

## 80.03 np.pad

原贴: <https://blog.csdn.net/hustqb/article/details/77726660>

`np.pad()` 常用与深度学习中的数据预处理, 可以将numpy数组按指定的方法填充成指定的形状(填充方式: 在原数组之外, 包上其他数据)。

声明:

### np.pad()

#### 对一维数组的填充

```
import numpy as np
arr1D = np.array([1, 1, 2, 2, 3, 4])
"不同的填充方法"
print 'constant: ' + str(np.pad(arr1D, (2, 3), 'constant'))
print 'edge: ' + str(np.pad(arr1D, (2, 3), 'edge'))
print 'linear_ramp: ' + str(np.pad(arr1D, (2, 3), 'linear_ramp'))
print 'maximum: ' + str(np.pad(arr1D, (2, 3), 'maximum'))
print 'mean: ' + str(np.pad(arr1D, (2, 3), 'mean'))
print 'median: ' + str(np.pad(arr1D, (2, 3), 'median'))
print 'minimum: ' + str(np.pad(arr1D, (2, 3), 'minimum'))
print 'reflect: ' + str(np.pad(arr1D, (2, 3), 'reflect'))
print 'symmetric: ' + str(np.pad(arr1D, (2, 3), 'symmetric'))
print 'wrap: ' + str(np.pad(arr1D, (2, 3), 'wrap'))
```

```
constant: [0 0 1 1 2 2 3 4 0 0 0]
edge: [1 1 1 1 2 2 3 4 4 4 4]
linear_ramp: [0 0 1 1 2 2 3 4 3 1 0]
maximum: [4 4 1 1 2 2 3 4 4 4 4]
mean: [2 2 1 1 2 2 3 4 2 2 2]
median: [2 2 1 1 2 2 3 4 2 2 2]
minimum: [1 1 1 1 2 2 3 4 1 1 1]
reflect: [2 1 1 1 2 2 3 4 3 2 2]
symmetric: [1 1 1 1 2 2 3 4 4 3 2]
wrap: [3 4 1 1 2 2 3 4 1 1 2]
```

解释:

第一个参数是待填充数组

第二个参数是填充的形状，（2，3）表示前面两个，后面三个

第三个参数是填充的方法

填充方法：

**constant**连续一样的值填充，有关于其填充值的参数。

`constant_values= (x, y)` 时前面用x填充，后面用y填充。缺参数是为0000。。。

**edge**用边缘值填充：即数组边上是什么值，就用这个边上的值填充。比如上例，就在前面填两个1，后面填3个4。

**linear\_ramp**边缘递减的填充方式。比如上例，在前面填0 0，后面填3 2 1 0

**maximum, mean, median, minimum**分别用最大值、均值、中位数和最小值填充

**reflect, symmetric**都是对称填充。前一个是关于边缘对称，后一个是关于边缘外的空气对称  $\curvearrowright \nabla \curvearrowleft$

**wrap**用原数组后面的值填充前面，前面的值填充后面

也可以有其他自定义的填充方法

## 对多维数组的填充

```
import numpy as np
arr3D = np.array([[[1, 1, 2, 2, 3, 4], [1, 1, 2, 2, 3, 4], [1, 1, 2, 2, 3, 4]],
                  [[0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5], [0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5], [0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5]],
                  [[1, 1, 2, 2, 3, 4], [1, 1, 2, 2, 3, 4], [1, 1, 2, 2, 3, 4]]])
"对于多维数组"

print 'constant: \n' + str(np.pad(arr3D, ((0, 0), (1, 1), (2, 2)), 'constant'))
print 'edge: \n' + str(np.pad(arr3D, ((0, 0), (1, 1), (2, 2)), 'edge'))
print 'linear_ramp: \n' + str(np.pad(arr3D, ((0, 0), (1, 1), (2, 2)), 'linear_ramp'))
print 'maximum: \n' + str(np.pad(arr3D, ((0, 0), (1, 1), (2, 2)), 'maximum'))
print 'mean: \n' + str(np.pad(arr3D, ((0, 0), (1, 1), (2, 2)), 'mean'))
```

```

    'mean'))
print 'median: \n' + str(np.pad(arr3D, ((0, 0), (1, 1), (2, 2))

