Analysis of mitochondrial DNA variants in 200,000 individuals

9th Human Genetics in NYC Conference

20 July 2021

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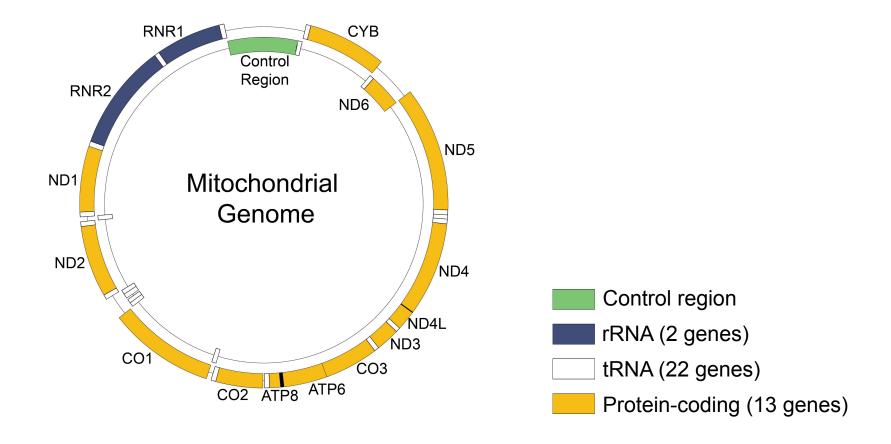




Disclosures

I am a full time employee of Helix

Human mitochondrial genome is 16,569 bases



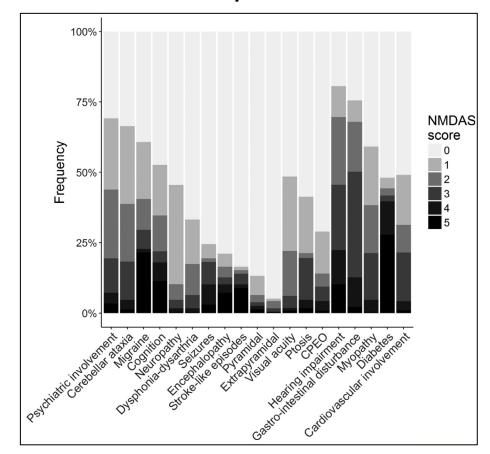
mtDNA variants can cause disease, example: m.3243A>G

 Heteroplasmy for m.3243A>G in MT-TL1 gene

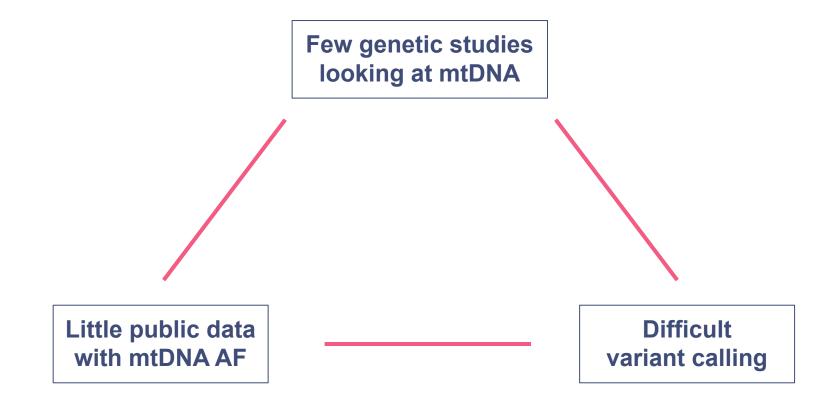
is linked to MELAS

Mitochondrial Encephalopathy,
Lactic Acidosis, and Stroke-like
episodes.

- Broad and heterogeneous spectrum of phenotypes (based on 238 carriers)



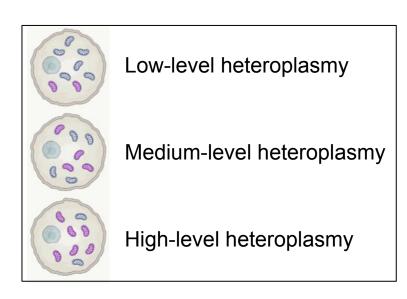
Interpreting mtDNA variants is challenging and mtDNA is often forgotten in human genetic studies



