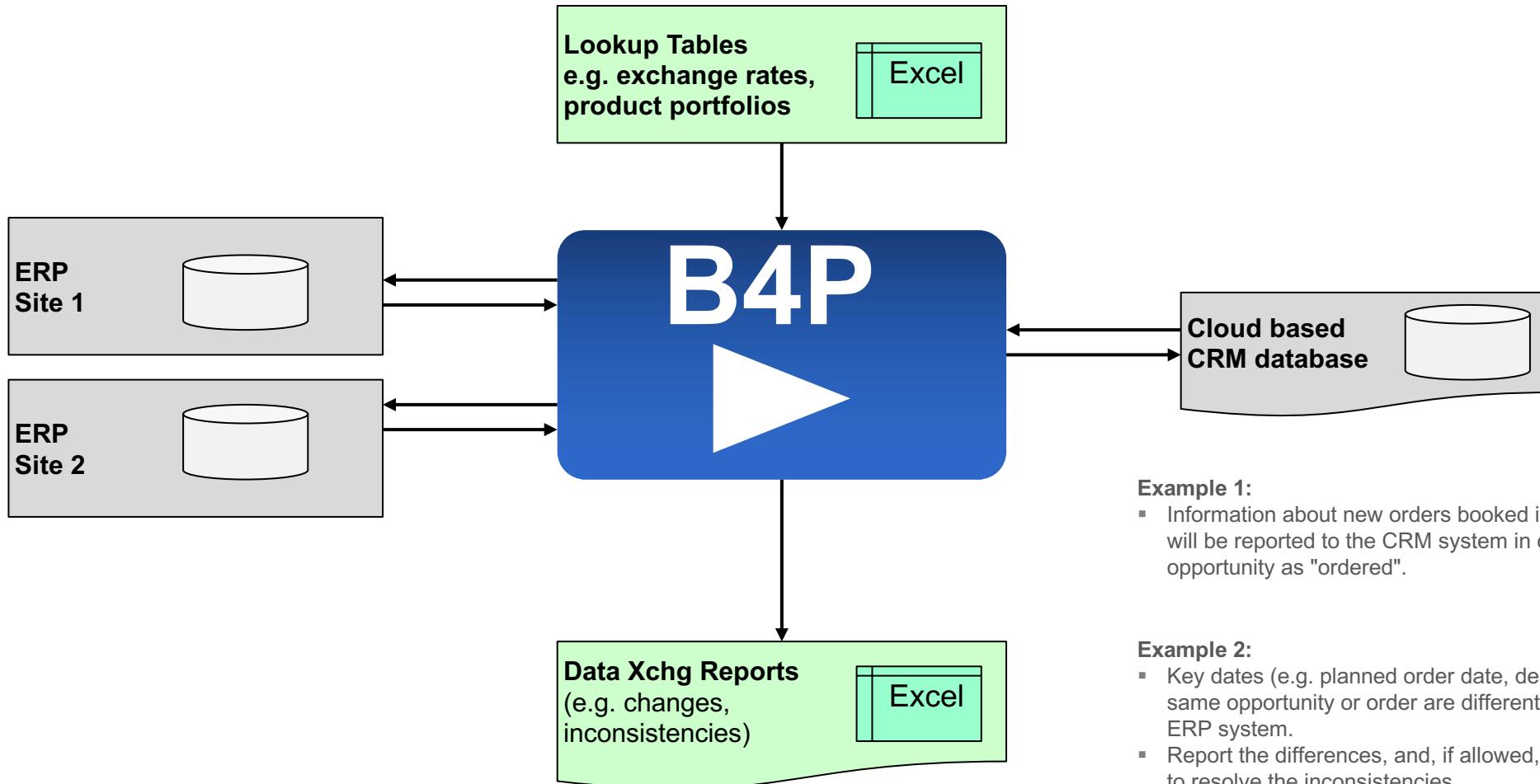
- If supply info is available, then match demand with their delivery plans

7. Reports

- Detailed internal reports for performance monitoring
- Condensed reports for suppliers

B4P Real-world Use Case #2

Information interchange between multiple different databases



Example 1:

