# LINUX ESSENTIALS OBJECTIVE STUDY GUIDE

# **Topic 1: The Linux Community and a Career in Open Source**

#### 1.1 Linux Evolution & Popular Operating Systems

#### (Test Weight: 2)

Description: Knowledge of Linux development and major distributions.

#### **Key Knowledge Areas:**

- Distributions
- Embedded Systems
- Linux in the Cloud

#### Used files, terms and utilities:

- Debian
- Ubuntu (LTS)
- CentOS
- openSUSE
- SUSE
- Red Hat

- Linux Mint
- Scientific Linux
- Raspberry Pi
- Raspbian
- Android
- SUSE And

# 1.2 Major Open Source Applications

# (Test Weight: 2)

Description: Awareness of major applications as well as their uses and development.

# **Key Knowledge Areas:**

- Desktop applications
- Server applications
- Development languages
- Package management tools and repositories

# Used files, terms and utilities:

- OpenOffice.org
- LebreOffice
- Thunderbird
- Firefox
- GIMP
- Nextcloud
- ownCloud
- Apache (HTTPD)
- NGINX
- MariaDB
- MySQL
- NFS

- Samba
- C
- Java
- JavaScript
- Perl
- Shell
- Python
- PHP
- dpkg
- apt-get
- rpm
- yum

#### 1.3 Open Source Software and Licensing

#### (Test Weight: 1)

Description: Open communities and licensing Open Source Software for business.

#### **Key Knowledge Areas:**

- Open source philosophy
- Open source licensing
- Free Software Foundation (FSF)
- Open Source Initiative (OSI)

#### Used files, terms and utilities:

- Copyleft
- Permissive
- GPL
- BSD
- Creative Commons
- Free Software
- Open Source Software
- FOSS
- FLOSS
- Open Source
  - **Business Models**

# 1.4 ICT Skills and Working in Linux

#### (Test Weight: 2)

Description: Basic Information and Communication Technology (ICT) skills and working in Linux.

#### **Key Knowledge Areas:**

- Desktop skills
- Getting to the command line
- Industry uses of Linux, cloud computing and virtualization

### Used files, terms and utilities:

- Using a Browser
- Privacy concerns
- Config Options
- Saving content
- Terminal/Console
- Password issues
- Privacy tools
- Use apps in projects

# **Topic 2: Finding Your Way on a Linux System**

### 2.1 Command Line Basics

# (Test Weight: 3)

Description: Basics of using the Linux command line.

# **Key Knowledge Areas:**

- Basic shell
- Command line syntax
- Variables
- Quoting

# Used files, terms and utilities:

Bash

Path variable

Echo

- Export
- History
- Type

# 2.2 Using the Command Line to Get Help

# (Test Weight: 2)

Description: Running help commands and navigation of the various help systems.

# **Key Knowledge Areas:**

- Man pages
- Info pages

# Used files, terms and utilities:

man

/usr/share/doc/

info

locate

### 2.3 Using Directories and Listing Files

#### (Test Weight: 2)

Description: Navigation of home and system directories and listing files in various locations.

# **Key Knowledge Areas:**

- Files
- Directories
- Hidden Files
- Hidden
   Directories
- Hidden Directories
- Home Directories
- Absolute/Relative paths

# Used files, terms and utilities:

- Is options
- . and ..
- Recursive listings
- home & ~

cd

# 2.4 Creating, Moving and Deleting Files

# (Test Weight: 2)

Description: Create, move and delete files and directories under the home directory.

# **Key Knowledge Areas:**

- Files and directories
- Case sensitivity
- Simple globbing

# Used files, terms and utilities:

mv

touch

cp

mkdir

• rm

rmdir

# **Topic 3: The Power of the Command Line**

# 3.1 Archiving Files on the Command Line

#### (Test Weight: 2)

Description: Archiving files in the user home directory.