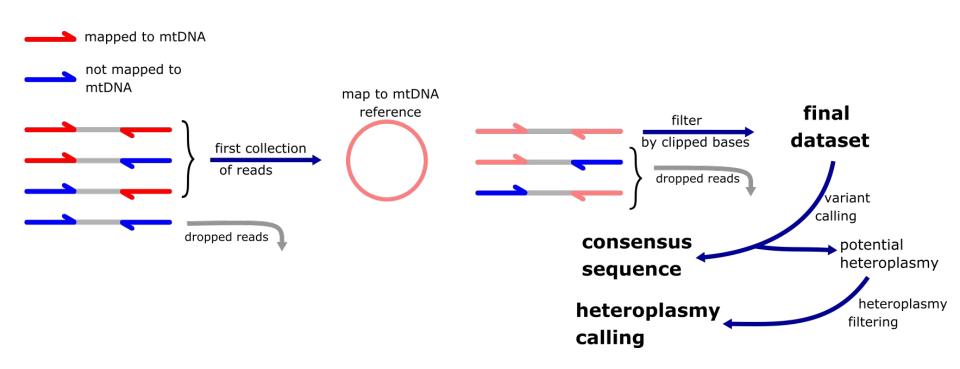
Challenges for mtDNA variant calling

NUMTs
 NUclear-encoded MiTochondrial DNA segments

- Heteroplasmy, especially low levels of heteroplasmy
 - 1,000 to 10,000s copies per cell
 - Levels change between tissues, over time, between mother and child



Specific read alignment to deal with NUMTs



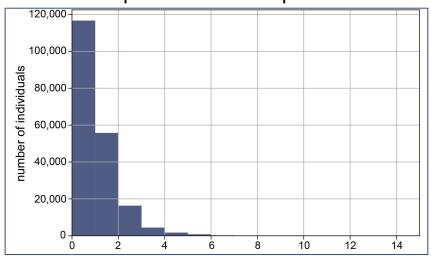
Thresholds and quality control for heteroplasmic calls

Based on overall coverage

- WES with mean DP ~200x,
 we called heteroplasmy levels >5%
- For WGS, can probably call heteroplasmy as low as 1%

After QC, individual had on average 1 heteroplasmic call (range: 0 to 13)





Few genetic studies looking at mtDNA Little public data **Difficult** with mtDNA AF variant calling **NUMTs**

Heteroplasmy

Mutect2 software by GATK

HelixMTdb is a public resource based on 195,983 participants with no 'mito' bias

- Unrelated adults living in the U.S., no criteria based on mito
- www.helix.com/mito

New Results

A catalog of homoplasmic and heteroplasmic mitochondrial DNA variants in humans

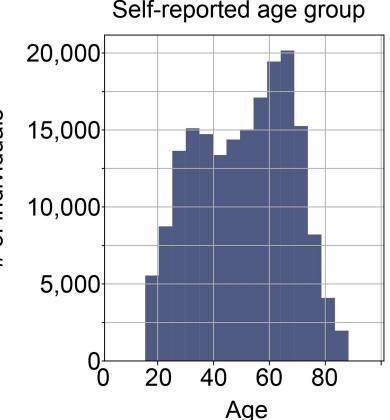
Alexandre Bolze, Fernando Mendez, Simon White, Francisco Tanudjaja, Magnus Isaksson, Ruomu Jiang, Andrew Dei Rossi, Elizabeth T. Cirulli, Misha Rashkin, William J. Metcalf, Joseph J. Grzymski, William Lee, James T. Lu, Nicole L. Washington

doi: https://doi.org/10.1101/798264

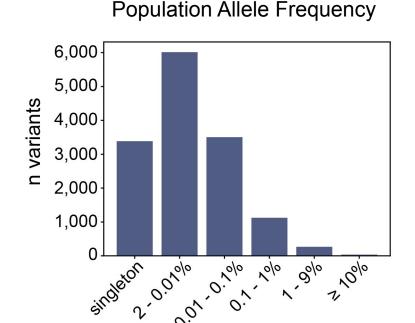




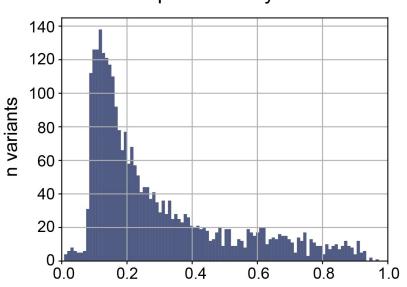




Majority of 14,323 mtDNA variants are very rare



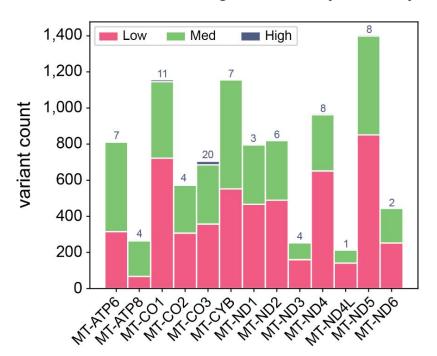
Max Alternate Read Fraction in heteroplasmic only variants