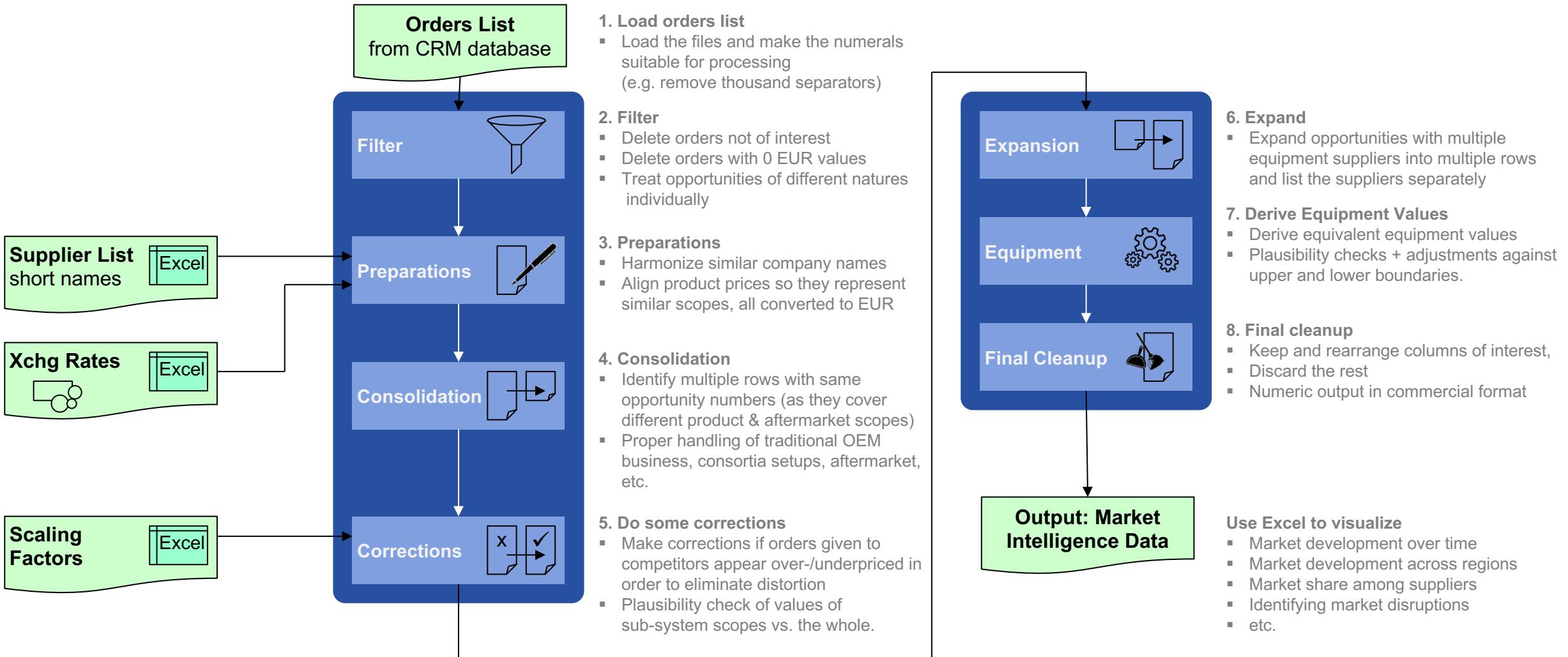
- Information about new orders booked into the ERP system will be reported to the CRM system in order to mark the opportunity as "ordered".