```

```

constant:
[[[0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0]
  [0 0 1 1 2 2 3 4 0 0]
  [0 0 1 1 2 2 3 4 0 0]
  [0 0 1 1 2 2 3 4 0 0]
  [0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0]]

edge:
[[[1 1 1 1 2 2 3 4 4 4]
  [1 1 1 1 2 2 3 4 4 4]
  [1 1 1 1 2 2 3 4 4 4]
  [1 1 1 1 2 2 3 4 4 4]
  [1 1 1 1 2 2 3 4 4 4]]

[[[0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0]
  [0 0 0 1 2 3 4 5 0 0]
  [0 0 0 1 2 3 4 5 0 0]
  [0 0 0 1 2 3 4 5 0 0]
  [0 0 0 1 2 3 4 5 0 0]
  [0 0 0 1 2 3 4 5 5 5]]

[[[0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0]
  [0 0 1 1 2 2 3 4 0 0]
  [0 0 1 1 2 2 3 4 0 0]
  [0 0 1 1 2 2 3 4 0 0]
  [0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0]]]

linear_ramp:
[[[0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0]
  [0 0 1 1 2 2 3 4 2 0]
  [0 0 1 1 2 2 3 4 2 0]
  [0 0 1 1 2 2 3 4 2 0]
  [0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0]]

maximum:
[[[4 4 1 1 2 2 3 4 4 4]
  [4 4 1 1 2 2 3 4 4 4]
  [4 4 1 1 2 2 3 4 4 4]
  [4 4 1 1 2 2 3 4 4 4]
  [4 4 1 1 2 2 3 4 4 4]]

[[[0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0]
  [0 0 0 1 2 3 4 5 2 0]
  [0 0 0 1 2 3 4 5 2 0]
  [0 0 0 1 2 3 4 5 2 0]
  [0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0]]

[[[5 5 0 1 2 3 4 5 5 5]
  [5 5 0 1 2 3 4 5 5 5]
  [5 5 0 1 2 3 4 5 5 5]
  [5 5 0 1 2 3 4 5 5 5]
  [5 5 0 1 2 3 4 5 5 5]]

[[[0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0]
  [0 0 1 1 2 2 3 4 2 0]
  [0 0 1 1 2 2 3 4 2 0]
  [0 0 1 1 2 2 3 4 2 0]
  [0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0]]]

[[[4 4 1 1 2 2 3 4 4 4]
  [4 4 1 1 2 2 3 4 4 4]
  [4 4 1 1 2 2 3 4 4 4]
  [4 4 1 1 2 2 3 4 4 4]
  [4 4 1 1 2 2 3 4 4 4]]]

```

mean:

```
[[[2 2 1 1 2 2 3 4 2 2]
  [2 2 1 1 2 2 3 4 2 2]
  [2 2 1 1 2 2 3 4 2 2]
  [2 2 1 1 2 2 3 4 2 2]
  [2 2 1 1 2 2 3 4 2 2]]]
```

```
[[2 2 0 1 2 3 4 5 2 2]
 [2 2 0 1 2 3 4 5 2 2]
 [2 2 0 1 2 3 4 5 2 2]
 [2 2 0 1 2 3 4 5 2 2]
 [2 2 0 1 2 3 4 5 2 2]]]
```

```
[[2 2 1 1 2 2 3 4 2 2]
 [2 2 1 1 2 2 3 4 2 2]
 [2 2 1 1 2 2 3 4 2 2]
 [2 2 1 1 2 2 3 4 2 2]
 [2 2 1 1 2 2 3 4 2 2]]]
```

minimum:

```
[[[1 1 1 1 2 2 3 4 1 1]
  [1 1 1 1 2 2 3 4 1 1]
  [1 1 1 1 2 2 3 4 1 1]
  [1 1 1 1 2 2 3 4 1 1]
  [1 1 1 1 2 2 3 4 1 1]]]
```

```
[[0 0 0 1 2 3 4 5 0 0]
 [0 0 0 1 2 3 4 5 0 0]
 [0 0 0 1 2 3 4 5 0 0]
 [0 0 0 1 2 3 4 5 0 0]
 [0 0 0 1 2 3 4 5 0 0]]]
```

```
[[1 1 1 1 2 2 3 4 1 1]
 [1 1 1 1 2 2 3 4 1 1]
 [1 1 1 1 2 2 3 4 1 1]
 [1 1 1 1 2 2 3 4 1 1]
 [1 1 1 1 2 2 3 4 1 1]]]
```

median:

```
[[[2 2 1 1 2 2 3 4 2 2]
  [2 2 1 1 2 2 3 4 2 2]
  [2 2 1 1 2 2 3 4 2 2]
  [2 2 1 1 2 2 3 4 2 2]
  [2 2 1 1 2 2 3 4 2 2]]]
```

```
[[2 2 0 1 2 3 4 5 2 2]
 [2 2 0 1 2 3 4 5 2 2]
 [2 2 0 1 2 3 4 5 2 2]
 [2 2 0 1 2 3 4 5 2 2]
 [2 2 0 1 2 3 4 5 2 2]]]
```

```
[[2 2 1 1 2 2 3 4 2 2]
 [2 2 1 1 2 2 3 4 2 2]
 [2 2 1 1 2 2 3 4 2 2]
 [2 2 1 1 2 2 3 4 2 2]
 [2 2 1 1 2 2 3 4 2 2]]]
```