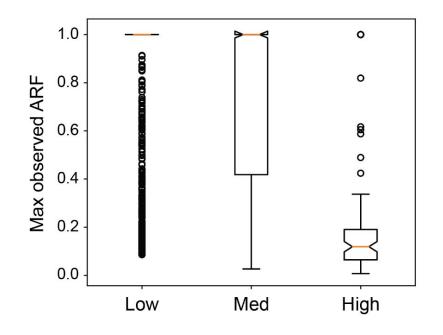
20% of variants were only seen at heteroplasmic levels, most of them at low levels of heteroplasmy

Not tolerant to truncating variants in protein-coding genes

Distribution of coding variants by severity



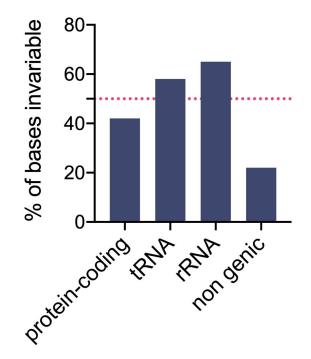
Maximum Alternate Read Fraction by severity

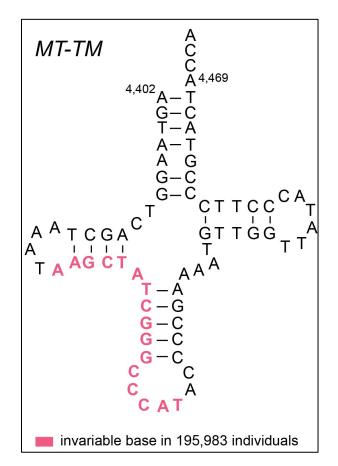


Only nonsense variant observed at homoplasmic levels was p.M1* in MT-ND1 gene

mtDNA regions under high constraint

% of bases without any homoplasmic or heteroplasmic (>50% level) variant





Ref: Bolze*, Mendez* et al., BioRxiv, 2020

Few genetic studies looking at mtDNA

Little public data with mtDNA AF

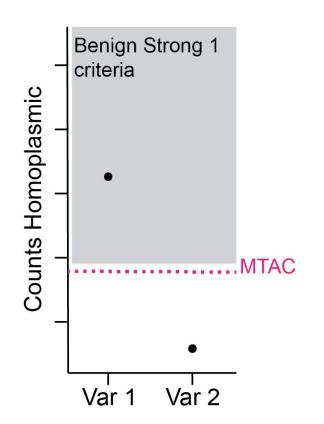
- HelixMTdb
- gnomAD v3.1 (November 2020)
- on mitomap (March 2021)

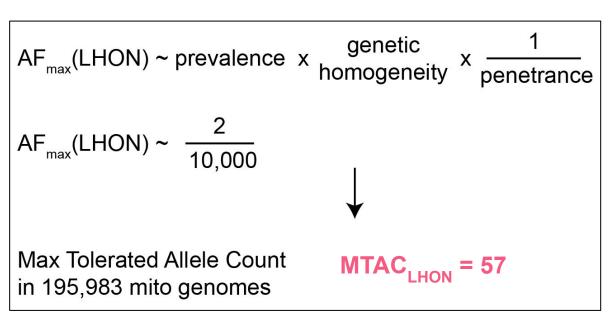
Difficult variant calling

- NUMTs
- Heteroplasmy
- Mutect2 software by GATK

Leber Hereditary Optic Neuropathy

- Early adult onset
- Prevalence: ~ 1 in 30,000
- Mostly caused by 3 mtDNA mutations (homoplasmic levels)
- Other risk factors: male, smoking