Example 2:

- Key dates (e.g. planned order date, delivery dates) for the same opportunity or order are different in the CRM and ERP system.
- Report the differences, and, if allowed, use automated rules to resolve the inconsistencies

B4P Real-world Use Case #3

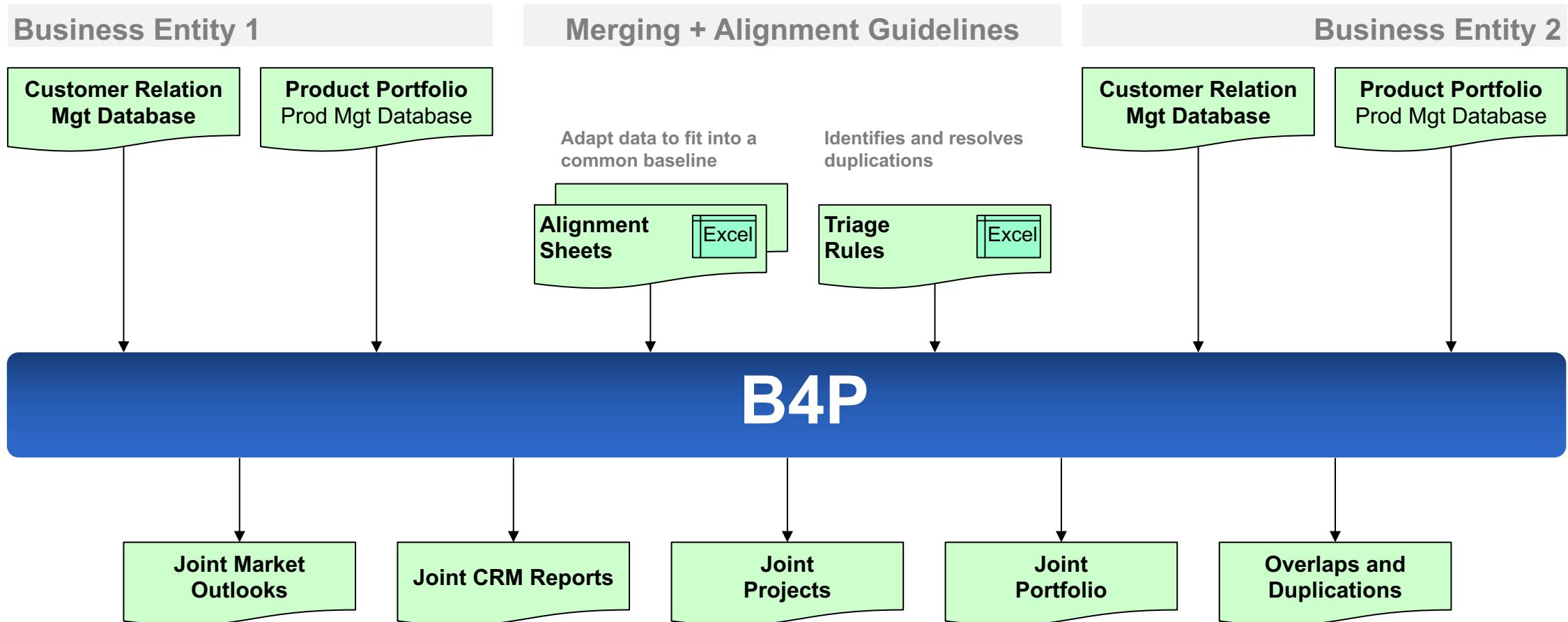
Enriched Business Intelligence from many data sources



B4P Real-world Use Case #4

Merger and Acquisition

During the business integration, the two organization, even their individual sites will continue using their information repositories for a certain time until the business integration process has been finalized.



B4P

Beyond Former Performance.

Information

www.b4p.app

Contact

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B4P Solution

Supported Data Formats

Inputs

Excel

- [XLSX](#), [XSLM](#), open formats
- [CSV](#) comma and tab separated files



Database Exports

- [HTML](#), [MHTML](#) and [XML](#) formats (depending what the database is producing). Examples: Salesforce, Oracle, SAP
- [JSON](#) files (JavaScript Object Notation format)
- [CSV](#) comma / tab / semicolon / ...symbol separated files

Other Inputs

- Files with fixed columns on every row
- Any other form of structured text files
- [ZIP](#) files (B4P does data decompression)

Character Sets (both input and output)

- UNICODE UTF-8 and UTF-16; Basic and extended multilingual planes
- Legacy formats (like ASCII / Windows West Europe)

Outputs

Unformatted Output for Excel

- [CSV](#) comma separated files



Formatted Output for Excel (with colors, formatting and style)

- [XLSX](#) (Excel 2007 onwards, in use today)
- [XLS](#) (Excel 2003 XML format)