reflect:

```
[[[2 1 1 1 2 2 3 4 3 2]
  [2 1 1 1 2 2 3 4 3 2]
  [2 1 1 1 2 2 3 4 3 2]
  [2 1 1 1 2 2 3 4 3 2]
  [2 1 1 1 2 2 3 4 3 2]]]
```

```
[[2 1 0 1 2 3 4 5 4 3]
 [2 1 0 1 2 3 4 5 4 3]
 [2 1 0 1 2 3 4 5 4 3]
 [2 1 0 1 2 3 4 5 4 3]
 [2 1 0 1 2 3 4 5 4 3]]]
```

```
[[2 1 1 1 2 2 3 4 3 2]
 [2 1 1 1 2 2 3 4 3 2]
 [2 1 1 1 2 2 3 4 3 2]
 [2 1 1 1 2 2 3 4 3 2]
 [2 1 1 1 2 2 3 4 3 2]]]
```

```

symmetric:
[[[1 1 1 1 2 2 3 4 4 3]
  [1 1 1 1 2 2 3 4 4 3]
  [1 1 1 1 2 2 3 4 4 3]
  [1 1 1 1 2 2 3 4 4 3]
  [1 1 1 1 2 2 3 4 4 3]]

wrap:
[[[3 4 1 1 2 2 3 4 1 1]
  [3 4 1 1 2 2 3 4 1 1]
  [3 4 1 1 2 2 3 4 1 1]
  [3 4 1 1 2 2 3 4 1 1]
  [3 4 1 1 2 2 3 4 1 1]]

[[[1 0 0 1 2 3 4 5 5 4]
  [1 0 0 1 2 3 4 5 5 4]
  [1 0 0 1 2 3 4 5 5 4]
  [1 0 0 1 2 3 4 5 5 4]
  [1 0 0 1 2 3 4 5 5 4]]

[[[4 5 0 1 2 3 4 5 0 1]
  [4 5 0 1 2 3 4 5 0 1]
  [4 5 0 1 2 3 4 5 0 1]
  [4 5 0 1 2 3 4 5 0 1]
  [4 5 0 1 2 3 4 5 0 1]]

[[[1 1 1 1 2 2 3 4 4 3]
  [1 1 1 1 2 2 3 4 4 3]
  [1 1 1 1 2 2 3 4 4 3]
  [1 1 1 1 2 2 3 4 4 3]
  [1 1 1 1 2 2 3 4 4 3]]]

[[[3 4 1 1 2 2 3 4 1 1]
  [3 4 1 1 2 2 3 4 1 1]
  [3 4 1 1 2 2 3 4 1 1]
  [3 4 1 1 2 2 3 4 1 1]
  [3 4 1 1 2 2 3 4 1 1]]]]

```

补充:

```

arr3D = np.array([[[[1, 1, 2, 2, 3, 4], [1, 1, 2, 2, 3, 4], [1, 1, 2, 2, 3,
4]],
                  [[1, 1, 2, 2, 3, 4], [1, 1, 2, 2, 3, 4], [1, 1, 2, 2, 3,
4]],
                  [[1, 1, 2, 2, 3, 4], [1, 1, 2, 2, 3, 4], [1, 1, 2, 2, 3,
4]]])
print('constant: \n' + str(np.pad(arr3D, ((1, 1), (1, 1), (2, 2)),
'constant'))

```

生成: 在z维上下, 加入全0的二维矩阵。

```

constant:
[[[0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0]
  [0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0]
  [0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0]
  [0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0]
  [0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0]]

[[[0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0]
  [0 0 1 1 2 2 3 4 0 0]
  [0 0 1 1 2 2 3 4 0 0]
  [0 0 1 1 2 2 3 4 0 0]]

```

```

[0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0]

[[0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0]
 [0 0 1 1 2 2 3 4 0 0]
 [0 0 1 1 2 2 3 4 0 0]
 [0 0 1 1 2 2 3 4 0 0]
 [0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0]]

[[0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0]
 [0 0 1 1 2 2 3 4 0 0]
 [0 0 1 1 2 2 3 4 0 0]
 [0 0 1 1 2 2 3 4 0 0]
 [0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0]]

[[0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0]
 [0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0]
 [0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0]
 [0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0]
 [0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0]]

```

如果z维改成(0, 0)，补充：

```

arr3D = np.array([[[[1, 1, 2, 2, 3, 4], [1, 1, 2, 2, 3, 4], [1, 1, 2, 2, 3, 4]],
                    [[1, 1, 2, 2, 3, 4], [1, 1, 2, 2, 3, 4], [1, 1, 2, 2, 3, 4]],
                    [[1, 1, 2, 2, 3, 4], [1, 1, 2, 2, 3, 4], [1, 1, 2, 2, 3, 4]]])
print('constant: \n' + str(np.pad(arr3D, ((0, 0), (1, 1), (2, 2)),
'constant'))

```

生成：

```

constant:

[[0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0]
 [0 0 1 1 2 2 3 4 0 0]
 [0 0 1 1 2 2 3 4 0 0]
 [0 0 1 1 2 2 3 4 0 0]
 [0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0]]

[[0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0]
 [0 0 1 1 2 2 3 4 0 0]
 [0 0 1 1 2 2 3 4 0 0]
 [0 0 1 1 2 2 3 4 0 0]

```

```
[0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0]
```

```
[[0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0]  
 [0 0 1 1 2 2 3 4 0 0 0]  
 [0 0 1 1 2 2 3 4 0 0 0]  
 [0 0 1 1 2 2 3 4 0 0 0]  
 [0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0]]
```