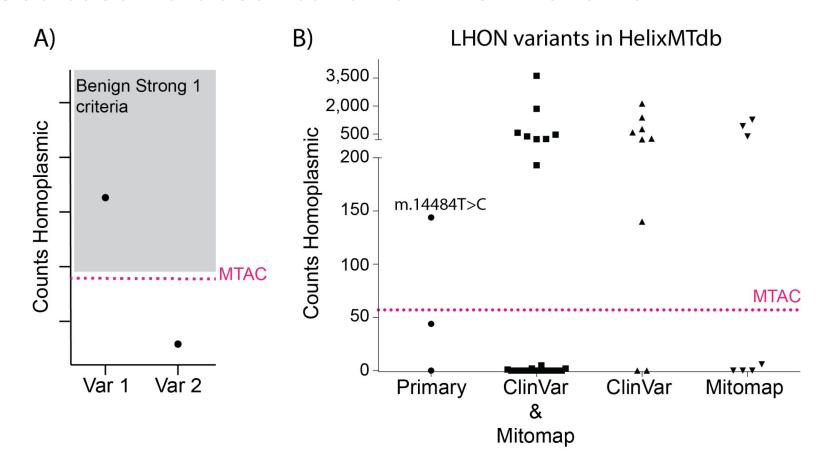


Table: phenotype of individuals carrying the m.14484T>C variant

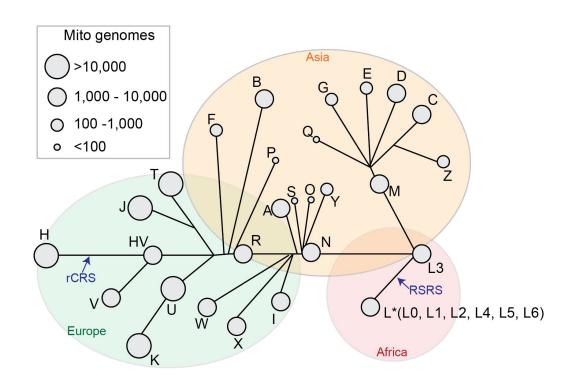
	HelixMTdb all individuals	HelixMTdb homoplasmic m.14484T>C	UK Biobank all individuals	UK Biobank homoplasmic m.14484T>C
Individuals with EHR & mito available	28,503	27	413,647	318
Individuals with ICD10 code H47.2 (optic atrophy)	20 (0.07%)	0	97 (0.02%)	0

Penetrance of the m.14484T>C variant is likely less than 10%, even when restricted to men.

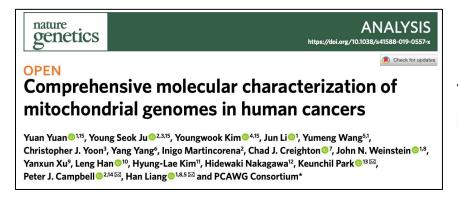
Overall, numbers in HelixMTdb suggest that up to **40% of variants** reported to be Pathogenic for LHON **could be reclassified**, based on population allele frequency information.

Limitations of HelixMTdb

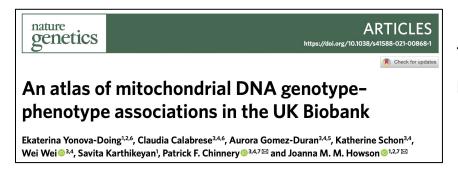
- 91% from N lineages5% from M lineages4% from L lineages
- Low sensitivity for very low levels of heteroplasmy (<10%)
- From Saliva.
 Not always the tissue you want
- What is actionable?



Recent examples from the literature



Truncating mutations in mtDNA were enriched in kidney, colorectal and thyroid cancers



Top hit:

m.11719G>A (synonymous in *MT-ND4*) with Mean Corpuscular Hemoglobin, p=4.5 x 10⁻²⁰

Take home

Few genetic studies looking at mtDNA

- Interpretation of variants
- GWAS for common homoplasmic variants
- Gene burden tests

Little public data with mtDNA AF

- HelixMTdb
- gnomAD v3.1 (November 2020)
- on mitomap (March 2021)

Difficult variant calling

- NUMTs
- Heteroplasmy
- Mutect2 software by GATK

Acknowledgements

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Helix & collaborators

Nicole Washington
Fernando Mendez
Andrew Dei Rossi
William Lee
James Lu
William Metcalf (DRI)
Joe Grzymski (DRI)

Early users of the database

Marie Lott & Mitomap team
Ed Reznik (MSKCC)
Cory Dunn (University of Helsinki)
Linda Mathisen (Oslo University Hospital)
Emma Watson (Newcastle Upon Tyne)

Database available: www.helix.com/mito

Preprint: Bolze*, Mendez* et al., BioRxiv, 2020

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