Unformatted and formatted output for Browsers

- [HTML](#) (incl. colors, formatting and style)
- [XML](#) (planned)

Output for other databases

- [CSV](#) comma / tab / semicolon / ... symbol separated files
- [JSON](#) files
- Plain text files
- [ZIP](#) files (B4P does data compression)

Additional data formats can be supported easily through B4P library extensions

B4P Use Case

Automatic documentation generation for website www.b4p.app

Inputs: Source Text (inside C program)

```
//  sqrt
//
/* B4PDOCU.START

"sqrt - Square Root" :
{
    "Function Names": "sqrt",
    "Keywords": "Square Root",
    "Documentation": "Function Description",
    "Description": "Calculates the square root of a value
++",
    "Call as": "function",
    "Parameter count": "1",
    "Restrictions": "Indirect parameter passing is disabled",
    "Parameters":
    [
        { "Number": "1",
            "Name": "Value",
            "Direction": "input",
            "Types": "numeral",
            "Description": "Value to use for logarithmic calculation"
        },
        "Return value":
        [
            { "Name": "Result",
                "Types": "numeral",
                "Description": "Calculated square root value"
            }
        ],
        "Exceptions": "Negative square root",
        "Examples":
            echo( sqrt( 4 ) );
            echo( sqrt( 2 ) );
        ++
        "Output": "automatic",
        "See also": "Power Functions"
    }
B4PDOCU.STOP */

void function_sqrt(int bias, Token_List& p, Token_Entry& ret_val)
{
    ...
    return;
}
```

Output: Web contents



The screenshot shows a web browser displaying the generated documentation for the `sqrt` function. The page has a blue header with the B4P logo and navigation links. The main content area is titled "sqrt - Square Root". It includes sections for "Function Names", "Description", "Call as", "Restrictions", "Parameter count", "Parameters", "Return value", "Exceptions", "Examples", "Output", and "See also". Each section contains detailed information and examples. To the right of the page, there are four callout boxes with the following text:

- Consistent structure**
- Clean tables**
- Program examples executed automatically**
- Smart cross-referencing**

B4P Use Case

Automatic Document Generation for www.b4p.app using B4P

Catalog of Books

- Short Excel File
- Specifies all manuals to generate
- Specifies location of source text for the different manuals