# **Key Knowledge Areas:**

- Files
- Directories
- Archives
- Compression

# Used files, terms and utilities:

- Tar
- •
- Tar options
- Zip

Gzip

• Unzip

Χz

Bzip2

# 3.2 Searching and Extracting Data from Files

# (Test Weight: 3)

Description: Search and extract data from files in the home directory.

# **Key Knowledge Areas:**

- Command line pipes
- I/O redirection
- Regular Expressions using . [] \* ?

# Used files, terms and utilities:

• grep

sort

less

- cut
- cat (head, tail)
- wc

# 3.3 Turning Commands into a Script

### (Test Weight: 4)

Description: Turning repetitive commands into simple scripts.

# **Key Knowledge Areas:**

- Basic shell scripting
- Awareness of common text editors (vi and nano)

# Used files, terms and utilities:

- #! {shebang}
- For loops
- /bin/bash
- Echo
- Variables
- Exit Status
- Arguments

# **Topic 4: The Linux Operating System**

#### 4.1 Choosing an Operating System

# (Test Weight: 1)

Description: Knowledge of major operating systems and Linux distributions.

# **Key Knowledge Areas:**

- Differences between Windows
- OS X and Linux
- Distribution life cycle management

# Used files, terms and utilities:

- GUI vs. CLI
- Maintenance cycles
- Desktop config
- Beta & Stable

# 4.2 Understanding Computer Hardware

# (Test Weight: 2)

Description: Familiarity with the components that go into building desktop and server computers.

# **Key Knowledge Areas:**

Hardware

#### Used files, terms and utilities:

- Motherboards
- Hard drives

CPUs

- SSD
- Power supplies
- Partitions
- Optical drives
- /dev/sd\*
- Peripherals
- Drivers

#### 4.3 Where Data is Stored

# (Test Weight: 3)

Description: Where various types of information are stored on a Linux system.

# **Key Knowledge Areas:**

- Programs and configuration
- Processes
- Memory addresses
- System messaging
- Logging

#### Used files, terms and utilities:

- ps
- top
- free
- syslog
- dmesg

- /etc/
- /var/log/
- /boot/
- /proc/
- /dev/
- /sys/

# 4.4 Your Computer on the Network

# (Test Weight: 2)

Description: Querying vital networking configuration and determining the basic requirements for a computer on a Local Area Network (LAN).

# **Key Knowledge Areas:**

- Internet
- Querying DNS client config
- Network
- Querying network config
- Routers

### Used files, terms and utilities:

- route
- Ip route show
- Ifconfig
- Ip addr show
- IPV4

IPV6

- . . . . .
- ping
- host
- netstat
- Ss
- /etc/resolv.conf
- /etc/hosts

# **Topic 5: Security and File Permissions**

## 5.1 Basic Security and Identifying User Types

# (Test Weight: 2)

Description: Various types of users on a Linux system.

# **Key Knowledge Areas:**

- Root and standard users
- System users

# Used files, terms and utilities:

- /etc/passwd
- whow
- /etc/shadow
- /etc/group
- sudo

ID

• su

last

#### **5.2 Creating Users and Groups**

#### (Test Weight: 2)

Description: Creating users and groups on a Linux system.

#### **Key Knowledge Areas:**

- User and group commands
- User IDs

### Used files, terms and utilities:

- /etc/passwd
- useradd
- /etc/shadow
- groupadd
- /etc/group
- passwd
- /etc/skel/

# 5.3 Managing File Permissions and Ownership

#### (Test Weight: 2)

Description: Understanding and manipulating file permissions and ownership settings.

# **Key Knowledge Areas:**

• File and directory permissions and ownership

### Used files, terms and utilities:

Is -I

chmod

Is -a

chown

### 5.4 Special Directories and Files

# (Test Weight: 1)

Description: Special directories and files on a Linux system including special permissions.

# **Key Knowledge Areas:**

- Using temporary files and directories
- Symbolic links

#### Used files, terms and utilities:

- /tmp/
- ls -d
- /var/tmp/
- In-s
- Sticky Bit