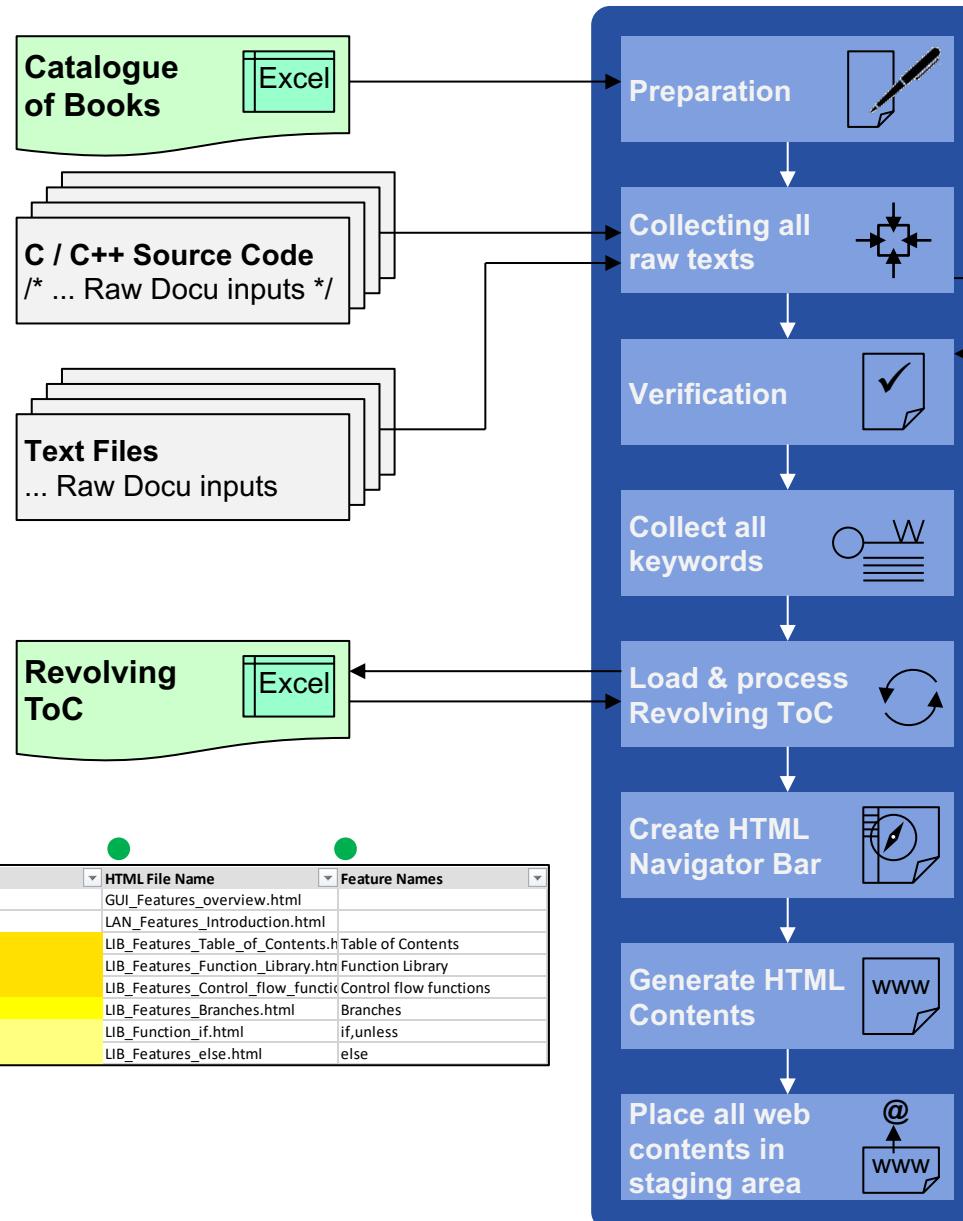
Raw Inputs

- Descriptions of B4P functions are documented in the C/C++ files in comments, using an enhanced JSON format.
- Other contents such as introductory parts are described in additional text files, also using enhanced JSON format

Revolving Table of Contents

- It puts all individual raw document sections into a given order and hierarchy level in the document
- Both user ● and B4P program ● update this table mutually

Status	Category	Level	Section N	Section Name	HTML File Name	Feature Names
Missing, (Ass Link)				→ User Guide	GUI_Features_overview.html	
Missing, (Ass Link)				→ Language Guide	LAN_Features_Introduction.html	
OK, (Assign r TOC)		1	Table of Contents		LIB_Features_Table_of_Contents.h	Table of Contents
OK	Body	1 B 1	Function Library		LIB_Features_Function_Library.htm	Function Library
OK	Body	1 B 2	Control Flow Functions		LIB_Features_Control_flow_functions.htm	Control flow functions
OK	Body	2 B 2.1	Branches		LIB_Features_Branches.html	Branches
OK	Body	3 B 2.1.1	if, unless		LIB_Function_if.html	if,unless
OK	Body	3 B 2.1.2	else		LIB_Features_else.html	else



Preparation

- Load catalogue of books
- User selects the book to generate

Text Collection

- Scan all files in specified subdirectories for relevant contents for B4P documentation

Master File JSON

Verification

- Ensures that contents provided fulfill the structural guidelines

Collect all Keywords

- Structured handling of all keywords and function names allowing convenient cross referencing and index pages

Process Revolving ToC

- Add titles of new contents into placeholders or at the bottom
- Add further info (links, keywords)
- Do chapter/section renumbering

Generate HTML Navigation Bar

- Left-hand menu to select section to see

Generate HTML contents

- Formatted text and tables
- Pictures included
- **Execute all B4P program examples automatically and add their outputs into the doc contents**

Staging Area

- All files (HTML, JPG, style.css, PDF, etc.) are moved to the staging area, ready for one-mouseclick publication on the Internet: www.b4p.app